7985

Diag. Cht. No. 8252-2 Form 504 U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE DESCRIPTIVE REPORT Type of Survey HYDROGRAPHIC Field No. PA-05152 Office No. H-7985 LOCALITY State S. E. ALASKA General locality PERIL STRAIT Locality DEADMAN REACH 19/152... CHIEF OF PARTY JOSEPH P. LUSHENE LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

SEP 2 1953

DATE ..

B-1870-1 (1)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

REGISTER No. H 7985

Field No. Pa 05152

State	SE Alaska	~
General locality	Peril Strait	~
Locality	Deadman Reach	v
Scale	1/ 5 000 · Date of survey 19 June - 2 October	1952
Instructions dated	14 Apr.1947: Sup. 14 Mar.1950 & 17 Mar. 1952	•
Vessel	PATTON	•
Chief of party	Joseph P. Lushene	
Surveyed by	Joseph P. Lushene & E.L.Jones.	· ,
Soundings taken by fath	hometer, graphic recorder, hand lead, wire	
Fathograms scaled by	H. Hildahl	
Fathograms checked by	H. Hildahl & P. Karras	
Protracted by	Clarence R. Lehman	
Soundings penciled by .	Clarence R. Lehman	
Soundings in fathon	ns XIEEX at MXXX MLLWand are based on a velocity of sound of 800 fms/sec.	~
	Smooth sheet and plotting by Seattle Processing Office.	

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. H-7985 (PA-05152)

PERIL STRAIT, S. E. ALASKA

SCALE 1:5,000 - DATE 1952

USC&GSS PATTON

JOSEPH P. LUSHENE, COMDG.

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A. PROJECT

Field work was accomplished in accordance with Instructions for Project CS-247, dated 14 April 1947, with Supplemental Instructions dated 14 March and 17 March 1952.

B. SURVEY LIMITS AND DATES

This survey covers the eastern end of Deadman Reach, Peril Strait, Western limit, 135-28-30 W. (approximately); northern limit, 57-34-15 N.; eastern limit 135-23-30 W. The survey circumscribes Krugloi, Elovoi, and Otstoia Islands, and includes Nismeni Cove. The southern boundary of the sheet is formed by the North shore of Baranof Island.

Junction is made with contemporary survey H-7988 (PA-1252) on the west and north sides of this sheet. All junctions have an overlay sufficient for comparison, and comparison is satisfactory.

Field work commenced on 19 June 1952, and was completed on 2 October 1952.

C. VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT

All hydrography was accomplished by Launch No. 88, operating from the Ship PATTON. Except for beach lines, the launch was operated at approximately 4 knots, and at this speed the turning radius was 20 meters.

Soundings were taken with 808-A type recording fathometer No. 51.

Bottom samples were obtained by the launch, using a wire sounding machine mounted on deck.

D. TIDE AND CURRENT STATIONS

Soundings were reduced from the records of the Nismeni Cove Portable Tide Gage, which operated continuously during this survey.

No current stations were established within the limits of this survey during the 1952 field season.

E. SMOOTH SHEET

The smooth sheet will be constructed and plotted by personnel of the Seattle Processing Office.

F. CONTROL STATIONS

Basic control was derived from a current second order triangulation arc that was carried from 1951 stations south of Adams Channel to a strong tie with a 1928 second order arc. Records, computations and a triangulation report have been forwarded to the Washington Office.

With this basic control, additional (signals were located by graphic triangulation on Topographic Sheet PA-A-52. A few additional signals were located by geodetic means of less than third order, and one signal was located by sextant fix.

Control was adequate, and satisfactory for hydrography.

G. SHORELINE AND TOPOGRAPHY

The mean high water line was rodded in by personnel of this party on Topographic Sheet PA-A-52. Topographic detail inshore from the MHW line will be obtained from the compilation of Air Photos field inspected by this party.

Rock ledges, reef, and off-lying rocks were located for the most part by means of sextant fixes. Those not so located were rodded in on Topographic Sheet PA-A-52. All rock ledges, reefs, and rocks within the limits of the sheet were located by one of these means.

All MLIW line within the limits of the survey was developed by hydrographic lines.

H. SOUNDINGS

Soundings were taken with 808-A type recording fath-ometer No. 51, operated on the fathom scale at a sounding velocity of 800 fms/sec.

Phase comparisons were obtained between A and B-scales, B and C-scales. Comparisons were taken on flat, calm days, and on the smoothest and most level bottom in the area.

Soundings were corrected for tide, initial deviation, index error, and phasing error.

I. CONTROL OF HYDROGRAPHY

All hydrography was controlled by three point sextant fixes on signals ashore. No unusual or substandard methods were employed.

J. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This survey is adequate and complete, and should supergede previous surveys of the area for charting.

All junctions with concurrent surveys are satisfactory, and depth curves can be adequately delineated at junctions and within the survey.

K. CROSSLINES

The crosslines constitute 7.8% of hydrography on this survey. Crossings are good on all parts of the survey.

L. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

- 4 Comparison was made with previous survey H-2238, a 1:20,000 completed in 1895. While the general agreement between the two surveys is good, there are discrepancies as follows:
- 1. There appears to be a slight datum error in H-2238 -recognizable features plot approximately 40 meters NW of their true
 position when transferred from H-2238 to the current sheet. Considering the four times enlargement of the previous survey necessary for
 comparison/however, tends to minimize the importance of this datum
 error. eight (Sub-Sketch@1:20,000)
- 2. The charted rock awash, at 57-33-53, 135-23-48 is non-existent. The prior survey, H-2238 shows a hydrographic feature at this location, but it is so illegible that it could not be determined if H-2238 is the source for the charted rock awash. Review, par. 5 b.(1)

A marker buoy was planted at the site of this charted rock on 11 July. A 7-fathom shoal was found and developed 60 meters west of the plotted position, and a marker buoy was planted on this shoal on 17 and 18 July, for a continuation of the investigation. In addition to the soundings shown on the boat sheet, 2 hours and 25 minutes, at various periods of minus tide were spent in cruising and dfifting over the charted position of this rock with the fathometer operating. Approximately one hour of this time was spent in probing the bottom with a hand lead. In view of the intensive search for this charted rock, without revealing any indication of a shoal feature, it is recommended that it be deleted from the chart. Concur

3. The charted rock awash at 57-33-52, 135-24-00 is non-existent. A marker buoy was planted at the charted position and the area was developed as shown on the boat sheet. In addition to the lines shown, at various periods of minus tide, one hour and twenty-five minutes were spent cruising and drifting over the area with the fathometer operating. Approximately forty minutes of this time was spent in probing the bottom with a hand lead. At no time was any indication of a

L. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS cont'd.

rock awash, or dangerous shoal found. In view of the intensive search for the rock, and the total absence of shoal indications, it is recommended that it be debted from the chart. Concor

4. The charted sunken rock at 57-33-51, 135-25-31 was not found. A shoal with a least depth of 1.1 fms by fathometer, and 1.2 fms hand lead was found at 57-33-49, 135-25-32, and although the difference between these two positions is slightly more than can be attributed to datum error, there can be little doubt that the sunken rock on H-2238, and the 1-fm shoal found on this survey are identical. It is recommended that the new position be used for charting. Cancur

M. COMPARISON WITH CHART NO. 8248 and 8283

Since survey H-2238 appears to be the sole authority for Chart No. 8248 and 8283 in this vicinity, the comparisons drawn in Paragraph L are applicable to Chart No. 8248. and Chart No. 8283.

N. DANGERS AND SHOALS

Dangers

- 1. A shoal sounding of 2.7 fms was found on Position 59u plus 45 seconds at 57-34-06, 135-25-36. At the time of the survey this constituted a danger, because it was approximately 150 meters inside the channel marked by the Cozian Shoal Lighted Bell Buoy, and Chart No. 8283 did not show a sounding that shoal. Upon notification, however, the Coast Guard remedied the situation by moving the buoy so that the 2.7 fm sounding is no longer in the channel. At this time Chart No. 8283 is being hand corrected to show the 2.7 fm sounding.
- 2. A group of rocks, awash at MLLW, was found at 57-33-51, 135-24-16. The largest rock is very conspicuous at lower low tides. At minus 2.0 feet tide, the bare portion of this rock is approximately 15 meters in diameter.
- 3. A rock, awash at MLIW, was found at 57-33-47, 135-24-17.

Shoals

- 1. A shoal sounding of 12.1 fms (fathometer) and 12.4 fms (handlead) was found on Position 19w at 57-34-09, 135-26-12. It is recommended that the fathometer sounding of 12.1 fms be charted.
- 2. A sunken rock was found on Position 10c at 57-33-51, 135-24-27. On Position 113q plus 22 seconds, it was found that this rock covers 1.0 fms at MLIW. It is recommended that the sunken rock symbol be charted.

chart actual depth

N. DANGERS AND SHOALS cont'd.

Shoals

- A shoal sounding of 1.0 fms (fathometer) was found at position 70f plus 30 seconds at 57-33-51, 135-25-13. Probing of this area with a hand lead disclosed a rocky bottom, very uneven. It is recommended that this shoal be charted as a rock awash and depth
- 4. A shoal sounding of 4.9 fms (fathometer) on position 113q, and 5.3 fms (hand lead) on position 150q was found at 57-33-52, 135-24-00, while trying to verify or disprove a rock awash. (See Paragraph L, subparagraph 3). It is recommended that the 4.9 fm sounding be charted.
- 5. A 1.1 fm fathometer sounding was found on position 55u, and a 1.2 fm handlead sounding was found on position 56u, at 57-33-49, 135-25-32. This is the shoal discussed in Paragraph L, subparagraph 4. It is recomended that the sunken rock symbol be moved to the new position for charting. sdg. be charted.

The shoreline on the major portion of this survey is very rugged, with many rock ledges extending out from the shore, and with some disconnected rocks. All of these features were located, either by topographic means of by sextant fixes. Because of their proximity to shore, however, they do not constitute mavigational dangers, and so will not be discussed in this paragraph. A list of rocks and ledges is appended to this report, however.

O. COAST PILOT

Since this area was covered in a Special Coast Pilot project in 1950, fully comprehensive notes will not be submitted. Isolated observations are as follows:

l. The passage from Cozian Reef Lighted Bell Buoy No. 1 and between Otstoia Island Light and Otstoia Lighted Buoy No. 2 is very narrow and because of the angle of approach from the eastward, can be most misleading. For this reason, many boats and ships that ply these waters to not use the passage, but pass to the northward of Cozian Reef Lighted Bell Buoy No. 1, and Otstoia Island, than turn to southwest so as to leave Krugloi and Elovoi Islands on the northwest. The passage so outlined is more open, and could be maintained with no increase in the number of navigational aids to be maintained.

P. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

The two floating aids to navigation, Cozian Reef Lighted Review, Bell Buoy No. 1, and Otstoia Island Lighted Buoy No. 2, were located par. 6 B. on topographic survey Field No. PA-A-52, and submitted on form 567.

The only fixed aid, Otstoia Island Light, was located as a triangulation intersection station, and was submitted on Form 567.

Q. LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

This subject is covered on Field Inspection of Air Photos, 1952.

R. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

A special report on geographic names has been submitted.

S. SILTED AREAS

No silted areas were noted on this survey.

T. - Y.

No information for these headings.

Z. TABULATION OF APPLICABLE DATA

The following special reports are applicable:

- 1. Field Inspection of Air Photographs, 1952
- 2. Descriptive Report to Accompany Topographic Sheet PA-A-52 7-7/08 a. & b. (1952)
- 3. Triangulation Report, 1952
 The following applicable data is attached to this report:
- 1. Table of Statistics
- 2. Tide Note
- 3. Abstract of Bar Checks
- 4. List of Rocks
- 5. Abstract of Phase Comparisons

Respectfully submitted,

William D. Barbee Ensign, USC&GS

Approved and Forwarded:

Joseph P. Lushene

CDR USC&GS

Cmdg., Ship PATTON

LIST OF ROCKS AND LEDGES ON PA-05152

DATE 1952	POSITION	VOL. & PAGE	HEIGHT*	DATE 1952	POSITION	VOL. & PAGE	HEIGHT
1952 6/19 "" "" 6/24 "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""	la 24	PAGE 1	-7.6.49 -8.6.49 -8.6.2 -9.1.4.2 -9.2.4 -1.6.2 -1.6.2 -1.6.2 -1.6.2 -1.6.3 -1.6.1 -1.6.4 -1.6.3 -1.6.1 -1.6.6 -1.6.1 -1.6.6 -1.6.	1952 7/8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	123456789011214156178902222123456789011231515	PAGE 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	+4.3.6.2.9.6.8.8.0.0.7.8.6.7.0.3.6.4.0.4.4.4.6.1.6.1.2.8.8.2.2.6.2.9.6.8.8.0.7.8.6.7.0.3.6.4.0.4.4.4.6.1.6.1.2.8.8.2.2.6.8.2.2.6.8.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2.2.6.2
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		1 - 12 1 - 12 1 - 13 1 - 13 1 - 13 1 - 13 1 - 13 1 - 14 1 - 14 1 - 14 1 - 14 1 - 14		11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	15 b b 16 b b 17 b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	7 - 15 7 - 15 7 - 15 7 - 16 7 - 16 7 - 16 7 - 17 7 - 17 7 - 17 7 - 18 7 - 18 7 - 18 4 - 38	-5.8 +0.1 -8.2 -6.4 -5.8 -4.0 -4.1 -0.4

^{*}Heights in feet,-above MLLW; + below MLLW

SHEET 05152 DEPTH = 2.0 fms

		DEPTH			DEPTH
DATE	DAY	RECORDED	DATE	DAY	RECORDED
6-25-52	d	1.75	7-15-52	n	1.65
11	d	1.90	7-16-52	р	1.75
11	d	1.80	u	p	1.70
6-26-52	е	1.90	tt	р	1.75
11	е	1.90	7-17- 52	q	1.80
11	е	1.90	11	q	1.60
6-27-52	f	1.80	II	q	1.70
11	f	1.80	7-18-52	r	1.70
11	${\tt f}$	1.90	11	r	1.70
7-7-52	g	1.65	tt	r	1.80
n	g	1.80	7–22– 52	s	1.70
7-8-52	h	1.80	u	s	1.70
18	h	1.90	7-23-52	t	1.80
11	h	1.90	11	t	1.80
7-9-52	j	1.85	11	t	1.80
i#	j	1.90	7-25-52	u	1.80
11	j	R(1.55)	11	u	1.70
7-10-52	k	1.80	II.	u	1.90
11	k	1.80	7-26-52	v	1.70
11	k	1.80	11	v	1.80
7-11-52	1	1.70	7–28–52	W	1.65
11	l	1.70	11	W	1.60
7-14-52	m	1.80	9 –26–5 2	x	1.70
n .	m	1.80	10-2-52	У	-1.70
7-15-52	n	1.85	tt	y	-1.70
11	n	1.60			

Total = 88.50

Average = 1.77

Initial correction = +0.23

PMASE COMPARISON

1952

SHIP PATTON

112.8

112.7

112.7

112.8

112.7

112.9

112.8

112.9

112.8

1128

113.0

112.8

113.0

112.9

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B	<u>c</u>	Corrin (to C)	
78.0	78.0	0.0	
80-2	80.0	+0-2	
82.6	82.2	+0.4	:
83.0	82.6	+0.4	
84.0	83.6	+0.4	
84.4	84.0	+0.4	Corr'n = +0.3 fm
84.8	84.5	+0.3	
85.4	85.0	+0.4	
85.6	85.6	0.0	
86.2	85•8	+0.4	
		2.9	
<u>c</u>	<u>D</u>	Corr'n (to D)	
770 6	330 C	٦ ٥٠	
112.6 112.7	112.5 112.6	+0.1 +0.1	
112.9	112.8	+0.1	
*****	معدد	400 T	

+0.1

+0.1

+0.1

+0.2

+0.1

+0.1

+0.1 1.1 Corr'n = +0.1 fm

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#0•# #0•# #0•# #0•₽ #0•₽ #0•₽	B 40.3 40.4 40.3 40.3 40.3 40.2	Corr'n (to B) +0.2 +0.1 +0.2 +0.2 +0.2 -0.2 +0.2 +0.2 +0.3	
40.4	40.2	+0.2	

PHASE COMPARISON, Continued

PA 05152 Vol. 13 Page 13

A	B	Corr'n (to	B)	
42.0	4 I. 9	+0.1		
41.4	41.4	0.0		
41.2	41.0	+0.2	Corr'n =	0.3 = 0.04
40.8	40.8	0.0		8
40.5	40-4	+0.1	Corrin =	0
40.0	40.0	0.0	0011 11 -	· ·
39.8	39.8	0.0		
39•4	39.5	-0.1		
		+0.3		

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В	C	Corrin (to	C)
78. 0	77.8	+0.2	
78.2	77.7	0.5	
78.0	77-7	0.3	
77.8	77.6	0.2	
77 - 7	77. 0	(0.7)R	
77.2	76.8	0.4	
77.2	76.8	0.4	Corr 'n = +0.3h fm
77.1	76 .6	0.5	
77.1	76.8	0.3	
77.1	76.8	0.3	
		3.1	

Final corrections for phase:

B Scale =
$$+0.21 + .04 = +0.12$$
 fms

C Scale =
$$\frac{.29 + .31}{2} + 0.12 = +0.11$$
 fms

H 7985 Pa 05152

Peril Strait, SE Alaska.

Processing Office Notes.

Smooth sheet.

The projection was made by hand on Whatman paper. Shoreline and topographic signals are from planetable plate*Pa-A-52. Other signals are from 2nd and 4th order field computations by this party in 1952. Shoreledges and rocks are from hydrographic notes and the boatsheet.

Other subjects have been covered by the field party. * T-7/08 4 \$ b (1952)

Edgar E / Amith Cart. Engr.

8/26/53

7985

TIDE NOTE

The portable tide gage established at Nismeni Cove
was used to reduce the soundings for the entire sheet. This gage
was in operation for the entire period of this survey. No corrections
were applied for either time or range on the entire sheet.

The plane of reference, which was MLLW, was 5.7 feet on the staff, as per Director's Letter of 18 September, Reference 36-rcb.

- 57 **33.75**
- λ 135 24.70

7985

P**A-**05152

DATE 1952	D A Y LETTER		H. L. & WIRE	POSITIONS	STATUTE MILES SOUNDINGS
1952 6/19 6/20 6/24 6/25 6/26 6/27 7/7 7/8 7/9 7/10 7/11 7/15 7/16 7/17 7/18 7/22 7/23 7/26 7/28	ab cdef ghjkd E rpgrstuvy	NO. Launch 88 1 1 1 & 2 2 & 3 3 & 4 4 & 5 5 & 6 6 & 7 7 & 8 8 & 9 9 & 10 10 & 11 11 & 12 12 & 13 13 13	WIRE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 15 2l ₁ 210 2l ₁ 7 192 102 22l ₁ 213 210 1l ₁ 5 100 157 236 152 157 111 302 2l ₁ 3 2l ₁ 33	SOUNDINGS 0 0 18.7 21.5 18.1 8.5 22.6 15.8 17.7 10.3 6.9 10.6 15.4 9.5 5.0 7.0 18.3 12.7 0 0.7
9/26 10/2	х У	13 13 Totals	0 -0 64	3 17 3126	0 0.8 220.1
			dory (location		220.1
7/8 7/9	a b	7 7	0	23 26	0
	Grand	Totals	64	3175	220.1

AREA SURVEYED: 4.60 SQ. STAT. MILES

H 7985 Pa 05152

Peril Strait, SE Alaska.

List of geographic names penciled on smooth sheet.

Baranof Island

Cozian Reef

Deadman Reach.

Duffield Peninsula.

Elovoi Island

Krugloi Island

ostoia Island

Nismeni Cove

Nismeni Point

Peril Strait.

	GEOGRAPHIC NAMES Survey No. H-7985		/ *	denois or	o wood	de local sion	Mags	O. Guide di	MOS MCHOLIN	J.S. Jake Lis	
	Name on Survey	os A	Cho. Q.	C ×0. OU	D. Mo	or local stor	or local Mada	o. G	H	\\ \K \\	
,	Southeastern Alas	(S									1
	Peril Strait										2
	Baranof Island								/	RGN	3
	Deadman Rea	h								11	4
	Duffield Penin	sula	<u> </u>								5
	Krugloi Ishn	7									6
	Elovoi Ishad				<u></u>	ļ				B.6.N.	. 7
-	Otstoia Isl	g nd									8
***************************************	Cozian Re	<u> </u>		1	ļ	ļ	ļ			BLY	9
	Mismeni Po	int	<u> </u>		+			1			10
	Hismeni Co	12			ļ		ļ				11
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					10	6-53	<u> </u>	L.H	ech	•	14
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								-			26
		-		+	1	1					27 M 234

Hydrographic Surveys (Chart Division)

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. H-7985...

Records accompanying survey:	
· Boat sheets; sounding vols13;	wire drag vols;
bomb vols; graphic recorder rolls	s 3 Env
special reports, etcl. Smooth Sheet; .l.De	escriptive Report;
***************************************	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
The following statistics will be submitted wrapher's report on the sheet:	with the cartog-
Number of positions on sheet	3175
Number of positions checked	. 193
Number of positions revised	6.
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)	58.
Number of soundings erroneously spaced	/25
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred	• • • • •
Topographic details	Time
Junctions	Time
Verification of soundings from graphic record	Time 24 hrs
verification by . Chalu K. Lupine Total time	me .340. * Date April 20, 1955
	me 30. Dete 13 May 1955
* 24 has for identifying position	es by replotting

DIVISION OF CHARTS

REVIEW SECTION - NAUTICAL CHART BRANCH

REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO. H-7985

FIELD NO. PA-05152

S. E. Alaska, Peril Strait, Deadman Reach

Project No. CS-247

Surveyed - June - Oct. 1952

Scale 1:5,000

Soundings:

Control:

808 Fathometer Hand lead

Sextant fixes on shore signals

Chief of Party - J. P. Lushene
Surveyed by - J. P. Lushene and E. L. Jones
Protracted by - C. R. Lehman
Soundings plotted by - C. R. Lehman
Verified and inked by C. F. Kupiec
Reviewed by - T. A. Dinsmore 13 May 1955
Inspected by - R. H. Carstens

1. Shoreline and Signals

The origin of the shoreline and signals is given in the Descriptive Report. Most of the rock ledge detail was obtained by hydrographic methods and has been transferred to the smooth sheet from the boat sheet.

2. Sounding Line Crossings

Considering the irregularities in the bottom, depths at crossings are in good agreement.

3. Depth Curves and Bottom Configuration

The usual depth curves are adequately delineated.

The bottom for the most part drops rapidly from the low-water line to depths of 5-6 fms. Rock ledges fringe much of the shoreline in this area. Offlying rocks, reefs and shoals contribute to the general irregularities in the bottom.

4. Junctions with Contemporary Surveys

An adequate junction was effected with H-7988 (1952) on the north and west. No contemporary survey is registered at this time on the east. However, charted depths on the east are in

harmony with the present survey depths.

5. Comparison with Prior Surveys

a. H-1627 (1884), 1:20,000

The information on this early reconnaissance survey is scanty and unreliable. A comparison with the present survey would serve no useful purpose.

b. H--2238 (1895), 1:40,000

The present survey falls within the area covered by this prior survey. A comparison of the prior and present surveys reveals no appreciable changes in depths. However, the present survey discloses many shoaler depths and much critical information not shown on the prior survey. The more thorough coverage of the present survey also defines the bottom configuration more completely and clearly.

The following discrepancies with the prior survey are noted:

- 135° (17) The two rocks awash charted in lat, 57°33.85', long. 125° 24.00', and lat. 57° 33.86', long. 125° 23.82', from H-2238 should be disregarded. Intensive development by fathometer sounding including hand-lead probing of the two localities at low tide failed to reveal any rocks or shoal indications thereof. An examination of the sounding records of H-2238 revealed that the signals fixing the positions of the rocks on the prior survey were apparently recorded in error. The prior rocks are considered to be out of position and should actually fall 300-400 meters westward where a group of rocks are shown on the present survey. The present investigation is considered adequate to disprove the existence of the prior rocks in their present charted positions. Detailed descriptions of the present investigations are contained in the Descriptive Report together with recommendations by the hydrographer that the rocks be deleted from the chart.
- (2) The sunken rock charted in lat. 57°33.84', long. 135° 25.52', originates with H=2238. The above locality was thoroughly developed on the present survey. Although no sunken rocks were found, a prominent shoal with a least offshore depth of 1.1 fms. in lat. 57°33.83', long. 135° 25.56', was delineated. It is recommended that the present survey information supersede the prior information for charting.

Several soundings charted from H-2238 are considered to be out of position by appreciable amounts on the prior survey. The present large-scale survey supersedes the peior survey within the common area.

6. Comparison with Chart 8248 (C.P. Drawing No. 5, April 6, 1955) Chart 8283 (Latest print date March 23, 1953)

A. Hydrography

Charted hydrography originates principally with prior survey H-2238 (1895) which needs no further consideration. Several rocks and critical soundings have been charted from the present survey prior to verification and review. Numerous revisions have been made to smooth-sheet soundings during verification.

The present survey entirely supersedes the charted information.

B. Aids to Navigation

The lighted buoy located in lat. 57°34.13', long. 135°25.60', on the present survey has been subsequently moved to its present charted position in lat. 57°34.04', long. 135°25.49', in accordance with information furnished in H. O. Notice to Mariners 45 (1952).

The lighted buoy charted in lat. 57°33.60', long. 135°26.79', is about 85 meters southwest of the survey position. Either position adequately marks the channel.

Except as noted, the aids to navigation located on the present survey are in substantial agreement with the charted aids and adequately mark the features intended.

7. Condition of Survey

- (a) The sounding records and Descriptive Report are complete and comprehensive.
- (b) The smooth plotting was generally accurate. However, in shoal areas of close development, position numbers were inked too far from the position dots and were not identified with the position dots by connecting leaders. A considerable amount of reprotracting was required during verification in order to trace out sounding lines and to identify numerous detached positions. The verifier added the necessary leaders so that the origin of specific soundings could be determined in the future without resorting to replotting.
- (c) In the reduction of rock elevations, the mean range of tide (12.4 ft.) was used on this survey by the smooth plotter

instead of the difference (14.0 ft.) between mean lower low water and mean high water. The necessary revisions were made during verification.

8. Compliance with Project Instructions

The survey adequately complies with the Project Instructions.

9. Additional Field Work

This is an excellent basic survey and no additional field work is required.

Examined and Approved:

Wallace A. Bruder

Acting Chief, Nautical Chart Branch

E. R. McCarthy

Acting Chief, Chart Division

Chief, Hydrography Branch

Chief, Coastal Surveys Division

NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

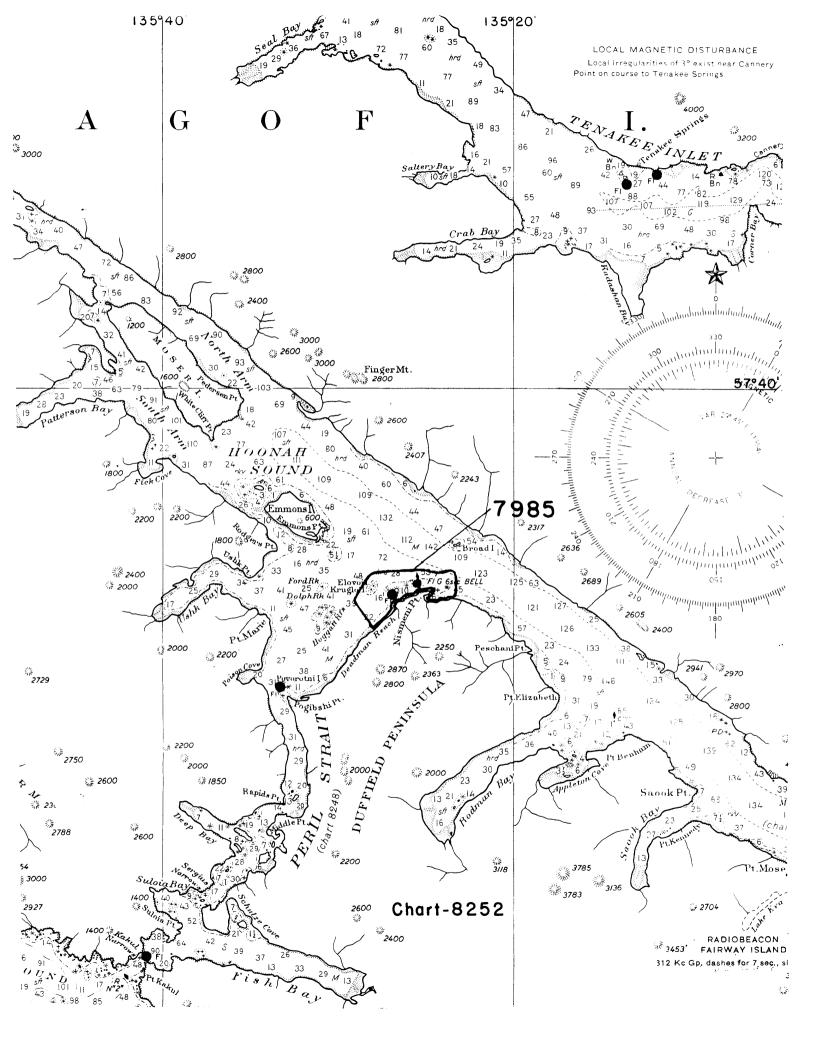
SURVEY NO. H-7985

Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
1-18-55	8248	R.K. De fawder	Before After Verification and Review
7/10/54	8252	N. W Burgayne	Particity Applied Before: After Verification and Review
8-9-60	8248	Es Mithouring	After Verification and Review Conglithe
8-9-60	8283	Ed Mary	Betere After Verification and Review Completely Copyl
919-60	8252	EN W Broggi	Completely and Review Completely and Rouge & 8 8 8 8 3
	8248	D.J. Kenn	Before After Verification and Review Re-amblish to Re-construction 2/25/74 Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review

M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.



Form 712
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Rev. Apr. 1950

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

Division notes coastal ashveys:

13 October 1953

Division of Charts: R. H. Carstens

Plane of reference approved in 13 volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

7985

Locality Peril Strait, Alaska

Chief of Party: J. P. Lushene in 1952
Plane of reference is mean lower low water, reading
5.7 ft. on tide staff at Nismeni Cove, Peril Strait
22.6 ft. below B. M. 1 (1952)

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 14.0 feet.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

E.C.McKay Bection of Tides

Chief, Division of Tides and Currents.

. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 877032