



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

O. H. TITTMANN, SUPERINTENDENT

3560,

HYDROGRAPHY

SOUTH CAROLINA AND GEORGIA HUNTING ISLAND TO SAPELO ISLAND

C. & G. S. STEAMER BACHE

W. C. Hodgkins, Chief of Party

Begun July 9, 1912

Ended June 6, 1913

Scale 1:100,000' (Sub-sheet on 1:50,000) - See Thyd. 3661.

Tide Staffs

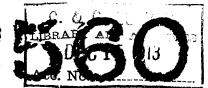
at Sapelo Sound Quarantine Station and at Fort Screven Wharf, Savannah River Entrance

Platted by Leon A. Potter

STATISTICS OF WORK

on Hydrographic Sheet No..

3



Scale 1:100,000

Coast of South Carolina and Georgia

1912 and 1913

1	Dat	е	Letter	Vol.	Miles	Soundings	Angles	Positions	Dead
ı	191		20000	101.	MILLOS	agnitomod	WIRTER	rositions	Boat used
1	July		A	1	15.19	170		26	BACHE
	n ,	11	В	1	54.81	564		104	n
- [12	C	1	50.00	708	22	104	11
1		18	D	1	38.07	458		76	Ħ
1	n	19	E	1	3.31	67	1	14	n
1	Aug.	1	F	2	16.12	233		35	n
١	11	3	G	2	52.39	637		98	11
-	71	7	H	2	46.00	654		90	11
1	n	8	I	2	27.64	432	108	66	11
١]	3	11.00	185	38	25	Ħ
	11	9	K	3	63.33	946	211	152	. #
		14	L	3	67.00	690	1	119	n
		15	M	4	21.53	335	45	46	19
1		16	N	4	30.51	401	4	55	n
	" 1	17	_0	4	30.00	384	10	58	н
	1912 To	otals	14	4	526.90	6864	439	1068	
ŧ	Date								
1	1913						1		
١	Jan.30		P	5	44.33	558		84	BACHE
1		31	Q	5	61.18	554		103	Bache
1	Feb.	.6	R	5	27.42	362	11	54	, н
	Ħ	7	S	5	27.52	301		57	×
۱	Ħ	ff .	5	6	16.21	3 4 8	ł	33	B)
		8	T	6	23.15	348		50	n
1		L2	ט	6	53.20	640		97	n
		L5	V	6	52.16	634	1	98	21
}		L 7	X	6	10.36	161		28	18
		L8	Y	7	71.00	823		141	, 30
1		1	Z	7	37.09	213.		52	n
		15	A'	7	12.00	162		28	n
1		3	B'	7	50.67	295	14	50	n.
		4	C'	8	15.00	233		30	•
		5	D'	8	12.00	289	. [83	. 11
	#	6	E'	8	24.00	330	20	57	н
l		7	F'	8	42.00	430	-	84	*
		8	G'	8	16.95	200		32	н
	1913 To								•
	carried ward	for-	17	4	596.24	6881	45	1161	

O. & G. SURVEY,
L DEARY AND A CHIVES
DEC 15 1913
Acc. No.

STATISTICS (continued)

Hydrographic Sheet No.....

D	ate	Letter	Vol.	Miles	Soundings	Angles	Positions	Boat used
1913	Totals							
	ght for-	17	4	596.24	6881	45	1161	
ward								
Ap	r.12	H'	8	31.52	341		52	BACHE
Ħ	17	I.	9	46.06	575		80	11
11	18	K'	9	48.32	646	7	83	Ħ
. 11	19	L'	9	46.11	5 81		91	10
11	23	M'	10	7.48	188	158	65	11
H	24	N'	10	37.71	470	84	99	Ħ
H	25	0'	10	59.88	589	29	109	n
Ħ	26	P1	10	11,60	167		51	•
May	7 5	Q¹	10	7.61	99		17	10
			11	23.18	345		52	H
H	6	R'	11	73.80	809		117	#
41	7	S'	11	18.52	179		33	**
11	8	L,	11	65.85	854	5	118	11
n	9	U*	12	14.84	165		28	11
Ħ	29	Λι	12	33.75	434		67	11
11	30	W.	12	35.00	456	184	116	**
Jur	10 6	x'	12	40.70	691	306	15 3	n
1913	Totals	33	8	1198.17	14470	818	2492	_
1912	Ħ	14	4	526.90	6864	439	1068	
GRAND	TOTAL	47	12	1725.07	21334	1257	3560	

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

to accompany Hydrographic Sheet No. .

Coast of South Carolina and Georgia

Acc. No...

Hunting Island to Sapelo Island

Scale 1:100,000

1912 and 1913

The work on this sheet is the offshore hydrography within the above stated limits, the general scheme of work being to run east and west lines about three miles apart in the shoaler portions of the area surveyed and about five miles apart in the portions lying further off shore, in somewhat deeper water.

The western or inshore ends of the lines of soundings were usually fixed either by sextant angles upon shore objects or, when that was impossible, by bearings and distances to floating marks which had been determined from shore stations; but for the greater part of the length of any line it was necessary to depend upon the compass course and upon the distances given by the patent log, checked by current observations at intervals, by observations of the sun or other heavenly bodies when practicable, and by the clesure upon known objects at the end of the return line.

In addition to the regular series of east and west lines, quite a number of lines were run in other directions when it became necessary to make a passage along shore or when a closer development was needed, in the vicinity of the principal inlets.

On account of the number of these additional lines in the vicinity of the Savannah River Entrance, it was thought undesirable to attempt to plat all of the work upon the scale of 1:100,000, the scale of the general sheet, and a sub-sheet was therefore projected upon scale 1:50,000, to cover that particular region. The days are lettered in one series for both the main sheet and the sub-sheet.

During the 1912 work, tides were observed at the wharf of the National Q Quarantine Station on Blackbeard Island, Sapelo Sound, while in 1913 the tide staff was established at Fort Screven wharf, Tybee Island, Savannah River Entrance.

Respectfully submitted,

W. C. Nodakina.
Chief of Party.

To the Superintendent,

Coast and Geodetic Survey,

Washington, D. C.

November 28, 1913.

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 3560.

Quarantine Station, Sapelo Sound, Georgia, by Assistant W. C. Hodgkins in 1913.

TIDES.

	Quarantine Station ft.		
Mean low water, or plane of reference on staff	2.1		
Lowest tide observed " "	0.2		
Highest " " " "	11.9		
Mean range of tide	7.3		

VEC Dec.27,1913.

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 3561.

Quarantine Station, Sapelo Sound, Georgia, by Assistant W. C. Hodgkins in 1913.

TIDES.

	Quarantine ft.	Station.
Mean low water, or plane of reference on staff	2.1	
Lowest tide observed " "	0.2	
Highest " " " "	11.9	
Wean range of tide	7.3	

EXAMINATION OF HYDROGRAPHIC SHEETS by the DIVISIONS OF FIELD WORK AND FIELD RECORDS.

Sheet No. 3560

T* 4	Are numbers of hydrographic sheets adjoining limits of work
	shown? Same
2.	Are transferred soundings of adjacent hydrographic sheets
	made to show that ground has been covered?
3. 4	Is sheet of proper size?
4. +	Is sheet well laid out, no additions required?
5.	Are limits of hydrography regular?
6 . +	Are positions of signals accentuated by light dot of black
	ink to assist plotting?
7. +	Are tidal stations plotted on sheet?
8.	Is area of work completely covered?

9.	Are critical soundings and dangers shown distinctly?
	4 * 4 * 4 * 7 4 * 7 * 8 * 9 * 9 * 9 * 9 * 9 * 9 * 9 * 9 * 9
10.+	Is the control good? No beary signals probably
11.+	Are positions of signals clearly shown?
12.	Are soundings well distributed?

13.	Are shoals carefully and sufficiently developed?
	39 fr sounding to be mounting start
14.	Do soundings cross satisfactoraly?
	•

15.	Is existence or non-existence of a reported shoal determined?

16.	Is least sounding over bar probably determined by check sound-
٠	ings or diagonal sounding lines crossing same?

17.	+ Are projection and plotting checked?
18.	Is the scale of this sheet sufficient to show the necessary
	details in the navigable channels?

19.	+Is the shoreline shown?
	Is there an accompanying list of plane table or sextant posi-
,	tions of signals? Wo
21.	Has sufficient attention been given to the development of
	channel?

22.	Are sufficient bottom characteristics shown?

23.	Are sounding lines normal to coast?

24.	Have suspicious soundings been investigated?
	39M sdq.
25.	Are ranges or bearings given for important shoals?
	••••••••••••••••••
_	and the state of t
26	Are sailing directions given?

27.	Is the general hydrography in the entire area properly devel-
•	oped?
28.	Are shallow channels for motor boats sounded?

29.	Is there a note as to coloration of water in or near mouths of
	rivers and bays? No.
<i>3</i> 0:	Is there any information given as to obtaining fresh water?
31.	Are there proper intervals between soundings?

32.	Are projecting points of land and reefs determined by sufficient lines with soundings at close intervals run at right
	angle to direction of points?
٠.	
3 3.	Is there sufficient data to draw depth curves?

34.	Are shoal areas remote from shore properly developed by independent system of the busy signals placed in the vicinity of shoal?
•	

35.	
35.	***************************************
-	Are soundings obtained at docks in harbor?
-	Are soundings obtained at docks in harbor?
-	Are soundings obtained at docks in harbor?
36. ◀	Are soundings obtained at docks in harbor?

_	39.	+ Does descriptive report give date of instructions?
		No desempline Report
	40.	Are small islets and rocks distinctly shown?
	41.	Is information relative to anchorage given?
•	42.	#Are survey methods explained sufficiently?
	43.	Are geographical names given on sheet?
	44.	
	45.	Is the unit of soundings given in title?
•	46.	Are sufficient depth curves shown?
	47.	Are aids to navigation shown?
	48.	Are grass or kelp indications shown?
	49.	Are sailing courses shown on sheet?
y.	50.	Is descriptive note given as to visibility of shoals?

	51.	Are dangers fully described in descriptive report?

	52.	Is the character of reefs described on sheet?

	53.	Are beaches indicated where vessels in distress could be safe-
		ly beached? No
•	54.	Are standard symbols used in drafting?
•.	55.	Is information relative to currents given?
	56.	Is there a statement as to certainty or probability of least
•		depth over dangers given? W
	57.	Is the existence of certain shoals doubtful?
	58.	Is a general description of coast given?

	59. Is information relative to commercial importance given?

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	60. Does the descriptive report cover one or a moderate number of
•	sheets?
•	61. Are descriptions of headlands given?
	62. Is the nature of shoals whether coral rock or sand shown on
	sheet?
•	63,+ Is the position of the tide gauge well selected? Is the tidal data sufficient for the reduction of soundings over the area
,	of the sheet?

	64.+ Have projection lines been numbered around all the edges?

	65.+ Has the geographic position of one of the triangulation points on the sheet been inked near the bottom edge of the sheet?
in the second se	er en
	66. Was the speed of the sounding boat such as to allow vertical
	readings of the leadline?

	67. Were lines of soundings run along the axis of narrow channels?
	••••••••••
1	68. Have rocks or shoals seen from the sounding boat in passing
	been definitely located?

	69. Have charted shoals reefs, or rocks been investigated !
•	
	70.+ Have sounding records been kept in approved form?
•	***************************************

71.	Are Wire drag surveys required?
72.	or described as being covered by reefs, etc. as the case may be
Oth	er Remarks hu descriptive Report
	(Offshore work)
	The forgoing points marked by a cross (+) and the following ad- ional points are to be considered for wire drag hydrographic sheet
73.	What additional areas, if any, in the locality covered by the
	sheet should be dragged?

74,	an amount of other transfer of work till spect in mist from
•	moderate number, numerous)
75.	Are shoals discovered with drag clearly shown?
76.	Were shoals later covered by drag set at suitable depth?
****	######################################
77.	The same of the state of the st
78.	Are overlaps ample?
79.	Do effective depths conform to instructions under which the work
	was done?
80.	If work was done before present practice as regards effective depths was adopted, should the area be re-dragged to conform
	to the present practice?

81.	Are all shoals discovered shown on current issue of chart?
