# 6348

3. COAST & SEODETIC SURTEY

LIBRANT AND ARCHIVES

UUL 23 1949

ÄCC.	No	
	1 101 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

DEPAR u.s.	FORM 504 Rev. Dec. 1933 RTMENT OF COM COAST AND GEODETIC SU R. S. PATTON, DIRECTOR	MERCE RVEY
<b>,</b> .	RIPTIVE R	
<b>Hydrograph</b>		<b>E-</b> 6348
* :	***	
State Me	ssachusetts	
	LOCALITY	
Vine	yard Sound	
Woods No.	le and Approac	ches
	₩ .: .:	•
	HIEF OF PA	RTÝ
C. M. Th	omes	H& G.E.

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

# HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. 4840

REGISTER NO. $ m H6348$
State MASSACHUSETTS
General locality GOUTHERN COAST OF CAPE COD Vineyard Sound
Locality WOODS HOLE HARBOR AND APPROACHES
Scale 1:5,000 Date of survey July-October , 19 38
Vessel MOTOR VESSEL GILBERT
Chief of Party Chas. M. Thomas
Surveyed by C.M. Thomas, C. A. George, J. P. Lushene
Protracted by Milton C. Enstine
Soundings penciled by Milton C. Enstine
Soundings in fathoms feet
Plane of reference Mean Low Water
Subdivision of wire dragged areas by None
Inked by G.H. Everett
Verified by GHEverett
Instructions dated January 17, 19 38
Remarks:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

**POST-OFFICE ADDRESS:** 

TELEGRAPH ADDRESS:

EXPRESS ADDRESS:

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

May 31, 1940

TO:

The Director

U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey

FROM:

Lieut. (j.g.) Joseph P. Lushene

U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey

THROUGH:

Commanding Officer, M.V. GILBERT

U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey

SUBJECT:

Descriptive Report for Sheet 6348

I herewith submit a descriptive report for sheet Number 6348 in the locality of Woods Hole Harbor and Approaches, Massachusetts.

This report has been written at the request of Lieut. H.C. Warwick Commanding M.V. GILBERT, and it has been prepared as accurately as conditions and circumstances permit. I hope it meets with your approval.

Respectfully Submitted

Joseph P. Lushene

Jr. H. & G. Engr.

Ruspiel fully forwarded: Howevich.

#### DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO SHEET NO. 6348

# DATE OF INSTRUCTIONS

The work was executed in accordance with instructions dated January 17, 1938.

# LOCALITY

It covers the survey of the southern coast of Cape Cod, Mass., in the locality of Woods Hole Harbor and Approaches. This hydrographic sheet covers the area of chart number 348. The area consists of numerous shoals, ledges, rocks and strong tidal currents. During the season from May to August thick fog prevailed and generally all passages are dangerous in the fog without local knowledge.

# SURVEY METHODS

Due to the rocky and dangerous area it was necessary to use three boats on this hydrography. The M.V. GILBERT was used on the deep and unprotected areas; a motor launch #37 loaned to the ship by the Lighthouse Service for areas fairly shoal and protected; and a dory with an outboard motor for areas of rocks and ledges. Three point sextant fixes were taken every two minutes and soundings taken at 20 or 15 sec intervals depending on the depth and conditions. Hand lead soundings were used with the launch and dory whereas the Dorsey Fathometer II was used on the GILBERT. During the first two days the lead line supplied by the office seemed to change and appear to be unstable and hence a correction was applied. This situation was overcome by using old lead lines of past seasons which undoubtedly was made with a different core material and showed no changes during the day whether wet or dry. Serial temperatures and lead line comparisons were taken

frequently for the reduction of echo soundings. The fathometer was set daily for draft so that no correction was necessary for this term. The squat of the ship was dtermined by setting up a level on the dock and noting the readings on the level rod aboard as it passed by at various speeds.

This value was found to be negligible. All signals or objects used for sextant fixes were determined by triangulation or plane table methods on aluminum sheets.

## DESCREPANCIES

Upon completion of this project a severe hurricane swept over the area on September 21, 1938. The islands and bluffs along the shores were severly erroded. The visible changes makes one believe that possibly underwater changes also occurred in shoal areas but in a less marked N.B. degree. However, no information is available as to the extent of shoaling or deeping.

### DANGERS

In spite of the fact that the area is covered with numerous rocks and dangers, no new dangers were found. Altho the previous survey appears to lack detail and development it is excellent in regard to discovery of dangers. The area close inshore is strwn with rocks and boulders and should be given a wide berth. Among the chief dangers are:

1- Coffin Rock with a depth of about 52 feet Lat. 41°30.7'
2-Great Ledge has inummerable 12 to 2 ft. spots Lat. 41°30.7'
and rock awash. Long. 70°40.1'
3-Nonamessett Shoal Lat. 41°30.5', Long. 70°40.5'

4-Red ledge is a rocky shoal awash at low water

Lat. 41° 31.2' Long. 70'40.6'

5-Middle ledge is a rocky shoal and bares at certain stages

Lat. 41°31.1′ 2 ft. 12 least depth on

of low tide Leng. 70°40.9′ present survey.

Hadley Rock 41-31.04' 70°-41.38' Cuffin Rock 41-30.72' and a ll ft spot about 0.1 mile NNW of Hadley Rock buoy
and a ll ft spot about 0.1 mile SSW of Coffin Rock both
shown on chart 348 are generally given a wide berth.
Neither located on present survey.

# CHANNELS

The channel to Little Harbor is a dredged channel of 17 feet and > showed no shoaling.

The channel to Woods Hole or Great Harbor from Vineyard Sound has numerous shoals and rock ledges on each side. It is well marked by buoys and at the time of the survey had an excellent range. The range was destroyed by the hurricane but due to its importance and necessity has probably been rebuilt. It provides an excellent and safe entry to Woods Hole.

The channel from Great Harbor to Buzzards Bay is referred to as Woods Hole Passage. This channel is very narrow with rocks ledges and shoals close aboard on each side. The tidal current is very strong and a stranger may experience difficulties if attempted at times other than slack water. 

The slack water in this passage lasts only a few minutes. The buoys are towed under frequently by the strong current which adds to the dangers to a stranger. The passage should not be attempted in a fog.

Broadway channel should not be used without local knowledge.

Several groundings have been seen in this channel due to miscalculation of the current.

Generally one must confine himself to the channels and if the current is strong or if fog exists navigation should not be attempted.

# COMPARISONS

Very few major changes have been found which is as expected in this rocky area. The actual and noticeable changes are in the depth curves. Hany more sounding lines and detail will enable one to draw the depth curves with ease and greater accuracy than previously. No sketching as shown on the H-1833 (1887) previous survey need be resorted to. The former survey appears to be excellent in regard to location and discovery of dangers. Many rocks and shoal spots N.B. as shown on former survey were verified and altho a number have not been verified or found their existence is not considered doubtful.

- 1. The 11 foot spot east of Naushon Point in latitude 41-31.42, longitude 70-41.78, was not found.
- 2. The 5 foot spot on the north extreme end of Naushon Point Shoal

  Latitude 41-31.46, longitude 70-41.94 was not found. A local citizen found it but when he took the party to the sight was unable to locate it for them.
  - 3. The 9 foot spot 0.1 mile NNW of Hadley Rock buoy was not found. -
- 4. The 11 foot spot 0.1 mile SSW of Coffin Rock was not found.

  Special searches and much time was devoted to verify their existence. Coffin Rock was found after many hours of laborious searching just as all hope for its existence was about to be given up. Even after Coffin Rock was found and its location established by cross bearings much time was spent relocating it to determine its shoalest depth due to its sharpness and small area. The lead line would constantly slide or bounce off its steep slope. This experience, therefore, gives one confidence in the existence of the above rocks even the after a search nothing was found. Until wire drag operations are used to verify the existence of the above dangers their existence should not be considered doubtful.

retained and recharted even the not found on this survey. These sheal spots are evidently pointed rocks of very small proportions and their existence can only be disproved by wire drag. The survey was run only as close to shore as boulders and safety would permit.

# CHANGES

From local knowledge the rock Latitude 41-30.79, longitude

70-42.05 shown on chart 348 which is about 120 yds east of Bull Next Island

two67

at the edge of the channel leading to Hadley Harbor has been blasted and

8' pdil in arca

from H-8170/EII/2/58

# TIDAL NOTE

Portable tide gages at Uncatena Island and Little Harbor and a standard gage at Woods Hole were used on this sheet. The variation in tides made it necessary to use a zone system. The zones were selected by the office and are shown on the boat sheet. They are as follows:

### 1- UNCATENA GAGE ZONE

Area west of a north-south line just west of the black lighted beacon at the west end of Woods Hole Passage

2- MEAN OF UNCATENA AND WOODS HOLE GAGE ZONE

Area west of a line drawn from the east end of Devils Foot Id

### 3- WOODS HOLE GAGE ZONE

# 4- LITTLE HARBOR GAGE ZONE

Area east of the above line

## REMARKS

Outside of the channels ### passages and harbors the area is generally foul. Few venture outside and for this reason wire drag may be considered not feasible. However, for an excellent and thoroughly complete survey of chart 348 wire drag operations would be highly beneficial and necessary.

It is hoped that the survey as completed will meet with your approval.

Respectfully submitted

Joseph P. Lushene Jr. H. & G. Engr.

Esproved & Sowarded.

# <u>GILBERT</u>

Day	Date	Positions	Miles	Soundings	Volume
A	June 22, 1938	23	4.2	124	1
В	June 24, 1938	82	12.4	751	1
Č	June 29, 1938	61	10.3	612	1
Ď	July 22, 1938	57	12.65	323	1
Ē	July 27, 1938	70	11.5	441	2
F	July 28, 1938	10	2.7	6 <del>4</del>	2 2 2 2
G	July 29, 1938	76	10.1	326	2
H	Sept.14, 1938	34	9.7	230	2
J	Sept.29, 1938	21	2.5	90	
K	Oct. 1, 1938	10	8.0	51	2
	Totals	Positions -	444		
		Mileage -	76.80		
		Soundings -	3012		
		LAUI	N C H		
_	June 20, 1938	154	20.9	6 <b>34</b>	3
a. b	June 29, 1938	48	3.1	196	3
	June 30, 1938	151	16.2	736	3 & 4
o đ	July 1, 1938	154	11.3	551	4
	July 8, 1938	70	4.9	246	4
e Î	July 9, 1938	21	1.8	93	4
	July 11, 1938	120	10.3	<b>513</b>	4 & 5
g h	July 13, 1938	99	12.6	511	5
	July 21, 1938	113	10.3	448	Б
1	July 25, 1938	24	3.1	108	5
k 1	July 30, 1938	53	5.3	188	5
	Aug. 1, 1938	46	4.4	194	5 & 6
m	Aug. 2, 1938	86	4.4	284	6
n	Aug. 3, 1938	<b>52</b>	4.0	195	6
p		82	6.0	276	6
q	Aug. 4, 1938 Aug. 5, 1938	49	2.9	177	6
r		118	6.8	385	6 & 7
8	Aug. 8, 1938 Aug. 9, 1938	107	6.9	352	7
t		5 <b>4</b>	2.3	167	7
u v	Aug. 10, 1938 Aug. 15, 1938	53	3.6	178	7
	Totals	Position Mileage Sounding	141.10		
		DOR			
	July 5, 1938	15	-	<b>3</b> 9	8
a h	July 6, 1938	191	8.3	513	8
ъ		181	8.0	588	
0		109	4.7	312	9
d	July 8, 1938	73	2.5	227	8 9 9 9
8	July 11, 1938	57	1.0	137	9
f	July 13, 1938	32	2.0	190	9
g	July 16, 1938	32 <b>47</b>	2.2	295	9
h	July 19, 1938		1.3	132	9
j	July 25, 1938	25	1.00		-

(Continued)

		<u> </u>	1 9 1 1 0 9	H6348	
		(Continu	ued) DORY	110010	
Day	Date	Positions	Miles	Soundings	Volume
k	July 27, 1938	3 <b>73</b>	9.3	397	9 & 10
. 1	July 28, 1938	88	6.2	440	10
m	Aug. 1, 1938	3 <b>0</b>	1.6	129	10
n	Aug. 2, 1938	3 15	•	15	10
p	Aug. 3, 1938	87	4.3	262	10
q	Aug. 15, 1938	3 26	1.1	80	10
r	Sept.17, 1938	<b>45</b>	1.2	76	10

1.0

Totals Positions - 1094
Mileage - 53.70
Soundings - 3832

Total 13276 (10 vols) Solp: 3192 Pr.

FORM 712
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY Ed. Feb. 1935

# TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

September 16, 1940

Division of Hydrography and Topography:

✓ Division of Charts: Attention: Mr. H. R. Edmonston

Tide Reducers are approved in 10 volumes of sounding records for

> HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 6348

Locality Woods Hole and Approaches, Vineyard Sound, Massachusetts

Chief of Party: Chas. M. Thomas in 1938 Plane of reference is mean low water, reading

2.1 ft. on tide staff at Woods Hole

9,2 ft. below B.M.//(/932)

2.0 ft. on tide staff at Little Harbor

8.2 Below B.M.I 0.8 ft. on tide staff at Forbes Dock, Uncatena Island

below BMI

Height of mean high water above plane is 1.7 feet at Woods Hole; 1.3 feet at Little Harbor; 3.6 feet at Forbes Dock.

Note: The variation in tides made it necessary to use a zone system. zones were selected by the office and are shown on the boat sheet. Also see page 6 of the Descriptive Report.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Acting Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Remarks

Decisions

	I/CIIIdi No		Decisions
1	For title, applies to strait or passage; also		USGB
2	name of town on north side Little Harbor and	415706	U.S.G.B
3	east of Great Harbor.	***	
4		11	
5		n	
6		11	U S G B
7		11	
8	Do not ink pending U S G B decision for this name versus Gunners Point	11	
9		н,	U S G B
10		415707	
11		415706	
12		415707	U.S.G.B
13		415706	
14		415707	
15		-	U S G B
16		415706	
17		n	
18		11	U S G B
19		н	
20		<u> </u>	
21		tt	
22		11	
23			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
24		u	us GB
25			
26			
27			
M 234		1	

, és	GEOGRAPHIC NAMES Survey No. If $63$	348	/_	Pro Och	D To The Control of t	or local stor	Or local Mades	Cuide of	Aso Wengin	J.S. Light	§ /
*		/5	Chor. Or	don Ce	7.2. Nox	or to mo	TIGO /	O. Car.	aord Mr	72. Z.	
	Name on Survey	A,	В,		D	E		G	Н	/ K	_
	Vineyard Sound										1
	Woods Hole			٠			<u>.</u>				:
	Nobska Point										
`	Little Harber										4
	Great Harbor										
	Juniper Point										
	Devils Foot Island	-	B de	*	""						-
	Mink Pt. X	1) OK	0 0 0	CLS							
	Nonamesset Island								<del> </del>		
	Uncatena Island										10
	Timmy Point							<u> </u>			1
	Bull sland										12
	Hadley Harbor										13
	Inner Harber					}					14
	Buzzards Bay			<u> </u>							1:
	Coffin Rock		<del> </del>			· ·					10
•	Great Ledge		<del> </del>								17
	Nonamesset Shoal		<del> </del>							1	18
	Red Ledge		-	ļ					ļ		19
	Hadley Rock		ļ	-							20
	Middle Lodge	-	-					<u> </u>			2
	Broadway (channel)		-	-		ļ	ļ		-		2:
	Timmy Point Shoal									ļ	2
	Parker Flats			<u> </u>							2
					1 cx	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	2 41				2
				1 h	176-	5.1 - J					2
											2

# Field Records Section (Charts)

# HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET NO. . H6348

The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the sheet:

Number of positions on sheet	3192
Number of positions checked	158
Number of positions revised	68
Number of soundings recorded	13276
Number of soundings revised	78
Number of soundings erroneously spaced	76
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred	••••

Date:

Verification by G.H.Everett Time: 156 / hrs

Review by J.A.McCormick 1/25/41 Time: 63 hrs.

# MEMORANDUM IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

SURVEY DESCRIPTIVE REPORT	No. H	registered Aug. 1, verified	1940
PHOTOSTAT OF	xtxxxxtxxx	reviewed approved	

This is forwarded in order that your attention may be directed to the matters as indicated below. Please initial in column 3 as an acknowledgement that your attention has been thus directed. The complete original records are available if desired. If you cannot give this your immediate attention, please initial, note, and forward to the next section marked, calling for the records at your convenience.

ROUTE	Initial	Attention called to
20		
22		
24		
25		
26		
30		
40		
62		
63		
82		
83		
88		
90		
30		

RETURN TO
82 T. B. Reed

V JOSE

# VERIFIER'S REPORT OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. H 6348

Verified and Inked by G.H. Everett

Date Nov. 8, 1940

- 1. The descriptive report was consulted and appropriate action taken.
- 2. Soundings originating with the survey and mentioned in the descrip- / tive report have been verified, including latitude and longitude.
- 3. All references to survey sheets mentioned in the descriptive / report include the registry number and year.
- 4. Geographic names of hydrographic features are in slanting lettering and of topographic features in vertical lettering.
- 5. All items effecting the plotting of the survey which are entered in the remarks columns of the sounding records were noted and check marked. In all cases appropriate action was taken.
- 6. All positions verified instrumentally were check marked in the sounding records.
- 7. All critical soundings are clear and legible.
- 8. The metal protractor has been checked within the last three months.
- 9. The protracting and plotting of all bad crossings were verified.
- 10. All detached positions locating critical soundings, rocks or buoys were verified.
- 11. The boat sheet was compared with the smooth sheet.
- 12. The spacing of soundings as recorded in the records was closely followed. (not always by field plotter, who tailed frequently to note change in time interval. The recorder seldem noted a change in remarks column.)
- 13. The bottom characteristics were shown on outstanding shoals. Not many buttom characteristics taken.
- 14. The reduction and plotting of doubtful soundings were checked.

  Several 'No bottom' soundings added which had been reduced and protted as regular soundings, The recorder added + to ever 'no bottom soundings' The (+) undoubtedly means 'no bottom' in the records.

M-996

- 15. The transfer of contemporary topographic information was carefully examined.
- 16. All junctions were transferred.
- 17. The notation "JOINS H" was added for all contemporary adjoining or overlapping sheets now registered.
- 18. The depth curves have been drawn to include the significant depths.
- 19. All triangulation stations and transfer of topographic and hydrographic signals were checked by the field party.
- 20. Heights of rocks were checked against range of tide.
- 21. Rocks transferred from topographic survey have a dotted curve where shown thereon.
- 22. Unnecessary pencil notes have been removed. /
- 23. Objects on which signals are located and which fall outside of the low water line have been described on the sheet. No Descriptions given the for Nan (Nobska Pt.) and Rod which may be on a dock (Lat. 41-30-22; Long 70-42.35) (see note 57 (green) Dock not shown on Table 1. Rod in 1ft. water.

  24. The low unter line and deliveration of the low unterline and deliveration of the low unterline and deliveration.
- 24. The low water line and delineation of shoal areas have been properly shown (see letter of October 20, 1934). Where definitely determined.

  See D.R. 76622 page 2 Plow waterline.
- 25. Degree and minutes values and symbols have been checked.
- 26. Source of shoreline and signals (When not given in report).

  T6621 (1938) Plane toble survey

  T6622 (1938) ""

  Note: Signal Deer at Lat. 41-30.26; Long. 70-42.30 is shown as topo signal but is not on T6621. Its origin is not given in records.

  Probably a small unimportant dock.
- 27. Depth curves were satisfactory except as follows: Curves broken (sketched)

  Inshore and near foul areas.

  6' curve of channel west of Ram I. at Lat. 41. 31.45; Long. 70-40.95 drawn to show

  6' channel because so shown on B.S. but not necessarily proven by soundings

- 28. Sounding line crossings were satisfactory except as follows:

  Following glaring descrepancies in soundings were adjusted by verifier as noted in records:

  36-37a (6/we); 138a (5/we); 12-13b (6/we); 20-23e (6/we); 7g (green)

  5dgs. 1-2a (6/we) appear one from too shoal thrucat. (see 29' at Lat. 4/-3/.44; 70-40.55)

  Line 23-24u (6/we) has 37' (not plotted) almost on top of the 29' Also 17' of la disagrees

  with 23' of 406(6/we) which positions plot to same place. Line 1-2a was retained with 23' of 406(6/we) which positions plot and general statement in D.R. pg. 5. but retained.
- 29. Junctions with contemporary surveys were satisfactory except as follows:

- 30. Condition of sounding records was satisfactory except as follows:

  B.S. must of detached pos. on rocks or other objects not plotted.

  Volumes- Recording frequently uncertain, such as: time of pos. uncertain, vague notes,
  failure to note course changes; no bottom sags (evidently) recorded as (Ex. 10 +) which
  were missed by person reducing sags.; bottom char. I sags on rocks sometimes entered
  in remarks Column; errors in recording angles and stations.

  Drafting Pos. nos. too large and not always well placed. Pencilled curves too heavy. Names
  - prafting Pos. nos. too large and not always well placed. Pencilled curves too heavy. Names of signals placed out in water area. "Red Beacon" was erased and changed because it obscured sage & pos. of closely developed area. Minor errors in transfer of topo information.
- 31. The protracting was satisfactory except as follows: Too many errors, caused by setting protractor on wrong signals and not studying B.S. where when positions were plotted obviously out of place. In some instances the different B.S. plotting was noted but not accepted when B.S. plotting was obviously correct.

  Field plotter also erred in connecting wrong positions particularly where short lines were run close together.
- 32. The field plotting of soundings was satisfactory except as follows:

  Erronious adgs caused by misreading recorded sounding (Errors noted from 1 to 10') Plotting 1 adg. as zero.

  Bad spacing due to failure in noting change of time interval and shipping adgs. between positions such as spacing 5 adgs. between when 6 adgs. were actually taken.
- 33. Notes to reviewer:

  1. \$\phi \quad \qu
  - 2. of 41-31.48 Pos. 21 u(green) note" old breakwater". (Probably partly submerged) Not shown 10-40.45 on B.s. T6622 shows rock awash at the probably inshere end of breakwater. Verifier plotted + (sunken rock) for outer end omitting note. O.K.
  - 3, \$ 41-30.40 Pos. 129 b (green) Note" offend of dock". TGbzi shows stone pier awash 1 70-42.42 Topo symbol accepted.
  - 4. 9 40-30.57 Vol. & pg. 40 sounding off small platform dock 25 m. NE signal Uaz.

    1 70-42.38 Dock not shown on T6621. It may be a float. Disregard. Unimportant.

    Pos 82 c (green) Note in remarks Col. "rock I fath under surface" Na sage recorded
  - 5. \$41-30.87 in sdg. col. The 2 previous positions were locating rocks awash and it
    170-41.88 may be the note is wrong. Plotted as sunken rock with 4' on it. QK.

    Continued (See Over)

- 6. 170-40.60 Previous pos. were locations of rocks. Unable to plot, depths of 3 ft. in vicinity. Disregard.
- 7. 170-40.95 Pos. 98d (green) Vague note on rock 2 m below surface." Plotted as
  To -40.95 sunken rock 2 meters inshore of sag, since topo shows rocky shoreline Changed to rock awash.
- g. \$\psi 41-31.18 Red nun buoy#4. Pos. 33 e (green) Weak angles used with no two fixes

  1 70-41.07 checking. Same buox also sighted with bearing and distance on 29 e(blue)

  and 42 a (blue) with good agreement but disagreeing with 33 e (green)

  The sdg. at buoy favors the bearing location. Strongest fix of 33 e

  accepted since it places buoy farthest out from shore.

  O.K.
- 9 41-31.37 Black can buoy # 5 Pos. 68-70 e(green) Disagreement in 3 fixes taken.
  170-40.55 Sdg. at buoy favors first fix as most probable location and so plotted. V
- 10 \$ 41-30.70 Pos 13 n (green) Note "rocks bearing 4 ft. Sdg. taken at time is 4 ft.

  1 70-40.07 which according to note at top of page is at position over rock.

  It was assumed that bearing (not baring) means carrying 4 ft. of water,

  The use of "bearing" for submerged rocks is repeatedly used in

  records, one such note stated "rock bearing 1 ft. below surface"
  - Pos. 10r (green) note on sdg. before position "rocks 10 m to port"

    This note followed by field plotter and rock awash plotted in pencil

    43 meters wsw of buoy C"1" If this note is correct then the
    rock lies inside the channel and is a danger to navigation.

    It is very probable that the note is wrong and should

    read "10 meters to starboard" Reasons are: sdg is about 15m.

    north of foul area which might have been rocks sighted. Line

    14-15 r (same day) is 10 meters north of 10 r with no reference to whom the party did not take a detached fix, which they have done in practically all other cases where rocks were sighted out from general foul areas. It is not on 8.5. but few other located

the note was wrong.

The local was left in pencil because it was assumed that y

12. General · Soundings alongside of docks are 5 meters off at keel line V

Dash line indicating foul areas have been revised from limit shown on Topo to fit additional information obtained by hydro.

Rocks are mostly boulders according to records and foul areas are probably poles of boulders lying close to surface.

— Three black dots just north of drawbridge at entrance to Eel Pond I are from T6622 and assumed to be filing. No reference to them in records.

13. \$\delta 41-29.90 Rocks awash from T6621. Pos 99-99 j(blue) notes boulder bearing 3' at high water"

170-42.30 which may be northern one shown. Also Pos 40 l(green) states "boulders w

bearing 1 to 4 ff during 2' tide. According to records some of rocks

ructus bare at H.W. Not shown since it is not certain which rock is bare

Note added awash at MHW.

14. \$\frac{41-31.24}{\tag{70-40.25}}\$ Two rocks from T6622 noted as bare 7'at L.w. These rocks were transferred Shown as bare rocks on this survey since trade is only 1.7' above reference plane. No elevation added to rocks.

# hydrographic survey no. $\underline{H6348}$

Smooth Sheet One
Boat Shoet Two
Records; Sounding 10 Vols., Wire Drag Vols., Bomb Vols.
Descriptive Report Yes
Title Sheet Yes
List of Signals Yes
Landmarks for Charts (Form 567) Yes
Statistics Yes
Approved by Chief of Party Yes
Recoverable Station Cards (Form 524)
Special Chart for Lighthouse Service Yes Nov. 20, 1939 (Circular Nov. 30, 1933)
Hydrography: Total Days 46; Last Date Oct. 1, 1938
Remarks

## DIVISION OF CHARTS

# Section of Field Records

# REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. 6348 (1938) FIELD NO. 1

Massachusetts; Vineyard Sound; Woods Hole and Approaches Surveyed in July - October 1938, Scale 1:5000 Instructions dated January 17, 1938 (GILBERT)

Soundings:

Control:

Hand Lead Dorsey II Fathometer Three-point fixes on shore signals

Chief of Party - C. M. Thomas Surveyed by - C. M. Thomas; C. A. George; J. P. Lushene Protracted by - M. C. Enstine Soundings plotted by - M. C. Enstine Verified and inked by - G. H. Everett Reviewed by - J. A. McCormick, January 25, 1941 Inspected by - H. R. Edmonston

# 1. Shoreline and Signals

Shoreline and topographic signals are from T-6621 and T-6622 of 1938.

# 2. Junctions with Contemporary Surveys

Satisfactory junctions were effected with H-6349 (1938) and H-6350 (1938) on the east. Present project instructions do not call for new surveys on the north, south or west.

3. Comparison with Prior Surveys
H-160 (1845), 1:20,000; H-163 (1845-46), 1:20,000;
H-527 (1855-56), 1:30,000; H-595 (1857), 1:20,000;
H-1832 (1887), 1:20,000; H-1833 (1887), 1:5,000;
H-2317 (1897), 1:10,000; H-2318 (1897), 1:20,000;
H-3391 (1912-14); W.D., 1:20,000

The descriptive report, page 5, states "Many rocks and shoal spots as shown on former survey were verified and although a number have not been verified or found their existence is not considered doubtful." And on page 6, "All rocks and shoal soundings as shown on the previous survey should be retained and recharted even though not found on this survey."

Little more need be said. Depths charted in Woods Hole, where most of the differences occur, are mostly from H-1833 and from U. S. Engineers' channel surveys. The charted depths are shoaler than those of the present survey in well over a hundred instances.

A few soundings were carried forward from H-1833 and H-3391 before it was decided that continuance of such procedure was unsatisfactory and that a resurvey would be needed in order to dispose of differences and to determine changes caused by the hurricane of September 21, 1938. The present survey cannot be made basic and should be used only to supplement the information now charted.

# 4. Comparison with Chart 249 (New Print of Aug. 20, 1940) Chart 348 (New Print of Aug. 8, 1940)

# a. Hydrography.

This subject has been partially covered in the preceding paragraph. As regards differences between present survey and charts in Woods Hole, it might be noted that the Chief of Engineers reports, as of June 30, 1939, controlling depths of 13 feet in the main channel through the strait and 11 feet in Broadway Channel. This would tend to favor the present survey rather than the charted depths, some of which are from rather old Engineers' surveys. Dredging has been done in these channels in order to maintain project depths.

Depths charted in Lackeys Bay, Lat. 41° 30', Long. 70° 42' are from H-1832 (1887) and are pretty thoroughly discredited. This applies particularly to the 30 foot depth charted in Lat. 41° 30.0', Long. 70° 40.5' which is undoubtedly 5 fathoms in error and to the 14 foot depth charted in Lat. 41° 29.6', Long. 70° 42.4' which is poorly controlled and must belong closer to shore.

Sunken rocks charted in Lat. 41° 29.5', Long. 70° 42.5' and in Lat. 41° 30.1', Long. 70° 41.8' are from Chart Letter 340 of 1924. The first group falls just at the limits of the present survey and should be retained as now charted. The second group is better delineated on T-1858 (1888-89).

#### ъ. Aids to Navigation

Positions obtained on the survey for floating aids mean little because of the subsequent hurricane of September 21, 1938. Range lights on Lat. 40° 31.5', Long. 70° 40.5' on the survey were destroyed in the hurricane and rebuilt in the positions now charted. Charted positions of other fixed aids in the area are substantially as shown on the survey.

#### 5. Condition of Survey

The sounding records contain many uncertainties as to time, course, bottom, remarks, etc., The boat sheet was of little help in most of these cases as few notes or detached positions were even plotted. Field drafting on the smooth sheet was only fair, day letters and numbers being too large and a total of 68 positions having to be revised in the office.

#### 6. Compliance with Instructions for the Project

Project instructions covered the execution of new basic surveys of this area. For reasons stated in Par. 3, the present survey cannot be considered basic.

#### 7. Additional Field Work Recommended

Complete resurvey of the area is recommended. Boat sheets should be constructed in this office to show critical depths to be investigated. New topographic or air photo surveys will be recommended in the reviews of the current topographic surveys. sulTDP

#### 8. Superseded Surveys

Only the following surveys can be superseded in part:

> H- 163 H- 527 H-1832

Examined and approved:

Thos. B. Reed.

Chief. Section of Field Records

Chief, Division of Charts

Chief, Division of

Coastal Surveys

soul funda.
Section of Hydrography

Partially applied to Cht. 249 March 12, 1941
Partially applied to Cht 348 March 12, 1941
Opplied to Chart 1209 (in part) and 1941
Opplied to Chart 249 March 9, 1942
"" 348 Reconstr. 2-6-57 Berom Lam 24.15.9. Lam 1210 Reconstr thru chart 249 april to chit 260 2.3.62 RKD Resoppied to cht 348 Added sdas areas 41°25,70°37