8182 WIRE DRAG

Diag. Cht. No. 1204-3.

Form 504

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Field No.HI-WA 2153W. Office NoH-8182 W.D.

LOCALITY

State Maine

General locality Gulf of Maine

Locality Damariscove Island to Pemaq
uid Neck

1961-62 1953

CHIEF OF PARTY

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

E. B. Brown

DATE ____April 21, 1959

USCONNI-DC 5087



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

REGISTER No. H-8182WD Field No. Wa-H1-2153WD

State	MAINE	
General locality	COLUMN TO MARILE	
Locality DAM	MRISCOVE ISLAND TO PEMAQUID NECK	
Scale 1:20,000	Date of survey 17 Aug. to 10 Sept.	195
Instructions dated	6 Feb. 1953	
Vessel	WAINWRIGHT & HILGARD	
Chief of party	E.B. BROWN	
Surveyed by E.B.	BROWN, H. J. SEABORG & R.A. PARKER	
Soundings taken by	NAMES (graphic recorder, ESONXESON XXXX	
Fathograms scaled by	SHIP PERSONNEL	
Fathograms checked by	SHIP PURSONNEL	
DRAG STRIPS INKE	D BY: W.W. FEAZEL	
and drag depth Soundings in XXXXX	s feet at MLW XXXXX	
REMARKS:		
2/14/1 2/15/40	II S GOVERNMENT DRIVEN A CERTAR 18-48550-1	

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

TO ACCOMPANY

PROJECT CS-265
COAST OF MAINE, 1953
WIRE DRAG FIELD SHEET NO. HI-WA-2153, WD
SCALE: 1/20,000

COMMANDING: Ships WAINWRIGHT & HILGARD - E. B. Brown

A. PROJECT

Supplemental instructions, project CS-265 Wire Drag, dated 6 February 1953, reference 22/MEK S-2-W&H.

B. SURVEY LIMITS - DATES

The general locality is the Gulf of Maine, from Damariscove Island to Pemaquid Neck. The Survey commenced on 17 August 1953 and was completed on 10 September 1953. A junction was made with Wire Drag Surveys H-6830 (1:20,000-1943), H-6983 (1:10,000-1944) in the vicinity of Damariscove Island.

See Review par. c.

C. VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT

The Ships WAINWRIGHT and HILGARD were used as the guide and end launches respectively. Launch 171 was used as tender. Standard wire drag equipment was used during this survey. The WAIN-WRIGHT used 808 fathometer No. 58S, the HILGARD used 808J fathometer No. 139-SPX and launch 171 used 808 fathometer No. 53.

D. TIDE STATIONS

Hourly heights for the reduction of soundings and effective drag depths were obtained from a portable automatic gage installed and maintained by this party at Fort Point, Pemaquid, Maine.

E. CONTROL STATIONS

Triangulation Stations used for control were natural objects such as lighthouses, towers, and beacons and recoverable topographic stations previously located by aerial photogrammetry. Two signals, HIL and JEN, were built up over points which were identified by this party on the aerial photographs. See list of signals on page 5.

F. SOUNDINGS ANDDRAG TESTS

Soundings were obtained using the 808 fathometer. The wire drag tests were made using a graduated iron pipe suspended from a small float by upright wire. This pipe was coated with white lead to determine the point of contact with the ground wire.

G. CONTROL OF WIRE DRAG

Standard dual control methods were used to control the wire drag. Sextant fixes were taken every five minutes as a rule, with a cut to the end buoy and opposite vessel immediately after the fix. The cuts are recorded as (/) if the object was clockwise or to the right of the signal and (-) if the object was counterclockwise or to the left of the signal. The first cut is to the end buoy and the second to the opposite vessel unless otherwise noted. The distance from the center of the wheelhouse to the end buoy was 104 meters when a 300 foot towline was used and 134 meters when a 400 foot towline was used. These distances were measured on the dock with the ship along-side. The 104 meter towline was used in confined waters and the 134 meter towline in deep and open waters.

H. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

The survey is considered adequate with regard to the wire drag investigations.

I. COMPARISON WITH CHART - DANGERS AND SHOALS

There are several shoals which have less depths than charted on Chart 314.

1. At latitude 43°44.29', longitude 69°36.54', the drag (11-17F) hung at an effective depth of 32% feet. The shoalest sounding charted is 37 feet. A drag (18-27F) set at an effective 33 feet cleared this hang. This apparent discrepancy of a hang at

70- not recite

32\frac{1}{2} feet and a clear at 33 feet is explained as follows:

Discrepancy resolved by changing to 32' from 33', on strip 18-27 F.

zero lift

The test of the 32 foot drag showed a one foot sag in the section 4-5 and a one foot lift in the section N-1. In accordance cleared depth with specifications of the wire drag manual, the one foot lift was applied to the entire drag. This means that the section where the drag hung was actually at a depth of $34\frac{1}{2}$ feet. In point of safety, it is recommended that this shoal be charted at 32 feet.

2. At latitude 43°44.29', longitude 69°36.54' a drag (17-53G) hung at an effective depth of 50 feet. This drag was actually at a depth of 542 feet. Buoys 5 and 6 were raised two feet assumed in making an effective raise of 2 feet from N to 7. The launch was Sections N-4 able to test only two sections before raising the remainder of the drag, section 3-4 where a zero lift was obtained, and section making hard at 55 ft. 7-8 where a one foot lift was obtained. A 22 foot lift was in strip 17-536. assumed for the day based on the only complete test made (54-77G). A drag (21-38E) set at an effective depth of $55\frac{1}{2}$ feet This hang cleared by 54 ft; on had cleared this hang. It is assumed that the drag hung at a depth of between 54-56 on the peak of a shoal. An attempt Strip 21-38 €. was made to sound over the hang while picking up the drag but the wire came free before the vessel reached the shoal. It is recommended that this shoalbe charted at 53 feet. The chart shows a minimum of 61 feet.

As cleared by 54 ff.

3. At latitude 43°43.90', longitude 69°35.27', a drag (17-53G) hung at an effective depth of 43 feet. A sounding of 41 feet, reduced, was obtained by launch 171 on position 3g over this hang. A drag (1-11H) cleared this hang at an effective 39 feet. The chart shows a 47 foot shoal here.

4. At latitude 43 44.35', longitude 69 35.09', a drag (1-11H) hung at an effective 39 feet. A sounding of 33% feet, reduced, was obtained by the launch on position 2h over this hang. Another sounding at buoy 2 of 49 feet, reduced, was obtained on position 1 h by the launch as it ran down the line of buoys. A drag (12-20H) set at an effective 30 feet cleared this hang. The chart shows a 45 foot shoal here.

5. At latitude 43°44.74', longitude 69°34.93', a drag (12-20H) hung at an effective 30 feet on a charted 26 foot shoal value and a drag (13-17L) of 24 feet effective, cleared this hang.

This agrees with the chart. cht, 70 micom

At latitude 43°44.16', longitude 69°35.45', on a drag (1-11H) set at an effective 39 feet, buoy No. 1 toppled for 2 minutes and then rode free. A drag (21-28H) hung at an effective 39 feet for 22 minutes between N-1 buoys and then pulled free. A drag (15-20K) set at an effective 37 feet Charles cleared this shoal. The chart shows a 41 foot shoal here. cht 70 micro.

7. At latitude 43°44.28', longitude 69°35.70' a drag (21-28H) set at an effective depth of 39 feet hung on a charted 23 foot shoal. A drag (29-35H) set at 21 cleared this shoal. This agreed with the chart.

23 FT shoot suy area.
retoined on most of 8. At latitude 43°46.05', longitude 69°34.19', a drag set at 45 feet effective, hung at the beginning of the line. A toggle was split open when the drag was brought aboard and this had allowed the drag to sag enough to hang on the bottom. The WAINWRIGHT and the launch sounded over the hang but obtained no soundings less than the charted depths of 71 feet. The vessels had been laying to for the purpose of repairing the radios so there was no strain on the drag. A previous drag (H-6830 1:20,000-1943) had cleared this spot at an effective depth of 48 feet, and it was dragged this time at an effective 42 feet.

9. At latitude 43°45.10', longitude 69°34.30', a drag (23-31L) hung at an effective depth of 43 feet on a 11 foot charted shoal. A drag (1-7M) set at an effective 10' cleared this shoal. This is in agreement with the chart.

cht 70 mo con Split in

disitegantel

cleared, however

J. COAST PILOT INFORMATION

This subject is covered in a separate report by the Commanding Officer, Ships WAINWRIGHT and HILGARD.

K. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

See page 9 of this report.

L. LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

No new landmarks for charts are recommended for the area covered by this survey.

M. TABULATION OF APPLICABLE DATA

List of Signals - Page 6
Tide Note - Page 7
Statistics - Page 8
Aids to Navigation - Page 9
Fathometer Corrections - Page 10
Hang Data Sheet - Page 11 & 12

Respectfully submitted,

Robert A. Parker Lt. (j.g.) USC&GS

Approved and Forwarded,

Commander, VSC&GS Chief of Party

LIST OF SIGNALS

PROJECT CS-265 COAST OF MAINE

NAME	ORIGIN	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE						
	TRIANGULATIONS STATIONS								
GUIN	Seguin Lighthouse, 1933	43 ⁰ 42126."20	69 ⁰ 45132."04						
SIST	The Sisters Beacon, 1933	43 ⁰ 44 127.11558	69 ⁰ 43120."364						
CUCK	The Cuckolds, 1934	43°46146."508	69 ⁰ 39'01."714						
WEST	Damiscove C.G., West lookout tower, 1934	43°45'16."935	69 ⁰ 36158 . "458						
EAST	Damiscove C. G., E. lookout tower, 19	734 43 ⁰ 45'16."342	69 ⁰ 36148."040						
HYPO	The Hypocrites Beacon, 1934	43047124."64	69 ⁰ 35129."19						
RAM	Ram Island Lighthouse, 1902	43°48'13."876	69 ⁰ 35'59."412						
PEM	Pemaquid Lighthouse, 1859	43 ⁰ 50'12"860	69 ⁰ 30'23."444						
	AIR PHOTO STATIONS I	NDEX 137-C							
HIL Hoe	Photo No. 7110, Established 1953	43°46.145	69°35.100 Boatsheet						
POL	Photo No. 7111, No. 403	43°47.122	69°34.143 H H						
JEN	Photo No. 7111, Established 1953	43°47.162	69°34.148 11 11						
GALE	Photo No. 7111, No. 306	43°47°.93	69°35.189 T-5990						
CUP	Photo No. 7111, No. 633	43048.181	69°35.185 T-5991						
CHIM	Photo No. 7111, No. 636	43°48.190	69°35.150 H-6844						
JET	Photo No. 7108, No. 405	43 ⁰ 49•145	69°33.191 <i>H-6844</i>						
STY	Photo No. 7108, No. 416	43°50.'10	69°33.131 <i>H-6844</i>						
THY	Photo No. 7108, No. 421	43 ⁰ 49. '05	69°33.106 T-5991						

TIDE NOTE

offsheet

A portable automatic tide gage was installed at Fort Point, Pemaquid Beach, Johns Bay, Maine at latitude 43°52.'6, longitude 69°31.'5, on 5 May 1953.

Height of Mean Low Water was 3.4 feet above zero of the tide staff.

No corrections for differences in time or height were applied. Hourly heights were scaled from the marigrams by the personnel of the Ships WAINWRIGHT and HILGARD. All times noted on the marigrams are Eastern Daylight Savings Time while this time was in effect.

STATISTICS

WIRE DRAG

PROJECT CS-265 COAST OF MAINE

SHIPS WAINWRIGHT & HILGARD, 1953

VOLUME	DATE	DAY	NUMBER OF POSITIONS	STATUTE MILES
1	8-17	A	70	6.8
1	8-18	В	102	10.4
1	8-19	С	-56	4.8
2	8-20	D	64	5.5
2	8-21	E	38	4•5
2	8-24	F	27	3.1
2	8-31	G	77	7.6
3	9-1	Н	40	4.1
3	9-2	J	65	6.4
3	9-3	K	20	2,2
3	9-9	r .	32	3.5
3	9–10	M	21	2.3 61.1

AIDS TO NAVIGATION

** WIRE DRAG **

PROJECT CS-265 COAST OF MAINE

SHIPS WAINWRIGHT & HILGARD, 1953

	•			
The charted positions of these aids are in agreement with this survey.	The Motions Gong Buoy	Bantam Rock Buoy 2	Bantam Rock Lighted Whistle Buoy 16 BR 43°42.192 69°38.197	NAME
in agreeme	43°44.178 69°37.14	43°43.175 69°37.150	43°42.192	LATITUDE
ıt with this	41.26,69	69°37.150	69°38.197	LONGITUDE
survey	→ 81	71	184 184	DEPT!
· Potest	81 Vol. 2 HILGARD 8-21-53 Pos. 10E	71 Vol. 2 WAINW'T 8-21-53 Pos. 10E	(Feet.) 184 Vol. 1 HIIGARD 8-19-53 Tender pes, 1 c Pos. 1 & 6C	LOCATION
	8-21-53	8-21-53	8-19-53	DATE
	:	Ξ	Tende	
	.	:	Pa.	
	. 20	6	c	

FATHOMETER CORRECTIONS

WAINWRIGHT - Fathometer 808 No. 58S (Initial set at 2.0 feet)

A RANGE **B RANGE** DEPTH CORRECTION CORRECTION DEPTH 0 - 23 (0.0)40.5 (-0.5)24 - 39 (-0.5)41.0 -(-1.0)45.0 40 (-1.0)45.5 (-1.5)

HILGARD - Fathometer 808, No. 139 SPX No bar check records

LAUNCH 171 - Fathometer 808 No. 53 (Initial set at 0.5 feet)
Fathometer correction for 808 No. 53 in launch 171 is zero

HANG DATA SHEET

-- WIRE DRAG --

PROJECT CS-265 COAST OF MAINE

COAST OF MAINE SHIPS WAINWRIGHT & HILGARD, 1953

TOPATION	CENTED AT	Camparaction via	Thursday.	100			
LOCAL TON	DEPTH (ft.)	SOUNDING (ft.)	HANG (ft.)	NUMBER	CLEARANCE (ft.)	NOS.	REMARKS
43°43.165 69°37.140	50 - 60	I	52	43-5 7 0	Not cleared	1-9E	Pulled up to known shoal that shown
43°43. 193 69°37. 130	12- 27	1	Wr F	1-160	1	1	Pulled up to known shoal. Hung in two places \checkmark between N-1 and 6-7
43°43.190 69°37.160	20 - 30	į	J.t.	1-160	l	1	Pulled up to known shoal. Hung in two places v between N-1 and 6-7 Not show a
43 ⁰ 43.17 69 ⁰ 37.15	25 - 30	I	30	1-9E	l	i	Pulled up to known shoal. Hung in two places petween 4-5 and 7-8 Not shown
43°44 • 120 69°36 • 159	40 - 60	I	24	37-38E	322	18-27F	Pulled up to known shoal V Not shown
43°44.129 69°36.154	*37	1	*32	15-16F	***************************************	18-27F	*Lift test shows a l' sag between buoys 4-5 where drag hung. The effective depth was actually $34\frac{1}{2}$ on the hang instead of $32\frac{1}{2}$.
43°43.177 69°35.197	*61	1	5g0	47-48G	55 X	21 - 38E	* See descriptive report
43°43. 190 69°35. 127	47	41.0	\$	50G	39	1-11H	This is a known shoal but the hang indicates a lesser depth than charted.

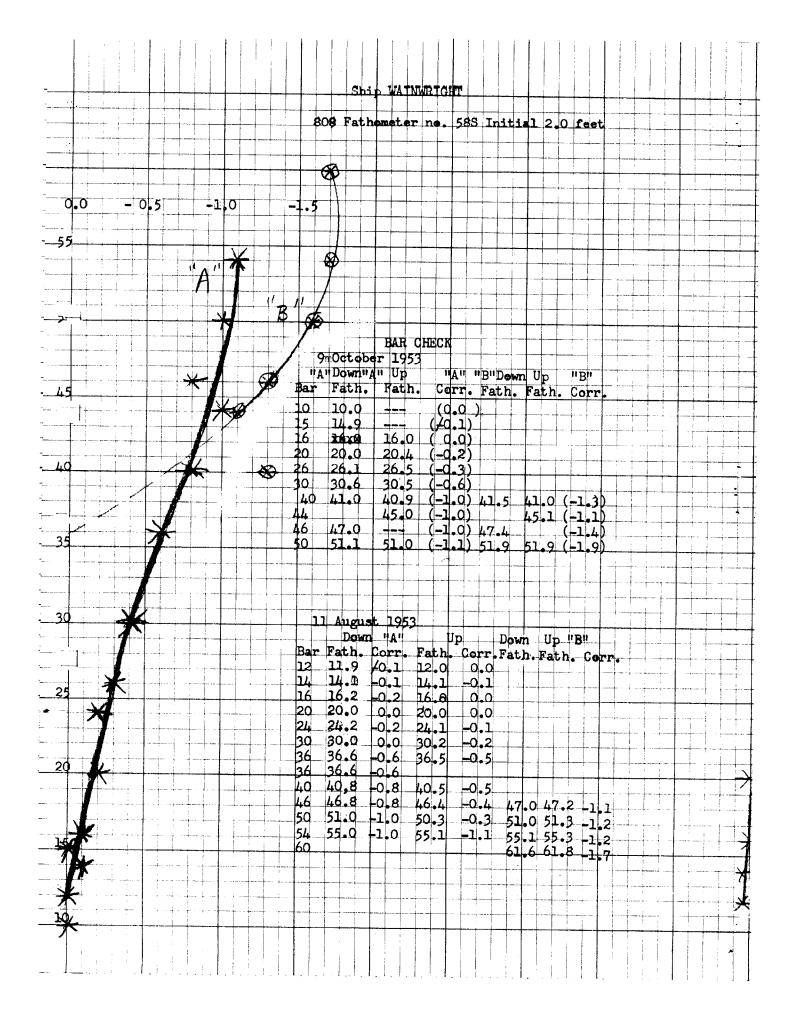
1

HANG DATA CONTINUED

43°45•110 69°34•130	43°46.°05 69°34.°19	43°44.:50	43°44.154 69°34.123	43°44•173 69°34•117	43°44 • 128 69°35 • 170	43°44.116 69°35.145	43°44. '74 69°34. '93	43°44. 135 69°35. 109	LOCATION
Ħ ·	*71	48	43-60	42	23	1.4	326	45	GENERAL DEPTH (ft.)
I	1	ļ	ľ	I	I	I	l	33)	FATHOMETER SOUNDING (ft.)
43	45	50~	50	57 ′	39 ~	39 /	30	39 (HANG (ft.)
30-31L	19-20L	61-62J	£19-09	13-14J	28H	6-7н & 26-27н	18-19Н	8-9Н	POSITION NUMBER
p \	42 42	18	18 ′	ww.	(E)	37 /	24	30 .	MAXIMUM CLEARANCE (ft.)
1-7M	(1942) 21 - 231	8-14M	8-14M 15-21M	1-5L 6-12L	29-35н	15-20K Charted	13-171	12-20Н	POSITION NOS.
Known shoal Not shown	* The launch and WAINWRIGHT sounding over hang found nothing shoaler than the charted depths. There was one bad toggle which probably allowed the drag to sag while the vessels stopped for	Known shoal Not shown	Known shoal lot shown	Known shoal Not showy	shoal	Most of shoul cleared	Charted 26' shoal Not shown	This is a known shoal but the hang indicates < a lesser depth than charted.	REMARKS

Latitudes and longitudes are positioned as follows: Longitude

TAUNCH 171	
808 Fathometer No. 5	7 7-44-7 0 - 0 - 1
	3 Initial O.5 reet
	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
-0.5 -1.0 -1.5	
	
	
11 August 1954	
A Range B Range Bar Rath. Corr. Fath. Corr. 12 12.0 0.0 14 14.0 000 16 16.1 -0.1	
12 12.0 0.0 Fath. Corr	
12 12.6 0.0 fath torr 14 14.0 000 16 16.1 -0.1	
20 20 0 0 0 0	
30 30.1 -0.1	
40 40.1 -0.1 37.3 £2.7 50 50.2 -0.2 47.3 £2.7	(Phase corr.)
50 50.2 -0.2 47.3 42.7 50 50.1 -0.1	
40 40.1 -0.1	
20 20.0 0.0 30 30.1 -0.1 40 40.1 -0.1 37.3 £2.7 50 50.2 -0.2 47.3 £2.7 50 50.1 -0.1 40 40.1 -0.1 30 30.0 0.0 20 20.0 0.0 16 15.9 £0.1	
16 15.9 70.1	
12 11 9 40 1	
40 40.1 -0.1 30 30.0 0.0 20 20.0 0.0 16 15.9 \(\)	
16 16.0 0.0	
20 20.0 0.0 30 30.0 0.0	
20 20.0 0.0 30 30.0 0.0 40 40.2 -0.2 50 50.0 0.0	3 1141 174



NORFOLK PROCESSING OFFICE ADDENDUM To Accompany

WIRE DRAG SURVEY H-8182WD (Wa-Hi-2153WD)

GENERAL

This appears to be an excellent wire drag survey, and other than the minor discrepancies listed below, a minimum amount of trouble was experienced during the smooth plot.

All drag strips were plotted on overlays before transfer to the smooth sheet. These are being forwarded for the convenience of the The greater portion of the verifiers.

overlays were not found in records.

DISCREPANCIES

90

Lat. 43-42.4'; Long. 69-36.1' The split on line 21 to 38E may be eliminated by drawing Nhto F straight as shown on the boat sh sheet. The smooth plot shows a reverse bight as indicated in the Reverse bight used. record. Split not eliminated.

Lat. 43-44.2'; Long. 69-36.5'

One additional foot of lift No. The tracchange was not applied.

was applied to line 18 to 270 to avoid showing a 33' clearance over This provided a 32'effective cleared depth. a 32' hang. A four foot swell was running at the time the hang was cleared. (See note on page 2, paragraph 1, in descriptive report).

Lat. 43-43.8' : Long. 69-35.9' Drag records show a hang at 52' (line 17 to 53G) and a clear at 55' (line 21 to 28E). The effective depth as shown on the smooth sheet differs from the Hydrographers' note on page 3, paragraph 2. The records show the effective depth to be 52' rather than the depths indirated in the note. Zero lift assumed in Section where

Norfolk, Va. 16 April 1959 hang occurred making effective depth 55 ft., cleared by 54 ft.
Respectfully, submitted.

Hugh L. Proffitt

Cartographer

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

M REPLY ADDRESS THE DIRECTOR
COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
AND HOT THE SIGNER OF THIS LETTER

22/MEK D-1-NK

1 August 1958

To:

Norfolk District Officer Coast and Geodetic Survey 102 West Olney Road Norfolk 10, Virginia

Subject: Photo-hydro stations

Photographs 7110 and 7111 have been discarded. We are, therefore, unable to furnish the positions of signals HIL, JEN and POL, as requested in your letter of 29 July 1958. It is quite probable that the boat-sheet positions were final and can be transferred to the smooth sheet.

Charles Pierce Rear Admiral, C&GS Assistant Director

cc. Chief, Nautical Chart Br., Chart Div.

FORM 197 (3-16-55) GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Survey No. H=8182W.D.

Name on Survey

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

H

K

CHAPT

A REP

A

Name on Survey	A	<u>/ B</u>	/ c	/ D	E	F	G	/ н	/ K	
Main e			(Ti	tle)					BGN	1
Gulf of Maine				11	ļ					2
Damariscove Island						_			BGN	3
Femaquid Neck				11						4
Femaquid Foint										5
										ε
			Names	appro	ved 6	-4-59				,
Tide Station off sheet					4.4	20V	,			8
Pemaquid Beach, Johns Ba	v									9
										10
										11
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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

Chart Division: R. H. Carstens

23 June 1959

Plane of reference approved in 8 volumes of SELECTIVE records for wire drag

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 8182

Locality Gulf of Maine, Maine

Chief of Party: E. B. Brown in 1953

Plane of reference is mean low water, reading

3.4 ft. on tide staff at Fort Point

14.5 ft. below B.M. 1 (1943)

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 8.8 feet

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Chief, Tides Branch

Millianth

Comm-DC 34330

Hydrographic Surveys (Chart Division)

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. . \$182 W.D.

Records	accompanying	survey:
---------	--------------	---------

Boat sheets . Z..; sounding vols. 2...; wire drag vols. 6...; bomb vols.; graphic recorder rolls 1-Envelope special reports, etc. 1-Smooth sheet, 1-A&D Sheet, 1-Descriptive report and 1-Roll, Drag Strip Overlays.

The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the sheet:

Number of positions on sheet		6/2
Number of positions checked		78.
Number of positions revised		
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)		5
Number of soundings erroneously spaced		•••••
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred		• • • • •
Topographic details	Time	
Junctions	Time	24.0
Verification of soundings from graphic record	Time	0,5

verification by Sale E. Waston Total time 78.0 hrs. Date 10/27/64 Reviewed by ... Dals E. Wisthrook Time 10.5 hrs Date 10/28/64

OFFICE OF CARTOGRAPHY

REVIEW SECTION -- NAUTICAL CHART DIVISION

REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO	D. H-8182 W.D.	FIELD NO. WA-HI-2153 W.D.

Maine, Gulf of Maine, Damariscove Island to Pemaquid Neck

SURVEYED: August--September 1953 SCALE: 1:20,000

PROJECT NO. CS-265

SOUNDINGS: 808 Depth Recorder CONTROL: Sextant Fixes on Shore Signals

Chief of PartyE. Surveyed byE.	В.	Brown
н.	J.	Seaborg
R.	A.	Parker
Protracted byW.	W.	Feaze1
Drag Strips Inked byW.	W.	Feazel
Verified byD.	Ε.	Westbrook
Reviewed byD.	Ε.	Westbrook
Inspected byR.	Η.	Carstens
. 0c	tob	er 28, 1964

A. Purpose of the Survey

The purpose of this wire-drag survey was to assure safe anchorage areas and passages thereto for deep draft vessels, and to determine the least depth within two feet of all previously located dangers, and of dangers which may be found in the progress of the survey.

B. Shoreline and Control

The shoreline originates with reviewed photogrammetric manuscripts T-5989 (1941-42); T-5990 (1941-42) and T-5991 (1941-42).

The source of the control is adequately described in the Descriptive Report.

C. Junctions with Wire-Drag Surveys

Adequate junctions were effected with H-6830 (1943) W.D. on the west; H-6983 (1944) W.D. and H-8181 (1953) W.D. on the north; and H-8465 (1953-55) W.D. on the northeast.

No surveys are available which join the present survey on the south and east.

D. Comparison with Hydrographic Surveys

H-1836 (1:40,000) 1888 H-6840 (1:10,000) 1943 H-6858 (1:20,000) 1943

The effective depths of the present wire-drag survey do not conflict with the depths on the above listed surveys

E. Comparison with Chart 314 (10th Ed., Rev. 11/11/63).

1. Hydrography

The charted hydrography originates with the previously discussed hydrographic surveys which require no further consideration.

This hydrography is supplemented by information from the unverified smooth sheet of the present wire-drag survey, and from Chart Letter No. 998 of 1953.

There are no conflicts between the charted information and the information shown on the present survey. However, when the present survey is fully applied, attention should be directed to several cleared depths which are charted slightly out of position. The positions of these cleared depths should be charted as shown on the present survey as for example the 39 foot cleared depth charted in Lat. 43°43.92', Long. 69°35.28'. Several soundings or groundings shown on the present survey are not charted.

2. Aids to Navigation

The present survey positions of aids to navigation are in substantial agreement with the charted positions and adequately mark the fatures intended.

F. Condition of Survey

1. Field Work

The field work was satisfactorily accomplished. Two split areas exist on the survey probably due to the inaccurate boat sheet plotting of the bights of the drag at the beginning of strips. These split areas, however, are not critical and do not adversely affect the quality of the survey.

2. Records

The information recorded in the volumes is adequate.

3. Descriptive Report

The Descriptive Report is complete and comprehensive.

4. Field Plotting

The field plotting was excellent.

G. Compliance with Instructions

The survey adequately complies with the Project Instructions.

H. Additional Field Work

This is considered to be an excellent wire-drag survey and no additional field work is recommended.

H-8182 - 4

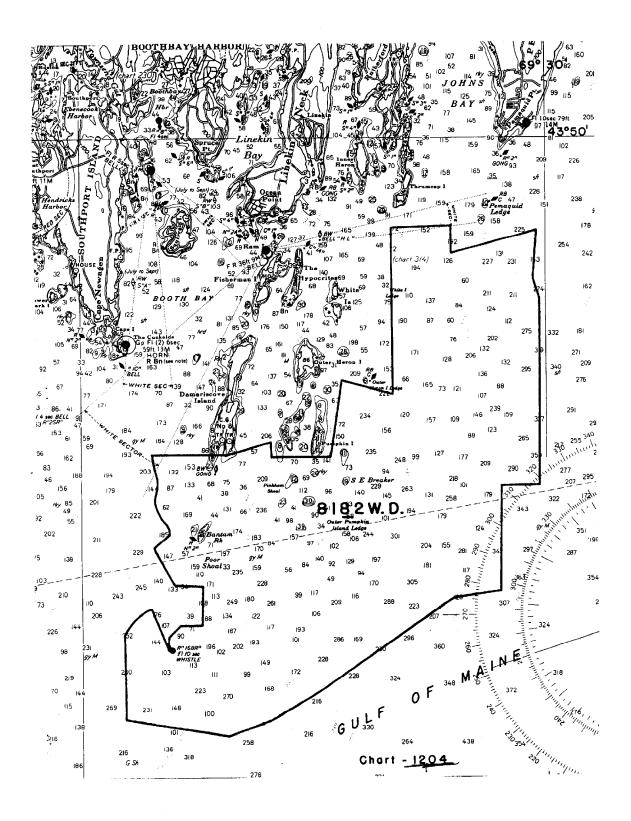
Examined and Approved:

hier, Marine Chart

Division

Jon a. Jour

Associate Director, Office of Hydrography and Oceanography



NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. H-8182 W.D.

Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
5/29/59	1204	J.T. Gallahan	Before Aften Verification and Review
8/4/59	3/4	N. W Burgoyne	Before Verification and Review in formation
8/8/59	70	gam	Before Verification and Review
10/23/59	1/3	m. Rogen	Before After Verification and Review - No Conscious 3110
12/14/59	1/06	Som	Before Men Verification and Review Revised Two Soundings.
8-7-65	314	Sand Keeler	Before After Verification and Review July applied
2/10/66	12.04	John file in	Before After Verification and Review Fully applied there (491 + 3/4 Lang 20
11/19/60	1106	Frank J. Paulat	Battle After Verification and Review Fully applied Thru Clart 1204
11/4/47	3/3	William N Mad	After Verification and Review applies
8-2-91	13293	Ken Forsten	Fully thru the 3/4 Before After Verification and Review Reapplied & recised soundings Dwey 39
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M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

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