# 4640 Additional work - 1954

11198. Cht. No. 8202-2
Form 504 U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT
Type of Survey Hydrographic
Field No. Office No.4640 Ad. 17k. 195
LOCALITY
State S.E. Alaska
General locality Graves Harbor
Locality Sugarloaf Islands
194 54
CHIEF OF PARTY
Frank G. Johnson, Chief of Field Party
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE April, 1955

B-1870-1 (I

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

### HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

REGISTER No. 4640 Ad. Wk. 1954

Field No.
State S. E. Alaska
General locality Graves Harbor
Locality Sugarloaf Islands
Scale 1: 20,000 Date of survey October 1, 1954
Instructions dated August 5, 1954
Vessel Surveyor
Chief of party Frank G. Johnson
Surveyed by Ralph V. Sebieralski, and Miller J. Tenkel
Soundings taken by hathorder, graphic recorder, hand lead, wire/
Fathograms scaled by <b>Shunker So Mapher</b>
Fathograms checked by <b>EXMERITE THATE</b>
Protracted by Chester F. Kupiec
Soundings penciled by Chester F. Kupiec
Soundings in fathoms ////// at M//// MLLW
Remarks: Soundings based on 800 fms. / sec. Corrections for velocity
not appreciable and were not made.

20 NUV-11839

H-4640 A.W. 1954

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

POST OFFICE ADDRESS: USCAGSS SURVEYOR - 705 Federal Office Bldg., Seattle 4, Wash.

TELBORAPH ADDRESS:

1954 NOV 1 AM A : AI

File: 703.3/FRG/wkk

3 at 8410

Lee satur 677

EXPRESS ADDRESS:

19 October 1954

To:

The Director

U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey Department of Commerce Building

Washington 25, D. C.

Via:

Supervisor, Northwestern District

Subject: Report on Special Hydrographic Survey, vicinity of

Sugarloaf Island, Southeast Alaska.

In accordance with Director's letter 22-SRO, S-1-SU dated 5 August 1954, a survey was executed in the vicinity of the pinnacle rock charted in latitude 58-17-27, longitude 136-52-32.

Although heavy 6 to 12 foot swells considerably handicapped the survey, the position and depth of the sunken rock as reported by the Coast Guard was considered substantially verified. A least depth of 1.3 fathoms (reduced from predicted tides at 1552 (135° W time) on 1 October 1954) was obtained in latitude 58-17-26, longitude 136-52-37.

Methods used and extent of work accomplished was as follows: Three parties were dispatched to make landings, recover triangulation stations and build signals. None of the parties were able to land even on reverse sides of islands because of heavy ground swell which the parties reported to surge 30 to 40 feet up some of these points on this exposed coast at the time of this survey.

An occasional breaker was noted near the reported position of the sunken rock. Two launch hydrographic parties were sent to make the investigation. Launch No. 3 was in charge of LCDR Sobieralski and Launch No. 1 was in charge of LCDR Tonkel. Launch No. 3 armived first and spent approximately 3/4 hour in reconnaissance sounding within a radius of a half mile of the indicated position of the shoal, using sextant angles on tangents to locate the position of the launch. This control proved unsatisfactory for the development because heavy surf obscured the tangents and estimated 12 to 15 foot swells over the shoal made the whole shoreline invisible when the launch was in the

Receipt acknowledged by form letter. 11/3/54 jec

THE

troughs. Locations of nearby peaks were then plotted on the launch sheets. A system of closely spaced north-south lines was run over the indicated postion of the shoal controlled by sextant angles to three peaks.

Launch No. 1 dropped a marker buoy and did most of feeling around on shoal. The water was not breaking continuously over the shoal, but a definite humping and tendency to break occurred throughout the day. A buoy was dropped at this spot. Cross ranges were used to control considerable reconnaissance in the vicinity of the buoy. During this time various patterns were run, using the ranges in an effort to determine the location of the least depth in relation to the buoy. Several leadline attempts were then made, feeling over the area, with positions recorded on least depths, with part of fathometer depths recorded in fathoms, and with part in feet. Approximately three hours were spent in pattern and leadline development. A small system of lines were then run normal to the regular system, through the shoalest area and on both sides. The least depth obtained was recorded by fathometer on the line between Pos. 13 and 14a. This depth of 1.3 fathoms was interpreted from the fathogram with some question as to the exact break between bottom and kelp. The bottom was very irregular with considerable evidence of kelp or extraneous echoes on the fathogram. It is to be noted however, that there was no surface evidence of kelp. The least depth obtained by leadline was 2.2 fathoms after correction of +0.5 fathom for swell. Both the depths noted above are reduced by predicted tides.

No wire drag survey was made, since the location of the shoal was found readily by action of the swells. Also, because of the heavy swells, a wire drag survey was not considered feasible. During the 24 hour period in which the ship was in this vicinity, the swells appeared to become progressively worse. The enclosed tracings, numbers 1 and 2, show results of this survey.

The present coverage of the shoal is believed to be sufficient for verification of its existence and for charting purposes.

Commander USC&GS

Commanding Ship SURVEYOR .

Enclosure: Overlay No. 1 and 2,

### TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

DY # 1.41.04 Alv Constroin & C

13 April 1955

Division of Charts:

R. H. Carstens

Plane of reference approved in 2 volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

4640 Add. Wk.

Locality Sugarloaf Island, Southeast Alaska

Chief of Party: F. G. Johnson in 1954
Plane of reference is mean lower low water, reading
5.0 ft. on tide staff at Sitka
13.1 ft. below B. M. 8 (1924)

Height of mean high water above plane of reference at the working grounds is 7.6 feet.

NOTE: The tide reducers entered were computed and verified by using Sitka observations with a time correction of -0 45 minutes.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

E.C. McKay

Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

I. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 877938

### Hydrographic Surveys (Chart Division)

### HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. 4640 Additional Wk. 1954.

Records accompanying survey:		
Boat sheets .2; sounding vols2; w	ire drag	y vols;
bomb vols; graphic recorder rolls	1-Enevel	ope.
special reports, etc	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •
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The following statistics will be submitted wirepher's report on the sheet:	th the c	ertog-
Number of positions on sheet		96.
Number of positions checked		•••••
Number of positions revised		2
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)		
Number of soundings erroneously spaced		• • • • •
Number of signals annoncemely plotted		
Topographic details	Time	• • • • •
Junctions	Time	• • • • •
Verification of soundings from graphic record	Time	
Verification by Checker Rupies. Total time	. 1.6	Date 2-2/-56
Reviewed by Time	./3	Date 3-16-56

### NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. <u>M-4640</u>, Additional work = 1954

### Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
7-10-59	8410	m. Rogers	Complibily opplied  Below After Verification and Review in Conjunction
	-	0	with C1-657/1953.
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
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M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

- (1) The additional work was accomplished in accordance with the Director's letter dated 5 August 1954.
- (2) The additional work consists of the hydrographic development of the area in the vicinity of lat, 58°17'27", long. 136°52'32", where a U. S. Coast Guard vessel, whose draft was approximately 13 ft., reported striking an under-water object on 10 July 1953. Heavy seas at the time of the present survey prevented wire-dragging the area.
- (3) The control consists of sextant fixes on nearby peaks. The location of one peak was plotted on the original smooth sheet during the present survey; the location of the other peaks are shown on the original smooth sheet.
- (4) A sunken rock with a least depth of 1.3 fms. was located on the present survey in lat. 58°17.42', long. 136°52.60'. The position of the sunken rock is about 98 meters southwest of the position reported by the U. S. Coast Guard in Chart Letter 657 (1953).
- (5) Minor differences of 1 3 fms. in depths of 15 30 fms. were noted between the 1926 and the additional work of 1954. The depths obtained during 1954 were generally shoaler than those obtained in 1926. Where differences in depths occurred, the shoaler depths have been plotted.
- (6) A comparison between the charted depths on Chart 8410, dated 28 May 1954, and the depths obtained in 1954, reveals only minor differences of 1 fm. The 1.3 fm. sounding obtained on the 1954 work has been charted as 1 fm. from Chart Letter 657 (1953)

Examined and Approved:

H. R. Edmonston

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch

E. R. McCarthy Chief, Chart Division

Earl O. Heaton

Hydrography Branch Chief, Division of Coastal Surveys

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Form 504
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
, Director
·
State: SE, Alaska
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT
Topographic   Sheet No. 4640
LOCALITY
Graves Harbor
Cape Spencer to Dixon
Harbor
1926 &1954 addwk-1954
OHIEF OF PARTY
A.M.Sobieralski

## HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET and Wire Drag

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. 4

REGISTER NO. 4640

State S. E. Alaska
General locality Outer Coast, S. E. Alaska Graves Harbor
Locality Cape Spencer to Dixon Harbor
Scale 1:20,000 Date of survey Apr. 27~Oct. 9
Vessel Str. SURVEYOR
Chief of Party A. M. Sobieralski
Surveyed by A. P. Ratti, Fr. Vogt
Protracted by A. P. Ratti
Soundings penciled by A. P. Ratti
Soundings in fathoms
Plane of reference M.L.L.W. Graves Harbor, 7.0
Subdivision of wire dragged areas by A. P. Ratti
Inked by
Verified by , ,
Instructions dated Feb. 12, 1926 ,192
Remarks: Wire drag at approach to Dicks Arm, Cape Spencer
plotted on this sheet.

G P O

the Repl 2 18 5. Pettoler 18 (rel) 3 11 18 600

### DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET NO. 4

### CAPE SPENCER TO DIXON HARBOR, S.E.ALASKA

This survey was executed under instructions dated Feb. 12, 1926, issued to the Commanding Officer of the Str. SURVEYOR. All the hydrogaphy on this sheet was done by the steam launch Delta, except four days work off Cape Spencer, done by the SURVEYOR using the fathometer.

This work adjoins hydrographic sheet no. 2558. Str. Patterson, J. F. Pratt, Commanding. For descriptions of the coast and landmarks see the Report to accompany the Topographic sheet of this area.

This sheet extends from Cross Sound to Dixon Harbor. Some revision work was done in Dixon Harbor.

### Dangers .-

Hydrographic bromide No. 2558 shows a breaker 628m-133° true from Cape Spencer Light. No evidence of this breaker was found at this location. There is a breaker with 4-4/6 fathoms on it. 347 m. 118° true from Cape Spencer Light. It is believed that the former breaker was incorrectly located for the latter.

There is a rock awash at H. W. 982 m. 70° true from Cape Spencer (shown on smooth sheet OLit). This rock bs correctly shown on bromide No.2558. = 0 Vog- (NWM).

> Group of rocks awash at H.W. 700 m. 2190 from OLit. Rock awash at H.W. 1135 m., 254 from OLit.

Reef awash at L.L.W., extreme western tip of which is 1354 m., 2750 from O Lit. This reef extends 900 true for approximately 330 m. There is thick anchored kelp in this vicinity.

The passage between the northern group of Graves Rocks and the mainland is foul with thick, anchored kelp/

The rock in Graves Harbor, which is O Wash, is awash at 1/2 tide and is surrounded by kelp.

Rock with 3-1/2 fathoms on it was found 960 m. 216 m. from 6 Oval

Rock with 3-1/2 fathoms on it was found 586 m. 227° from A Oval.

Sunken rock and breaker. 643 m. 2830 from 6 Oval.

Reef awash at 3/4 tide, 1560 m., 191° from @Garnet.

Reef awash at 3/4 tide, 1718 m. 188° from @Garnet

Rock awash at L.L.W., 1857 m., 169° from @Sugarloaf.

Sunken rock 1732 m., 179° from @Sugarloaf.

N Breaker with 5-4/6 fathoms, 2214 m. 186° from Sugar.

loaf.

 $\sim$  Breaker with 5-4/6 fathoms, 2260 m., 1950 from  $\triangle$  Sugarloaf.

Rock awash at L.W., 534 m., 166° from & Sugarloaf.

Rock awash at 1/2 tide, 563 m., 3040 from Sugar-

loaf.

Breaker 166 m., 1800 true, from Side.

Rock awash at 1/4 tide, 771 m.,  $114^{\circ}$  true, from  $\triangle$ 

Astrolabe.

Rock awash, 319 m., 207° true from @ Astrolabe. This rock was transferred from hydrographic sheet 2762, Str. Mc Arthur

The approach to Dicks Arm, Cape Spencer, was wire dragged, with the light wire drag, to an effective depth of 20 feet. Pos. 1B to 10B were not plotted as the drag was aground on shoal of 2-4/6 fathoms, rocky, 300 m.,

The buoy, 350 m., 90° true from O Pop is a mooring buoy and was used as a signal with the name, buoy.

Miscellaneous. -

All soundings on this sheet, except revision work in shoal water done in Dixon Harbor, were taken by wire. The registering sheave was tested with a marked 100 fathom wire.

All soundings are reduced to M.L.L.W., Graves Harbor, plane of reference, 7.0 feet. Position and soundings "IX to XX" and all of U day were not plotted, fathometer soundings of this area were plotted instead, "A to D" ships work. All soundings on this sheet are given in fathoms.

Mote: Launch work "x to 24x and all of U. day was done under conditions of weather of current which made it difficult to get vertical casto— the Fathameter while was therefore con sidered more rehable. A.M. Sobieralskin

### Anchorages . -

For anchorages on this sheet see revision of Coast Pilot notes, made this season and forwarded to the office.

Respectfully submitted,

A. P. Ratti

Jr. H & G Eng. C & G Survey

### STATISTICS FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET NO. 4

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### Copy for Records Section

June 7. 1927.

Division of Hydrography and Popography:

Division of Charts:

Tide reducers are approved in volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

4440

Locality:

S. H. ALASKA, VICINETY OF GAPE SPRECKR.

Chief of Party: A. M. Sebieralaki, 1926.

Plane of reference is

4.1 ft. on tide staff at Diron Names

1.2 ft ----- distribution at the

Condition of records satisfactory except as checked below:

- 1. Locality and sublocality of survey omitted.
- 2. Month and day of month omitted.
- 3. Time meridian not given at beginning of day's work.
- 4. Time (whether A.M. or P.M.) not given at beginning of day's work.
- 5. Soundings (whether in feet or fathoms) not clearly shown in record.
- 6. Leadline correction entered in wrong column.
- 7. Field reductions entered in "Office" column.
- 8. Location of tide gauge not given at beginning of each day's work.
- 9. Leadline corrections not clearly stated.
- 10. Kind of sounding tube used not stated.
- 11. Sounding tube No. entered in column of "Soundings" instead of "Remarks".
- 12. Legibility of record could be improved.
- 13. Remarks.

Freede

Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

FIELD RECORDS (C)

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

AND REPER TO NO. 25-ACB

#### U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

#### WASHINGTON

May 15, 1928

To: The Chief,

Division of Charts.

From:

The Chief,

Division of Tides and Currents.

Subject:

Planes of Reference, Dixon Harbor, Alaska.

The planes of mean lower low water used for the reduction of soundings on Hydrographic Sheets Nos. 2762 (1905) and 4640 (1926) Dixon Harbor, Alaska, have been verified with the following results.

The mean lower low water datum for H. S. 2762 based on 28 high waters and 28 low waters for the period August 23 to September 6, 1905, corresponds to 4.50 feet on tide staff and is 11.88 feet below Bench Mark 2.

The mean lower low water datum for H. S. 4640 based on 59 high waters and 59 low waters for the period July 10 to August 9, 1926, and corrected to mean values by comparison with Ketchikan, corresponds to 4.10 feet on tide staff and is 13.44 feet below Bench Mark 2.

From the above relations to Bench Mark 2 the plane of reference for H. S. 4640 appears to be 1.56 feet below the plane of reference for H. S. 2762.

Since the datums for both sheets appear to be reasonably well determined, it is believed that the change in depth must be due to land movements consisting of the rise of the land in this region. A similar condition has been found at several tide stations in Icy Strait and Lynn Channel and is referred to on pages 74-76 of Special Publication No. 127.

Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

Peport on Hyd. Cheet No. 4640. Graves Karbon & Spencer to Digm Harbor. Surveyed in 1926.

Instructions dated, Feb. 12, 1926 (Surveyor). June 11, 1926

Chief of Party a. M. Sobieralake Surveyed by A. P. Patte, F. Vogt. Protracted a. P. Patte Soundings plotted by A. P. Patte Verified and Inked by G. Pisegari.

- 1. The records, methods and character of the survey, conform to the requirements of the General Instructions.
- 2. The plan and extent of development cover the Specific Instructions.
- Instructions "to be sun normal to the beach". There are, however, no crossings except in a very few cases. In there particular cases, the crossings appear satisfactory of the hydrographic work in general appears to have been executed satisfactorily and complies with the requirements of the Specific Instructions.
- 4. The usual depth curves could be completed and such curves were broken only near the dangerous rocky shore, in the vicinity of outlying rocks, thick help etc.
- 5. There were a number of cases where it found necessary to reprotrast sounding positions and also to replot sounding, where the time intervals spacings were not carefully adhered to

Attention should be called here, of the necessary omission of the positions and soundings, "IX" to "24x inclusion, and all of IX" a" day, — the fathometer soundings being supplemented in their stead. The description report state, whis it was difficult to get octains casts under the prevailing condition of the weather and current as the line. Here soundings

after satisfactory with adjacent soundings, some of which are vertical casts

6. The junction with adjacent sheets are satisfactory. W. D. sheet 43/8 (Howley, 1923) was used in this connection for the southeastern juncture.

Two shool soundings, 13 + 18 faths, shown in green at southern part of 4640, were transferred from W.D. 4318.

southern part of 4640, evere transferred from 10.0. 4318.

The position of signal "Can" in Dichs arm, is located by a fip, see 44 y, and is located differently on Top. 4238.

This is a temporary to morning busy and it appears what the field party weed the recorded position of Ean which undoubtedly was more correct to use at the time the work was in progress and was accepted.

7. There are a number of shoal spots, sutcide which affect should be further developed.

There are also several small blank areas on the sheet showing when the work was not carried to the shore of further development would have been desirable. The work in general horrow, was carried as far as it was permissible to the shore.

from H. 2558 and are located between signal Eve and signal Voy" as southeastern end of this sheet. There affect as shall

spots and should be further developed.

Harbor and vicinity, make use frequently of the lane between braves Pocks and signal borner. The hydroghaphy in this particular area appears to be insufficiently developed and is quite hazardous, being infested with rocks and large areas of help.

a discrepency was found in soundings in Dison Harbor between Dison Harbor this sheet and H. 2762 which made it impossible to join the work of both sheets. The Dir, of J.+C. has submitted a report which is attached herein covering this point in question.

8. Character and scope of surveying - good. Field drafting - good. 9. Reviewed by B. Prisegari May 11, 1928.

Report on W. D. Sheet #4640. Off Cape Spencer, St. alaska. Suraged in 1926 (Surveyor). Chap of Party: a. M. Sobieralski Surreyed by : U. V. Matte. P. Patte. a. P. Yatti S. Pisegari. Reviewed by 1. The records conform to the requirements of the General Instructions. 2. There appears to be no specific instructions for the wire drag work, but the main purpose of the wire drag, it is understord, was to discover any obstacle in the approach of to Duck arm. 3. The field plotting was completed to the extent preserved by the General Onstructions. 4. The wire drag grounded near the mouth of Decks arm on two shouls on which soundings were recorded by the tender, 4 and laund, 24, 36, 46 fathoms (blew inked on sheet). These soundings however, are not conclusive to be the least depth obtainable for the shoot areas as the drag was not reset for cleasure after the groundings. The wive drag work, I to to Bday was not plotted, as the dray was aground on shoul shown by depth of 26 fathous This area, however, is open to suspicion (mentioned above). and appears manifecently dragged. 5. Drag nock - fair. Drafting - good.

6. Neviewed by S. Pisegari. May 24, 1928.

applied to chart 8402