

8210

Diag. Cht. Nos. 5402-2 and 5530-5.

Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic

Field No. WCSP-1256 Office No. H-8210

LOCALITY

State California

General locality South San Francisco Bay

Locality Mt. Eden Slough to Ravenswood

Point.

19A 56

CHIEF OF PARTY

H. G. Conerly

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE October 1956

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

REGISTER No. H-8210

Field No. WCSP-1256

State CALIFORNIA

General locality SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO BAY

Locality MT. EDEN SLOUGH TO RAVENSWOOD POINT
~~SOUTH OF SAN MARCO - HARVEY BRIDGE~~

Scale 1:10,000 Date of survey February - March 1956

Instructions dated 25 February 1954 - Supplemental 1 October 1955

Vessel Launch CS-160

Chief of party H. G. CONERLY

Surveyed by H. G. CONERLY

Soundings taken by fathometer, graphic recorder, ~~hand lead wire~~

Fathograms scaled by A. W. B.

Fathograms checked by K. E. T.

Protracted by C.D.U., R.D.F., M.D.C., L.C.H. & H.A.L. *officers*

Soundings penciled by C.D.U.

Soundings in ~~fathoms~~ feet at ~~MLLW~~ AND ARE TRUE DEPTHS

REMARKS:

785

NOTES FOR DESCRIPTIVE REPORT
TO ACCOMPANY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO. H-8210 - FIELD NO. WCSP 1256 ✓

SAN FRANCISCO BAY, CALIFORNIA

PROJECT 1256 ✓

SCALE: 1:10,000 ✓

WEST COAST SHORE PARTY: H. G. CONERLY, CHIEF OF PARTY ✓

SURVEYED BY: H. G. CONERLY, K. E. TAGGART ✓

PROJECT

This survey was executed in accordance with Director's instructions ✓
dated 25 February 1954 and supplemental instructions dated 1 October 1955. ✓
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SURVEY LIMITS AND DATES

The general locality of this survey is South San Francisco Bay. ✓
The survey covers an area which is bordered on the north by the San Mateo-
Hayward Bridge, and ~~H-8026~~ ^{H-8210-1356-1255-66} and extends southward to the Dumbarton Bridge
and Sheet WCSP 1356. ^(H-8210-1256) The area enclosed is bordered by the eastern shore
and Longitude $122^{\circ} 10'.0$ at the junction of H-8275 (1956) ✓

Field work commenced on 21 February 1956 and continued intermittently ✓
until 26 March 1956.

VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT

USC&GS Launch GS-160 was used for all sounding on this survey. Both ✓
types 808 J and Edo 255 graphic recording fathometers were used. The
808, no. 152 SPX, was calibrated to 800 fm/sec. and used a keel mounted
acoustic unit.

The Edo, no. 203, was calibrated to 800 fm/sec. and used an acoustic ✓
unit which was fish mounted at one foot below the water surface.

TIDE AND CURRENT STATIONS

Two tide stations were maintained for the purpose of obtaining tide ✓
reducers for this survey. They were located on the San Mateo-Hayward
and Dumbarton Bridges, California. See TIDE NOTE this report
↳ fatter
off sheet
↳ on fender piles

No current stations were observed. ✓

CROSSLINES

There are adequate crosslines to make comparisons on all ⁷ days of soundings. The crosslines are satisfactory. *See par 2 Review*

COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

In comparison to prior surveys the soundings on this sheet indicate that the general contour of the bottom has remained unchanged, however a comparative examination shows the water to be slightly deeper than the latest ~~earlier~~ ^{PRIOR} survey. *See Review*

COMPARISON WITH CHART

The soundings in this survey are found to be from 1/2 foot deeper in the shoaler waters, to 2 feet deeper in the channel, than those shown on the chart. *See Review*

DANGERS AND SHOALS

A single pile rising to approximately 6.0 feet above Mean High Water was located at Latitude $37^{\circ} 34'.45$, Longitude $122^{\circ} 09'.12$.

There is an old four-stack destroyer located at Latitude $37^{\circ} 33'.~~38~~$ Longitude $122^{\circ} 09'.40$. It was originally anchored at that position and apparently has been used as a machine gun practice target. It now rests on the bottom with the anchor still out and is approximately 20 feet above Mean High Water. *19-wk.*

AIDS TO NAVIGATION

One floating aid was located by the hydrographic party as follows: ✓

Buoy	Date Located	Depth	Latitude	Longitude
12	26 March 1956	33 ft.	$37^{\circ} 30'.86$	$122^{\circ} 07'.93$ ✓

LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS

No additional landmarks for charts are recommended. ✓

VELOCITY CORRECTIONS

Velocity corrections were determined from bar checks and pole comparisons during hydrographic operations. All soundings as plotted on the Boat Sheet have been corrected for echo velocity error. Copies of the abstract of echo corrections are appended to this report. ✓

CONTROL STATIONS

Triangulation control for signals was obtained from publication "Graphic Positions of Triangulation Stations, California Part VII, San Francisco and Vicinity"; from triangulation done by this party in 1955 and from computed theodolite fixes which are part of this report.

Photogrammetric locations of hydrographic signals were taken from manuscripts T-11072 and T-11074.

SHORELINE AND TOPOGRAPHY

The shoreline was transferred to the Boat Sheet from manuscripts T-11070, T-11072, T-11073, T-11074 and ~~T-11075~~ of 1952-53.

The detail of shoal area and snags which parallels the San Mateo Bridge was plotted from data gathered while driving along the bridge at a low tide. The snags and shoals were carefully located by a combination of angles and estimated distances. The heights of exposed shoals were reduced to MLLW according to our tide station on the San Mateo Bridge. Elevations of shoals are considered accurate and lateral error in estimated distances is within 20 meters. Final detail as plotted on the Boat Sheet is considered adequate for charting.

METHODS

Standard hydrographic methods were used throughout.

SOUNDINGS

Soundings were taken with an 808 J and Edo 255 type fathometers. Soundings were corrected by fathometer comparisons with standard bar checks and pole soundings. An abstract of corrections is part of this report and a separate fathometer report will be forwarded to the Director.

CONTROL OF HYDROGRAPHY

The position of the launch was fixed by sextant angles to previously located objects.

ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This survey is considered complete and adequate to supersede prior surveys for charting.

MISCELLANEOUS

The two mud groins on the east shore at approximate Latitude 37° 33'.15, as shown on the Boat Sheet, have been repaired but are covered at extreme high tides.

TABULATION OF APPLICABLE DATA

1. Tidal levels, marigrams forwarded to the Director; abstract of reducers appended to this report.
2. Field and office photographs to be forwarded to Director.
3. Photo manuscripts to be forwarded to Seattle Processing Office.
4. TRIANGULATION 1955, forwarded to Director and copy of G.P.'s. furnished Seattle Processing Office.
5. Fathograms forwarded to Seattle Processing Office.
6. Blueline prints forwarded to Seattle Processing Office.
7. Special fathometer report to be forwarded to Director, with abstract of corrections appended to this report.
8. Boat Sheet to be forwarded to Director for photographing then returned to this party, then to Seattle Processing Office.

Report Submitted

Kelly E. Taggart

Kelly E. Taggart
Ensign, USC&GS

Approved and Forwarded

Horace G. Conerly
Horace G. Conerly
Commander, USC&GS
OinC., West Coast Shore Party

APPROVAL SHEET

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY, REGISTRY NO. H 8210, FIELD NO. WCSP 1256 ✓

The field work on this sheet was under my close supervision ✓
and the records are approved.

Horace G. Conerly
Horace G. Conerly
Commander, USC&GS
OinC., West Coast
Shore Party

TIDE NOTE TO ACCOMPANY DESCRIPTIVE REPORT
OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

FIELD NO. WCSP 1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

WEST COAST SHORE PARTY

PROJECT 1256

Portable automatic tide gages were maintained on the San Mateo-Hayward Bridge, California, Latitude $37^{\circ} 35'.0$ N, Longitude $122^{\circ} 15'.0$ W and on the Dumbarton Bridge, California, Latitude $37^{\circ} 30'.4$ N, Longitude $122^{\circ} 07'.0$ W, to furnish tide reducers in this area. Mean Lower Low corresponds to a staff reading of 2.4 ft. at the San Mateo Bridge and 2.7 ft. at the Dumbarton Bridge.

San Mateo Bridge tide reducers were applied directly to soundings north of a line shown on the Boat Sheet in green, extending from Latitude $37^{\circ} 33'.0$ N, Longitude $122^{\circ} 13'.56$ W to Latitude $37^{\circ} 35'.71$ N, Longitude $122^{\circ} 08'.77$ W. This area is designated zone "A".

Dumbarton Bridge tide reducers were applied directly to soundings south of a line extending from Latitude $37^{\circ} 30'.29$ N, Longitude $122^{\circ} 09'.95$ W, to Latitude $37^{\circ} 34'.40$ N, Longitude $122^{\circ} 08'.77$ W. This area is designated zone "C".

In zone "B", the area south of the line defined in paragraph two and north of the line described in paragraph three, the tide reducers were obtained from a curve using the means of the highs and lows of the two operating gages and plotting them on the mean time difference. The intermediate heights were interpolated accordingly.

On some days when the San Mateo gage was not operating, reducers were taken from the Dumbarton gage using a range ratio of 0.95 and a minus 7.5 minute time difference for zone "B"; for zone "A" a range ratio of 0.90 and a minus 15 minutes were used.

STATISTICS FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

FIELD NO. WCSP-1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

Vol.No.	Day Letter	Date	H.L.Sdgs.	No.Pos.	Stat.Miles Sdg.
1	a	21 February	-	60	6.3
1	b	22 February	-	118	19.3
2 & 3	c	23 February	-	224	37.0
3	d	28 February	-	183	28.6
4	e	7 March	-	126	19.1
4 & 5	f	8 March	-	197	38.5
5 & 6	g	9 March	-	142	22.9
6 & 7	h	12 March	-	227	38.4
7 & 8	j	22 March	-	257	41.6
8	k	26 March	-	62	19.8
				<u>1,596</u>	<u>271.5</u>

Total area, square statute miles 15.5

ABSTRACT OF SMOOTH TIDE REDUCERS

TIDE GAGES AT DUMBARTON AND SAN MATEO BRIDGES

SHEET NO. WCSP 1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

21 February 1956
 "a" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct)

0900 - 0910	- 8.0
0918	- 7.8
0926	- 7.6
0934	- 7.4
0941	- 7.2
0948	- 7.0
0955	- 6.8
1002	- 6.6
1009	- 6.4
1016	- 6.2
1023	- 6.0
1029	- 5.8
1036	- 5.6
1042	- 5.4

22 February 1956
 "b" day Zone "B"
 .944 ft range ratio &
 minus 7.5^m time corr.
 to Dumbarton gage.

0850 - 0921	- 8.8
0938	- 8.6
0950	- 8.4
1000	- 8.2
1010	- 8.0
1018	- 7.8
1027	- 7.6
1034	- 7.4
1041	- 7.2
1048	- 7.0
1057	- 6.8
1104	- 6.6
1111	- 6.4
1117	- 6.2
1124	- 6.0
1130	- 5.8
1137	- 5.6
1143	- 5.4
1149	- 5.2
1156	- 5.0

22 February 1956
 "b" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct)

0807 - 0919	- 9.4
0936	- 9.2
0950	- 9.0
1002	- 8.8
1012	- 8.6
1020	- 8.4
1028	- 8.2
1036	- 8.0
1043	- 7.8
1050	- 7.6
1057	- 7.4
1104	- 7.2
1111	- 7.0
1117	- 6.8
1123	- 6.6
1129	- 6.4
1136	- 6.2
1142	- 6.0
1148	- 5.8
1154	- 5.6

23 February 1956
 "c" day Zone "A"
 (San Mateo Direct)

0903 - 1004	- 8.8
1024	- 8.6
1038	- 8.4
1049	- 8.2
1100	- 8.0

23 February 1956
 "c" day Zone "B"
 (Dumbarton San Mateo)

0916 - 1000	- 9.2
1026	- 9.0
1041	- 8.8
1053	- 8.6
1103	- 8.4
1112	- 8.2
1121	- 8.0
1129	- 7.8
1137	- 7.6
1144	- 7.4
1326 - 1332	- 3.8
1339	- 3.6
1345	- 3.4
1352	- 3.2
1400	- 3.0

"c" day (Continuation)

1400 - 1405	- 2.8
1433 - 1440	- 1.8
1448	- 1.6
1455	- 1.4
1504	- 1.2
1512	- 1.0
1520	- 0.8
1528	- 0.6
1537	- 0.4
1548	- 0.2
1556	0.0
1615	+0.2

23 February 1956
 "c" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct)

0850 - 0904	- 9.2
1029	- 9.4
1132 - 1139	- 8.0
1146	- 7.8
1153	- 7.6
1158	- 7.4
1204	- 7.2
1211	- 7.0
1217	- 6.8
1223	- 6.6
1228	- 6.4
1234	- 6.2
1240	- 6.0
1246	- 5.8
1251	- 5.6
1257	- 5.4
1302	- 5.2
1308	- 5.0
1316	- 4.8
1321	- 4.6
1328	- 4.4
1334	- 4.2
1400 - 1407	- 3.2
1413	- 3.0
1419	- 2.8
1426	- 2.6
1432	- 2.4
1438	- 2.2
1444	- 2.0
1516 - 1522	- 0.8
1528	- 0.6
1536	- 0.4
1545	- 0.2
1556	0.0

Continued

ABSTRACT OF SMOOTH TIDE REDUCERS

SHEET NO. WCSP 1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

28 February 1956
 "d" day Zone "A"
 Curve for San Mateo
 Bridge drawn by using
 .9 ft range ratio and
 -15^m time Correction
 from Dumbarton

1048 - 1055	- 3.8
1102	- 4.0
1109	- 4.2
1117	- 4.4
1125	- 4.6
1132	- 4.8
1140	- 5.0
1146	- 5.2
1153	- 5.4
1200	- 5.6
1208	- 5.8
1217	- 6.0
1225	- 6.2
1235	- 6.4
1245	- 6.6
1259	- 6.8
1315	- 7.0
1444	- 7.2
1513 - 1525	- 6.6
1536	- 6.4

28 February 1956
 "d" day "B" Zone
 Curve drawn between
 San Mateo & Dumbarton.

1332 - 1448	- 7.6
1506	- 7.4
1520	- 7.2
1531	- 7.0
1543	- 6.8
1553	- 6.6
1603	- 6.4

28 February 1956
 "d" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct)

1436 - 1500	- 8.0
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7 March 1956
 "e" day Zone "B"
 Curve drawn by
 applying .95 ft range
 ratio & minus 7.5^m
 time corr. to Dumbarton.

0800 - 0929	- 6.4
0948	- 6.2
1004	- 6.0
1016	- 5.8
1027	- 5.6
1036	- 5.4
1045	- 5.2
1055	- 5.0
1103	- 4.8
1112	- 4.6
1121	- 4.4
1130	- 4.2
1139	- 4.0
1148	- 3.8
1157	- 3.6
1205	- 3.4

7 March 1956
 "e" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct)

0800 - 0930	- 6.8
0952	- 6.6
1007	- 6.4
1018	- 6.2
1029	- 6.0
1038	- 5.8
1047	- 5.6
1055	- 5.4
1105	- 5.2
1114	- 5.0
1122	- 4.8
1131	- 4.6
1139	- 4.4
1148	- 4.2
1156	- 4.0
1205	- 3.8

8 March 1956
 "f" day Zone "B"
 Curve drawn by applying
 .95 ft range ratio and
 minus 7.5^m time corr.
 to Dumbarton.

0832 - 0903	- 6.8
0953	- 6.0
1025	- 6.8
1042	- 6.6

Continued

"f" day Continuation

1042 - 1057	- 6.4
1318 - 1326	- 2.8
1334	- 2.6
1341	- 2.4
1348	- 2.2
1356	- 2.0
1404	- 1.8
1413	- 1.6
1422	- 1.4
1432	- 1.2
1443	- 1.0

8 March 1956
 "f" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct)

0850 - 0922	- 7.2
1005	- 7.4
1030	- 7.2
1046	- 7.0
1100	- 6.8
1110	- 6.6
1120	- 6.4
1128	- 6.2
1136	- 6.0
1144	- 5.8
1152	- 5.6
1200	- 5.4
1208	- 5.2
1216	- 5.0
1224	- 4.8
1232	- 4.6
1240	- 4.4
1247	- 4.2
1255	- 4.0
1303	- 3.8
1311	- 3.6
1318	- 3.4
1325	- 3.2
1332	- 3.0
1400 - 1407	- 2.0
1416	- 1.8
1425	- 1.6

ABSTRACT OF SMOOTH TIDE REDUCERS

SHEET NO. WCSP 1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

Continuation

9 March 1956		"h" day(Continuation)	22 March 1956	
"g" day Zone "B"		1139 - 1304 - 7.4 ✓	"j" day Zone "B"	
Curve drawn by applying		1318 - 7.2 ✓	Curve drawn by applying	
.95 ft. range ratio and		1331 - 7.0 ✓	.95 ft range ratio and	
minus 7.5 ^m time corr.		1341 - 6.8 ✓	minus 7.5 ^m time corr.	
from Dumbarton.		1351 - 6.6 ✓	to Dumbarton Bridge. ✓	
0848 - 0904	- 6.8 ✓	1400 - 6.4 ✓	0800 - 0912	- 8.0 ✓
0922	- 7.0 ✓	1408 - 6.2 ✓	0930	- 7.8 ✓
0948	- 7.2 ✓	1417 - 6.0 ✓	0945	- 7.6 ✓
1040	- 7.4 ✓	1425 - 5.8 ✓	0956	- 7.4 ✓
1100	- 7.2 ✓	1432 - 5.6 ✓	1005	- 7.2 ✓
1114	- 7.0 ✓	1439 - 5.4 ✓	1013	- 7.0 ✓
1125	- 6.8 ✓	1446 - 5.2 ✓	1022	- 6.8 ✓
1136	- 6.6 ✓	1454 - 5.0 ✓	1029	- 6.6 ✓
1146	- 6.4 ✓	1500 - 4.8 ✓	1036	- 6.4 ✓
1157	- 6.2 ✓	1507 - 4.6 ✓	1043	- 6.2 ✓
1204 - 1213	- 5.8 ✓	1515 - 4.4 ✓	1050	- 6.0 ✓
1220	- 5.6 ✓	1522 - 4.2 ✓	1057	- 5.8 ✓
1228	- 5.4 ✓	1529 - 4.0 ✓	1103	- 5.6 ✓
1235	- 5.2 ✓	1536 - 3.8 ✓	1111	- 5.4 ✓
1242	- 5.0 ✓	1543 - 3.6 ✓	1118	- 5.2 ✓
			1125	- 5.0 ✓
			1132	- 4.8 ✓
			1139	- 4.6 ✓
			1146	- 4.4 ✓
			1153	- 4.2 ✓
			1159	- 4.0 ✓
			1206	- 3.8 ✓
			1213	- 3.6 ✓
			1220	- 3.4 ✓
			1226	- 3.2 ✓
			1233	- 3.0 ✓
			1240	- 2.8 ✓
			1247	- 2.6 ✓
			1253	- 2.4 ✓
			1300	- 2.2 ✓
			1307	- 2.0 ✓
			1315	- 1.8 ✓
			1322	- 1.6 ✓
			1330	- 1.4 ✓
			1337	- 1.2 ✓
			1345	- 1.0 ✓
			1353	- 0.8 ✓
			1402	- 0.6 ✓
			1410	- 0.4 ✓
			1419	- 0.2 ✓
			1430	0.0 ✓
			1442	+ 0.2 ✓
			1500	+ 0.4 ✓
			1539	+ 0.6 ✓
			1600	+ 0.4 ✓
			1611	+ 0.2 ✓
9 March 1956		12 March 1956		
"g" day Zone "C"		"h" day Zone "C"		
(Dumbarton Direct)-		(Dumbarton Direct) ✓		
0846 - 0900	- 7.0 ✓	0910 - 0916	- 4.2 ✓	
0915	- 7.2 ✓	0923	- 4.4 ✓	
1000 - 1045	- 7.8 ✓	0930	- 4.6 ✓	
1142 - 1152	- 6.8 ✓	1046 - 1055	- 6.8 ✓	
1200	- 6.6 ✓	1105	- 7.0 ✓	
1207	- 6.4 ✓	1117	- 7.2 ✓	
		1147 - 1310	- 7.8 ✓	
		1325	- 7.6 ✓	
		1336	- 7.4 ✓	
		1442 - 1449	- 5.6 ✓	
		1457	- 5.4 ✓	
		1504	- 5.2 ✓	
12 March 1956				
"h" day Zone "B"				
Curve drawn by applying				
.95 ft ft range ratio &				
minus 7.5 ^m time corr.				
to Dumbarton Bridge. ✓				
0920 - 0927	- 4.4 ✓			
0934	- 4.6 ✓			
0942	- 4.8 ✓			
0949	- 5.0 ✓			
0953	- 5.2 ✓			
1002	- 5.4 ✓			
1010	- 5.6 ✓			
1018	- 5.8 ✓			
1027	- 6.0 ✓			
1035	- 6.2 ✓			
1045	- 6.4 ✓			
1055	- 6.6 ✓			
1108 - 1122	- 7.0 ✓			
1139	- 7.2 ✓			

Continued

ABSTRACT OF SMOOTH TIDE REDUCERS

SHEET NO. WCSP 1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

Continuation

22 March 1956
 "j" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct) ✓

0919 - 0939	- 8.2	✓
0953	- 8.0	✓
1035 - 1042	- 6.8	✓
1048	- 6.6	✓
1500 - 1544	+ 0.6	✓

26 March 1956
 "k" day Zone "B"
 Curve drawn by applying
 .95 ft range ratio and
 minus 7.5^m time corr.
 to Dumbarton Bridge. ✓

0900 - 0907	- 3.2	✓
0914	- 3.4	✓
0921	- 3.6	✓
0928	- 3.8	✓
0935	- 4.0	✓

26 March 1956
 "k" day Zone "C"
 (Dumbarton Direct) ✓

0928 - 0935	- 4.0	✓
0942	- 4.2	✓
0949	- 4.4	✓
0956	- 4.6	✓
1003	- 4.8	✓
1010	- 5.0	✓
1016	- 5.2	✓
1022	- 5.4	✓
1029	- 5.6	✓
1035	- 5.8	✓
1042	- 6.0	✓
1048	- 6.2	✓
1056	- 6.4	✓

COMBINED CORRECTIONS FOR

FATHOMETER 152 SPX

AS USED IN LAUNCH CS 160

SEASON 1956

"A" Scale		"B" Scale	
Fathometer Reading	Corr'n.	Fathometer Reading	Corr'n.
3.5 - 6.6	- 0.6		
19.0	- 0.5		
30.9	- 0.4	30.0	+ 0.5
42.9	- 0.3	42.0	+ 0.6
61.0	- 0.2	60.1	+ 0.7

COMBINED CORRECTIONS FOR EDO PATHOMETER #203

AS USED IN LAUNCH CS 160 - SEASON 1956

Reading In Feet	Frequency in cycles per second												
	61.00	60.75	60.50	60.25	60.00	59.75	59.50	59.25	59.00	58.75	58.50	58.25	58.00
A Scale													
8.0	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3
12.2	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
16.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	+0.1	+0.1	+0.2
20.6	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	0.0	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.3	+0.4
24.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.4	+0.5	+0.6	+0.7
29.0	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.4	+0.6	+0.7	+0.9	+1.1
33.0	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	0.0	+0.1	+0.2	+0.4	+0.5	+0.6	+0.8	+0.9	+1.1	+1.4
37.2	-0.4	-0.2	-0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.5	+0.6	+0.8	+1.0	+1.1	+1.3	+1.6
41.5	-0.4	-0.2	0.0	+0.1	+0.3	+0.5	+0.6	+0.8	+0.9	+1.1	+1.3	+1.5	+1.9
45.6	-0.3	-0.1	0.0	+0.2	+0.4	+0.6	+0.8	+0.9	+1.1	+1.3	+1.5	+1.7	+2.1
49.8	-0.3	0.1	+0.1	+0.3	+0.5	+0.7	+0.9	+1.1	+1.3	+1.5	+1.7	+1.9	+2.3
54.0	-0.3	0.0	+0.2	+0.4	+0.6	+0.8	+1.0	+1.2	+1.5	+1.7	+1.9	+2.1	+2.3
58.0	-0.2	0.0	+0.2	+0.5	+0.7	+0.9	+1.2	+1.4	+1.6	+1.9	+2.1	+2.3	+2.6

LIST OF SIGNALS USED

ON SHEET WCSP 1256 - REGISTRY NO. H-8210

Name Used on Sheet	Origin of Signal
ATE	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 8, 1955.
BAT	T-11074.
BEND	SOUTH OF RAVENSWOOD SLOUGH BEND, TRANSMISSION TOWER, 1931.
BIG	T-11072.
CENTER	T-11073.
CREEK	SOUTH SIDE OF REDWOOD CREEK, TRANSMISSION TOWER, 1931.
DAD	T-11072.
DIK	Computed three point fix. See this sheet report.
DON	T-11074.
DOS	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 2, 1955.
DRY	T-11074.
EAST	DUMBARTON HIGHWAY BRIDGE, EAST TOWER, 1931.
EVA	T-11072.
FOR	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 4, 1955.
GAB	SMALL HOUSE, END OF PIPE LINE, WEST GABLE, 1931. <i>on T-11075</i>
HOE	T-11072.
ION	BEND OF RAVENSWOOD SLOUGH, TALLER TRANSMISSION TOWER, 1931.
IRB	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 3, 1955.
IVE	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 5, 1955.
KEL	Computed three point fix. See this sheet report.
LIGHT	DUMBARTON DRAW BRIDGE LIGHT, 1925. <i>on T-11075</i>
MUD	Computed three point fix. See this sheet report.
NOR	T-11073.
OUT	T-11072.

CONTINUATION
LIST OF SIGNALS USED

✓

Name Used on Sheet	Origin of Signal
RAG	T-11072.
RAV	SOUTH OF RAVENSWOOD SLOUGH, TALL TRANSMISSION TOWER, 1931.
SAL	T-11072.
SET	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 6, 1955.
SIDE	RAVENSWOOD SLOUGH, NORTH SIDE, TALL TRANSMISSION TOWER, 1931.
SOUTH	T-11073.
TAP	T-11072.
UNO	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 1, 1955.
VEN	TRANSMISSION TOWER NO. 7, 1955.
WAY	T-11072.
WEST	DUMBARTON HIGHWAY BRIDGE, WEST TOWER, 1931.
ZOO	T-11074.

copy ✓ 2/2/55

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

Comp KET

$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m} \quad \text{kel}$$

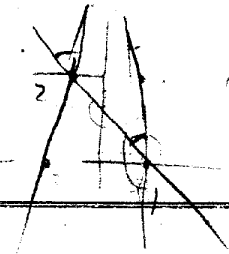
$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION					
1. ϕ	37	33	14.065	Red Hill Top	122	05	36.907 ✓
2. ϕ'	37	36	51.733	TRB Tower	122	09	40.996 ✓
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$		+ 03	37.668 ✓			+ 04	04.089 ✓
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$		01	48.834 ✓			02	02.044 ✓
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37	35	02.899 ✓				
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)		+ 217.668 ✓				+ 244.089 ✓	
$\log \Delta\phi$		2.3377946 ✓	7756 161	$\log \Delta\lambda$		2.3875482 ✓	5322 157
cor. arc-sin		-		cor. arc-sin		-	
$\log \Delta\phi_1$		2.3377946 ✓		$\log \Delta\lambda_1$		2.3875482 ✓	
$\log \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$				$\log \cos \phi_m$		9.8989766 ✓	9.8989765
$\text{colog } B_m$		1.4889662 ✓		$\text{colog } A_m$		1.4908209 ✓	
$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$		3.8267608 ✓	(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	$\log \left\{ s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$		3.7773457 ✓	
$\log \Delta\lambda$		2.3875482 ✓	3 log $\Delta\lambda$	$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$		3.8267608 ✓	
$\log \sin \phi_m$		9.7852771 ✓	log F	$\log \tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$		9.9505849 ✓	
$\log \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$			log b	$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$		138 15	09.45 ✓
$\log a$		2.1728253 ✓		$\log \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$		9.8233748 ✓	
a		148.88 ✓		$\log \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$		9.8727899 ✓	
b				$\log s_1$		3.9539709 ✓	
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)		148.88 ✓		cor. arc-sin		3.9539709 ✓	
$\frac{-\Delta\alpha}{2}$		74.44 ✓		$\log s$		3.9539709 ✓	
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$		138 15	09.45 ✓			8994.87	
α (1 to 2)		138	16 23.89 ✓				
$\Delta\alpha$		02	28.88 ✓				
		180					
α' (2 to 1)		318	13 55.01 ✓				

* Use the table on the back of this form for correction of arc to sin.



NOTE.—For $\log s$ up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed (in whole or in part) in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

log s_1	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	log $\Delta\phi$ or log $\Delta\lambda$	log s_1	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	log $\Delta\phi$ or log $\Delta\lambda$	log s_1	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	log $\Delta\phi$ or log $\Delta\lambda$
4. 177	1	2. 686	5. 223	124	3. 732	5. 525	497	4. 034
4. 327	2	2. 836	5. 234	130	3. 743	5. 530	508	4. 039
4. 415	3	2. 924	5. 243	136	3. 752	5. 534	519	4. 043
4. 478	4	2. 987	5. 253	142	3. 762	5. 539	530	4. 048
4. 526	5	3. 035	5. 260	147	3. 769	5. 543	541	4. 052
4. 566	6	3. 075	5. 269	153	3. 778	5. 548	553	4. 057
4. 599	7	3. 108	5. 279	160	3. 788	5. 553	565	4. 062
4. 628	8	3. 137	5. 287	166	3. 796	5. 557	577	4. 066
4. 654	9	3. 163	5. 294	172	3. 803	5. 561	588	4. 070
4. 677	10	3. 186	5. 303	179	3. 812	5. 566	600	4. 075
4. 697	11	3. 206	5. 311	186	3. 820	5. 570	613	4. 079
4. 716	12	3. 225	5. 318	192	3. 827	5. 575	625	4. 084
4. 734	13	3. 243	5. 326	199	3. 835	5. 579	637	4. 088
4. 750	14	3. 259	5. 334	206	3. 843	5. 583	650	4. 092
4. 765	15	3. 274	5. 341	213	3. 850	5. 587	663	4. 096
4. 779	16	3. 288	5. 349	221	3. 858	5. 591	674	4. 100
4. 792	17	3. 301	5. 356	228	3. 865	5. 595	687	4. 104
4. 804	18	3. 313	5. 363	236	3. 872	5. 600	702	4. 109
4. 827	20	3. 336	5. 369	243	3. 878	5. 604	716	4. 113
4. 857	23	3. 366	5. 376	251	3. 885	5. 608	729	4. 117
4. 876	25	3. 385	5. 383	259	3. 892	5. 612	743	4. 121
4. 892	27	3. 401	5. 390	267	3. 899	5. 616	757	4. 125
4. 915	30	3. 424	5. 396	275	3. 905	5. 620	771	4. 129
4. 936	33	3. 445	5. 403	284	3. 912	5. 624	785	4. 133
4. 955	36	3. 464	5. 409	292	3. 918	5. 628	800	4. 137
4. 972	39	3. 481	5. 415	300	3. 924	5. 632	814	4. 141
4. 988	42	3. 497	5. 422	309	3. 931	5. 636	829	4. 145
5. 003	45	3. 512	5. 428	318	3. 937	5. 640	845	4. 149
5. 017	48	3. 526	5. 434	327	3. 943	5. 644	861	4. 153
5. 035	52	3. 544	5. 440	336	3. 949	5. 648	877	4. 157
5. 051	56	3. 560	5. 446	345	3. 955	5. 652	893	4. 161
5. 062	59	3. 571	5. 451	354	3. 960	5. 656	909	4. 165
5. 076	63	3. 585	5. 457	364	3. 966	5. 660	925	4. 169
5. 090	67	3. 599	5. 462	373	3. 971	5. 663	941	4. 172
5. 102	71	3. 611	5. 468	383	3. 977	5. 667	957	4. 176
5. 114	75	3. 623	5. 473	392	3. 982	5. 671	973	4. 180
5. 128	80	3. 637	5. 479	402	3. 988	5. 674	989	4. 183
5. 139	84	3. 648	5. 484	412	3. 993	5. 678	1005	4. 187
5. 151	89	3. 660	5. 489	422	3. 998			
5. 163	94	3. 672	5. 495	433	4. 004			
5. 172	98	3. 681	5. 500	443	4. 009			
5. 183	103	3. 692	5. 505	453	4. 014			
5. 193	108	3. 702	5. 510	464	4. 019			
5. 205	114	3. 714	5. 515	474	4. 024			
5. 214	119	3. 723	5. 520	486	4. 029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

Comp KET
KET

17
27

$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

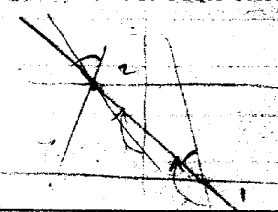
$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

Kel

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION							
1. ϕ	37	30	20.072	Dumbarton West	λ	122	07	03.080	
2. ϕ'	37	36	51.733	IRE	λ'	122	09	40.996	
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$		+ 06	31.661				+ 02	37.916	
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$			03	15.830				01	18.958
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37	33	35.902						
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)		+ 391.661			$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)		+ 157.916		
$\log \Delta\phi$		2.5929103			$\log \Delta\lambda$		2.1984261		
cor. arc - sin		-			cor. arc - sin		-		
$\log \Delta\phi_1$		2.5929103			$\log \Delta\lambda_1$		2.1984261		
$\log \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$					$\log \cos \phi_m$		9.8991174		
$\text{colog } B_m$		1.4889643			$\text{colog } A_m$		1.4968203		
$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$		4.0818746		(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	$\log \left\{ s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$		3.5883638		
$\log \Delta\lambda$		2.1984261		$3 \log \Delta\lambda$	$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$		4.0818746		
$\log \sin \phi_m$		9.7850389		$\log F$	$\log \tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$		9.5064892		
$\log \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$				$\log b$	$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$		162	12	14.30
$\log a$		1.9834650			$\log \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$		9.4851949		
a		96.26			$\log \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$		9.9787056		
b					$\log s_1$		4.1031689		
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)		- 96.26			cor. arc - sin		+		
$\frac{-\Delta\alpha}{2}$		- 48.13			$\log s$		4.1031689		
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$					S =		1268145		
α (1 to 2)	162	12	14.30						
$\Delta\alpha$		+ 01	36.26						
α' (2 to 1)	342	12	26.17						

* Use the table on the back of this form for correction of arc to sin.



Note - For log s up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed in whole or in part in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$
4. 177	1	2. 686	5. 223	124	3. 732	5. 525	497	4. 034
4. 327	2	2. 836	5. 234	130	3. 743	5. 530	508	4. 039
4. 415	3	2. 924	5. 243	136	3. 752	5. 534	519	4. 043
4. 478	4	2. 987	5. 253	142	3. 762	5. 539	530	4. 048
4. 526	5	3. 035	5. 260	147	3. 769	5. 543	541	4. 052
4. 566	6	3. 075	5. 269	153	3. 778	5. 548	553	4. 057
4. 599	7	3. 108	5. 279	160	3. 788	5. 553	565	4. 062
4. 628	8	3. 137	5. 287	166	3. 796	5. 557	577	4. 066
4. 654	9	3. 163	5. 294	172	3. 803	5. 561	588	4. 070
4. 677	10	3. 186	5. 303	179	3. 812	5. 566	600	4. 075
4. 697	11	3. 206	5. 311	186	3. 820	5. 570	613	4. 079
4. 716	12	3. 225	5. 318	192	3. 827	5. 575	625	4. 084
4. 734	13	3. 243	5. 326	199	3. 835	5. 579	637	4. 088
4. 750	14	3. 259	5. 334	206	3. 843	5. 583	650	4. 092
4. 765	15	3. 274	5. 341	213	3. 850	5. 587	663	4. 096
4. 779	16	3. 288	5. 349	221	3. 858	5. 591	674	4. 100
4. 792	17	3. 301	5. 356	228	3. 865	5. 595	687	4. 104
4. 804	18	3. 313	5. 363	236	3. 872	5. 600	702	4. 109
4. 827	20	3. 336	5. 369	243	3. 878	5. 604	716	4. 113
4. 857	23	3. 366	5. 376	251	3. 885	5. 608	729	4. 117
4. 876	25	3. 385	5. 383	259	3. 892	5. 612	743	4. 121
4. 892	27	3. 401	5. 390	267	3. 899	5. 616	757	4. 125
4. 915	30	3. 424	5. 396	275	3. 905	5. 620	771	4. 129
4. 936	33	3. 445	5. 403	284	3. 912	5. 624	785	4. 133
4. 955	36	3. 464	5. 409	292	3. 918	5. 628	800	4. 137
4. 972	39	3. 481	5. 415	300	3. 924	5. 632	814	4. 141
4. 988	42	3. 497	5. 422	309	3. 931	5. 636	829	4. 145
5. 003	45	3. 512	5. 428	318	3. 937	5. 640	845	4. 149
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5. 051	56	3. 560	5. 446	345	3. 955	5. 652	893	4. 161
5. 062	59	3. 571	5. 451	354	3. 960	5. 656	909	4. 165
5. 076	63	3. 585	5. 457	364	3. 966	5. 660	925	4. 169
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5. 102	71	3. 611	5. 468	383	3. 977	5. 667	957	4. 176
5. 114	75	3. 623	5. 473	392	3. 982	5. 671	973	4. 180
5. 128	80	3. 637	5. 479	402	3. 988	5. 674	989	4. 183
5. 139	84	3. 648	5. 484	412	3. 993	5. 678	1005	4. 187
5. 151	89	3. 660	5. 489	422	3. 998			
5. 163	94	3. 672	5. 495	433	4. 004			
5. 172	98	3. 681	5. 500	443	4. 009			
5. 183	103	3. 692	5. 505	453	4. 014			
5. 193	108	3. 702	5. 510	464	4. 019			
5. 205	114	3. 714	5. 515	474	4. 024			
5. 214	119	3. 723	5. 520	486	4. 029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

Comp K&V

$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

DIK.

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION					
1. ϕ	37° 33'	14.065	Red Hill Top	λ	122° 05'	36.907 ✓	
2. ϕ'	37° 30'	20.072	Dumbarton West	λ'	122° 07'	03.080 ✓	
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$	- 02'	53.993 ✓		$\Delta\lambda (= \lambda' - \lambda)$	+ 01'	26.173 ✓	
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$	- 01'	26.996 ✓		$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$	00'	43.086 ✓	
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37° 31'	47.068 ✓					
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)	- 173.993 ✓			$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)	+ 86.173 ✓		
$\log \Delta\phi$	2.2405348 ✓			$\log \Delta\lambda$	1.9353712 ✓		
cor. arc - sin	-			cor. arc - sin	-		
$\log \Delta\phi_1$	2.2405318 ✓			$\log \Delta\lambda_1$	1.9353712 ✓		
$\log \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$				$\log \cos \phi_m$	9.8992935		
$\text{colog } B_m$	1.4889622 ✓			$\text{colog } A_m$	1.4908195 ✓		
$\log \left[s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right]$	3.7294940 ✓	(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)		$\log \left[s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right]$	3.3254842 ✓		
				$\log \left[s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right]$	3.7294940 ✓		
$\log \Delta\lambda$	1.9353712 ✓	$3 \log \Delta\lambda$		$\log \tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.5959902 ✓		
$\log \sin \phi_m$	9.7847408 ✓	$\log F$		$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	21° 31'	36.0 ✓	
$\log \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$		$\log b$		$\log \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.5645882		
$\log a$	1.7201120 ✓			$\log \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.9685982		
a	52.49 ✓			$\log s_1$	3.7608960 ✓	66	
b				cor. arc - sin	3.7608955 ✓	8	
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)	- 52.49 ✓			$\log s$	3.7608960 ✓		
	- 26.24 ✓			S =	57.6629		
	+ 00 + 26.24 ✓						
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	21° 31'	36.0					
α (1 to 2)	21° 32'	02.2 ✓					
$\Delta\alpha$	-	52.49 ✓					
	180						
α' (2 to 1)	201° 31'	09.7 ✓					

* Use the table on the back of this form for correction of arc to sin.

Note: For $\log s$ up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed in heavy type or in part in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$
4. 177	1	2. 686	5. 223	124	3. 732	5. 525	497	4. 034
4. 327	2	2. 836	5. 234	130	3. 743	5. 530	508	4. 039
4. 415	3	2. 924	5. 243	136	3. 752	5. 534	519	4. 043
4. 478	4	2. 987	5. 253	142	3. 762	5. 539	530	4. 048
4. 526	5	3. 035	5. 260	147	3. 769	5. 543	541	4. 052
4. 566	6	3. 075	5. 269	153	3. 778	5. 548	553	4. 057
4. 599	7	3. 108	5. 279	160	3. 788	5. 553	565	4. 062
4. 628	8	3. 137	5. 287	166	3. 796	5. 557	577	4. 066
4. 654	9	3. 163	5. 294	172	3. 803	5. 561	588	4. 070
4. 677	10	3. 186	5. 303	179	3. 812	5. 566	600	4. 075
4. 697	11	3. 206	5. 311	186	3. 820	5. 570	613	4. 079
4. 716	12	3. 225	5. 318	192	3. 827	5. 575	625	4. 084
4. 734	13	3. 243	5. 326	199	3. 835	5. 579	637	4. 088
4. 750	14	3. 259	5. 334	206	3. 843	5. 583	650	4. 092
4. 765	15	3. 274	5. 341	213	3. 850	5. 587	663	4. 096
4. 779	16	3. 288	5. 349	221	3. 858	5. 591	674	4. 100
4. 792	17	3. 301	5. 356	228	3. 865	5. 595	687	4. 104
4. 804	18	3. 313	5. 363	236	3. 872	5. 600	702	4. 109
4. 827	20	3. 336	5. 369	243	3. 878	5. 604	716	4. 113
4. 857	23	3. 366	5. 376	251	3. 885	5. 608	729	4. 117
4. 876	25	3. 385	5. 383	259	3. 892	5. 612	743	4. 121
4. 892	27	3. 401	5. 390	267	3. 899	5. 616	757	4. 125
4. 915	30	3. 424	5. 396	275	3. 905	5. 620	771	4. 129
4. 936	33	3. 445	5. 403	284	3. 912	5. 624	785	4. 133
4. 955	36	3. 464	5. 409	292	3. 918	5. 628	800	4. 137
4. 972	39	3. 481	5. 415	300	3. 924	5. 632	814	4. 141
4. 988	42	3. 497	5. 422	309	3. 931	5. 636	829	4. 145
5. 003	45	3. 512	5. 428	318	3. 937	5. 640	845	4. 149
5. 017	48	3. 526	5. 434	327	3. 943	5. 644	861	4. 153
5. 035	52	3. 544	5. 440	336	3. 949	5. 648	877	4. 157
5. 051	56	3. 560	5. 446	345	3. 955	5. 652	893	4. 161
5. 062	59	3. 571	5. 451	354	3. 960	5. 656	909	4. 165
5. 076	63	3. 585	5. 457	364	3. 966	5. 660	925	4. 169
5. 090	67	3. 599	5. 462	373	3. 971	5. 663	941	4. 172
5. 102	71	3. 611	5. 468	383	3. 977	5. 667	957	4. 176
5. 114	75	3. 623	5. 473	392	3. 982	5. 671	973	4. 180
5. 128	80	3. 637	5. 479	402	3. 988	5. 674	989	4. 183
5. 139	84	3. 648	5. 484	412	3. 993	5. 678	1005	4. 187
5. 151	89	3. 660	5. 489	422	3. 998			
5. 163	94	3. 672	5. 495	433	4. 004			
5. 172	98	3. 681	5. 500	443	4. 009			
5. 183	103	3. 692	5. 505	453	4. 014			
5. 193	108	3. 702	5. 510	464	4. 019			
5. 205	114	3. 714	5. 515	474	4. 024			
5. 214	119	3. 723	5. 520	486	4. 029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

Comp-KET

$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m} \quad \text{D I K}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log a +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION					
1. ϕ	37° 30' 20.072	Dumbarton West	λ	122° 07' 03.080	+		
2. ϕ'	37° 36' 38.519	IVE do. S. st	λ'	122° 10' 25.980	+		
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$	+ 06' 18.447		$\Delta\lambda (= \lambda' - \lambda)$	+ 03' 22.400			
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$	03' 09.223		$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$	01' 41.200			
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37° 33' 29.5			12			
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)	+378.447		$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)	+202.400			
log $\Delta\phi$	2.5780050		log $\Delta\lambda$	2.3062105			
cor. arc - sin	-7		cor. arc - sin	-			
log $\Delta\phi_1$	2.5780050		log $\Delta\lambda_1$	2.3062105			
log $\cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$			log $\cos \phi_m$	9.8991281			
colog B_m	1.4889643		colog A_m	1.4908202			
log $s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	4.0669693	(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	log $s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	3.6961588			
log $\Delta\lambda$	2.3062105		log $s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	4.0669693			
log $\sin \phi_m$	9.7850208		log $\tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.6291895			
log $\sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$			$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	156 - 56 - 14.3			
log a	2.0912313		log $\sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.5932107			
a	12338		log $\cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.9638214			
b			log s_1	4.1031489			
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)	+ - 123.38		cor. arc - sin	+ 14.79			
$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	+ 61.69		log s	4.1035481			
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	156 56 - 14.3		S =	12685133			
α (1 to 2)	156 57 21.36						
$\Delta\alpha$	+ 02 03.38						
180							
α' (2 to 1)	336 53 09.6						

* Use the table on the back of this form for correction of arc to sin.

Note: For log s up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed in whole or in part in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$
4. 177	1	2. 686	5. 223	124	3. 732	5. 525	497	4. 034
4. 327	2	2. 836	5. 234	130	3. 743	5. 530	508	4. 039
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4. 526	5	3. 035	5. 260	147	3. 769	5. 543	541	4. 052
4. 566	6	3. 075	5. 269	153	3. 778	5. 548	553	4. 057
4. 599	7	3. 108	5. 279	160	3. 788	5. 553	565	4. 062
4. 628	8	3. 137	5. 287	166	3. 796	5. 557	577	4. 066
4. 654	9	3. 163	5. 294	172	3. 803	5. 561	588	4. 070
4. 677	10	3. 186	5. 303	179	3. 812	5. 566	600	4. 075
4. 697	11	3. 206	5. 311	186	3. 820	5. 570	613	4. 079
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4. 779	16	3. 288	5. 349	221	3. 858	5. 591	674	4. 100
4. 792	17	3. 301	5. 356	228	3. 865	5. 595	687	4. 104
4. 804	18	3. 313	5. 363	236	3. 872	5. 600	702	4. 109
4. 827	20	3. 336	5. 369	243	3. 878	5. 604	716	4. 113
4. 857	23	3. 366	5. 376	251	3. 885	5. 608	729	4. 117
4. 876	25	3. 385	5. 383	259	3. 892	5. 612	743	4. 121
4. 892	27	3. 401	5. 390	267	3. 899	5. 616	757	4. 125
4. 915	30	3. 424	5. 396	275	3. 905	5. 620	771	4. 129
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4. 955	36	3. 464	5. 409	292	3. 918	5. 628	800	4. 137
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5. 003	45	3. 512	5. 428	318	3. 937	5. 640	845	4. 149
5. 017	48	3. 526	5. 434	327	3. 943	5. 644	861	4. 153
5. 035	52	3. 544	5. 440	336	3. 949	5. 648	877	4. 157
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5. 062	59	3. 571	5. 451	354	3. 960	5. 656	909	4. 165
5. 076	63	3. 585	5. 457	364	3. 966	5. 660	925	4. 169
5. 090	67	3. 599	5. 462	373	3. 971	5. 663	941	4. 172
5. 102	71	3. 611	5. 468	383	3. 977	5. 667	957	4. 176
5. 114	75	3. 623	5. 473	392	3. 982	5. 671	973	4. 180
5. 128	80	3. 637	5. 479	402	3. 988	5. 674	989	4. 183
5. 139	84	3. 648	5. 484	412	3. 993	5. 678	1005	4. 187
5. 151	89	3. 660	5. 489	422	3. 998			
5. 163	94	3. 672	5. 495	433	4. 004			
5. 172	98	3. 681	5. 500	443	4. 009			
5. 183	103	3. 692	5. 505	453	4. 014			
5. 193	108	3. 702	5. 510	464	4. 019			
5. 205	114	3. 714	5. 515	474	4. 024			
5. 214	119	3. 723	5. 520	486	4. 029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

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$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION					
1. ϕ	37° 33' 14.065	Red Hill Top	λ	122° 05' 36.907			
2. ϕ'	37° 36' 38.519	IVE	λ'	122° 10' 25.480			
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$	+ 03	24.454	$\Delta\lambda (= \lambda' - \lambda)$	04	48.573		
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$	01	42.227	$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$	02	24.286		
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37° 34' 56.292						
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)	+ 204.454		$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)	+ 288.573			
log $\Delta\phi$	2.3105956		log $\Delta\lambda$	2.4602557			
cor. arc - sin	-		cor. arc - sin	-			
log $\Delta\phi_1$	2.3105956		log $\Delta\lambda_1$	2.4602557			
log $\cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$	8.5110340		log $\cos \phi_m$	9.8989872			
colog B_m	1.4889660		colog A_m	1.4908209			
log $\{s_1 \cos(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2})\}$	3.7995616	(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	log $\{s_1 \sin(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2})\}$	3.8500638			
			log $\{s_1 \cos(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2})\}$	3.7995616			
log $\Delta\lambda$	2.4602557	3 log $\Delta\lambda$	log $\tan(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2})$	0.0505022			
log $\sin \phi_m$	9.7852589	log F	$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	131 40 34.1			
log $\sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$		log b	log $\sin(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2})$	9.8732713			
log a	2.2455146		log $\cos(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2})$	9.8227689			
a	176.004		log s_1	3.9767925			
b			cor. arc - sin	3.9767927			
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)	176.00		log s	3.9767925			
$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	88.00						
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	131 40 34.1						
α (1 to 2)	131 42 02.1						
$\Delta\alpha$	- 02 56.0						
	180						
α' (2 to 1)	311 - 39 - 06.1						

* Use the table on the back of this form for correction of arc to sin.

NOTE.—For log s up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed (in whole or in part) in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

log s_1	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	log $\Delta\phi$ or log $\Delta\lambda$	log s_1	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	log $\Delta\phi$ or log $\Delta\lambda$	log s_1	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	log $\Delta\phi$ or log $\Delta\lambda$
4.177	1	2.686	5.223	124	3.732	5.525	497	4.034
4.327	2	2.836	5.234	130	3.743	5.530	508	4.039
4.415	3	2.924	5.243	136	3.752	5.534	519	4.043
4.478	4	2.987	5.253	142	3.762	5.539	530	4.048
4.526	5	3.035	5.260	147	3.769	5.543	541	4.052
4.566	6	3.075	5.269	153	3.778	5.548	553	4.057
4.599	7	3.108	5.279	160	3.788	5.553	565	4.062
4.628	8	3.137	5.287	166	3.796	5.557	577	4.066
4.654	9	3.163	5.294	172	3.803	5.561	588	4.070
4.677	10	3.186	5.303	179	3.812	5.566	600	4.075
4.697	11	3.206	5.311	186	3.820	5.570	613	4.079
4.716	12	3.225	5.318	192	3.827	5.575	625	4.084
4.734	13	3.243	5.326	199	3.835	5.579	637	4.088
4.750	14	3.259	5.334	206	3.843	5.583	650	4.092
4.765	15	3.274	5.341	213	3.850	5.587	663	4.096
4.779	16	3.288	5.349	221	3.858	5.591	674	4.100
4.792	17	3.301	5.356	228	3.865	5.595	687	4.104
4.804	18	3.313	5.363	236	3.872	5.600	702	4.109
4.827	20	3.336	5.369	243	3.878	5.604	716	4.113
4.857	23	3.366	5.376	251	3.885	5.608	729	4.117
4.876	25	3.385	5.383	259	3.892	5.612	743	4.121
4.892	27	3.401	5.390	267	3.899	5.616	757	4.125
4.915	30	3.424	5.396	275	3.905	5.620	771	4.129
4.936	33	3.445	5.403	284	3.912	5.624	785	4.133
4.955	36	3.464	5.409	292	3.918	5.628	800	4.137
4.972	39	3.481	5.415	300	3.924	5.632	814	4.141
4.988	42	3.497	5.422	309	3.931	5.636	829	4.145
5.003	45	3.512	5.428	318	3.937	5.640	845	4.149
5.017	48	3.526	5.434	327	3.943	5.644	861	4.153
5.035	52	3.544	5.440	336	3.949	5.648	877	4.157
5.051	56	3.560	5.446	345	3.955	5.652	893	4.161
5.062	59	3.571	5.451	354	3.960	5.656	909	4.165
5.076	63	3.585	5.457	364	3.966	5.660	925	4.169
5.090	67	3.599	5.462	373	3.971	5.663	941	4.172
5.102	71	3.611	5.468	383	3.977	5.667	957	4.176
5.114	75	3.623	5.473	392	3.982	5.671	973	4.180
5.128	80	3.637	5.479	402	3.988	5.674	989	4.183
5.139	84	3.648	5.484	412	3.993	5.678	1005	4.187
5.151	89	3.660	5.489	422	3.998			
5.163	94	3.672	5.495	433	4.004			
5.172	98	3.681	5.500	443	4.009			
5.183	103	3.692	5.505	453	4.014			
5.193	108	3.702	5.510	464	4.019			
5.205	114	3.714	5.515	474	4.024			
5.214	119	3.723	5.520	486	4.029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

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$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

MUD

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION						
1. ϕ	37	34	59.613	San Mateo Br West	λ	122	13	01.589 ✓
2. ϕ'	37	36	45.126	For	λ'	122	10	03.243 ✓
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$	+	01	45.513 ✓		$\Delta\lambda (= \lambda' - \lambda)$	-	04	58.346 ✓
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$		00	52.756 ✓		$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$		02	29.173 ✓
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37	35	52.369 ✓					
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)			+ 105.513 ✓		$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)			- 298.346 ✓
log $\Delta\phi$			2.0233060 ✓		log $\Delta\lambda$			2.4747202 ✓
cor. arc-sin			-		cor. arc-sin			-
log $\Delta\phi_1$			2.0233060 ✓		log $\Delta\lambda_1$			2.4747202 ✓
log $\cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$					log $\cos \phi_m$			9.8988964 ✓
colog B_m			1.4889672 ✓		colog A_m			1.4908212 ✓
log $\left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$			3.5122732 ✓	(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	log $\left\{ s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$			3.8644378 n ✓
					log $\left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$			3.5122732 n ✓
log $\Delta\lambda$			2.4747202 ✓	$3 \log \Delta\lambda$	log $\tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$			0.3521646 ✓
log $\sin \phi_m$			9.7854124 ✓	$\log F$	$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$			246 02 11.9 ✓
log $\sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$				$\log b$	log $\sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$			9.9608537 ✓
log a			2.2601326 ✓		log $\cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$			9.6086890 ✓
a			182.03 ✓		log s₁			3.9035841 ✓
b					cor. arc-sin			3.9035842 ✓
-$\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)			- 182.03 ✓		log s			3.9035841 ✓
$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$			- 91.01 ✓		S =			8009.11
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$			- 01 31.01 ✓					
α (1 to 2)			246 02 11.90 ✓					
$\Delta\alpha$			246 00 40.89 ✓					
			+ 03 02.03					
			180					
α' (2 to 1)			66 03 42.92 ✓					

* Use the table on the back of this form for correction of arc to sin.

NOTE.—For log s up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed (in whole or in part) in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$
4.177	1	2.686	5.223	124	3.732	5.525	497	4.034
4.327	2	2.836	5.234	130	3.743	5.530	508	4.039
4.415	3	2.924	5.243	136	3.752	5.534	519	4.043
4.478	4	2.987	5.253	142	3.762	5.539	530	4.048
4.526	5	3.035	5.260	147	3.769	5.543	541	4.052
4.566	6	3.075	5.269	153	3.778	5.548	553	4.057
4.599	7	3.108	5.279	160	3.788	5.553	565	4.062
4.628	8	3.137	5.287	166	3.796	5.557	577	4.066
4.654	9	3.163	5.294	172	3.803	5.561	588	4.070
4.677	10	3.186	5.303	179	3.812	5.566	600	4.075
4.697	11	3.206	5.311	186	3.820	5.570	613	4.079
4.716	12	3.225	5.318	192	3.827	5.575	625	4.084
4.734	13	3.243	5.326	199	3.835	5.579	637	4.088
4.750	14	3.259	5.334	206	3.843	5.583	650	4.092
4.765	15	3.274	5.341	213	3.850	5.587	663	4.096
4.779	16	3.288	5.349	221	3.858	5.591	674	4.100
4.792	17	3.301	5.356	228	3.865	5.595	687	4.104
4.804	18	3.313	5.363	236	3.872	5.600	702	4.109
4.827	20	3.336	5.369	243	3.878	5.604	716	4.113
4.857	23	3.366	5.376	251	3.885	5.608	729	4.117
4.876	25	3.385	5.383	259	3.892	5.612	743	4.121
4.892	27	3.401	5.390	267	3.899	5.616	757	4.125
4.915	30	3.424	5.396	275	3.905	5.620	771	4.129
4.936	33	3.445	5.403	284	3.912	5.624	785	4.133
4.955	36	3.464	5.409	292	3.918	5.628	800	4.137
4.972	39	3.481	5.415	300	3.924	5.632	814	4.141
4.988	42	3.497	5.422	309	3.931	5.636	829	4.145
5.003	45	3.512	5.428	318	3.937	5.640	845	4.149
5.017	48	3.526	5.434	327	3.943	5.644	861	4.153
5.035	52	3.544	5.440	336	3.949	5.648	877	4.157
5.051	56	3.560	5.446	345	3.955	5.652	893	4.161
5.062	59	3.571	5.451	354	3.960	5.656	909	4.165
5.076	63	3.585	5.457	364	3.966	5.660	925	4.169
5.090	67	3.599	5.462	373	3.971	5.663	941	4.172
5.102	71	3.611	5.468	383	3.977	5.667	957	4.176
5.114	75	3.623	5.473	392	3.982	5.671	973	4.180
5.128	80	3.637	5.479	402	3.988	5.674	989	4.183
5.139	84	3.648	5.484	412	3.993	5.678	1005	4.187
5.151	89	3.660	5.489	422	3.998			
5.163	94	3.672	5.495	433	4.004			
5.172	98	3.681	5.500	443	4.009			
5.183	103	3.692	5.505	453	4.014			
5.193	108	3.702	5.510	464	4.019			
5.205	114	3.714	5.515	474	4.024			
5.214	119	3.723	5.520	486	4.029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

Comp ICET
✓ ICET

$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m} \quad \text{MUD}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION					
1. ϕ	37 36 05.465	TEN	λ	122 12 16.675	✓		
2. ϕ'	37 36 45.126	FOR	λ'	122 10 03.243	✓		
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$	+ 00 39.661	✓	$\Delta\lambda (= \lambda' - \lambda)$	- 02 13.432	✓		
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$	00 19.830	✓	$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$	01 06.716	✓		
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37 36 25.295	✓	$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)	- 133.432	✓		
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)	+ 39.661	✓					
$\log \Delta\phi$	1.5983637	✓	$\log \Delta\lambda$	2.1252600	✓		
cor. arc-sin	-		cor. arc-sin	-			
$\log \Delta\phi_1$	1.5983637	✓	$\log \Delta\lambda_1$	2.1252600	✓		
$\log \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$			$\log \cos \phi_m$	9.8988429	✓		
$\text{colog } B_m$	1.4889680	✓	$\text{colog } A_m$	1.4908215	✓		
$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$	3.0873317	✓ (opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	$\log \left\{ s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$	3.5149244	✓		
			$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$	3.0873317	✓		
$\log \Delta\lambda$	2.1252600	✓	$\log \tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	0.4275927	✓		
$\log \sin \phi_m$	9.7855023	✓	$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	249 30 51.45	✓		
$\log \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$			$\log \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.9716281	✓		
$\log a$	1.9107623	✓	$\log \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$	9.5440355	✓		
a	81.42	✓	$\log s_1$	3.5432963	✓		
b			cor. arc-sin	+ 3.5432962	✓		
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)	- 81.42	✓	$\log s$	3.5432962	✓		
$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	- 40.71	✓					
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$	249 30 51.45	✓	S =	3493.72			
α (1 to 2)	249 30 10.74	✓					
$\Delta\alpha$	+ 01 21.42	✓					
	180						
α' (2 to 1)	69 31 32.16	✓					

NOTE.—For $\log s$ up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed (in whole or in part) in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$
4.177	1	2.686	5.223	124	3.732	5.525	497	4.034
4.327	2	2.836	5.234	130	3.743	5.530	508	4.039
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4.478	4	2.987	5.253	142	3.762	5.539	530	4.048
4.526	5	3.035	5.260	147	3.769	5.543	541	4.052
4.566	6	3.075	5.269	153	3.778	5.548	553	4.057
4.599	7	3.108	5.279	160	3.788	5.553	565	4.062
4.628	8	3.137	5.287	166	3.796	5.557	577	4.066
4.654	9	3.163	5.294	172	3.803	5.561	588	4.070
4.677	10	3.186	5.303	179	3.812	5.566	600	4.075
4.697	11	3.206	5.311	186	3.820	5.570	613	4.079
4.716	12	3.225	5.318	192	3.827	5.575	625	4.084
4.734	13	3.243	5.326	199	3.835	5.579	637	4.088
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4.765	15	3.274	5.341	213	3.850	5.587	663	4.096
4.779	16	3.288	5.349	221	3.858	5.591	674	4.100
4.792	17	3.301	5.356	228	3.865	5.595	687	4.104
4.804	18	3.313	5.363	236	3.872	5.600	702	4.109
4.827	20	3.336	5.369	243	3.878	5.604	716	4.113
4.857	23	3.366	5.376	251	3.885	5.608	729	4.117
4.876	25	3.385	5.383	259	3.892	5.612	743	4.121
4.892	27	3.401	5.390	267	3.899	5.616	757	4.125
4.915	30	3.424	5.396	275	3.905	5.620	771	4.129
4.936	33	3.445	5.403	284	3.912	5.624	785	4.133
4.955	36	3.464	5.409	292	3.918	5.628	800	4.137
4.972	39	3.481	5.415	300	3.924	5.632	814	4.141
4.988	42	3.497	5.422	309	3.931	5.636	829	4.145
5.003	45	3.512	5.428	318	3.937	5.640	845	4.149
5.017	48	3.526	5.434	327	3.943	5.644	861	4.153
5.035	52	3.544	5.440	336	3.949	5.648	877	4.157
5.051	56	3.560	5.446	345	3.955	5.652	893	4.161
5.062	59	3.571	5.451	354	3.960	5.656	909	4.165
5.076	63	3.585	5.457	364	3.966	5.660	925	4.169
5.090	67	3.599	5.462	373	3.971	5.663	941	4.172
5.102	71	3.611	5.468	383	3.977	5.667	957	4.176
5.114	75	3.623	5.473	392	3.982	5.671	973	4.180
5.128	80	3.637	5.479	402	3.988	5.674	989	4.183
5.139	84	3.648	5.484	412	3.993	5.678	1005	4.187
5.151	89	3.660	5.489	422	3.998			
5.163	94	3.672	5.495	433	4.004			
5.172	98	3.681	5.500	443	4.009			
5.183	103	3.692	5.505	453	4.014			
5.193	108	3.702	5.510	464	4.019			
5.205	114	3.714	5.515	474	4.024			
5.214	119	3.723	5.520	486	4.029			

INVERSE POSITION COMPUTATION

Comp Key

HCC

$$s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{\Delta\lambda_1 \cos \phi_m}{A_m} \quad \text{MUD}$$

$$s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{-\Delta\phi_1 \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}}{B_m}$$

$$-\Delta\alpha = \Delta\lambda \sin \phi_m \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2} + F(\Delta\lambda)^2$$

in which $\log \Delta\lambda_1 = \log (\lambda' - \lambda)$ - correction for arc to sin*; $\log \Delta\phi_1 = \log (\phi' - \phi)$ - correction for arc to sin*; and $\log s = \log s_1 +$ correction for arc to sin*.

		NAME OF STATION						
1. ϕ	37	34	59.613	San Mateo Br West	λ	122	15	01.589 ✓
2. ϕ'	37	36	05.465	TEN	λ'	122	12	16.675 ✓
$\Delta\phi (= \phi' - \phi)$	+	01	05.852 ✓		$\Delta\lambda (= \lambda' - \lambda)$	-	02	44.914 ✓
$\frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$		00	32.926 ✓		$\frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$		01	22.457 ✓
$\phi_m (= \phi + \frac{\Delta\phi}{2})$	37	35	32.539 ✓					
$\Delta\phi$ (secs.)			+ 65.852 ✓		$\Delta\lambda$ (secs.)			- 164.914 ✓
$\log \Delta\phi$			1.8185690 ✓		$\log \Delta\lambda$			2.2172575 ✓
cor. arc-sin			-		cor. arc-sin			-
$\log \Delta\phi_1$			1.8185690 ✓		$\log \Delta\lambda_1$			2.2172575 ✓
$\log \cos \frac{\Delta\lambda}{2}$					$\log \cos \phi_m$			9.8989286 ✓
$\text{colog } B_m$			1.4889668 ✓		$\text{colog } A_m$			1.4908211 ✓
$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$			3.3075358 ✓	(opposite in sign to $\Delta\phi$)	$\log \left\{ s_1 \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$			3.6070072 ✓
					$\log \left\{ s_1 \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right) \right\}$			3.3075358 ✓
$\log \Delta\lambda$			2.2172575 ✓	$3 \log \Delta\lambda$	$\log \tan \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$			0.2994714 ✓
$\log \sin \phi_m$			9.7853580 ✓	$\log F$	$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$			243 21 09.40 ✓
$\log \sec \frac{\Delta\phi}{2}$				$\log b$	$\log \sin \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$			9.9512324 ✓
$\log a$			2.0026155 ✓		$\log \cos \left(\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2} \right)$			9.6517610 ✓
a			100.60 ✓		$\log s_1$			3.6557748 ✓
b					cor. arc-sin			+
$-\Delta\alpha$ (secs.)			- 100.60 ✓		$\log s$			3.6557748 ✓
$\frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$			- 50.30 ✓		S =			4526.63
$\alpha + \frac{\Delta\alpha}{2}$			- 50.30 ✓					
α (1 to 2)	243	21	09.40 ✓					
$\Delta\alpha$			+ 01 40.60 ✓					
	180							
α' (2 to 1)	63	21	59.70 ✓					

NOTE.—For $\log s$ up to 4.0 and for $\Delta\phi$ or $\Delta\lambda$ (or both) up to 3', omit all terms below the heavy line except those printed (in whole or in part) in heavy type or those underscored, if using logarithms to 7 decimal places.

Table of arc-sin corrections for inverse position computations

$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$	$\log s_1$	Arc-sin correction in units of seventh decimal of logarithms	$\log \Delta\phi$ or $\log \Delta\lambda$
4. 177	1	2. 686	5. 223	124	3. 732	5. 525	497	4. 034
4. 327	2	2. 836	5. 234	130	3. 743	5. 530	508	4. 039
4. 415	3	2. 924	5. 243	136	3. 752	5. 534	519	4. 043
4. 478	4	2. 987	5. 253	142	3. 762	5. 539	530	4. 048
4. 526	5	3. 035	5. 260	147	3. 769	5. 543	541	4. 052
4. 566	6	3. 075	5. 269	153	3. 778	5. 548	553	4. 057
4. 599	7	3. 108	5. 279	160	3. 788	5. 553	565	4. 062
4. 628	8	3. 137	5. 287	166	3. 796	5. 557	577	4. 066
4. 654	9	3. 163	5. 294	172	3. 803	5. 561	588	4. 070
4. 677	10	3. 186	5. 303	179	3. 812	5. 566	600	4. 075
4. 697	11	3. 206	5. 311	186	3. 820	5. 570	613	4. 079
4. 716	12	3. 225	5. 318	192	3. 827	5. 575	625	4. 084
4. 734	13	3. 243	5. 326	199	3. 835	5. 579	637	4. 088
4. 750	14	3. 259	5. 334	206	3. 843	5. 583	650	4. 092
4. 765	15	3. 274	5. 341	213	3. 850	5. 587	663	4. 096
4. 779	16	3. 288	5. 349	221	3. 858	5. 591	674	4. 100
4. 792	17	3. 301	5. 356	228	3. 865	5. 595	687	4. 104
4. 804	18	3. 313	5. 363	236	3. 872	5. 600	702	4. 109
4. 827	20	3. 336	5. 369	243	3. 878	5. 604	716	4. 113
4. 857	23	3. 366	5. 376	251	3. 885	5. 608	729	4. 117
4. 876	25	3. 385	5. 383	259	3. 892	5. 612	743	4. 121
4. 892	27	3. 401	5. 390	267	3. 899	5. 616	757	4. 125
4. 915	30	3. 424	5. 396	275	3. 905	5. 620	771	4. 129
4. 936	33	3. 445	5. 403	284	3. 912	5. 624	785	4. 133
4. 955	36	3. 464	5. 409	292	3. 918	5. 628	800	4. 137
4. 972	39	3. 481	5. 415	300	3. 924	5. 632	814	4. 141
4. 988	42	3. 497	5. 422	309	3. 931	5. 636	829	4. 145
5. 003	45	3. 512	5. 428	318	3. 937	5. 640	845	4. 149
5. 017	48	3. 526	5. 434	327	3. 943	5. 644	861	4. 153
5. 035	52	3. 544	5. 440	336	3. 949	5. 648	877	4. 157
5. 051	56	3. 560	5. 446	345	3. 955	5. 652	893	4. 161
5. 062	59	3. 571	5. 451	354	3. 960	5. 656	909	4. 165
5. 076	63	3. 585	5. 457	364	3. 966	5. 660	925	4. 169
5. 090	67	3. 599	5. 462	373	3. 971	5. 663	941	4. 172
5. 102	71	3. 611	5. 468	383	3. 977	5. 667	957	4. 176
5. 114	75	3. 623	5. 473	392	3. 982	5. 671	973	4. 180
5. 128	80	3. 637	5. 479	402	3. 988	5. 674	989	4. 183
5. 139	84	3. 648	5. 484	412	3. 993	5. 678	1005	4. 187
5. 151	89	3. 660	5. 489	422	3. 998			
5. 163	94	3. 672	5. 495	433	4. 004			
5. 172	98	3. 681	5. 500	443	4. 009			
5. 183	103	3. 692	5. 505	453	4. 014			
5. 193	108	3. 702	5. 510	464	4. 019			
5. 205	114	3. 714	5. 515	474	4. 024			
5. 214	119	3. 723	5. 520	486	4. 029			

LIST OF DIRECTIONS

Station DIK State CALIFORNIA

Chief of party HGC Date 1/31/56

Observer KET Instrument WILD-27016

Computed by KET

Checked by GWG

OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction ° ' "	Eccentric reduction " "	Sea level reduction*	Corrected direction with zero initial			Adjusted direction*	
				°	'	"	'	"
West Tower Light, Dumbarton <u>San Mateo</u> Bridge	0 00 00.00			0	00	00.00		
KGO - Center Transmitting tower	325 52 33.8							
RED Hill Top	249 33 55.6							
TRANSMISSION TOWER # <u>5</u> IVE	146 06 11.0							
TRANSMISSION TOWER # <u>8</u> ATE	135 32 42.4							
West Tower Light, <u>San Mateo</u> Bridge	109 57 54.4							

GWG

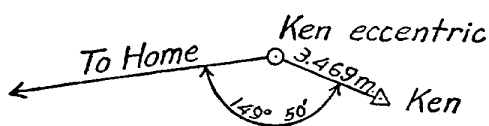
* These columns are for office use and should be left blank in the field.

Station: Ken
 Chief of party: C. V. H.
 Observer: C. V. H.

State: Maryland
 Date: 1917
 Instrument: No. 168

Computed by: O. P. S.
 Checked by: W. F. R.

OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction			Eccentric reduction	Sea level reduction	Corrected direction with zero initial			Adjusted direction
	°	'	"			°	'	"	
Chevy.....	0	00	00.00	-	7.31	0	00	00.00	
Tank west of Δ Dulce.....	29	03	37.0	-1	09.8	29	02	34.5	
Ken (center), 3.469 meters.....	176	42							
Forest Glen standpipe.....	313	24	53.0	+3	01.2	313	28	01.5	
Home.....	326	31	30.21	+	31.93	326	32	09.45	
Bureau of Standards, wireless pole.....	352	17	20.8	+	5.7	352	17	33.8	
Reno.....	357	28	48.63	-	1.16	357	28	54.78	
Reference mark, 16.32 m.....	358	31	20						



This form, with the first three and fifth columns properly filled out and checked, must be furnished by field parties. To be acceptable it must contain every direction observed at the station.

It should be used for observations with both repeating and direction theodolites.

The directions at only one station should be placed on a page.

If a repeating theodolite is used, do not abstract the angles in tertiary triangulation. The local adjustment corrections (to close horizon only) are to be written in the Horizontal Angle Record, and the List of Directions is to be made from that record directly.

Choose as an initial for Form 24A some station involved in the local adjustment, and preferably one which has been used as an initial for a round of directions on objects not in the main scheme. Use but one initial at a station. Call the direction of the initial 0° 00' 00." 00, and by applying the corrected angles to this, fill in opposite each station its direction reckoned clockwise around the whole circumference regardless of the direction of graduation of the instrument. The clockwise reckoning is necessary for uniformity and to make the directions comparable with azimuths.

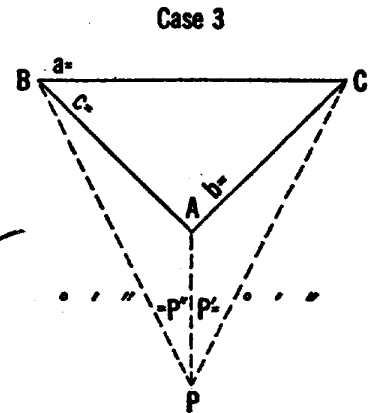
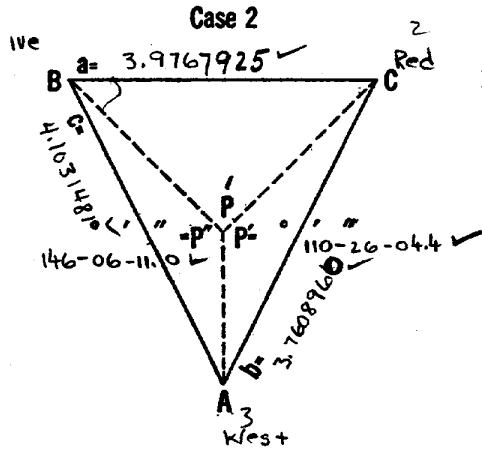
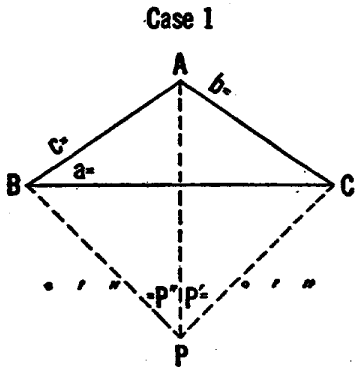
If a station has been occupied eccentrically, reduce to the center and enter in this form, in ink, the resulting corrections to the observed directions in the column provided for them. If an eccentric reduction is necessary, but not made in the field, leave the column blank. If the station was occupied centrally, and no eccentric reduction is required, put dashes in the column to show that no corrections are necessary.

Directions in the main scheme should be entered to hundredths of seconds in first-order triangulation; otherwise to tenths only. Points observed upon but once, direct and reverse, should be carried to tenths in first-order and second-order triangulation, and to even seconds only in third-order triangulation. In general, but two uncertain figures should be given.

It is recommended that the following simple plan of observing be used with a repeating instrument: Measure each single angle in the scheme at each station and the outside angle necessary to close the horizon. Measure no sum angles. Follow each measurement of every angle immediately by a measurement of its explement. Six repetitions are to constitute a measurement. The local adjustment will consist simply of the distribution of the error of closure of the horizon.

Dik

COMPUTATION OF THREE-POINT PROBLEM



Cases 1 and 2

P'	110	26	04.4 ✓
P''	146	06	11.0 ✓
A	44	33	56.7 ✓
Sum	301	06	12.1 ✓
½ Sum	150	33	06.0 ✓

Case 3

P'	
P''	
Sum	
A	

$S = 180^\circ - \frac{1}{2} \text{sum} = 29 \quad 26 \quad 54.0 \checkmark$ $S = \frac{1}{2} (A - \text{sum}) =$

Log c =	4.1031481 ✓	+
Log sin P' =	9.9717728 ✓	+
Colog b =	6.2391040 ✓	+
Colog sin P'' =	0.2535987 ✓	+

Sum = log tan Z = 20.567623 ✓ +

Z =	74	51	24.4 ✓
Z + 45° =	119	51	24.3 ✓

Log cot (Z + 45°) =	9.7589287 ✓	-
Log tan S =	9.7517278 ✓	+

Sum = log tan ε = 9.5106563 ✓ (sign -)

ε	17	57	23.9 ✓
S	29	26	54.0 ✓

(Tan ε+)
S + ε = angle ABP
S - ε = angle ACP

11	29	30.1 ✓
47	24	17.9 ✓

(Tan ε-)
S - ε = angle ABP
S + ε = angle ACP

BPA	146	06	11.0 ✓	APC	110	26	04.4 ✓	PCB	62	45	42.0 ✓
ABP	11	29	30.1 ✓	PCA	47	24	17.9 ✓	CBP	13	46	33.4 ✓
PAB	22	24	18.9 ✓	CAP	22	09	37.3 ✓	BPC	103	27	44.6 ✓
	180	00	00.0		180	00	00.0		180	00	00.0

(For explanation of this form see Special Publication No. 138, pages 191 and 192, or Special Publication No. 145, pages 98-100)

COMPUTATION OF TRIANGLES

Dik
State California

	Station	Observed angle	Corr'n	Spher'l angle	Spher'l excess	Plane angle and distance	Logarithm
	2-3 Red-West						3.7608960 ✓
	1 DIK	110 26 04.4 ✓					0.0282272 ✓
	2 RED	47 24 17.9 ✓					9.8669697 ✓
	3 WEST	22 09 37.7 ✓					9.5765739 ✓
	1-3 DIK-West						3.6560929 ✓
	1-2 DIK-Red						3.3656987 ✓
	2-3 West-IVE						4.1031481 ✓
	1 DIK	146 06 11.0 ✓					0.2535987 ✓
	2 West	22 24 18.9 ✓					9.5811017 ✓
	3 IVE	11 29 30.1 ✓					9.2993457 ✓
	1-3 DIK-IVE						3.9378485 ✓
	1-2 DIK-West						3.6560925 ✓
	2-3 IVE-RED						3.9767925 ✓
	1 DIK	103 27 44.6 ✓					0.0121001 ✓
	2 IVE	13 46 33.4 ✓					9.3768062 ✓
	3 Red	62 45 42.0 ✓					9.9489557 ✓
	1-3 DIK-Red						3.3656988 ✓
	1-2 DIK-IVE						3.9378483 ✓
	2-3 IVE-WEST						4.1031481 ✓
	1 Red	110 10 01.9 ✓					0.0274775 ✓
	2 West	44 33 56.7 ✓					9.8461684 ✓
	3 IVE	25 16 01.5 ✓					9.6302635 ✓
	1-3 Red						3.9767940 ✓
	1-2 Red						3.7608891 ✓

D11c

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Form 27
Ed. April 1945

POSITION COMPUTATION, THIRD-ORDER TRIANGULATION

α	2 Red	to 3 West	21	32	02.2	α	3 West	to 2 Red	201	31	09.7
$2^d \angle$	West	& D1K	+47	24	17.9	$3^d \angle$	D1K	& Red	-22	09	37.7
α	2 Red	to 1 D1K	68	56	20.1	α	3 West	to 1 D1K	179	21	32.0
$\Delta\alpha$						$\Delta\alpha$					
			180	00	00.0				180	00	00.0
α'	1	to 2	248	55	26.3	α'	1	to 3	359	21	30.8

FIRST ANGLE OF TRIANGLE 110 26 04.4

359 21 30.7

ϕ	37	33	14.065	2 Red	λ	122	05	36.907	ϕ	37	30	20.072	3 West	λ	122	07	03.080		
$\Delta\phi$	-27.065				$\Delta\lambda$	01 28.238				$\Delta\phi$	+02 26.928				$\Delta\lambda$	02.065			
ϕ'	37	32	47.000	1 D1K	λ'	122	07	05.145	ϕ'	37	32	47.000	1 D1K	λ'	122	07	05.145		

Logarithms		Values in seconds		Logarithms		Values in seconds	
s	3.3656988			s	3.3656988		
$\cos \alpha$	9.5555335	+		$\sin \alpha$	9.9699737	+	
B	8.5110360			A'	8.5091801		
h	1.4322683	1st term	-2.7056	$\sec \phi'$	0.1008034		
s^2	6.7313976			$\Delta\lambda$	1.9456560	88.238	
$\sin^2 \alpha$	9.9399474			$\sin \frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')$	9.7849407		
C	1.29065			$-\Delta\alpha$	1.7305967	53.777	
	7.9619950	2d term	+ .009				
h^2	2.8645						
D	2.3774						
	5.2419	3d term	+ .0000				
		$-\Delta\phi$	27.065				

Logarithms		Values in seconds		Logarithms		Values in seconds	
s	3.6560929			s	3.6560929		
$\cos \alpha$	9.9999728	-		$\sin \alpha$	8.0488016	+	
B	8.5110396			A'	8.5091801		
h	2.1671053	1st term	-1.46928	$\sec \phi'$	0.1008034		
s^2	7.3121858			$\Delta\lambda$	0.3148780	+2.0648	
$\sin^2 \alpha$	6.0976032			$\sin \frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')$	9.7847036		
C	1.28983			$-\Delta\alpha$	0.0995816	-1.2577	
	4.6996190	2d term	+ .000				
h^2	4.3342						
D	2.3772						
	6.7114	3d term	+ .000				
		$-\Delta\phi$	-146.928				

LIST OF DIRECTIONS

Station KEL State California

Chief of party HGC Date 1/31/56

Observer KET Instrument WILD-27016

Computed by KET

Checked by GWG

OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction			Eccentric reduction	Sea level reduction*	Corrected direction with zero initial			Adjusted direction*
	°	'	"			°	'	"	
West Tower Light, San Mateo Bridge	0	00	00.00			0	00	00.00	
Transmission Tower # 7 VEN	32	19	27.9						
Transmission Tower # 3 IRB	50	48	39.3						
Red Hill Top	177	42	28.6						
KGO-Center transmitting tower	222	23	59.1						
West tower light, Dumbarton Bridge	246	58	40.9						

* These columns are for office use and should be left blank in the field.

Station: Ken

State: Maryland

Chief of party: C. V. H.

Date: 1917

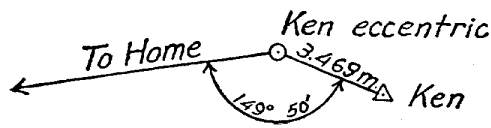
Computed by: O. P. S.

Observer: C. V. H.

Instrument: No. 168

Checked by: W. F. R.

OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction			Eccentric reduction		Sea level reduction	Corrected direction with zero initial			Adjusted direction	
	°	'	"	'	"		°	'	"	'	"
Chevy	0	00	00.00	-	7.31	"	0	00	00.00	'	"
Tank west of Δ Dulce	29	03	37.0	-1	09.8		29	02	34.5		
Ken (center), 3.469 meters	176	42									
Forest Glen standpipe	313	24	53.0	+3	01.2		313	28	01.5		
Home	326	31	30.21	+	31.93		326	32	09.45		
Bureau of Standards, wireless pole..	352	17	20.8	+	5.7		352	17	33.8		
Reno	357	28	48.63	-	1.16		357	28	54.78		
Reference mark, 16.32 m.....	358	31	20								



This form, with the first three and fifth columns properly filled out and checked, must be furnished by field parties. To be acceptable it must contain every direction observed at the station.

It should be used for observations with both repeating and direction theodolites.

The directions at only one station should be placed on a page.

If a repeating theodolite is used, do not abstract the angles in tertiary triangulation. The local adjustment corrections (to close horizon only) are to be written in the Horizontal Angle Record, and the List of Directions is to be made from that record directly.

Choose as an initial for Form 24A some station involved in the local adjustment, and preferably one which has been used as an initial for a round of directions on objects not in the main scheme. Use but one initial at a station. Call the direction of the initial 0° 00' 00." 00, and by applying the corrected angles to this, fill in opposite each station its direction reckoned clockwise around the whole circumference regardless of the direction of graduation of the instrument. The clockwise reckoning is necessary for uniformity and to make the directions comparable with azimuths.

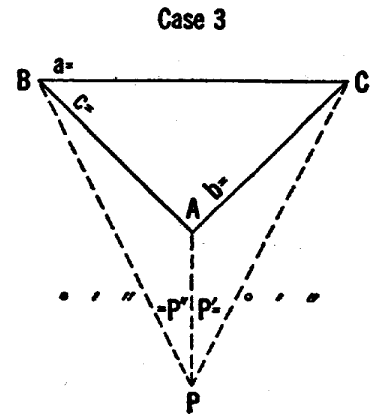
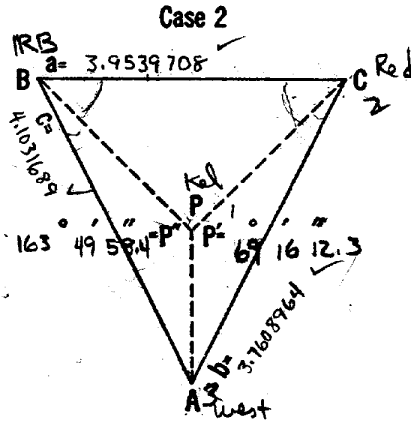
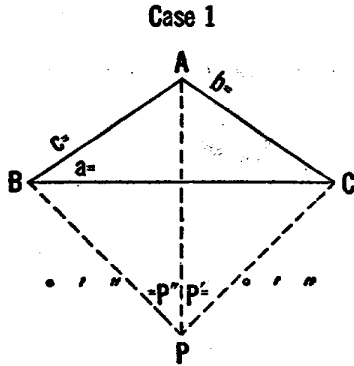
If a station has been occupied eccentrically, reduce to the center and enter in this form, in ink, the resulting corrections to the observed directions in the column provided for them. If an eccentric reduction is necessary, but not made in the field, leave the column blank. If the station was occupied centrally, and no eccentric reduction is required, put dashes in the column to show that no corrections are necessary.

Directions in the main scheme should be entered to hundredths of seconds in first-order triangulation; otherwise to tenths only. Points observed upon but once, direct and reverse, should be carried to tenths in first-order and second-order triangulation, and to even seconds only in third-order triangulation. In general, but two uncertain figures should be given.

It is recommended that the following simple plan of observing be used with a repeating instrument: Measure each single angle in the scheme at each station and the outside angle necessary to close the horizon. Measure no sum angles. Follow each measurement of every angle immediately by a measurement of its supplement. Six repetitions are to constitute a measurement. The local adjustment will consist simply of the distribution of the error of closure of the horizon.

KEL

COMPUTATION OF THREE-POINT PROBLEM



Cases 1 and 2

P'	69	16	12.3 ✓
P''	163	49	58.4 ✓
A	39	18	07.3 ✓
Sum	272	24	18.0 ✓
½ Sum	136	12	09.0 ✓

$S = 180^\circ - \frac{1}{2} \text{sum} = 43 \quad 47 \quad 51.0$

Case 3

P'	
P''	
Sum	
A	

A-sum

$S = \frac{1}{2} (A - \text{sum}) =$

Log c =	4.1031689 ✓
Log sin P' =	9.9709320 ✓ +
Colog b =	6.2391036 ✓
Colog sin P'' =	0.5552686 ✓ +

Sum = log tan Z = 0.8684731 ✓ +

Z =	82	17	26.4 ✓
Z + 45° =	127	17	26.4 ✓

Log cot (Z + 45°) =	9.8816918 - ✓
Log tan S =	9.9817651 + ✓

*Sum = log tan ε = 9.8634569 n (sign -)

ε	36	08	16.3 -
S	43	47	51.0 -

(Tan ε +)
S + ε = angle ABP
S - ε = angle ACP

	7	39	34.7 ✓
	79	56	07.3 ✓

(Tan ε -)
S - ε = angle ABP
S + ε = angle ACP

BPA	163	49	58.4 ✓	APC	69	16	12.3 ✓
ABP	07	39	34.7 ✓	PCA	79	56	07.3 ✓
PAB	08	30	26.9 ✓	CAP	30	47	40.4 ✓

PCB	36	48	14.4 ✓
CBP	16	17	56.4 ✓
BPC	126	53	49.3 ✓

(For explanation of this form see Special Publication No. 138, pages 191 and 192, or Special Publication No. 145, pages 98-100)

COMPUTATION OF TRIANGLES

Kel
State California

	Station	Observed angle	Corr'n	Spher'l angle	Spher'l excess	Plane angle and distance	Logarithm
	2-3 Red - West						3.7608964 [✓]
	1 Kel	69 16 12.3					0.0290680 [✓]
	2 Red	79 56 07.3					9.9932648 [✓]
	3 West	30 47 40.4					9.7092371 [✓]
	1-3 Kel - West					0	3.7832292 [✓]
	1-2 Kel - Red					+	3.4992015 [✓]
							v m e
	2-3 IRB - Red						3.9539708 [✓]
	1 Kel	126 53 49.3					0.0970643
	2 IRB	16 17 56.4					9.4481650
	3 Red	36 48 14.3					9.7774841
	1-3 Kel - Red					+	3.4992001
	1-2 Kel - IRB					c	3.8285192
	2-3 IRB - West						4.1031689 [✓]
	1 Kel	163 49 58.4					0.5552686
	2 IRB	07 39 34.7					9.1247913
	3 WEST	08 30 26.9					9.1700809
	1-3 Kel - West					0	3.7832288
	1-2 Kel - IRB					c	3.8285184
	2-3						
	1						
	2						
	3						
	1-3						
	1-2						

3057
3018

KEL

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Form 27
Ed. April 1945

POSITION COMPUTATION, THIRD-ORDER TRIANGULATION

α	2 Red	to 3	WEST	21	32	02.2
$2^d \angle$	KEL	&	WEST	+79	56	07.3
α	2 RED	to 1	KEL	101	28	09.5
$\Delta\alpha$				-	01	16.8
				180	00	00.0
α'	1	to 2		281	26	52.7

α	3 WEST	to 2	Red	201	31	09.7
$3^d \angle$	KEL	&	RED	-30	47	40.4
α	3 WEST	to 1	KEL	170	43	29.3
$\Delta\alpha$				-	00	24.3
				180	00	00.0
α'	1	to 3		350	43	05.6

FIRST ANGLE OF TRIANGLE 69-16-12.3

ϕ	37	33	14.065	2 RED Hill Top	λ	122	05	36.907
$\Delta\phi$	+		20.339		$\Delta\lambda$	+	02	06.038
ϕ'	37	33	34.404	1 KEL	λ'	122	07	42.945

ϕ	37	30	20.072	3 WEST	λ	122	07	03.080
$\Delta\phi$	+	03	14.332		$\Delta\lambda$	+		39.865
ϕ'	37	33	34.404	1 KEL	λ'	122	07	42.945

Logarithms		Values in seconds		Logarithms		Values in seconds	
s	3.4992015	$\frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')$	37 33 24.235	s	3.4992015		
Cos α	9.2985102	Sin α	9.9912400	A'	8.5091798		
B	8.5110360	Sec ϕ'	0.1008801	$\Delta\lambda$	2.1005014	126.038	
h	1.3087477	1st term	20.358	Sin $\frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')$	9.7850068	+	
s^2	6.9984030			$-\Delta\alpha$	1.8855088	+ 76.826	
Sin ² α	9.9824800						
C	1.29659	2d term	+ 0.019				
	8.27147						
h ²	2.61748						
D	2.3774	3d term	+ -				
	4.9848	$-\Delta\phi$	20.339				

Logarithms		Values in seconds		Logarithms		Values in seconds	
s	3.7832292	$\frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')$	37 31 57.238	s	3.7832292		
Cos α	9.9942844	Sin α	9.2078018	A'	8.5091798		
B	8.5110396	Sec ϕ'	0.1008801	$\Delta\lambda$	1.6005899	39.865	
h	2.2885632	1st term	194.334	Sin $\frac{1}{2}(\phi+\phi')$	9.7847685		
s^2	7.5664584			$-\Delta\alpha$	1.3385358	+ 242.92	
Sin ² α	8.4146036						
C	1.28983	2d term	+ .0018				
	7.26088						
h ²	4.57760						
D	2.3772	3d term	+ .0009				
	6.9543	$-\Delta\phi$	-194.332				

LIST OF DIRECTIONS

Station MUD

State CALIFORNIA

Chief of party HGC

Date 2/6/56

Computed by KET

Observer KET

Instrument WILD 27016

Checked by

OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction ° ' "	Eccentric reduction " "	Sea level reduction*	Corrected direction with zero initial ° ' "	Adjusted direction*
West, San Mateo Br. Tower	0 00 00.00			0 00 00.00	
# 9 Trans Tower (TEN)	20 45 11.4				
# 7 Trans Tower (VEN)	34 46 59.0				
# 4 Trans Tower (FOR)	55 08 38.6				

* These columns are for office use and should be left blank in the field.

Station: Ken

State: Maryland

Chief of party: C. V. H.

Date: 1917

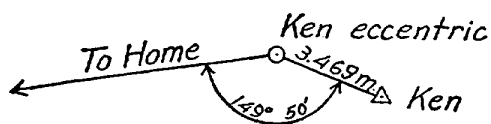
Computed by: O. P. S.

Observer: C. V. H.

Instrument: No. 168

Checked by: W. F. R.

OBSERVED STATION	Observed direction	Eccentric reduction	Sea level reduction	Corrected direction with zero initial	Adjusted direction
	° ' "	' "	"	° ' "	' "
Chevy	0 00 00.00	- 7.31	"	0 00 00.00	" "
Tank west of Δ Dulce	29 03 37.0	-1 09.8	"	29 02 34.5	" "
Ken (center), 3.469 meters	176 42		"		
Forest Glen standpipe	313 24 53.0	+3 01.2	"	313 28 01.5	
Home	326 31 30.21	+ 31.93	"	326 32 09.45	
Bureau of Standards, wireless pole	352 17 20.8	+ 5.7	"	352 17 33.8	
Reno	357 28 48.63	- 1.16	"	357 28 54.78	
Reference mark, 16.32 m	358 31 20		"		



This form, with the first three and fifth columns properly filled out and checked, must be furnished by field parties. *To be acceptable it must contain every direction observed at the station.*

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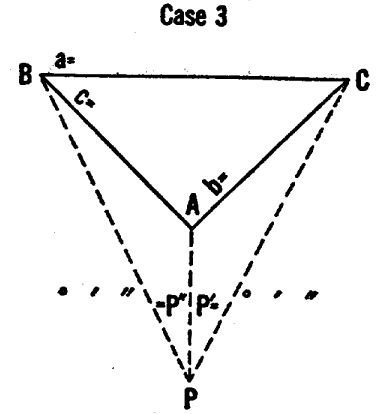
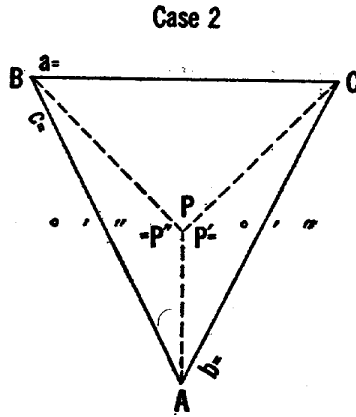
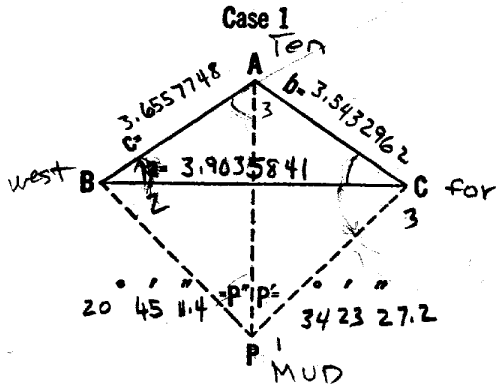
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Directions in the main scheme should be entered to hundredths of seconds in first-order triangulation; otherwise to tenths only. Points observed upon but once, direct and reverse, should be carried to tenths in first-order and second-order triangulation, and to even seconds only in third-order triangulation. In general, but two uncertain figures should be given.

It is recommended that the following simple plan of observing be used with a repeating instrument: Measure each single angle in the scheme at each station and the outside angle necessary to close the horizon. *Measure no sum angles.* Follow each measurement of every angle immediately by a measurement of its explement. Six repetitions are to constitute a measurement. The local adjustment will consist simply of the distribution of the error of closure of the horizon.

MUD

COMPUTATION OF THREE-POINT PROBLEM



Cases 1 and 2			
P'	34	23	27.2
P''	20	45	11.4
A	173	51	49.0
Sum	229	00	27.6
1/2 Sum	114	30	13.8

Case 3			
P'			
P''			
Sum			
A			

$S = 180^\circ - \frac{1}{2} \text{sum} = 65 \quad 29 \quad 46.2$ $S = \frac{1}{2} (A - \text{sum}) =$

Log c =	3.6557748	
Log sin P' =	9.7519222	+
Colog b =	6.4567038	
Colog sin P'' =	0.4505765	+

Sum = log tan Z = 0.3149773

Z = 64 09 49.8
Z + 45° = 109 09 49.8

Log cot (Z + 45°) = 9.5409913 -
Log tan S = 0.3412189 +

Sum = log tan ε = 9.8822102 n (sign -)

ε	37	19	25.1
S	65	29	46.2

(Tan ε +)
S + ε = angle ABP
S - ε = angle ACP

28	10	21.1
102	49	11.3

(Tan ε -)
S - ε = angle ABP
S + ε = angle ACP

BPA	20	45	11.4	APC	34	23	27.2	PCB	99	21	22.1
ABP	28	10	21.1	PCA	102	49	11.3	CBP	25	29	59.3
PAB	131	04	27.5	CAP	42	47	21.5	BPC	55	08	38.6

(For explanation of this form see Special Publication No. 138, pages 191 and 192, or Special Publication No. 145, pages 98-100)

MUD

COMPUTATION OF TRIANGLES

State California

	Station	Observed angle	Corr'n	Spher'l angle	Spher'l excess	Plane angle and distance	Logarithm
	2-3 Ten-for						3.5432962
	1 MUD	34 23 27.2					0.2480778
	2 TEN	42 47 21.5					9.8320644
	3 FOR	102 49 11.3					9.9890370
	1-3 MUD-FOR						3.6234384
	1-2 MUD-TEN						3.7804110
	2-3 West-Ten						3.6557748
	1 MUD	20 45 16.4					0.4505765
	2 WEST (SM.)	28 10 21.1					9.6740599
	3 TEN	131 04 27.5					9.8772896
	1-3 MUD TEN						3.7804112
	1-2 MUD WEST						3.9836409
	2-3 West for						3.9035841
	1 MUD	55 08 38.6					0.0858729
	2 WEST	25 29 59.3					9.6339812
	3 FOR	99 21 22.1					9.9941938
	1-3 MUD-FOR						3.6234382
	1-2 MUD West						3.9836408
	2-3 WEST Ten						
	1 MUD						
	2 WEST						
	3 FOR						
	1-3 MUD-FOR						
	1-2 MUD-West						

Comp EST.

MUD

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY
Form 27
Ed. April 1945

POSITION COMPUTATION, THIRD-ORDER TRIANGULATION

α	2 WEST to 3 FOR	246 00	40.9	α	3 FOR to 2 WEST	66 03	42.92
$2^d \angle$	FOR & MUD	+ 25 29	59.3	$3^d \angle$	MUD & WEST	- 99 21	22.1
α	2 WEST to 1 MUD	271 30	40.2	α	3 FOR to 1 MUD	+ 326 42	20.8
$\Delta \alpha$		- 03	59.3	$\Delta \alpha$		- 33 17	39.2
		180 00	00.0			- 00	57.4
α'	1 MUD to 2 WEST	91 26	40.9	α'	1 MUD to 3 FOR	146 41	23.4

FIRST ANGLE OF TRIANGLE

ϕ	37 34	59.613	2 WEST	λ	122 15	01.589	ϕ	37 36	45.126	3 FOR	λ	122 10	03.243
$\Delta \phi$		- 08.419		$\Delta \lambda$		06 32.350	$\Delta \phi$		- 01 53.932		$\Delta \lambda$		- 01 34.004
ϕ'	37 34	51.194	1 MUD	λ'	122 08	29.239	ϕ'	37 34	51.194	1 MUD	λ'	122 08	29.239

s	Logarithms	Values in seconds		s	Logarithms	Values in seconds	
s	3.9836408			s	3.9836408		
Cos α	8.4211394	+		Sin α	9.9998489		
B	8.5110338			A'	8.5091792		
h	0.9158140	1st term	+ 8.2377	Sec ϕ'	0.1010045		
s ²	7.9672816			$\Delta \lambda$	2.5936734	- 39.2350	
Sin ² α	9.9996978			Sin $\frac{1}{2}(\phi + \phi')$	9.7852565	+	
C	1.29104			- $\Delta \alpha$	2.3789299	- 23.9293	
	9.258019	2d term	+ .18.11				
h ²	1.8316						
D	2.3775						
	4.2091	3d term	+ .00.00				
		- $\Delta \phi$	8.4188				

s	Logarithms	Values in seconds		s	Logarithms	Values in seconds	
s	3.6234383			s	3.6234383		
Cos α	9.9221349	+		Sin α	9.7395237		
B	8.5110317			A'	8.5091792		
h	2.0566049	1st term	+ 113.921	Sec ϕ'	0.1010045	+	
s ²	7.2468766			$\Delta \lambda$	1.9731457	- 94.004	
Sin ² α	9.4790474			Sin $\frac{1}{2}(\phi + \phi')$	9.7854008	+	
C	1.29148			- $\Delta \alpha$	1.7585465	- 57.352	
	8.0174040	2d term	+ .0104				
h ²	4.1132						
D	2.3776						
	6.4908	3d term	+ .0003				
		- $\Delta \phi$	113.932				

SMOOTH PLOTTER'S NOTES
To Accompany
DESCRIPTIVE REPORT
HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY Reg. No. H-8210, Field No. WCSP-1256

San Francisco Bay, California

SMOOTH SHEET

The Smooth Sheet was ruled by hand by personnel of the Seattle Processing Office. Shoreline and topographic details as well as signals located by topographic methods were transferred to the Smooth Sheet with the use of blue line prints of manuscripts T-11070, T-11072, T-11073, T-11074, and T-11075. ✓

The shoreline and topography have been verified in accordance with paragraph 757 of the Hydrographic Manual.

SHORELINE AND TOPOGRAPHY

The shoal and snags just south of and parallel to the San Mateo Bridge were transferred directly from the Boat Sheet. ✓

ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This survey makes a satisfactory junction with H-8275 along Long. 122° 10' 00" W. at which junction depth curves can be adequately drawn. ✓

COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

No comparison is herein made as no copy of the prior surveys of this area have been made available to this activity. See attached note. ✓ *See par. 5 Review*

COMPARISON WITH CHART

A comparison is herein made with chart 5531; 54-5/17. ✓

Generally the soundings of this survey are from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet deeper than those shown on the chart. However, the general contour of the bottom has remained unchanged. *See par. 576 Review*

The shallow channel which is shown on the chart as running into Ravenswood Slough appears to have filled in and no longer exists.

The piles charted at Lat. 37° ^{35'} 50" N, Long. 122° 09' 10" W were not

COMPARISON WITH CHART (Cont'd.)

mentioned in the records of this survey and appear to no longer exist.

Tide was 8' on e day at the time these soundings were taken. Considering the 100 meter spacing of lines and generally the muddy condition of water. It is not considered that these piles are disproved. ∴ carried

Respectfully Submitted,

Clinton W. Upham
forward from H-5129 (1931) present Survey.

Clinton D. Upham
LTJG, USC&GS

L.S.S.

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:

Frank G. Johnson

Frank G. Johnson
Captain, USC&GS
Seattle District Officer

COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

Comparisons with H-5131 and H-5135 were made in the Seattle processing Office. The note in the Field Report appears to cover the subject adequately.

See Review

✓

The channel, shown on H-5135, entering Ravenswood Slough has filled and no longer exists.

Respectfully submitted

William M. Martin

William M. Martin
Cartographer-in-Charge S.P.O.

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY Reg. No. H-8210, Field No. WCSP-1256 ✓

ALAMEDA CREEK
COYOTE HILLS SLOUGH
DUMBARTON BRIDGE
MT. EDEN SLOUGH
RAVENSWOOD POINT
RAVENSWOOD SLOUGH
REDWOOD POINT
REDWOOD SLOUGH
Westpoint slough

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Survey No. H-8210

Name on Survey												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	K			
California		} for title								BN	1	
San Mateo Bridge												2
(San Mateo - Hayward Bridge = full name)												3
San Francisco Bay											4	
Redwood Point										BN	5	
Redwood Creek											6	
Westpoint Slough											7	
Ravenswood Slough											8	
Ravenswood Point											9	
Dumbarton Bridge											10	
Coyote Hills Slough											11	
Alameda Creek											12	
Mt Eden Slough											13	
											14	
											15	
											16	
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											26	
											27	

(charts 5531 corrected to this spelling)

Names approved
10-19-56. H. Heck

Hydrographic Surveys (Chart Division)

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. 8210....

Records accompanying survey:

Boat sheets ...1.; sounding vols. ...8...; wire drag vols. 0....; bomb vols. 0....; graphic recorder rolls 4-Envelopes special reports, etc. 1-Descriptive report and 1-Smooth sheet.

The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the sheet:

Number of positions on sheet 1596
Number of positions checked 124
Number of positions revised
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only) 256
Number of soundings erroneously spaced 2
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred 0
Topographic details Time 2 hrs.
Junctions Time 0
Verification of soundings from graphic record Time 12 hrs.

Verification by W. E. Roig Total time 120 hrs Date 6/20/56

Reviewed by [Signature] Time 56 Date 4 Sept 1958

DIVISION OF CHARTS
REVIEW SECTION - NAUTICAL CHART BRANCH
REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO. H-8210

FIELD NO. WCSP-1256

California, South San Francisco Bay
Mt. Eden Slough to Ravenswood Point

Surveyed February-March, 1956

Scale 1:10,000

Project No. 1256

Soundings:

Control:

808 Depth Recorder
EDO Depth Recorder

Sextant fixes on
shore signals

Chief of Party - H. G. Conerly
Surveyed by - H. G. Conerly
Protracted by - C. D. Upham
Soundings plotted by - C. D. Upham
Verified and inked by - W. E. Roig
Reviewed by - L. S. Straw Date: 9/4/58
Inspected by - R. H. Carstens

1. Shoreline and Signals

The shoreline originates with the unreviewed manuscripts of air-photographic surveys T-11070, T-11072, T-11073, T-11074 and T-11075 of 1952-53.

The source of the control is given in the Descriptive Report.

2. Sounding Line Crossings

Cross lines were run to about 3% of the regular system of lines although the instructions called for about 8%. A zig-zag line could have been run to check the depths in the main channel more adequately however, depths at the crossings on cross lines that were run are in adequate agreement.

3. Depth Curves and Bottom Configuration

The lower part of San Francisco Bay is characterized by large flat areas divided by a 40 to 50 foot natural channel. The usual depth curves, supplemented by the 3-ft. curve, were adequately developed and delineate the extensive shoal flats.

4. Junctions with Contemporary Surveys

The junctions with surveys H-8027 (1956) on the north, H-8275 (1956) on the west and H-8281 (1956) on the south will be considered in the reviews of those surveys.

5. Comparison with Prior Surveys

a. H-628 (1857-58) 1:20,000	H-638 (1858) 1:10,000
H-629 (1857-58) 1:10,000	H-2304 (1897) 1:20,000
H-637 (1858) 1:10,000	H-2413 (1898) 1:10,000

In the large natural channel just north of the Dumbarton Bridge the mid-channel depths on the present survey are 2 feet shoaler and decrease progressively to 5 feet shoaler than prior depths in lat. $37^{\circ}31.8'$, long. $122^{\circ}09.65'$. Over the large flat areas the differences in depth are from 1 to 2 feet, but generally present depths are about 1 foot shoaler. In lat. $37^{\circ}32.7'$, long. $122^{\circ}09.6'$ shoaling from 4 to 5 feet has occurred over a considerable area. Radical changes in the location of small natural channels at the mouths of several creeks and sloughs as well as changes in shoreline have taken place in the past 60 to 100 years. The present survey supersedes these surveys within the common area.

b. H-5129 (1931) 1:20,000
H-5131 (1931) 1:10,000
H-5135 (1931) 1:10,000

A comparison of the 1931 surveys and the present survey reveals that only minor changes in depth have occurred in the past 25 years. The low-water shoal in lat. $37^{\circ}31.2'$, long. $122^{\circ}08.9'$ has washed away to depths of 1-2 feet on the present survey. The channel leading to the mouth of Ravenswood Slough having former depths of 1 to 6 feet has filled to zero depths at lat. $37^{\circ}30.5'$, long. $122^{\circ}09.7'$. The depths in the deep channel have not changed appreciably, except in lat. $37^{\circ}31.95'$, long. $122^{\circ}09.7'$ where scouring has increased depths about 2 feet and in lat. $37^{\circ}31.06'$, long. $122^{\circ}07.8'$ where silting has decreased depths on the north side of the channel about 3 feet. Over the shallow flat areas from Dumbarton Bridge to San Mateo Bridge the present survey is 1/2 to 1 foot shoaler in some places and is deeper by about the same amount in others.

The 3-pile cluster in lat. $37^{\circ}35.8'$, long. $122^{\circ}09.15'$ was not proved or disproved by the present survey and is therefore carried forward. Bottom characteristics from the 1931 surveys have been carried forward to supplement those on the present survey.

With the addition of these bottom characteristics and the pile cluster referred to above, the present survey, within the common area, is adequate to supersede the prior surveys.

6. Comparison with Chart 5531 (Reconstruction Dwg. No. 18)

A. Hydrography

The present survey was applied to the reconstruction drawing before verification and review. No discrepancies with the present depths are noted.

The pile cluster in lat. $37^{\circ}35.8'$, long. $122^{\circ}09.15'$ and supplementary bottom characteristics should be retained from the prior surveys.

B. Aids to Navigation

The lighted buoy "12" (FLW) located on the present survey in lat. $37^{\circ}30.86'$, long. $122^{\circ}07.93'$ is in substantial agreement with the reconstruction drawing and properly marks the feature intended.

7. Condition of Survey

- a. The sounding records and Descriptive Report are complete and comprehensive.
- b. The smooth plotting was accurately done.

8. Compliance with Project Instructions

The survey complies with the Project Instructions except as noted in paragraph 2.

9. Additional Field Work

This is a good basic survey and no additional field work is recommended.

Examined and approved:



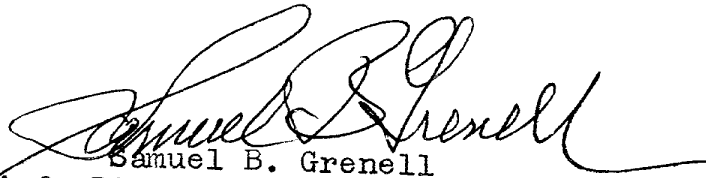
Max G. Ricketts
Chief, Nautical Chart Branch



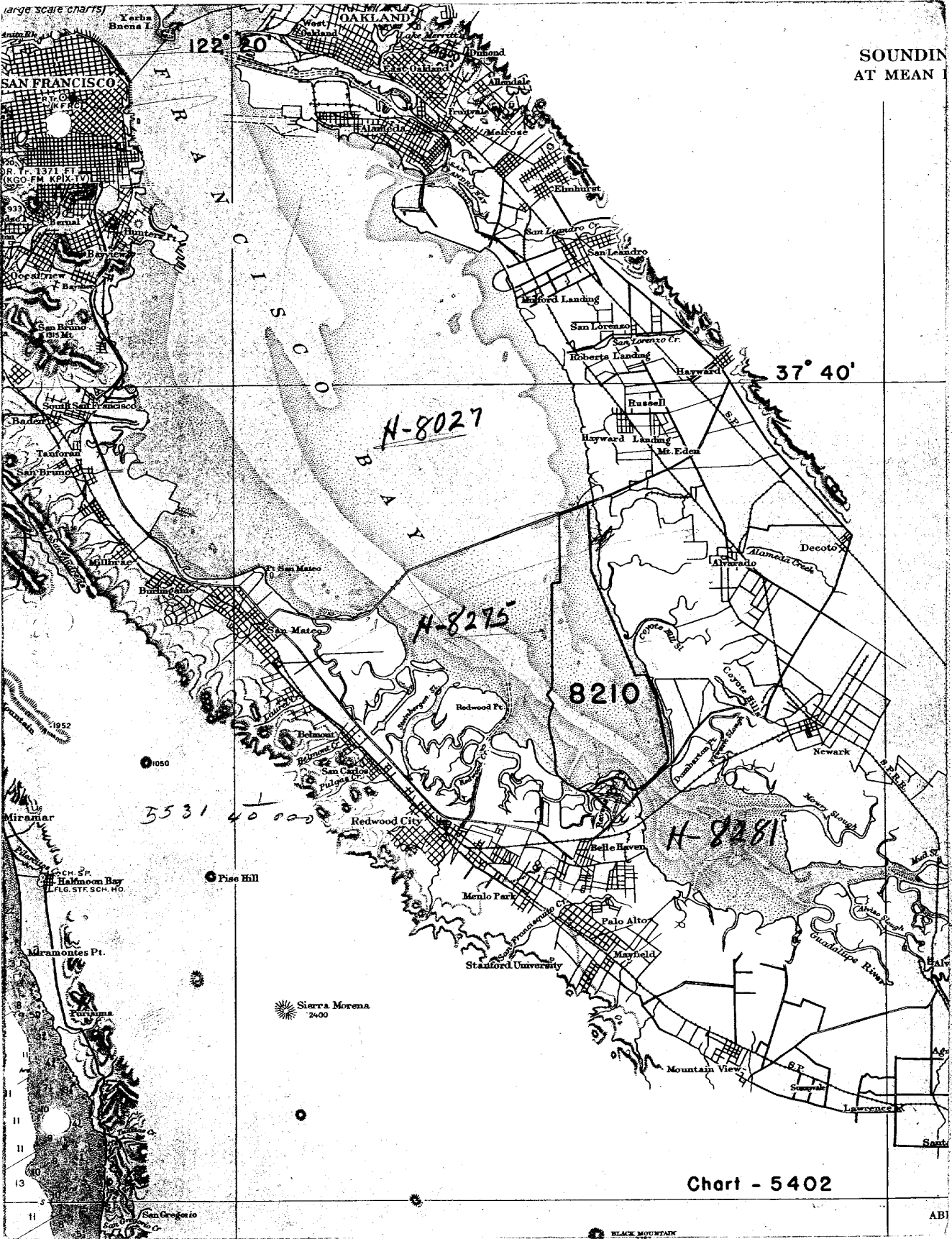
Ernest B. Lewey
Chief, Division of Charts



Karl B. Jeffers
Chief, Hydrography Branch



Samuel B. Grenell
Chief, Division of Coastal Surveys



SOUNDING
AT MEAN

37° 40'

122° 20'

Chart - 5402

ABI

BLACK MOUNTAIN

RHC

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

10/25/56

~~DIVISION OF COASTAL SURVEYS~~

Division of Charts: R. H. Carsten

Plane of reference approved in
8 volumes of sounding records for

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET 8210

Locality South San Francisco Bay, Calif.

Chief of Party: H. G. Conerly in 1956
Plane of reference is mean lower low water, reading
2.7 ft. on tide staff at Dumbarton Bridge
17.4 ft. below B. M. 6A (1931)

2.4 ft. on tide staff at San Mateo Bridge
29.6 ft. below B. M. A7 (1912)

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is:

Dumbarton Bridge.... 7.8 ft.
San Mateo Bridge.... 7.0 ft.

Condition of records satisfactory except as noted below:

Branch
Chief, ~~DIVISION OF TIDES AND CURRENTS~~

J. M. Symons

NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. H-8210

Reviewed 9-4-'58

Record of Application to Charts

DATE	CHART	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
11/26/57	RECONSTR. 5531	SA McGinn	Before After Verification and Review
1-12-60	5531	Z. M. Albert	Re-named to new standard Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
			Before After Verification and Review
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			Before After Verification and Review

after review 9/4/58

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.