

F00860

U.S. Department of Commerce
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Ocean Service

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey: Navigable Area

Registry Number: F00860

LOCALITY

State(s): Wisconsin

General Locality: Lake Michigan

Sub-locality: Western Lake Michigan

2022

CHIEF OF PARTY
LTJG Mark Meadows

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

Date:

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

F00860

INSTRUCTIONS: The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

State(s): **Wisconsin**

General Locality: **Lake Michigan**

Sub-Locality: **Western Lake Michigan**

Scale: **5000**

Dates of Survey: **07/21/2022 to 07/30/2022**

Instructions Dated: **06/22/2022**

Project Number: **OPR-Y396-NRTNL-22**

Field Unit: **NOAA Navigation Response Team - New London**

Chief of Party: **LTJG Mark Meadows**

Soundings by: **Multibeam Echo Sounder**

Imagery by: **Multibeam Echo Sounder Backscatter Side Scan Sonar**

Verification by: **Pacific Hydrographic Branch**

Soundings Acquired in: **meters at Low Water Datum IGLD-1985**

Remarks:

Any revisions to the Descriptive Report (DR) applied during office processing are shown in red italic text. The DR is maintained as a field unit product, therefore all information and recommendations within this report are considered preliminary unless otherwise noted. The final disposition of survey data is represented in the NOAA nautical chart products. All pertinent records for this survey are archived at the National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) and can be retrieved via <https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/>. Products created during office processing were generated in NAD83 UTM 16N, LWD_IGLD85. All references to other horizontal or vertical datums in this report are applicable to the processed hydrographic data provided by the field unit.

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Descriptive Report to Accompany Survey F00860

Project: OPR-Y396-NRTNL-22

Locality: Lake Michigan

Sublocality: Western Lake Michigan

Scale: 1:5000

July 2022 - July 2022

NOAA Navigation Response Team - New London

Chief of Party: LTJG Mark Meadows

A. Area Surveyed

The survey is located in Wisconsin on the western shore of Lake Michigan.

A.1 Survey Limits

Data were acquired within the following survey limits:

Northwest Limit	Southeast Limit
44° 17' 6.62" N 87° 48' 12.87" W	43° 26' 31.52" N 87° 29' 6.91" W

Table 1: Survey Limits

Survey limits were acquired in accordance with the requirements in the Project Instructions and the HSSD with some exceptions. Due to mechanical and time constraint issues, some features were not investigated in the southern regions of the assigned survey grounds.

A.2 Survey Purpose

This request is in support of NOAA's Office of Coast Survey, Office of National Marine Sanctuaries, National Centers for Coastal Ocean Science, the Great Lakes Environmental Research Lab , and several state partners including the Wisconsin Historical Society, University of Wisconsin-SeaGrant and University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee. Mapping data from this project will be used to locate and assess cultural resources (primarily historic shipwrecks), and produce bathymetry and backscatter data useful for habitat characterization. The data from this project will also improve the safety of maritime traffic and commerce as well as support the Lake bed 2030 global mapping initiative. NRT-New London is assigned to investigate

118 unverified chart features that fall in the survey area. Survey data from this project is intended to supersede all prior survey data in the common area.

A.3 Survey Quality

The entire survey is adequate to supersede previous data.

The Grid QC tool within QC Tools was used to analyze multibeam echosounder (MBES) data density. The MBES surfaces meet the HSSD data density requirement.

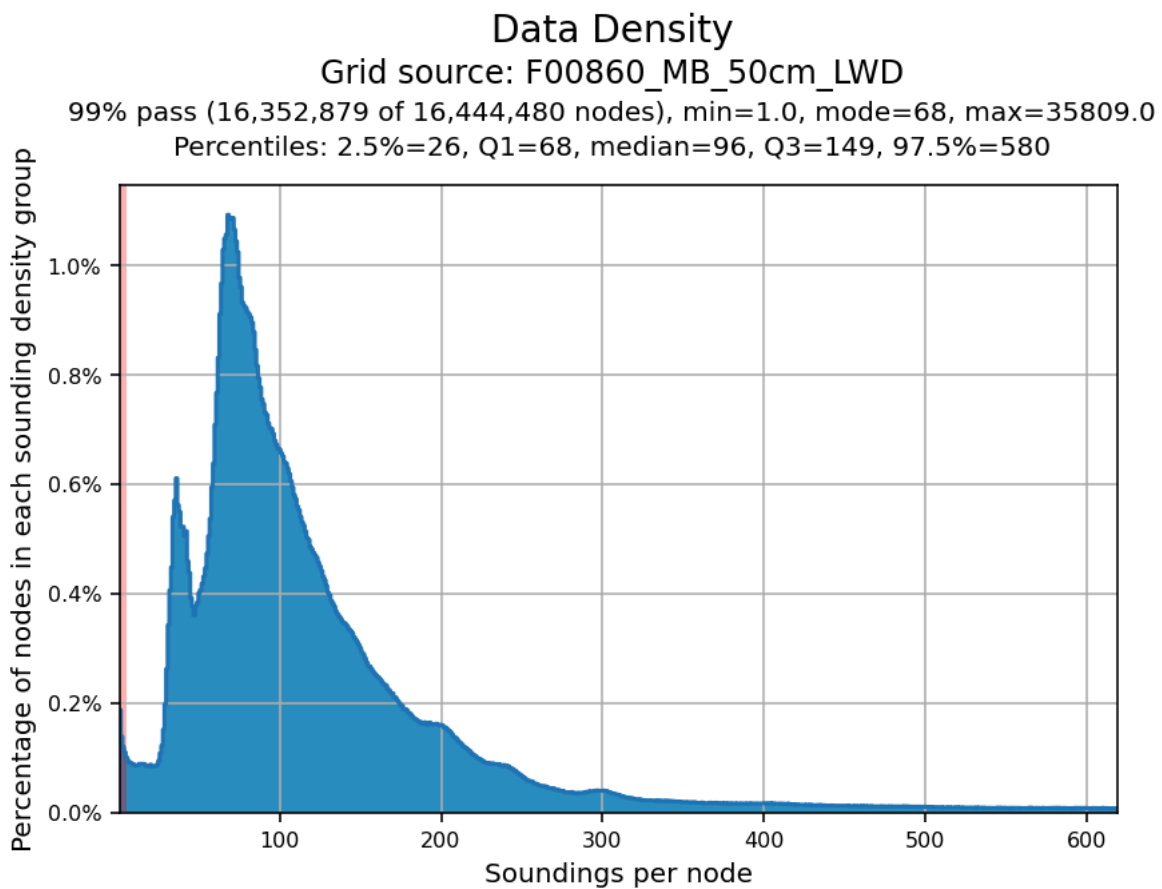


Figure 1: Pydro derived histogram plot showing HSSD object detection compliance of F00860 MBES data within the CUBE 50cm surface.

A.4 Survey Coverage

The following table lists the coverage requirements for this survey as assigned in the project instructions:

Water Depth	Coverage Required
All waters in survey area	Object Detection Coverage (Refer to HSSD Section 5.2.2.2)

Table 2: Survey Coverage

Survey coverage was in accordance with the requirements listed above and in the HSSD with some exceptions. There are 233 potential fliers found by flier finder, which were investigated and found to not be real. As discussed previously some features were not addressed, or not fully attributed, due to mechanical issues with S3007, and general time constraints.

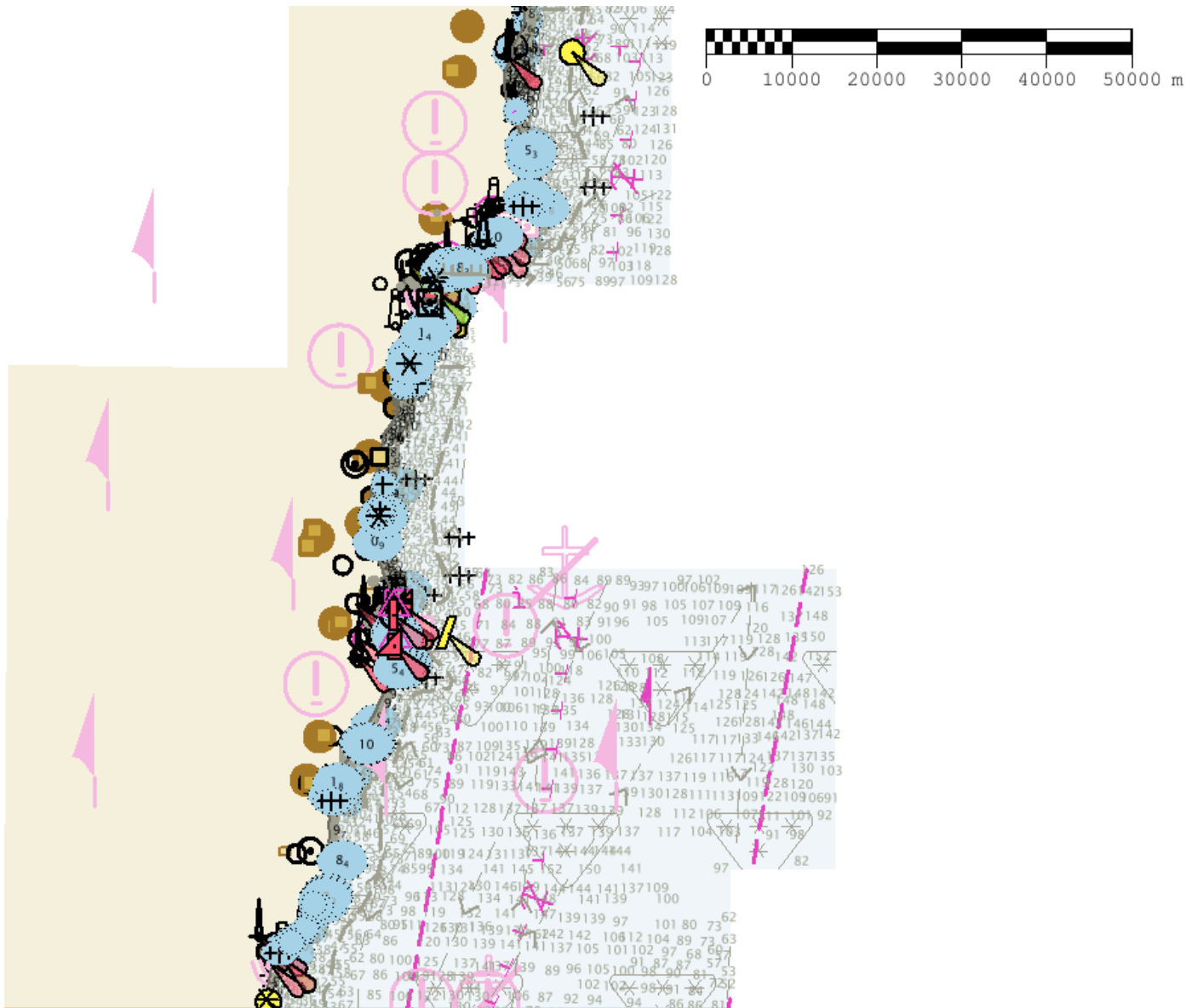


Figure 2: Overview of F00860 project area, on the shoreline of Wisconsin.

A.6 Survey Statistics

The following table lists the mainscheme and crossline acquisition mileage for this survey:

	HULL ID	<i>S3007</i>	<i>Total</i>
LNM	SBES Mainscheme	0.0	0.0
	MBES Mainscheme	95.259	95.259
	Lidar Mainscheme	0.0	0.0
	SSS Mainscheme	88.278	88.278
	SBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0
	MBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0
	SBES/MBES Crosslines	0.0	0.0
	Lidar Crosslines	0.0	0.0
Number of Bottom Samples			0
Number Maritime Boundary Points Investigated			0
Number of DPs			0
Number of Items Investigated by Dive Ops			0
Total SNM			1.46

Table 3: Hydrographic Survey Statistics

The following table lists the specific dates of data acquisition for this survey:

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
07/21/2022	202
07/22/2022	203

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
07/23/2022	204
07/24/2022	205
07/25/2022	206
07/26/2022	207
07/28/2022	209
07/30/2022	211

Table 4: Dates of Hydrography

B. Data Acquisition and Processing

B.1 Equipment and Vessels

Refer to the Data Acquisition and Processing Report (DAPR) for a complete description of data acquisition and processing systems, survey vessels, quality control procedures and data processing methods. Additional information to supplement sounding and survey data, and any deviations from the DAPR are discussed in the following sections.

B.1.1 Vessels

The following vessels were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Hull ID	<i>S3007</i>
LOA	10.38 meters
Draft	0.6 meters

Table 5: Vessels Used



Figure 3: NRT-NL survey vessel S3007

B.1.2 Equipment

The following major systems were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Manufacturer	Model	Type
Kongsberg Maritime	EM 2040C	MBES
EdgeTech	4125	SSS
SonTek	CastAway-CTD	Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth Sensor
Applanix	POS MV 320 v5	Positioning and Attitude System
AML Oceanographic	Micro SV-Xchange	Sound Speed System

Table 6: Major Systems Used

B.2 Quality Control

B.2.1 Crosslines

Multibeam crosslines were not acquired on this project.

B.2.2 Uncertainty

The following survey specific parameters were used for this survey:

Method	Measured	Zoning
ERS via VDATUM	0.0 meters	0.045 meters

Table 7: Survey Specific Tide TPU Values.

Hull ID	Measured - CTD	Measured - MVP	Measured - XBT	Surface
S3007	2 meters/second	0 meters/second	0 meters/second	0.5 meters/second

Table 8: Survey Specific Sound Speed TPU Values.

Total Propagated Uncertainty (TPU) values for F00860 were derived from a combination of fixed values for equipment and vessel characteristics, as well as field assigned values for sound speed uncertainties. The uncertainty for the VDatum model was provided to the field units in the Project Instructions. A visual inspection of the Uncertainty layer revealed the areas of higher uncertainty occur in the outer beams, and a visual inspection of the Density layer revealed the areas of lowest density are in the deepest areas of the survey.

In addition to the usual a priori estimates of uncertainty, some real time and post processed uncertainty sources were also incorporated into the depth estimates of the survey. Real-time uncertainties from the Kongsberg MBES sonars were incorporated and applied during post processing. Uncertainties associated with vessel roll, pitch, gyro, navigation, and heave were applied during post-processing. All of the aforementioned uncertainties were applied in CARIS. As stated, F00860 is an ellipsoidally referenced survey (ERS) and the tidal component was accomplished with a separation model.

Uncertainty Standards - NOAA HSSD

Grid source: F00860_MB_50cm_LWD

99.5+% pass (16,444,259 of 16,444,480 nodes), min=0.18, mode=0.19, max=2.28

Percentiles: 2.5%=0.18, Q1=0.19, median=0.21, Q3=0.25, 97.5%=0.35

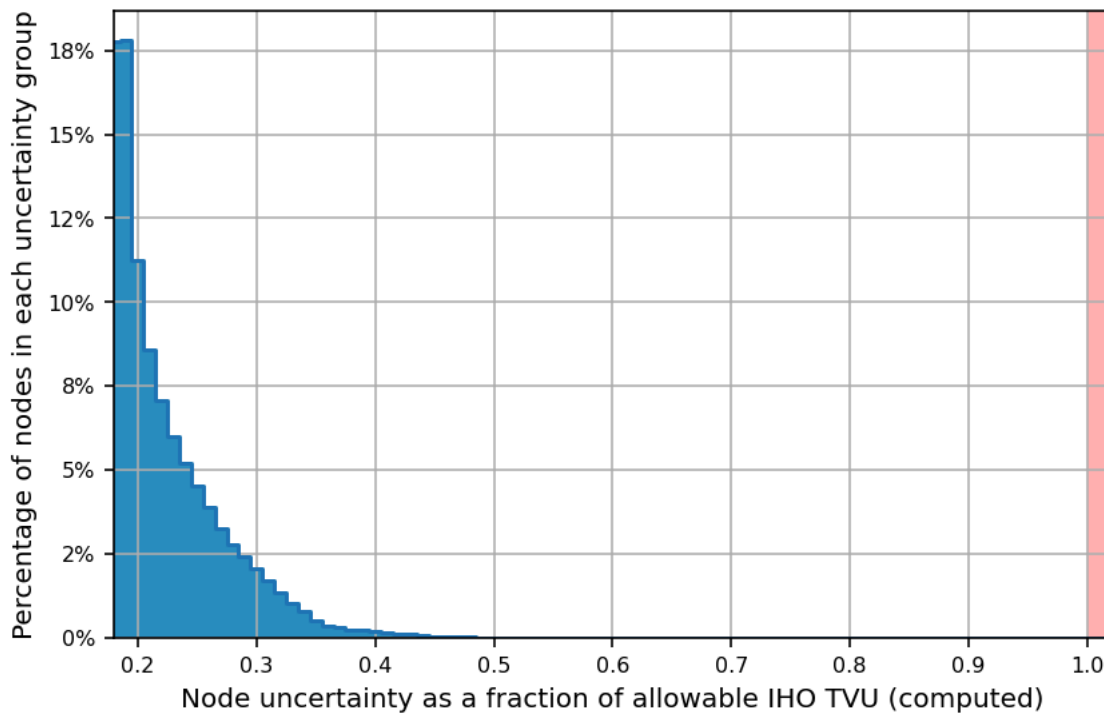


Figure 4: Pydro derived histogram plot showing HSSD uncertainty compliance of F00860 MBES data within the CUBE 50cm surface.

B.2.3 Junctions

No junctions comparisons were performed for this survey.

There are no contemporary surveys that junction with this survey.

B.2.4 Sonar QC Checks

Sonar system quality control checks were conducted as detailed in the quality control section of the DAPR.

B.2.5 Equipment Effectiveness

There were no conditions or deficiencies that affected equipment operational effectiveness.

B.2.6 Factors Affecting Soundings

No SBET fully applied to line 0384

Last line before mechanical issue arose, resulting in POS not being logged long enough to cover line for creation of a SBET.

B.2.7 Sound Speed Methods

Sound Speed Cast Frequency: At least once every four hours.

SVP casts were taken at least once every four hours in the deepest water nearest to the survey area being worked on. The SVP casts were applied to the MBES lines in CARIS using the "nearest in distance within time of 4 hours" method.

B.2.8 Coverage Equipment and Methods

All equipment and survey methods were used as detailed in the DAPR.

B.3 Echo Sounding Corrections

B.3.1 Corrections to Echo Soundings

All data reduction procedures conform to those detailed in the DAPR.

B.3.2 Calibrations

All sounding systems were calibrated as detailed in the DAPR.

B.3.3 Missing VALSOU Information

There are six features flagged by QC Tools that do not have VALSOU information. Two of the features were found only after processing the side scan sonar data, while the other four were too dangerous to approach. With the mechanical issue for S3007 and time constraints, these features were not able to be further investigated and no heights were obtained.

B.4 Backscatter

Backscatter was collected concurrently with MBES, and has been processed to HSSD standards.

B.5 Data Processing

B.5.1 Primary Data Processing Software

The following Feature Object Catalog was used: NOAA Profile Version 2022.

B.5.2 Surfaces

The following surfaces and/or BAGs were submitted to the Processing Branch:

Surface Name	Surface Type	Resolution	Depth Range	Surface Parameter	Purpose
F00860_MB_50cm_LWD	CARIS Raster Surface (CUBE)	0.5 meters	1.017 meters - 22.801 meters	NOAA_0.5m	Object Detection
F00860_MB_50cm_LWD_Final	CARIS Raster Surface (CUBE)	0.5 meters	0.934 meters - 22.801 meters	NOAA_0.5m	Object Detection
F00860_SSSAB_1m_400kHz_1of2	SSS Mosaic	1 meters	-	N/A	100% SSS
F00860_SSSAB_1m_400kHz_2of2	SSS Mosaic		-	N/A	200% SSS

Table 9: Submitted Surfaces

C. Vertical and Horizontal Control

Additional information discussing the vertical or horizontal control for this survey can be found in the accompanying HVCR.

C.1 Vertical Control

The vertical datum for this project is Low Water Datum IGLD-1985.

ERS Datum Transformation

The following ellipsoid-to-chart vertical datum transformation was used:

Method	Ellipsoid to Chart Datum Separation File
ERS via VDATUM	OPR-Y396-NRTNL-22_VDatum_100m_NAD83-LWD_IGLD85_geoid12b

Table 10: ERS method and SEP file

C.2 Horizontal Control

The horizontal datum for this project is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).

The projection used for this project is Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 16.

The following PPK methods were used for horizontal control:

- Smart Base

The following CORS Stations were used for horizontal control:

HVCR Site ID	Base Station ID
ABRAMS	WIAB
MANITOWOC	WMTW
LUDINGTON	MILT
HART	MIHT
PRINCETON	WIPR
WEST BEND	WIWB

Table 11: CORS Base Stations

WAAS

The Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) was used for real-time horizontal control during data acquisition.

D. Results and Recommendations

D.1 Chart Comparison

D.1.1 Electronic Navigational Charts

The following are the largest scale ENC's, which cover the survey area:

ENC	Scale	Edition	Update Application Date	Issue Date
US4WI333M	1:120000	26	09/15/2021	05/18/2022
US4WI34M	1:120000	14	09/15/2021	06/08/2022

Table 12: Largest Scale ENC's

D.1.2 Shoal and Hazardous Features

All features are discussed in the FFF.

D.1.3 Charted Features

Further information on charted features is located within the FFF.

D.1.4 Uncharted Features

Further information on uncharted features is located within the FFF.

D.1.5 Channels

Channels exist within the survey limits but were not investigated.

D.2 Additional Results

D.2.1 Aids to Navigation

Further information on ATONs is located within the FFF.

D.2.2 Maritime Boundary Points

No Maritime Boundary Points were assigned for this survey.

D.2.3 Bottom Samples

No bottom samples were required for this survey.

D.2.4 Overhead Features

No overhead features exist for this survey.

D.2.5 Submarine Features

Further information on submarine features is located within the FFF.

D.2.6 Platforms

No platforms exist for this survey.

D.2.7 Ferry Routes and Terminals

Ferry routes and/or terminals exist for this survey, but were not investigated.

D.2.8 Abnormal Seafloor or Environmental Conditions

No abnormal seafloor or environmental conditions exist for this survey.

D.2.9 Construction and Dredging

No present or planned construction or dredging exist within the survey limits.

D.2.10 New Survey Recommendations

No new surveys or further investigations are recommended for this area.

D.2.11 ENC Scale Recommendations

No new ENC scales are recommended for this area.

E. Approval Sheet

As Chief of Party, field operations for this hydrographic survey were conducted under my direct supervision, with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. I have reviewed the attached survey data and reports.

All field sheets, this Descriptive Report, and all accompanying records and data are approved. All records are forwarded for final review and processing to the Processing Branch.

The survey data meets or exceeds requirements as set forth in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, Field Procedures Manual, Letter Instructions, and all HSD Technical Directives. These data are adequate to supersede charted data in their common areas. This survey is complete and no additional work is required with the exception of deficiencies noted in the Descriptive Report.

Approver Name	Approver Title	Approval Date	Signature
LTJG Mark Meadows	Chief of Party	08/10/2023	MEADOWS.MARKJUDE.1571877895 Digitally signed by MEADOWS.MARKJUDE.1571877895 Date: 2023.08.10 17:37:37 -04'00'
PST Michael Bloom	Sheet Manager	08/10/2023	BLOOM.MICHAEL.GRAHAM.1029463049 Digitally signed by BLOOM.MICHAEL.GRAHAM.1029463049 Date: 2023.08.10 16:45:07 -04'00'

F. Table of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AHB	Atlantic Hydrographic Branch
AST	Assistant Survey Technician
ATON	Aid to Navigation
AWOIS	Automated Wreck and Obstruction Information System
BAG	Bathymetric Attributed Grid
BASE	Bathymetry Associated with Statistical Error
CO	Commanding Officer
CO-OPS	Center for Operational Products and Services
CORS	Continuously Operating Reference Station
CTD	Conductivity Temperature Depth
CEF	Chart Evaluation File
CSF	Composite Source File
CST	Chief Survey Technician
CUBE	Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator
DAPR	Data Acquisition and Processing Report
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System
DP	Detached Position
DR	Descriptive Report
DTON	Danger to Navigation
ENC	Electronic Navigational Chart
ERS	Ellipsoidal Referenced Survey
ERTDM	Ellipsoidally Referenced Tidal Datum Model
ERZT	Ellipsoidally Referenced Zoned Tides
FFF	Final Feature File
FOO	Field Operations Officer
FPM	Field Procedures Manual
GAMS	GPS Azimuth Measurement Subsystem
GC	Geographic Cell
GPS	Global Positioning System
HIPS	Hydrographic Information Processing System
HSD	Hydrographic Surveys Division

Acronym	Definition
HSSD	Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables
HSTB	Hydrographic Systems Technology Branch
HSX	Hypack Hysweep File Format
HTD	Hydrographic Surveys Technical Directive
HVCR	Horizontal and Vertical Control Report
HVF	HIPS Vessel File
IHO	International Hydrographic Organization
IMU	Inertial Motion Unit
ITRF	International Terrestrial Reference Frame
LNM	Linear Nautical Miles
MBAB	Multibeam Echosounder Acoustic Backscatter
MCD	Marine Chart Division
MHW	Mean High Water
MLLW	Mean Lower Low Water
NAD 83	North American Datum of 1983
NALL	Navigable Area Limit Line
NTM	Notice to Mariners
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NOS	National Ocean Service
NRT	Navigation Response Team
NSD	Navigation Services Division
OCS	Office of Coast Survey
OMAO	Office of Marine and Aviation Operations (NOAA)
OPS	Operations Branch
MBES	Multibeam Echosounder
NWLON	National Water Level Observation Network
PDBS	Phase Differencing Bathymetric Sonar
PHB	Pacific Hydrographic Branch
POS/MV	Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels
PPK	Post Processed Kinematic
PPP	Precise Point Positioning
PPS	Pulse per second

Acronym	Definition
PRF	Project Reference File
PS	Physical Scientist
RNC	Raster Navigational Chart
RTK	Real Time Kinematic
RTX	Real Time Extended
SBES	Singlebeam Echosounder
SBET	Smooth Best Estimate and Trajectory
SNM	Square Nautical Miles
SSS	Side Scan Sonar
SSSAB	Side Scan Sonar Acoustic Backscatter
ST	Survey Technician
SVP	Sound Velocity Profiler
TCARI	Tidal Constituent And Residual Interpolation
TPU	Total Propagated Uncertainty
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USCG	United States Coast Guard
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
XO	Executive Officer
ZDF	Zone Definition File