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Form 504			
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY			
, Dir	ector		
	L. S. A.	VE	
State: Washington	Acc. No.		
DESCRIPTIVE A  Topographic Hydrographic  Sheet No.	REPORT 4710		
LOCALIT	Υ		
Entrance Grays Harbor	· to		
Copalis River			
1927			
CHIEF OF PA	ARTY		
T.J.Maher			

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Scale: 1:20,000

Locality: Sea Coast

Grays Harbor to Point Grenville

June & July 1927

Thos. J. Maher, Chief of Party.

### DESCRIPTIVE REPORT to accompany

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEETS "A" and "B".

Scale: 1:20,000

Instructions dated March 5, 1927.

LEGITS: These sheets cover the water area from shore to the ten fathom curve from Grays Harbor to Point Grenville, Washington.

DESCRIPTION: The beach from Grays Harbor to Point Grenville extends in a northerly direction and is a low flat sand beach broken occasionally by small streams and bluffs. Point Brown is the northern point of Crays Harbor and is a low rounding sand point; a rock jetty extends out from this point west by south (true) direction for about one mile. A shoal with greatest depth of three fathoms extends for about two miles to the westward of this point. From Point Brown to Copalis River the beach is practically unbroken. The area between high water and the tree line gradually narrows down. The bottom is regular, sloping gradually from the beach to the ten fathom curve, about three miles offshore. The beach from Copalis River to Point Grenville consists alternately of low sand or gravel beach and of high yellow bluffs. Copalis Mead is a gently rounding rocky point two miles north of the river of the same name. Copalis Rock lies about 350 meters from high water line. This rock is thirty-four feet high, darker in color than the bluff in the back. The sides are steep to from the water. Several rocks in the vicinity are as shown on the hydrographic sheet. Within a radius of one-half mile from Copalis Rock the bottom is rocky and irregular and dangerous to light draft craft. The bottom from Copalis River to Point Grenville, with the exception of the area surrounding Copalis Rock, is regular and slopes from the beach to the ten fathom curve. The several towns and settlements along this beach are: Oyhut and Samp son, very small settlements. Copalis Beach is a resort town consisting of summer cottages, a few stores, a post office and a cannery. Pacific Beach is the largest of these summer settlements and consists of a large hotel and numerous houses, built

on the top of the bluff; and as seen from seaward gives the appearance of a town of consequence. Moslips is a saw mill town of fair size.

CONTROL. Control for this survey was furnished by the combined traverse and topographic party of Lieutenant Witherbee and Lieutenant Bernstein, consisting of signals located by traverse with intermediate, topographically located signals. These signals were of excellant quality and at no time (when visibility was at all possible) was any difficulty experienced in seeing.

METHOD: The hydrography on these sheets was entirely accomplished by hand lead soundings. The equipment consisting of the chartered launch RICHARD M, a sixty-five foot, 32 ton gasoline power beat, with sleeping and eating accomplations for seven men, a seaworthy craft and well adapted to this work. Lead lines, equipped with nine and twelve pound leads, armed with tallow, were used. Two hydrographic sextants, protractors, and other necessary plotting instruments.

The personnel consisted of two officers, one motor engineer, who also acted as coxswain, one recorder, two leadsman, and one cook. Each man had his share of responsibility and his individual duties to perform.

The hydrography was done by running a system of east and west lines normal to the beach at intervals of three hundred meters. Cross lines running north and south were run along each meridian or about the thirds nautical mile apart. Close inshere, along the one to two fathem curve, and inshere from the first system of lines other lines were run parallel to the beach from one hundred to two hundred meters apart. These lines were run on exceptionally calm days. That rocky area in the vicinity of Copalis Rock was closely developed by using the pulling dory which was carried aboard the RICHARD M. This area was thoroughly investigated and it is believed that all rocks in the vicinity are shown. An exceptionally calm day was selected for this work.

while sounding the launch was run at such a speed that at all times the soundings could be taken with vertical lead line and at the same time with all possible speed. The speed being decreased as deeper water was approached. As far as possible the following scheme was followed. Positions every three minutes, sounding from 0 to three fathoms every 20

seconds, from three to seven fathous every 50 seconds. Seven to nine fathous every 45 seconds, 9 to 12 fathous (and over) every minute.

During the progress of the survey on Sheet "A", operations were based from Westport, Wash., running into Grays Harbor each night to a berth, which was to be had at the Coast Guard dock at that down. During the progress of Sheet "B", when favorable conditions would permit, the launch was anchored for the night on the working grounds.

The tidal data for the reduction of soundings on Sheet "A" were obtained from observations taken from the automatic tide guage at Vestport, Wash. For this sheet the Westport tides were reduced by simultaneous comparison to Point Grenville values. These values were used direct for reduction of soundings. For Sheet "B" the guages at Westport and Point Grenville were used. Westport tides were corrected to outside conditions as per Director's letter of September 13, 1927. For "1" and "k" days Point Grenville observed tides were used for reduction of soundings, without change, as per same authority.

CURRENTS: With the exception of somewhat erratic currents in the vicinity of Grays Harbor a general statement pertaining to this subject may suffice. Immediately following northerly weather a decided southerly set of from one to two knots was evident, and a set in the opposite direction immediately following southerly weather.

ARCHBRAGE: The only possible ancharage that will afford any protection on those sheets is just south of Point Grenville, in three fathems. This gives shelter to small craft from a northerly wind. Even in northerly winds, considerable swell will be felt in this position. Caution should be taken not to approach the beach too closely on account of submerged rocks on the south east side of Grenville Bay.

INSHORE DANGER: The only inshore fangers covered by these sheets is the rocky area, already described above, in the vicinity of Copalis Head.

H. C. Warwick, Jr. H. & G. Eng'r, Hydrographer.

Hevauvier.

Forwarded, approved.

Thos. J. Maher, Commanding S, camer GUIDE.

## Vessel: RICHARD M. (47/0)

Date		Letter	Vol.	Positions	Soundings	Miles (stat)
June	2		1	140	705	29.7
	3	ъ	1	128	805	33.9
	4	•	1	18	137	6.5
	7	d	2	110	552	26.8
	9	4	2	134	653	31.5
	10	£	2 4 3	1.54	735	36.1
	13	8	3	88	528	26.1
	14	Ä	3	49	226	12.6
	15	j	5	1.28	714	35.2
	16	k	4	93	705	27.7
	17	1	4	132	675	38.3
	21	38.	4	42	173	14.3
	22	<u> </u>	5	22	156	6.9
TOTA	L	13	5	120.6	6764	327.4

## STATISTICS SHEET NO. B. (47/5

Dete		Letter	Vo.	l. Position	ns Sounding	s Miles (stat)
June	21	8.	1	74	455	21.1
	22	ď	1	63	350	16.1
	23	6	1	120	735	28.8
	30	đ	2	148	731	46.1
July	1	•	2	148	790	49.6
_	6	Ź	2 & 3	113	692	34.5
	7	g	3	148	833	46.4
	8	h	3	11	58	3.2
	13	3	4	35	152	10.0
	29	k	4	4	31	0.7
4	30	1	4	23	112	6.6
TOTAL	5	11	4	687	4939	263.1



Division of Hydrography and Topography:

Division of Charts:

Tide reducers are approved in volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 4716

Locality: QCASE OF WASHINGTON

Chief of Party: T. J. Maker, 1927.

Plane of reference is

At the contide staff at Westport

2.2

Condition of records satisfactory except as checked below:

- 1. Locality and sublocality of survey omitted.
- 2. Month and day of month omitted.
- 3. Time meridian not given at beginning of day's work.
- 4. Time (whether A.M. or P.M.) not given at beginning of day's work.
- 5. Soundings (whether in feet or fathoms) not clearly shown in record.
- 6. Leadline correction entered in wrong column.
- 7. Field reductions entered in "Office" column.
- 8. Location of tide gauge not given at beginning of each day's work.
- 9. Leadline corrections not clearly stated.
- 10. Kind of sounding tube used not stated.
- 11. Sounding tube No. entored in column or "Soundings" instead of "Remarks".
- 12. Legibility of record could be improved.
- 13. Remarks.

Thude

Chief. Division of Tides and Currents.

Section of Field Records.

Repoil on Sheet no. 4710 Suveyedin June 1927. Chief of Party - Those . g. Maher. Surryed by - H. C. Hannick Rotricted by - F. S. Gallen, V.C. Wannick, V.M. Gibben Soundings plated by - H. C. Harwick Verifiel v Duked by. D. R. Rounds. 1. The records conform to the regimente of the General Instructions.

2. The polar and character of the development Julfille the regiments of the Samol Instructions 3. The sounding line crossings are very 4. The usual depth curves above the six food come can be completely drawn,

5. The field polotting was completed to the
extent promised in the General Instructions,

no of practions - - - 1216 no. I pointions chuked. 483 no, of positions could 17 no. Journdings 6764 over pail frhe work done by the field 7. Turker surveying is not required with in the limits of this sheet. 8. Character and ocope of the surveying was very good and the field drafting good. Kespetfully submitted, D. R. Rounds.

AND REFER TO NO. 11-DRM

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

WASHINGTON

August 23, 1928.

#### SECTION OF FIELD RECORDS

Report on Hydrographic Sheet No. 4710

West Coast of Washington - Grays Harbor to Copalis Rock

Surveyed by H. C. Warwick.

Protracted by H. C. W., F. L. Gallen, V. M. Gibbens.

Soundings plotted by H. C. Warwick.

Verified and inked by D. R. Rounds.

- 1. The specific instructions for the work were complied with.
- 2. The development is adequate. No additional work is necessary.
- 3. The junction with sheet 4621 to the south is good.
- 4. No changes were made in the sheet as plotted by the office draftsman except a few minor changes in the depth curves.
- 5. The record was somewhat confusing due to the habit of the recorder of not placing the position number on the right hand page on the same line as the position number on the left. The left hand page was taken as correct in all cases.
- 6. Changes made by the office draftsman in the record for positions 1 c and 72 k were checked.
- 7. Inking neat and very good.
- Reviewed by E. R. McCarthy, March 2, 1928.

Approved:

Chief, Section of Field Records (Charts)

Chief, Section of Field Work (H. & T.)

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

C. & G. SURVEY L & A. DEC 30 1927

Acc. No.

#### HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. ....

		REGISTER NO.	4710			
State	Washing	rton.				
General	locality	Washington Coast	. Grays Har	bor		
Locality	Ent. Grays	Harbor to Copalis	River.	•		
Scalel	:20.000	Date of survey	June 2-22	,1927•		
Vessel	"RICHARD M"	, sub-party of sh	ip "GUIDE".			
Chief o	f Party	Thos. J. Maher.				
Surveye	d by	H. C. Warwick.	******************	•		
Protrac	ted by	F. L. Gallen.	H.C.Warwick.	V.M.Gibbens		
Sounding	gs penciled	by H.C.Warwi	ck.			
Sounding	gs in A	feet				
Plane o	f reference.	M.L.L.W.	·			
Subdivision of wire dragged areas by						
Inked by	y D. R. Ro	unds				
Verifie	d by <i>D.R</i>	R.				
Instruc	tions dated.	March 5th		,192 7.		
Remarks: Boat sheet soundings plotted in fathoms & feet.						
Work on this sheet in five volumes.						

GPO