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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Topographic |

Topographic | Sheet No. H-6580 Hydrographic | Field No. 4040

W. S. 20457 & SECRETIC SURVEY

LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES

SEP 24 1941

ACCI No.

State Alaska

LOCALITY

Gulf of Alaska

40 miles off Lituya Bay

193/40

CHIEF OF PARTY

Ray L. Schoppe & Robert W. Knox

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 102221

H6580

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. 4040

REGISTER NO. H-6580

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18, 19.40
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, 1940

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

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Hydrographic Sheets H-6579 and H-6580

U.E.C.A. G.S.S. SURVETOR

1940 Season

The remarks in this report apply to sheet H-6579, scale 1-200,000, and to sheet H-6580, scale 1-40,000, an offshore sheet with visual fixes plotted on arcs of circles passing through signals beyond the limits of H-6550 (1940)

A copy of the report is prepared to accompany each sheet.

AUTHORITY

These surveys were made under the Director's instructions of February 2, 1940.

LOCALITY

Gulf of Alaska, 20 to 70 miles offshore between Lituya Bay and Dry Bay.

JUNCTIONS

H-6579 joins H-6581 on the northeast, and H-4643 and H-4648 (19 26) on the east.

H-6580 is surrounded by H-6579, and joins H-4643. (1926)

METHOD OF SURVEY

Fathometer soundings on lines controlled by visual fixes on mountain peaks and natural features at 30 - 80 miles distance, (some distances approximate 130 miles) and bomb locations. The

outer ends of several lines are on dead reckoning for short dis-

CONTROL

The triangulation stations used for signals, all mountain peaks, are derived from two sources: south of Mt. Tairweather they are from the observations of this survey; north of that peak, from the triangulation of the International Boundary Commission. The latter have been reduced to the M.A. 1927 datum through a point connection on Mt. Fairweather. Two stations, "Seven" and "Mine", had not previously been adjusted to this datum but were so reduced by Mr. Jesse Hill of the International With H-65 & 1(174) Boundary Commission. The computation is included with this report. As a complete during of this subject. But during the port. April of H-6681(1940)

Stations "Island" and "Pap" (topographic) were transferred from the photostat of the 1926 survey of Condr. A. M. Sobieralski.

Stations "Bear", "Newt" and "Black" from the same source were determined by triangulation during the 1940 season.

It was found that poor results were obtained in plotting cuts unless the angles of the fix and objects cut in were reduced to the horizontal by the method shown in the Hydrographic Manual. (Errata and Addenda Sheet IIb). Nost of such angles have been corrected and it is recommended that it be done in all cases involving cuts. Should the vertical angles fail to be recorded, they may be closely approximated by use of table 10 of the American Practical Eavigator.

SOMO-BUCKS

Bleven sono-buoys were planted, all but one, "Good", being located by the mathematical solution of the three-point problem.

Of the ten so located, eight were determined by strong fixes, and two, "Item" and "Fox", by weak fixes. Buoy "Good" was bombed in from buoys "Bob", "Dog" and "Item". Beither buoy "Item" nor buoy "Good" was used extensively but principally in an attempt to develop the shoel on the southwest corner of the sheet.

The positions of most of the busys were determined from four mountain peaks. This method was used both as an attempt to strengthen the positions and to detect, if possible, any discrepancy in against and/or distance between the two groups of mountain peaks mentioned above. With the exception of busy "Itam", the average change to the observed sextant angles necessary to satisfy the added condition in the computation was less than one minute. All computations are included with this report.

By reason of the above and because of careful rounds of angles taken at various times during the early part of the season, it is believed the positions of the peaks are sufficiently accurate for all hydrographic purposes.

Buoy "John" was thought to have changed position between "UU" and "YV" days as the bomb distances did not check visual fixes. A new position of the buey, called "John 2", was determined and used during the remainder of the season. Then the buey was recovered on September 23rd it was found to be on its original station. The second position of the buey should be disregarded.

The preliminary and final positions of busy "Fox" are substantially different; hence the boat and smooth sheet positions will not agree.

MRCR IN BOAT SHEET, MA6579 (1244)

After considerable hydrography had been plotted on the original beat sheet it was found that the projection had been constructed in error - only half the survature having been applied. All positions, both visual and R.A.R., were repletted on the second projection.

ANTOCIAL OL SOUND IN SET ATER

This has been made the subject of a separate report and was computed to be 1473.3 meters per second for the whole season over the entire area.

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FURTHER YORK

A further development of the sheel in the southwest portion of the sheet is recommended. This area cannot be successfully bombed owing to the breken bettom, hence it should be developed during the first part of next season when the peaks are generally clear. A 1:40,000 projection with circular area thereon (H-6580)(1240) was constructed, but the party was able to see the required peaks but a portion of one day after the sheet had been constructed.

Several "cartwheels" were run around busys planted near or on the sheeler depths. It is recommended that the beat sheet be returned to the party for further use.

Ebooto E-6579 and E-6580

SONO-MOT "YOK"

The three-point position computed for this busy depends on angles of 10° 21' 45" and 21° 30' 15" observed upon mountain peaks fifty to sixty miles distant.

In Bomb Record No. 1, page 50, six bomb positions were also obtained for "Fox". The average distances (plotted from "Bob" and "Dog" intersect 535 meters on asimuth 155° from the computed position.

When plotting bomb positions depending on "Fox", it was observed that the arc centered on "Fox" consistently passed to northwestward of the other intersections by a distance approximating that between the computed three-point and the bomb positions of "Fox".

About 70 positions involving buoys "Easy", "Bob", "Dog" and "Fox", were tested on FF. 60, HH and JJ days. The positions lay to eastward, northward and westward of "Fox". In all but two positions so plotted the intersections support the bomb position of "Fox". This position was them apospted and used in plotting.

On sheet H-6580, where the soundings were already completed, the position of the buoy was shifted to agree with H-6579 and the work replotted.

SCHO-MOOT *GOOD*

This budy, which was located by bombs on E-6579, was scaled and transferred to E-6580.

PROCESSING OFFICE NOTES - Sheet H-6580 (1740)

The positions in the "cartwheels" around the sono-buoys depend on course and speed from the buoy. The gyro courses have a correction of -2°. The distance per turn of the wheel was determined from two runs on sheet H-6579 where good positions were obtained, together with revolution courter readings.

Day Sheet H-6579	Time	Rev. Counter	Log Miles	Scaled dist. Meters	Meters per turn of wheel	RPM	Average meters per turn
1W 8W _	4:39 6:11 1:32	389250 397429 8179	76.7 90.4 13.7	24150	2.95	88.8	
14JJ 25 JJ _	1:26 3:26 2:00	799800 810740 10940	61.22 80.27 19.05	35200	3.22	91.2	3.08

The positions from the buoy out to the end of the line and return to the buoy were adjusted where necessary.

RECORDS

H-6580 was prepared to develop on larger scale part of H-6579.

The soundings were all included in the series of records for that sheet. They were copied into two volumes by the Seattle Processing Office, after plotting had been done from the original records.

The original sources in sounding volumes for H-6579 are cited below:

Around sono-buoy "Item":

Pos. 1TT to 47TT incl. Vol. 13 of H-6579 (1740)
Pos. 48TT to 61TT incl. Vol. 14 "

Around marker buoy "Good":

Pos. 26MM to 67MM incl.

Vol. 11 of H-6579 (1940)

Around sono-buoy "Fox":

Pos. 36RR to 46RR incl. Pos. 47RR to 92RR incl.

Vol. 12 of H-6579 (1743)

incl. Vol. 13

Around sono-buoy "High":

Pos. 61NN to 76NN incl.

Vol. 12 of H-6579(1944)

Pos. 47PP to 58PP incl. Pos. 1RR to 35RR incl.

Pos. 100 to 2000 incl.

Vol. 14

Pos. 29X to 63X incl.

Vols. 5 & 6, H-6579.(1943)

In plotting the curves of equal angles on H-6580 the method Curves used only on described in the Field Engineer's Bulletin for December 1935, page X day

13, was used.

Points on circles passing through NINE - LAST were assumed and designated "A" on the east edge of the sheet and "B" along the west edge of the sheet. Points on circles passing through NINE - AYLES-WORTH were assumed and designated "C" along the north side of the sheet and "D" along the south side.

Inverse computations were made between LAST - NINE and NINE - AYLESWORTH.

The triangle sides for the points A, B, C, D were computed, for circles 2° apart for A - B arcs and 3° apart for C - D arcs.

Geographic positions were computed for the points A, B, C, D, 28 in all.

These A, B, C, D points were then plotted and the curves drawn by protractor method.

Then a graph was prepared to give the distances along the arcs (centered on one set of signals) between the intersecting arcs from the other set of signals. The distances read from the graph were scaled along the already drawn arcs to give the intersections with the crossing arcs of the interpolated circles. The interpolated circles were drawn through these points with a spline.

Comment:

The protractor method is enormously laborious and time consuming. Since there are no accurate pencil or pen centers provided to fit protractors it is doubted that any accuracy superior to the beam compass method is actually achieved. It is our own belief that the curves can better be laid out with beam compass even if the drafting room floor is required for drawing board space.

Geo. L. Bean

Officer in Charge

Seattle Processing Office

STATISTICS - Sheet H-6580 (1940)

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APPROVAL OF CHIEF OF PARTY

Hydrographic sheet H-6580 (field 4040) and accompanying records have been inspected and approved by me.

The field work was accomplished under the direction of Lieut. Comdr. R. L. Schoppe and myself. No additional work is considered necessary on the development accomplished. It was desired to develop the broken bottom of this vicinity on this enlarged scale, but lack of visibility necessitated the running of cart wheels over only the more shoal imdications. The verification and review of sheet H-6579 (1940), within which the sheet under discussion entirely falls, will undoubtedly recommend additional work on the enlarged sheet, and for this purpose the boat sheet of 6580 should be returned to the field party, as the computations and labor required to construct an arc sheet of this type are enormous.

H. & G. Engineer

TIDAL HOTE

Sheet E-6580(1940)

Tides recorded by the standard gage at Takutat were used for reducing all soundings on this sheet.

Yakutat Tide Station:

Latitude	32.81
Longitude 139°	hh.1*
Length of series April 24 to Sept. 23	, 1940
M.L.L.W. on staff 3.1	i feet
Highestitide recorded, May 22, 194015.) feet
Lowest tide recorded, June 21, 1940 0.4	1 feet

Form 712
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Rev. June 1937

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

October 17, 1941.

Division of Hydrography and Topography:

✓ Division of Charts:

Attention: Mr. H. R. Edmonston

Plane of reference approved in 2 volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 6580

Locality 40 miles off Lituya Bay, Gulf of Alaska

Chief of Party: R. L. Schoppe in 1940
Plane of reference is mean lower low water reading
3.4 ft. on tide staff at Yakutat
28.2 ft. below B. M. 1

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 9.2 ft.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Acting Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

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Remarks

Decisions

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Surveys Section (Chart Division)

hydrographic survey no. H6580

Records accompanying survey:
Boat sheets one.; sounding vols. (2).; wire drag vols;
bomb vols; graphic recorder rolls;
special reports, etc Computation of data for curves (Filed as a
cahier with this survey)
The following statistics will be submitted with the cartog- rapher's report on the sheet:
Number of positions on sheet 2.7.2.
Number of positions checked
Number of positions revised
Number of soundings recorded 3596
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)
Number of soundings erroneously 30 spaced
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred
Topographic details Time
Junctions Time
Verification of soundings from graphic record Time
Verification by Multipege Total time 25.4.5 Date 1/28/42
Review by J.A. McCormick Time 6 hrs Date .1/28/42

MEMORANDUM IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

SURVEY DESCRIPTIVE REPORT CHOTOSTATXOEX	No. H xNxxx7tx	H6580		received Sept. 25, 1941 registered Oct. 15, 194 verified reviewed approved
9			,	Cappiovea

This is forwarded in order that your attention may be directed to the matters as indicated below. Please initial in column 3 as an acknowledgement that your attention has been thus directed. The complete original records are available if desired. If you cannot give this your immediate attention, please initial, note, and forward to the next section marked, calling for the records at your convenience.

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DIVISION OF CHARTS

SURVEYS SECTION

REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTER NO. 6580 FIELD NO. 4040

Alaska; Gulf of Alaska; Forty Miles off Lituya Bay Surveyed in July - August 1940, Scale 1:40,000 Instructions dated February 2, 1940 (SURVEYOR)

Soundings: Fathometer

<u>Control</u>: Sextant fixes on shore signals; dead reckoning and bearings on buoys

Chief of Party - R. L. Schoppe, R. W. Knox Surveyed by - R. L. Schoppe, G. A. Nelson Protracted by - R. H. Woodcock Soundings plotted by - R. H. Woodcock Verified and inked by - G. B. Littlepage Reviewed by - J. A. McCormick, January 28, 1942 Inspected by - H. R. Edmonston

1. Control

Some of the work was controlled by sextant fixes on distant shore signals and plotted by loci of angles. For the most part, short dead reckoning lines were run from R.A.R. buoys and supplemented by bearings to the buoys.

2. Sounding Line Crossings

Satisfactory.

3. Depth Curves

Depth curves cannot be completely drawn until the junction is made with H-6579 (1940).

4. Adjoining Surveys

Developments on the present survey fall entirely within the limits of H-6579 (1940). Agreement of the two surveys will be discussed in the review of H-6579. Casual inspection of the unfinished H-6579 reveals no serious differences.

5. Previous Surveys

H-4643 (1926), 1:200,000

This survey is on a much smaller scale than that of the present and does not attain the detail of the latter. General depths on the two surveys are in fair agreement.

Comparison with Chart 8002 (New Print of 9-18-1941) 6.

Most of the depths charted in this area are from H-4643. Some are from track-line surveys. The 13 charted in Lat. 58°22.0', Long. 138°43.0' results from Chart Letter 505 of 1940 which is an advance report of the 13-fm. depth found 3 miles to the southeast on the present survey. The Chart Letter gave the correct position.

Compliance with Project Instructions 7.

Satisfactory.

Additional Field Work Recommended 8.

> None on developments accomplished. Other developments may be recommended in the review of H-6579 (1940).

Superseded Surveys

H-4643 in part.

Examined and approved:

Chief, Surveys Section

Chief, Division of Charts

Spray Stude
Chief, Section of Hydrography Chief, Division of Coastal

Surveys

NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. H 6580

Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
4/8/42	8002	J.T. W.	Betwee After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
11/4/47	8402	La Midana	-Refore After Verification and Review
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M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

applied to drawing of Chart 8002 - apr. 8, 1942 - Jow.

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