Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic

Field No. 2542 Office No. E-6771

LOCALITY

State ALASKA

Paylof Islands

General locality South side of Alaska Peninsu

Locality Southeast of Dolgoi Island

1942

CHIEF OF PARTY

3 C Wattison R D Horm E. B. Roberts

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APR 25 1943

B-1870-1 (1)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

Field No. **2542**

REGISTER NO. B-6771

State	Alaska	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
General locality	Paylot Islands		
Locality Southeast	of Dolgoi Island	<u> </u>	
Scale 1:20,000	Date of survey	August - October, 1948.	•
Vessel RIPLORER	SURVEYOR	E. LESTER JONES	
Chief of Party 6.0.	lattison: R.D. Ho	rne: E.B. Roberts	
Surveyed by Officers	of the EXPLORER,	SURVEYOR, & E. LESTER	Jones.
Protracted by	Christins	Kecha j	
Soundings penciled by	Christine	Necha j	
Soundings in fathoms	reet Pathons		
Plane of reference	KLLV	*	
Subdivision of wire of	dragged areas by	***************************************	
Inked byA. R.	STIRNI		
Verified by .A.R.	STIRNI	·	
Instructions dated 1	8/38, 4/6/39, 4/	4/40, 4/29/49	
Remarks:	oth Sheet and Pl	etting by the	
8	eattle Processin	g Office.	

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

General Motes for Descriptive Reports for Sheets 2142, 2242, 2342, 2542, 2642, 2742, 4142.

These notes were prepared by the EXPLUER'S party and transcribed in the Seattle Processing Office. A copy is attached to the descriptive report for each sheet.

The parties of the EXPLOSER, the SURVEYON, and the Subsection Johns worked on the hydrographic sheets. Sense of the sheets are surveys by one party, others by two parties, and the rest by all the parties.

The temperature and salinity data were meaned so as to get one curve of each, and this was used to compute the corrections to the fathemeter seandings. The same table was used by all parties on the various shoots. It the beginning of the season, one serial was taken and the corrections computed so as to enable some of the records to be smiled to the Processing office as soon as possible. As this serial was in the area of 2142, this correction table was used by all parties for 2142 and 2542. Later, other deeper serials were taken and used in conjunction with the data from the other parties to give a table of corrections for 2242, 2342, 2642, 2742, and 4142. The two tables were very close. The change points in reducers to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ foot were only a few feet apart.

Draft corrections for the EXPLORER were entered from tables properly from measurements of depth of Dorsey Cacillators as recorded in the log book of the ship, and accasionally in the record. These correction tables were checked and are correct. The corrections are taken to the 1/2 foot. Early in the season, the 20 fathes disl was set to approximate the draft, but as this necessitated recording which disl was used, the initial was set back to the same as 100 fm. disl. Notes in the records show the time that this was done.

There are many soundings entered in the volume in red pencil, which were scaled from the record of the Hughes Depth Recorders. At the beginning, the soundings were scaled from the record by the dry scale and were measured from the fixed index line. Comparison with Dorsey soundings on fixes near this spot gave an additional correction which is shown in the record in red. Later, and noted in the record, a calluloid template was prepared to the same scale as the dry scale of the Hughes, and was used to read the soundings from the record. This template was adjusted by depths from the Dorsey III on the fixes, so as to enable the soundings from the record of the Hughes to be read equivalent to the unroduced Dorsey soundings. In this manner only the regular temperature and salinity corrections of the Dorsey III are to be applied to the soundings from the Hughes record.

As will be noted, the temperature and salinity corrections have been entered to the nearest half-foot below 40 fms., and to the foot over 40 fms. For convenience, the tide and draft corrections were entered to the nearest half-foot.

The Launch recorder records are to be reduced by the mass temperature and salinity serrections, and the draft corrections (semetimes called Initial Corrections) as entered in the record. These latter corrections were obtained by study of the line made at the beginning of the signal, comparing it with the line made at the bar-checks. Generally, there was no correction indicated, and seems records may not state that fact. If there was no initial or draft serrection entered in the launch record on any day, the correction was zero, even if there was no note to that fact.

Notes on the use of the Recording Futhometers by ships, in addition to the Dorsey III Fathometer.

Prepared by the EXPLORER's party, and transcribed in the

Seattle Processing Office.

During the past season, this party has been working in an area of extremely rough bottom. Changes in depth of ever 20 fathous in a few seconds travel time have been comen. It is fortunate that the Sughes Depth Recertar was repaired last spring and placed in sporating conditions The Dorsey III fathameter, using the visual method of estaining soundings, was used in the hydrographic survey by the ship, but the Eughes Recorder was operated all the time hydrography was in progress, and fixes were marked on the graph. In this way a comparison could be made between the recorded soundings and the actual graph of the better from the Hughes Ascorder. As some of the depth changes were so sudden and of ever 20 fees, returning immediately to the former depth, the councing as recorded would naturally have been questionable, and appear as a 20 fm, error in reading the dial-Fith the graph to examine, all these points could be verified. Without the Hughes graph much development would have been necessary to prove or disprove the formerly questionable soundings.

Further, examination of the graphs and scanning same against the recorded soundings, showed that even with experienced observers on helfhourly watches at the Borsey III, there were many sheal soundings missed. With the graph there was no doubt as to the depth at any time, and these missed shouls were scanned and entered in the record in red pencil.

From the study of the graph against the visual method of the Borsey III, it is strongly recommended that recorder type fathometers be installed for hydrography on each ship, especially those ships engaged in survey work in Alaska, or on the west coast of the United States. The persey III could be used to record soundings, but a good recorder should be Fun at the same time to pick up the shoal soundings not clearly indicated on the Dorsey III.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET FIELD NO. 2542 MV. E. LESTER JONES 6771

Date of Instructions. March 18, 1938; Supplemental April 6, 1939, May 31, 1942, and June 19, 1942.

Survey methods. Hydrography on this sheet was performed by use of the 808 depth recorder. All fathograms have been subsequently inspected, all soundings verified or corrected, additional characteristic soundings added, and changes and additions checked. Reference is made to special notes on interpretation of fathograms accompanying Descriptive Reportances for sheet field No. 2142.7/1/47

The survey is complete within the area covered, except for a small locality in the vicinity of East Rock, and a small area of shoal water at the west edge of the sheet very near South Rock. For additional work done on the area reference is made to launch hydrography performed by party of the ship SURVEYOR, 1942. Area around East Rock covered by Surveyor launch. The work is shown on the smooth sheet.

South Rock covered on H-6767 (1942).

Discrepencies. Discrepencies were found in cross lines run by different parties occupied on the project. These, however, were not of serious character, and in smooth plotting will probably disappear. Exceedingly steep slopes and abrupt broken bottom exist in many places. The boat sheets used, owing to conditions prevailing, are not of excellent quality, giving rise to the probabilityoof moderate shifts of position.

Dangers. No dangers exist outside of the visible rocks, East Rock and South Rock, and the shoal areas in their immediate vicinity and between them. The approximately 64(Reduced) - 64 fathom shoal northerly from these rocks, in lat. 55-02.1 to 02.3, long. 166-28.9, has been reasonably well developed, but can readily be given a good berth in navigation. The approximately 17-fathom spot in lat. 54-58.2 long. 161- ~ 23.2, is the only other noteworthy feature. This has been developed to a practical certainty that it constitutes no danger.

> Channels. None exist. The entire area is navigable with due regard to the features described above. Navigation between the visible rocks mentioned cannot be considered practicable.

Anchorages. None.

Comparison with previous surveys. The only previous survey consists of two or three reconnaissance lines run many years ago with obsolete types of equipment. The discrepancies, all amendable to reasonable adjustment if desired, are disregarded.

Wire Drag. None

Geographic Names. None proposed.

Landmarks. Report should await completion of survey of area.

Coast Pilot. Above information contains everything available.

& B Roberts

HYDROGRAPHIC CONTROL FIELD SHEET NO **2542**

Hydrographic Name	Origin
Med	MEDIAN, 1941
Hig	HIG, 1941
Tan	TANYA, 1941
Est	ESTEN, 1941
Wos	WOS, 1924, 1941
Olga	OLGA, 1941
East	EAST ROCK, 1941
South	SOUTH ROCK. 1941

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

to accompany Hydrographic Sheet No. 2542

Ship SURVEYOR

Roland D. Horne, Chief of Party.

DATE OF ISTRUCTIONS:

3-18-38, 4-6-39, 2-6-40, 6-29-42.

SURVEY METHODS:

Standard visual fix hydrography entirely. Soundings were taken with portable depth recorders Type 808.

DISCREPANCIES:

DANGERS:

CHANNELS:

ANCHORAGES:

COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS SURVEYS:

WIRE DRAG GROUNDINGS:

No wire dragging was done by the SURVEYOR.

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES:

There are no names appearing upon the sheet / that are not upon the large scale charts of the vicinity.

STATISTICS:

Statistics for sheet, field No. 2542:

Number of positions Number of soundings Statute miles of sounding lines

49.9

914

Respectfully submitted:

Glenn W. Moore Jr. H. & G. Engr.

Approved and forwarded:

U.S.C. & G.S.S. SURVEYOR

of Party.

Praj. 219

Seattle Processing Office Notes

CONTROL:

All signals are triangulation stations from the work of Graham, 1941.

Boats Used:

EXPLORER
SURVEYOR and Launch # 2
E. LESTER JONES

Attention is called to the following soundings:

Lat. & Lo	ng.	Position #	Least Depth
55° 01:	The state of the s	49 N	4 fms.
55 01. 161 28.		85 - 86 N	6 1/6 fms. ✓ ✓
55 02.1 161 28.1		31 - 32 B	6 1/2 fms.
55 01.6 161 27.9		68 - 69 N	ll fms.
55 01.0 161 26.8	•	64 - 65 a	ll fms, /
54 58.2 161 23.15		154 H	17 fms. V
55 00.4 161 26.4		23 - 24 b	17 fms. / /
55 01.0 161 26.3	and the second s	31 - 32 b	4 1/2 fms. / 75 m. from East Rock
55 02.2 161 25.9		122 - 123 L	17 fms. / 1/2

Lat.	& Long.	Position #	Least Depth	
55 161	91.65 27.35	171 - 172 E	18 fms.	<i>'</i>
54 161	59.6 20.05	50 - 51 H	28 fms.	1
55 161	02.6 25.4	31- 32 M Green	18 fms.	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
54 161	58.3 19.4	65 - 66 F 111 H	25 fms.	
55 161	01.52 26.91	34 - 35 a	13 fms.	/ -

Differences at Crossings:

Lat. & Long.	Pos. #	Vessel	Remarks
from 54° 59.95 161 20.6	5 B	SURVEYOR	Poor agreement with cross lines.
to 54 ⁰ 57.95 161 20.6	8 B		Several soundings omitted between 5 and 8B. Bottom is pretty rugged.

STATISTICS: H-6771

Statute Miles Sounding Line ----- 707.3

Number of Soundings ----- 10,782

Number of Positions ----- 1,954

Area sq. stat. miles ----- 52

Assoc. Cartographic Engineer Seattle Processing Office.

Approved and Forwarded:

De Hardy

F.H. Hardy

Officer in Charge, Seattle Processing Office.

Index of Fathogram Rolls

showing soundings on

H-6771

	Roll No.	Positions	
SURVEYOR	5	1A - 13A	
	6.	1B - 10B	
Launch # 2	16.	1a - 75a 1b - 83b	

H-6771

Field Sheet No. 2542

Type of Tide Gage: Standard No. T-259

Location: King Cove, Alaska

Observer: Rebert R. Gould

Address: King Cove, Alaska.

Latitude 55° 0317

Longitude 162 19.1

Staff reading of MLLW 6.32 feet.

Surveys Section (Chart Division)

H6771

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO.

Records accompanying survey: Rec 8/27/45-No 1 of 2 #2 Rec 9/12/4 Boat sheets Not. In sounding vols.	; wire drag vols;
bomb vols0; graphic recorder	r rolls ?
special reports, etc. Cahier Hughes	Fath. Oyerlay. Tracing
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The following statistics will be submrapher's report on the sheet:	nitted with the cartog-
Number of positions on sheet	1954
Number of positions checked	. 4.7
Number of positions revised	.,2
Number of soundings recorded	10782
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)	.35.
Number of soundings erroneous spaced	62.
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred	· · · · · ·
Topographic details	Time
Junctions	Time . 16
Verification of soundings from graphic record	Time
Verification by. A.R. STIRM. Total	time
Review by J.A.McCormick	Time 9 hrs. Date Nov. 30, 1943.

	Remarks	Decisions
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	GEOGRAPHIC NAMES Survey No. H67	71	, in the second	AG OF C	S. Mode S. Mode D	or local sid	On loca Mar	2 Guide	20 to the Case	J. Jag	
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	Pavlof Islands										4
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MEMORANDUM IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

This is forwarded in order that your attention may be directed to the matters as indicated below. Please initial in column 3 as an acknowledgement that your attention has been thus directed. The complete original records are available if desired. If you cannot give this your immediate attention, please initial, note, and forward to the next section marked, calling for the records at your convenience.

ROUTE			Initial	Attention called to
20				
22				
24				
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, 82				
V 83	P98	IBO.		
88				
90				

RETURN TO

82 R.W.Knox

FORM 712
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Rev. June 1937

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

July 3, 1943.

Division of Hydrography and Topography.

Division of Charts: Attention: H. R. EDMONSTON

Plane of reference approved in 11 volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 6771

Locality Southeast of Dolgoi Island, South side Alaska Peninsula.

Chief of Party: G. C. Mattison; H. D. Horne and E. B. Roberts in 1942 Plane of reference is mean lower low water reading 6.3 ft. on tide staff at King Cove 23.0 ft. below B. M. 2

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 6.1 feet.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

в. в. сочивниции разницие оругов 154327

DIVISION OF CHARTS

REVIEW SECTION - SURVEYS BRANCH

REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO. 6771

Field No. 2542

Alaska; Pavlof Islands; Southeast of Dolgoi Island Surveyed August - October 1942, Scale 1:20,000 Instructions dated March 18, 1938 and April 6, 1939 ' PROJECT H. T. 219

Soundings:

Control:

808 Recorder
Dorsey Fathometer
Hughes Recorder

Three-point fix on shore signals

Chief of Party - G. C. Mattison; R. D. Horne; E. B. Roberts Surveyed by - Officers of Ships EXPLORER, SURVEYOR and E. LESTER JONES

Protracted by - C. Nechaj Soundings plotted by - C. Nechaj Verified and inked by - A. R. Stirni Reviewed by - J. A. McCormick Inspected by - H. R. Edmonston, November 30, 1943

1. Shoreline and Signals

Rock detail is from T-6893b (1942). All signals were located by triangulation.

2. Sounding Line Crossings

Agreement at crossings is satisfactory for such uneven bottom.

3. Adjoining Surveys

H-6774 (1942) satisfactorily overlaps the present survey on the south and on the northeast. On the east H-6774 is only partially complete. On the west is H-6767 (1942) which had not been verified at this writing. The area on the north has not yet been surveyed.

4. Previous Surveys

A single line of soundings on H-3654 (1913-14) traverses the area covered by the present survey. Depths on the two surveys agree fairly well but those on H-3654 have no further value except as history.

5. Comparison with Chart 8700 (Print of Oct. 30, 1943) Chart 8703 (Print of July 31, 1943)

Depths charted in this area are from B.P. 36700 compiled by the field party from boat sheets of the present and adjoining surveys. The preliminary depths differ from those on the smooth sheet by one to three fathoms. The reviewed survey is basic and supersedes all depths now charted in the surveyed area.

6. Submarine Features

Principal feature of this area is the extreme irregularity of the bottom. This has already been the subject of considerable comment in the descriptive reports and reviews of other surveys in the vicinity.

7. Compliance with Project Instructions

Satisfactory.

8. Additional Field Work Recommended

None.

Examined and approved:

Chief, Surveys Branch

Chief, Division of Charts

Chief, Section of Hydrography

Chief, Division of Coastal Surveys

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