6134

Form 504
Rev. Dec. 1933

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U.S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY R. S. PATTON, DIRECTOR

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Hydrographic Sheet No. 19

State FLORIDA

LOCALITY

FLORIDA KEYS

B OT INY HARBOR

E. SISTER KEY TO KNIGHT KEY

193 5-36

CHIEF OF PARTY

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1934

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

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HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

Acc.	No.	

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No19
REGISTER NO. H6134
StateFLORIDA
General locality FLORIDA KEYS ROCK E. SISTER LEY TO KNIGHT KEY BOOT 163Y Hander
July 23-26 1935 Scale 1:10,000 Date of survey June 23 - July 2 , 1936
Vessel PARTY NO. 14
Chief of Party E. R. MCCARTHY
Surveyed byE.R.LUCCARTHY, J.T.JARNAN
Protracted by J. J. GIOMDANO
Soundings penciled byJ_J_GIORDANO
Soundings in fathers feet
Plane of reference
Subdivision of wire dragged areas by
Inked by Wallace a. Bruder
Verified by W. Q. B.
Instructions dated Nov. 17, 1933 (H.A.Cotton) , 19x
Remarks:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U.S.COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY R.S.PATTON, DIRECTOR

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO

ACCOMPANY HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET No. 19

FLORIDA KEYS - BOOT KEY HARBOR
FLORIDA

Party No. 14

E. R. McCarthy, Lieut.(j.g.) C&GS, Chief of Party.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

TO ACCOMPANY HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET NO. 19

AUTHORITY:

Instructions of the Director dated November 17, 1933 (H.A.Cotton).

LIMITS:

Boot Key Harbor - includes inner and outer harbors, Sister Creek and its arms, the west and south approaches and the open coast on the east to Longitude 81° 04°.

METHODS:

Soundings were taken with a bronze centered lead line, graduated in fathoms and feet, for depths over ten feet and with a pole, graduated in feet and half feet, in depths less than ten feet.

Position was fixed by sextant angles on signals located by triangulation, topography, and hydrography. Due to the destruction of the 1935 signals in the September hurricane a number of outside signals were located by sextant cuts in 1936.

The soundings in the arms of Sister Creek were plotted by means of the topography. The air photos were pantographed to scale of 1:10,000 and the positions spotted.

EQUIPMENT:

One 22' leased launch.

DISCREPANCIES AND JUNCTIONS:

The crossings check fairly well.

The junction with sheet No. 16 is good.

From a comparison with the channel lines run in 1935 with the grid lines run in 1936 it seems as though little change was made in the bottom by the 1935 hurricane.

V/48

4-14-38

COMPARISONS WITH PREVIOUS SURVEYS:

The sheet was compared with sheet No. 4167, 1920 which covers the west approach to the outer harbor. The following differences were noted:

The bar of the west approach has shoaled approximately two feet.

The southwest swash channel to the west entrance has shoaled about one foot.

Except for these two changes there seems little difference in the depths.

The piling shown by circles on sheet No. 4167 have been destroyed or rotted, as very few remain. But few piling were located as they are close to wrecked barges or machinery which constitute more serious dangers to navigation.

According to local information these wrecks on the banks have shifted around somewhat since 1920 and the locations will probably differ.

Boil 1920 and Boil 1935 are probably-identical. The point located is the drum of the boiler of a wrecked stern wheeler.

GENERAL:

The enclosed area shows a considerable change from the chart due to the dredging activities of the Florida East Coast Railway during the construction of the Key West Extension. The outside areas show little change.

SHOALS AND DANGERS:

1. Lat. 24 - 42.3 / Long. 81 - 04.1:

Chart shows 2. Area in section baring at low water.

2. Lat. 24 - 42.5 / Long. 81 - 04.4:

Chart shows 7'. Survey shows general depths in vicinity of 11' with no indication of less. Not examined, bottom sand and area probably deepened.

3. Lat. 24 - 42.5 / Long. 81 - 04.05

Chart shows 8. Area investigated and found a least depth of $6\frac{1}{2}$ (248k) on a small shoal.

SHOALS AND DANGERS: (CONTINUED)

4. Lat. 24 - 41.3 / Long. 81 - 03.9:

Chart shows 10' within 12' curve. Area investigated and found of H. 6/33(1938-6) and fold disposed and indication of it. (WLF)

5. Area west of East Sister Key:

This area is lumpy and irregular. The lumps are about 1' less when the general depths.

6. Lat. 24 - 41.4 / Long. 81 - 05.3:

A small sand and mud bank (95/k) was found. General depths 2.

7. Lat. 24 - 40.9 / Long. 81 - 06.3:

Chart shows 3'. Survey shows an isolated small bank with a least depth of 2' (260k). General depths 4-5'. The bank extends to the east-north-east with about 1' greater depths.

8. Lat. 24 - 40.7 / Long. 81 - 06.3:

Chart shows 9'. Survey shows depths of 10-11' with no indication of less. Area probably deepened.

9. Lat. 24 - 40.7 / Long. 81 - 06.7:

Chart shows 7'. Survey shows general depths of 9-10' with no indication of less. Bottom is sand and probably deepened.

10. Lat. 24 - 40.8 / Long. 81 - 06.7:

Chart shows 4. Survey shows a point of shoal within the 6. curve with least depth in vicinity of 42. (44-5j).

11. Lat. 24 - 41.9 / Long. 81 - 07.1:

A middle ground bank was located here. General depths over the bank are 2.

12. Shoals in Sister Creek:

This creek is the south entrance to the inner harbor. It is marked by a beacon originally established by the Lighthouse Bureau but is no longer maintained.

The creek is crooked but deep and has numerous shoal spots. Three arms extend to the eastward and one to the westward all of which provide excellent shelter for small craft during tropical hurricanes.

SHOALS AND DANGERS: (CONTINUED)

12. (Continued):

(a) Lat. 24 - 41.5 / Long. 81 - 05.3:

A small mid channel shoal with three high spots was found. Least depths are $2\frac{1}{2}$ (22b), $3\frac{1}{2}$ (23b), and $4\frac{1}{2}$ (24b). There is good water on either side.

Position 28b marks the point of a spit on the west bank which projects into the channel to the south of the above shoal. Depth on point 2.

The controlling depth in the west channel between these two shoal areas is 6' (22a & ld).

(b) Lat. 24 - 41.72 / Long. 81 - 05.3:

A small spit extending from the west bank was found. Least depth on point 6'(2d).

(c) Lat. 24 - 41. / Long. 81 - 05.3:

A small mid channel shoal opposite the conter of the east arm was found. Least depth 52 (3d).

(d) Lat. 24 - 41.85/ Long. 81 - 05.8:

A small mid channel shoal was found with a least depth of $5\frac{1}{2}$ (4d).

(e) Lat. 24 - 41.9 / Long. 81 - 05.53

A spit at the junction of the west arm and the main creek was found to have a least depth of 2'(21b). A narrow channel passes between the north section of the spit and the mangrave.

13. Shoals and dangers in inner harbor:

The inner harbor is split up by three trestles which were used to carry a standard gauge track with cars for carrying spoil excavated on both sides of the trestle to the main line of the railroad for fill.

All trestles join at the northeast section of the harbor. One extends north and south near the east end of the harbor, and the other two swing in wide curves to run almost due east and west. The southerly of the two latter extends to the cut joining the inner and outer harbors, the northerly extends about half this distance.

SHOALS AND DANGERS: (CONTINUED)

13. (Continued):

The east and south trestles are in poor shape, the tracks have been removed and anumber of piles have rotted off so that they project about 6" above high water. The northerly trestle is in better shape and carries a railroad track to the fish house on the south side of its center section.

(a) Lat. 24 - 42.2 / Long. 81 - 05.65

Three small shoals west of the south end of the east trestle were found. All are isolated with least depths of 2' (24c), 3' (25c), and 2' (26c).

A piling at the south point of the trestle which bares 1.2' at k.L.W. was found (69b).

(b) Lat. 24 - 42. Long. 81 - 05.7:

A mad channel bank was found east of the main entrance to Sister Creek. Least depth 12 (220). See Vol. 2 Page 41.

(c) Lat. 24 - 42.% / Long. 81 - 05.% to 05.9:

A middle ground bank between the old Sister Creek Channel and the dredged area to the northward was found. Least depth 12. (67-9c).

(d) Lat. 24 - 42.2 / Long. 81 - 06.5:

A large shoal area was found at the west end of the south trestle. Least depth is 1' (83d) on north side of track and 1' (85d) on south side.

The bank north of the channel had a depth of (2) (82d) at its tip.

(e) Lat. 24 - 42.4 / Long. 81 - 05.8:

A narrow ridge was found here off the old marine railway. Least depth 3' (2e).

A fish net rack was located (14d) near the old marine railway with 4' alongside. These racks are usually temporary structures.

(f) Lat. 24 - 42.44/ Long. 81 - 05.8:

Topo station "Yel" was the boom of a dredge was was moved out of the harbor in July 1935 at which time the survey was being made.

SHOALS AND DANGERS: (CONTINUED):

13. (Continued):

(f) (Continued):

The old dredge shown about 50 meters west of Topo station "Yel" on the boat sheet was blown by the September 1935 hurricane up into the mangrove at a point approximately 0.1 mile southwest of Topo station "Tree".

The marine railway located by positions 9d and 15d was partially destroyed by the September 1935 hurricane.

(h) Area north of north trestle:

This area was but partially dredged and two narrow ridges divide it into three channels. Least depths on ridges are 2'(23-5d) on northerly and larger ridge and 1'(31-3d) on southerly and smaller.

Sounding lines. General agreement to beat sheet.

The two northerly channels were sounded out. The southerly channel east of the west end of the small ridge was not sounded.

See overlay sheet #2.

14. Shoals and dangers in outer harbor:

The principal dangers in the outer harbor are outlined on overlay sheet No. 2. The harbor is filled with wrecks of barges, stern wheelers, and quarter boats which were laid up at this point and never maintained. Originally all the floating equipment was moved clear of the channel but storms and wave action have washed some into the north section of the harbor.

The tracing was made up from a special field inspection of the wrecks and detailed from the air photos.

CHANNELS AND ANCHORAGES:

Main Channel:

The west entrance to Boot Key Harbor is usually marked by private fishermen's stakes which are invariably placed on the north side of the channel. The southwest swash channel is not marked. A pilot should be employed for a large boat.

Controlling depths are 5' on the bar although local pilots carry 6' by dragging through the soft mud or by taking advantage of the tide. The depths in the outer harbor are ample for any boat capable of entering. Strangers should not go north off the fish house.

CHANNELS AND ANCHORAGES: (CONTINUED)

Main Channel: (Continued)

Should a vessel be bound for the inner harbor controlling depth of $5^{1}_{\mathbb{R}}$ will be found on the north side near the west end of the south trestle. Depths inside are ample for any boat capable of entering.

Directions:

Follow 20 yards south of row of private stakes which usually mark the north edge of the channel. When close to Hog Key turn north being guided by the shoreline to the east and the abandoned barges on the west bank. Strangers should anchor with a short scope west of the ruined fish house near the south end of the key.

If bound for the inner harbor head to pass close by to the southward of the spoil bank in the narrow cut between the two harbors. At the west end of the cut be guided by the appearance of the water and follow the crocked channel 200 yards to the dredged basin. Parallel the trestle about 60 yards off until southwest of the fish house then head for it.

Should the water at the east end of the cut be cloudy tie to the mangroves in the cut and get a pilot.

Strangers should anchor as there is no suitable pier or wharf to which any craft other than a small boat may be tied.

Sister Creek:

The entrance to the creek is marked on its east side by a finger beacon but a stranger must trust to the appearance of the water both at the entrance and at the restricted passage at the point where the creek enters the mangrove.

After passing between the mangroves a vessel capable of passing over the bar may steer a mid channel course until clear of the mangroves an the north entrance, from this point the passage is narrow and is usually marked by private stakes to the point in the south trestle where a bent has been removed to permit passage of vessels of not over 26' beam.

Controlling depths are to on entrance bar, and 5 near south point of east trestle. A stranger should employ a pilot.

Directions:

Follow along shore in depths of not less than 12' until the entrance beacon bears 3209 T then change course to 3150 T

CHANNELS AND ANCHORAGES: (CONTINUED)

Sister Creek: (Continued):

Directions: (Continued):

and make this course good to pass 20 yards west of the beacon, follow channel curving slowly to northward to pass close to mangroves on west bank of creek, follow close to west bank for 200 yards then favor east bank until clear of mangroves at north creek mouth.

When clear of mangroves at north creek mouth be guided by the private stakes which usually mark the southwest side of channel and pass south of trestle and between the banks. When clear of the banks head for the fish house taking due caution to pass through the narrow cut in the south trestle on the side indicated by the private finger beacon.

Other Channels:

Small boats using the west entrance to the inner harbor may pass west of the end of the trestle and to through the dredged area south of it. The turn is very short and controlling depth in the narrow cut southwest of the end of the trestle is $4\frac{1}{5}$.

Fessels entering from Sister Creek may pass east of the trestle at the north mouth and anchor in the basin or tie alongside the trestle.

Small boats may also pass west of the end of the north trestle and follow its north side to the fish house. West of the fish house should be navigated with caution as the hurricane tore loose a number of galvanized iron plates and blew them into the various channels.

Arms of Sister Creek:

The arms of Sister Creek provide a very secure mooring or refuge for hurricanes. Vessels may tie to the mangroves and any boat capable of entering the creek will find sufficient water for entering them.

The local inhabitants consider the north branch of the east central arm as the best refuge. The western arm must necessarily be used by the barges or boats of wide beam. The south branch of the east central arm is blocked off by mangrove growth extending across it and may be entered only by very small craft.

HARBORS:

The outer harbor is used very little and then only by fishermen familiar with conditions. The inner harbor is used even less.

HARBORS: (CONTINUED)

Should the piling in the trestles be removed the inner harbor would provide an excellent refuge for any of the yachts that usually frequent these waters during the winter season.

LANDMARKS:

These for the area have been submitted:

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES:

Both harbors are called Boot Key Harbor. Locally they are called Hog Key Harbor (Outer) and Boot Key Harbor (Inner) when a differentation is desired.

The names shown on the boat sheet in pencil are the correct local names and will be explained more fully in a later report on the subject.

The name Boot Key for Hog Key as shown on sheet No. 4167 is incorrect as is also the name Knight Key Harbor which appears on charts Nos. 1250, 1251 and 3261.

Sister Creek is sometimes referred to as Boot Key Creek.

East Sister Key and West Sister Key are sometimes referred to as Sister Rocks or the Sisters:

MISCELLANEOUS:

Except for the destruction of the fish house in the outer harbor and the probable shifting of some of the wrecks there was little damage done by the September 1935 hurricane.

Respectfully submitted:

E. R. McCarthy, Lieut. (j.g.) C&GS, Chief of Party.

MEMORANDUM BY CHIEF OF PARTY:

The sheet was begun in 1935, work was halted due to ex-

The sheet was done on a 1:10,000 scale because of the detail which could not very well be shown on a 1:20,000 and because it was planned to use Sister Creek as a harbor of refuge for the wire drag boats in case of a hurricane.

The topographic signals were scaled off the 1:20,000 control sheet of the area and plotted by means of the d.m.s and d.p.s, a copy of which is attached.

It had been planned to make a 1:10,000 topographic sheet of the area but the sudden exhaustion of funds prevented it.

The soundings in the creeks were plotted on an overlay tracing as there may be some slight change when the shoreline becomes available.

The reviewer should bear in mind that bottom is usually visible in depths no greater than those on the sheet and shouls stand out clearly.

E. R. McCarthy, Lieut.(j.g.) C&GS, Chief of Party.

D.M.s & D.P.s - TOPOGRAPHIC STATIONS

SHEET NO. 19

			-		
STATION:	POSITION:	D.M.s & D.P.s:	STATION:	POSITION:	D.M.s & D.P.s:
Abe	24 - 42 [*] 81 - 05 [*]	222 / 1494 /	Fuz	24 - 42 81 - 07	114 ?
Ag	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	80 / 700 /	Gig	24 - 42 81 - 06	406 / 288
Bee f	24 - 42 81 - 05	660	Goo	24 - 41 81 - 07	1806 - 326 -
Bim	24 - 42 × 81 - 07 ×	704 / 1434 /	Hab	24 - 41 - 81 - 07 -	1784 — 16
Bite	24 - 41 / 81 - 05 /	1534 372	Неу	24 - 41 / 81 - 07 /	1776 / 386 /
Boat	24 - 42 81 - 05	796 756	Inez	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	296 / 1196 /
Вое	24 - 42 / 81 - 07 /	496 684	J oe	24 - 42 81 - 06	11# /
Boil	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	484 / 1368 /	Kaw	24 - 41 81 - 05	1528 /
Ву	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	646 1450	Ket	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	664 1454
Cut	24 - 42 / 81 - 08	672 / 86	Klan	24 - 42 81 - 06	690 / 314 /
Dada	24 - 42 / 81 - 07 /	104 384	Lov	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	304 / 964 /
Dark	24 - 41 / 81 - 05 /	1504 722	Mar	24 - 42 / 81 - 05	378 / 1136 /
Ear	24 - 41 / 81 - 06	794 / 1342 /	Mex	24 - 41 81 - 05:	1088 / 496 /
Emma	24 - 42 / 81 - 07	54 / 158 /	Mi .	24 - 42 / 81 - 06	
Ert	24 - 42 / 81 - 06	536 1272	Oh	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	794 1494
Five	24 - 42 / 81 - 07 /	685 × 1600 /	Post	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	482 1224
Four	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	104	Rail	24 - 42 81 - 05	988 / 1220 /
Frog	24 - 41 81 - 05	1036 /	Raz	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	690 - 618

SHEET NO. 19

STATION	POSITION:	D.M.s & D.P.s:	STATION:	POSITION:	D.M.s & D.P.s:
Ret	24 - 42 / 81 - 06	614 /	Tree	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	1288 / 516 /
Rif	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	108 / 664 /	Two	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	734 ~ 1396 ~
Rick	24 - 41 / 81 - 05 /	1576	Two	24 - 41 81 - 04	670 1352
Ro	24 - 41 / 81 - 05	1764 / 760	$\mathtt{U}_{\mathtt{r}\mathtt{n}}$	24 - 42 × 81 - 05	830 / 1364 /
Sar	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	808 /	West	24 - 41 / 81 - 05	236 - 840 -
Skip	24 - 41 / 81 - 05	1500 434	Why	24 - 41 / 81 - 05 /	1428 / 392
Song	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	200 /	Yeg	24 - 42 / 81 - 05 /	354 / 1028 /
Sub	24 - 41 / 81 - 04 /	928 / 1234 /	Yel	24 - 42 / 81 - 05	816 / 1248 /
Tet	24 - 41 / 81 - 05 /	1304 / 488	Zam	24 - 42 81 - 05	796 1584
Tish	24 - 42 / 81 - 06 /	300 / 858 /			

Tab JJ9 EL.P.

STATISTICS

PROJECT HT 158

FLORIDA KEYS

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET NO. 19

DENNY LAUNCH - 1935

DAY		iles Atute)	SOUNDINGS	POSITIONS	DAYS RUN	DISTANCE TO & FROM WORK
ଡା ଝା ଠା ଷା	7-23-35 7.24-35 7-25-365 7-26-365	3.5 14.0 15.4 15.2	198 331 413 403	38 98 93 116	11.0 24.1 26.0 26.9	1.5 5.2 7.0 5.0
Sub	Totals	48.1	1345	345	88.0	18.7
5 ET 3 S T K	6-23-36 6-24-36 6-25-36 6-26-36 7-1-36 7-2-36	1.1 7.7 3.8 2.2 4.0 29.4	73 289 170 80 247 1518	19 46 25 11 48 295	5.8 0.5 1.8 2.4 1.0 9.1	
Tot	als	96.3	3722	789	108.6	18.7

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET NO H 6134

The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the sheet:

Number of positions on sheet	789
Number of positions checked	300
Number of positions revised	50
Number of scundings recorded	3722
Number of soundings revised	600
Number of signals erroneously	
plotted or transferred	2

Date:

Verification by Wallace a. Bruder

Time:

Review by

Time: 18 4 hr.

No. of days on which Hydr. Was done --- 10 Date of Last day of Hydr --- "K" Jay

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. H 6134

Smooth Sheet Yes
Boat Sheet Yes
Sounding Records Four Vols.
Descriptive Report Yes
Title Sheet Yes
List of Signals Vol. 1
Landmarks for Charts (Form 567) Yes
Statistics Yes /
Approved by Chief of Party Yes
Recoverable Station Cards (Form 524)
Special Chart for Lighthouse Service (Circular Nov. 30, 1933)
Coast Pilot Notes? Remarks
No of days on which hydr was done 10 Last day of hydrog. July 2, 1936

Decisions

1		For Additional
2		References
3		see H=6133
4		
5		see 7-5543
_6		0007-0075
	·	T (E11.2
8		see T-5543
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	GEOGRAPHIC NAMES Survey No. H-613	34	3.501/	No or	S. Mad And	o los ide	Triggy Mags	O. Guide of	Mag McHally	J.S. Jak Jr	مارا
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	Knight Key	/								Knight's Key	1
	Hog Key	/								/	2
	Bolt Key Harbor	Knight Kay Hbr			/	see a	130 H-	4167	D.R. pg.	Knight.	3
	Kax Vacdas Key	1	USG	B de	cision					1	4
X					/						5
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	Want Boot Key										7
	Sister Creak	GNS									8
	EASY BOLL Kel	w						-:			
N	West Sister Key	Sister									9
X	East Sister Key	Sister									10
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MEMORANDUM IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

SURVEY DESCRIPTIVE REPORT	No. H6134
PHOTOSTAT OF	

received Oct. 31, 1936 registered Nov. 4, 1936 verified reviewed approved

This is forwarded in order that your attention may be directed to the matters as indicated below. Please initial in column 3 as an acknowledgement that your attention has been thus directed. The complete original records are available if desired. If you cannot give this your immediate attention, please initial, note, and forward to the next section marked, calling for the records at your convenience.

ROUTE	Initial	Attention called to
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RETURN TO

82 C. K. Green

Form 712
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Ed. Feb. 1985

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

November 10, 1936.

Division of Hydrography and Topography:

Division of Charts: Att: Mr. E. P. Ellis

Plane of Reference

BidecReducersxare approved in

4 volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 6134

Locality Florida Keys - East Sister Key to Knight Key

Chief of Party: E. R. McCarthy in 1935-1936

Plane of reference is mean low water reading
3.0 ft. on tide staff at Boot Key (outer harbor)
3.2 ft. below B.M. 1
2.8 ft. on tide staff at Boot Key (inner harbor)
5.0 ft. below B. M. 1

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 1.5 ft.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

REPORT Sheet O of 2 VERIFIERS Surveyed in July, 1935 Report on H-6134 June & July, 1936 Chief of party E.R. McCarthy Surveyed by E. R. McCarthy, J. T. Jarman Protracted by J. J. Giordano Soundings plotted by J.J. Giordano verified & inted by W.A. Bruder " The records conform very well to the requirements of the General & notructions. 2. The usual difth survey can be completely drawn. 3. The field plotting was complete to the extent prescribed in the Hydrographic 4. The field drafting was very well done. The anidings in few areas were inhed larger in the office. The size was exact in conjuted areas. I should the shortine drafteman applied the topographic sheets and inked the shoreline with afest came in from field with no show line) and this caused never were and with the new information. These sheets are Museus about 20 the papelic signals about on the boat sheet that are not about on the amount sheet; Sieve they was not used in fitting the fire, the verifies and did not investigate further, other than a visual chief that there reginals are also on T-6479 a. 1935. 5. The adjust let W-6133 completely enircles the water grea of this H-6134. a photostat, Souble acale, was made and the junction performed by the tracing paper method. It was satisfactory. a paper tracing was made by the verifice (to be cheshed by the reviewow is 6. Remarks: auggeted) aloning proposed revisions to 7-5543 due to conflicts with the standing fixed hydrography. 3 de infection on 7-5543 in to 1937. H= 6134 shows SISTER CREEK ENT. BN. 1934 changed on H 6134 to 1935 T-5543 & T-6479a shows 19354 The OVERSEAS NIGHWAY was transfered from T-5543 (traced from plate mendation of lift Elis in view of the fact it enlargement) by recon was the sole route of land transportation between the Keyo. Three topographic signals ever plotted on the month sheet by the verifies from T-64792. They are Jax, Care, & Pil (Int netwood. Eximportant, as other signal) maply worth of the months v. r. treatle in order to follow the lines of the N. r. trestle in order to follow the lines of the chamels show that . a diagram best explains the verifier's interpretation: 1 & channel line

Vol. 3, page 2, gives the reinfind reasons for selecting one of two conflicting fixed locating hydrographic argual Den. \$ 24. 91. 5' 281.00.8'. The fix selected by the reinfin differed by 23 meters. although this segral change caused by the reinfin differed by 23 meters. revision and refletting of approximately 30 positions and 240 soundings, it is the verifier's opinion to be time well spent in view of the fact the animaling lines were made smoother, the bearings agreed more closely, and the boat sheet sheeted very much letters

In glancing at the sheet math of H-6/34, which is H-6/33, the verifier - noticed the topographic sheets of 1935 have not yet been applied. This was noted in penil on H-6/33 in a compliance place by the verifier.

near hydrographic station Den \$ 24° 41.5' 181° 06.8' is a blue arms on the boat about which the verifies interpreted as an unaccepted plot of the same station. No further investigation was made other than a through search in the descriptive report, with no results.

the remarks in the assurding records for position 200 stated the boat sheet became so water socked, and theatining to desurtigrate, that they were forced to irow it day. This necessity probably was the chief cause of the extreme distortion motived in the sheet.

For this type of sheet the verifier considered it advisable to check 38% of the total number of positions because:

b. letoched fristions very numarus a. bailied soundings very numerous

haded lines indicating shallow to bare at low water ste. were put on the amount of but from the boat shall and in a few places from the air photo compilation By recommendation of bapt. Ellis they were left in penal on the amount shall. These have been impose with a yellow dashed line with liquids: gyprof, Ex, LW line.

Section of Field Records

REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. 6134 (1935-36) FIELD NO. 19

East Sister Rock to Knight Key, Florida Keys, Florida Surveyed in July 1935; June 1936, Scale 1:10,000 Instructions dated November 17, 1933 (H. A. COTTON)

Hand Lead Soundings. Pole Soundings.

3 Point fixes on shore signals.

Chief of Party - E. R. McCarthy.

Surveyed by - E. R. McCarthy and J. T. Jarman.

Protracted by - J. J. Giordano.

Soundings plotted by - J. J. Giordano.

Verified and inked by - W. A. Bruder.

1. Condition of Records.

The records are neat and legible and conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual except as follows:

a. Descriptive notes were omitted for several topographic and hydrographic signals falling in the water area. They are assumed to be of a temporary nature and of no importance in charting.

The Descriptive Report is very complete and satisfactorily covers all items of importance.

2. Compliance with Instructions for the Project.

The plan, character and extent of the survey are in compliance with the instructions for the project.

3. Shoreline and Signals.

- Shoreline on this survey originates with topographic map T-5543 (1935).
- b. Topographic signals originate with graphic control surveys T-6479a & b (1935).
- c. Hydrographic signals, with the exception of "Luck" in lat. 24° 42.9', long. 81° 03.8', originate with the present survey, the fixes being recorded on the index pages of volumes 1, 3 and 4 of the sounding records. "Luck" is from H-6133 (1935-36) and the fix is recorded in volume 19 of the records for that survey.

4. Sounding Line Crossings.

The sounding line crossings are good, the depths in nearly all cases agreeing withon one foot or less.

5. Depth Curves.

Within the limits of the present survey the usual depth curves may be satisfactorily drawn. Owing to the small range in tide (1-1/2 feet) no special attempt was made to develop the low water line. The approximate extreme low water line was sketched on the boat sheet, however, and transferred to the smooth sheet in a dashed yellow line.

6. Junction with Contemporary Surveys.

The junction with H-6133 (1935-36) on the east, south and west is satisfactory.

7. Comparison with Prior Surveys.

a. H-663 (1858) Scale 1:20,000; H-714 (1859) Scale 1:20,000.

These surveys cover the entire area of the present survey. A comparison between the above surveys and the present survey reveals a few minor changes in depths and in the shoreline in the outside areas; whereas the enclosed areas show extensive changes in depths and shoreline incident to the construction of the Florida East Coast Railroad.

Within the common area there is no important information on the old surveys which is not fully covered by the present survey, and the former should be superseded for charting purposes.

b. H-4167 (1920) Scale 1:5,000.

This is a survey of the entrance to and the outer harbor south of Hog Key (Called Boot Key Harbor on H-4167) and falls entirely within the limits of the present survey. The channel and the harbor have shoaled from one to two feet. Most of the piles (not charted) in approximate lat. 24° 42.4', long. 81° 06.87' on the old survey have been destroyed (see descriptive report, page 2) and few of them are shown on the present survey. Some of the wrecks of old barges, boats, machinery, etc. have shifted in position due to storms, but these were definitely located by the present survey. The present survey, although on a smaller scale, adequately covers the common area and should supersede H-4167 (1920) in future charting.

8. Comparison with Chart 1250 (New Print dated Sept. 27, 1937) Chart 3261 (New Print dated March 30, 1938).

a. Hydrography.

Within the area of the present survey the chart is based on

the surveys discussed in the foregoing paragraphs and contains no additional information that needs consideration in this review.

b. Aids to Navigation.

There are no navigational aids other than those of a private nature within the area of the present survey.

9. Field Plotting.

The field plotting was satisfactory.

10. Additional Field Work Recommended.

This survey is complete and no additional work is required.

11. Superseding Old Surveys.

Within the area covered, the present survey supersedes the following surveys for charting purposes:

H=663 (1858) in part H=714 (1859) in part H=4167 (1920) entirely

12. Reviewed by - Lec. S. Straw, April 29, 1938.

Inspected by - J. A. McCormick and E. P. Ellis.

Examined and approved:

T. B. Reed.

Chief, Section of Field Records.

K.I. Haams

Chief. Division of Charts.

Chief. Section of Field Work.

Chief, Division of H. & T.

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