

8227

Diag. Cht. Nos. 8802-3, 8859, & 9302.

Form 504

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic

Field No. PF-2455 Office No. H-8227

LOCALITY

State Alaska

General locality North Side Alaska Penin-  
sula

Locality Herendeen Bay

194 55

CHIEF OF PARTY

K. G. Crosby

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE March 14, 1956.

8227

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

REGISTER NO. H-8227

Field No. FF-2455

State Alaska

General locality North N. Side Alaska Peninsula

Locality Herendeen Bay

Scale 1:20,000 Date of survey June thru August 1955

Instructions dated 20 December 1954

Vessel Ship PATHFINDER

Chief of party K. G. Crosby

Surveyed by G. W. Thompson

Soundings taken by ~~fathometer~~, graphic recorder, ~~hand lead, etc.~~

Fathograms scaled by Saunders

Fathograms checked by Dodd

Protracted by G. W. Thompson, C. D. Upham

Soundings penciled by A. L. Wardwell, C. D. Upham

Soundings in ~~fathoms~~ feet at ~~MLLW~~ MLLW  
and are true depths

REMARKS:

*Handwritten initials*

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

To Accompany

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-8227 (Field No. PF-2455)

HERENDEEN BAY

Scale: 1:20,000

1955

USC&GS Ship PATHFINDER

K. G. Crosby, Commanding

A. PROJECT:

This survey is a part of Project No. 1375. Original instructions were dated 20 December 1954. ✓

B. SURVEY LIMITS AND DATES:

This survey covers Herendeen Bay north of latitude  $55^{\circ}49'$ . Hydrography was done on 17 June and from 27 July to 31 August 1955. ✓

The survey joins contemporary survey H-8225 to the northeast and H-8228 to the south. *H-8224(1955) on the north*  
*(1955)* *Review, #4*  
*(1955)*

C. VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT:

PATHFINDER launch 2 was used on 17 June. The rest of the survey was done by launch 4. Their turning radii were about 20 meters.

Portable 808 type graphic recorders with keel-mounted acoustic units were used. The fathometers were calibrated for 800 fathoms per second.\* Launch 2 used fathometer No. 61 and launch 4 used fathometer No. 46. \* *bar check corrections applied for all depths*

The launches operated from the ship. The first few days of work were done when the ship was anchored about 3 miles off Entrance Point. The rest of the survey was done while the PATHFINDER was anchored in northern Herendeen Bay.

D. TIDES AND CURRENTS:

Tide corrections were obtained from observations made by a standard gage at Entrance Point, Port Moller and a portable gage at Fidalgo Island Cannery in southern Herendeen Bay. See TIDE NOTE attached to this report. *Review, #7*

Two 100-hour current stations were observed with Roberts radio current meters at latitude 55°50'15", longitude 160°47'13" and latitude 55°54'14", longitude 160°46'14".

A 100-hour current station was observed from the ship with a current pole at latitude 55°52'14" and longitude 160°50'17".

E. SMOOTH SHEET:

The projection was made by hand by the Seattle Processing Office. The Processing Office constructed the shoran arcs and transferred the shoreline from blue-line tracings made from advance manuscripts Nos. 11092 and 11094 (PH-40).  
(1942-52) (1942-54) Review, #1

F. CONTROL STATIONS:

MARBLE, 1950; HAGUE, 1950; AS 1147 (USIM), 1950; EAGLE ROCK, 1950; OSGOOD, 1950; and DEER, 1950 were used to control this survey. The triangulation was done by J. H. Brittain.

G. SHORELINE AND TOPOGRAPHY:

The shoreline and topography applied to the smooth sheet were taken from advance photogrammetric manuscripts Nos. 11092 and 11094 (PH-40). No discrepancies were noted except that listed below. T-11091 (1942-52) Review, #1

Positions 32, 44, and 46 M at the western tip of Deer Island plot as much as 50 meters inshore of the high water line. The extreme western tip of the island is a sand spit subject to minor changes; however it is questionable that it has changed this much since the photographs were taken. The writer does not know whether the error is in the shoreline or the hydrographic control. If the verifier can ascertain that the shoreline compilation was rigidly controlled, it is recommended that the shoran distances be corrected so that the hydrography will fit the shoreline. Review, #7

H. SOUNDINGS:

All soundings were recorded on portable 808-type depth recorders. Bottom specimens were obtained with a tallow "armed" lead.

Fathometer corrections were determined by disconnecting the fathometer receiver unit and connecting another receiver secured to the end of a graduated cable. This unit was lowered to known depths and the fathometer readings recorded. Corrections were computed from these readings as follows:

(a) fathometer reading	25.5 Ft.
(b) initial set	3.0 "

(c)	a - b	22.5	Ft.
(d)	2c	45.0	"
(e)	true distance between units	42.9	"
(f)	fathometer correction e-d	- 2.1	"
(g)	draft (unit in keel)	2.6	"
(h)	initial	3.0	"
(i)	initial correction g-h	- 0.4	"
(j)	total correction f-i	- 2.5	"

This is the correction to be applied to the fathometer reading for a true depth of 42.9 (e)  $\neq$  2.6 (g) with the initial set at 3 feet.

A special fathometer report will be submitted. (1955/131)

#### I. CONTROL OF HYDROGRAPHY:

A sextant fix using three triangulation stations was taken to help locate Halftide Rock. All other hydrography was controlled with shoran distances.

Most hydrography was controlled by distances from SHO-HAG (HAGUE, 1950) and SHO-MAR (MARRLE, 1950). The area where these two stations gave a weak intersection was controlled by SHO-HAG and SHO-BOAT.

SHO-BOAT was the shoran mast aboard the PATHFINDER. Its position was determined every half hour with a sextant fix on OSGOOD, 1950; DEER, 1950; and HAGUE, 1950. Fixes were taken more frequently during periods of slack water and whenever the ship was swinging.

A part of the northeastern portion of the survey was controlled by distances from SHO-HAG and SHO-MO (AS 1147 USIM, 1950). In most cases the calibrating of shoran equipment was done by the launches in the same general area as the survey. The only shoran corrections then applied were those determined from the calibration test and the zero checks. The calibration tests run for SHO-MO were made relatively close to the station. It was found while plotting the smooth sheet that an additional correction should be applied to relatively long distance readings from this station.

Previous tests have shown that there is a variable shoran error that is dependent upon the distance between the mobile and fixed units and also the heights of their antennas. This correction was determined for SHO-CYN, on St. Lawrence Island, in 1954. The elevation of SHO-CYN and SHO-MO was about the same, and the same type launches were used. Because of the similarity, the distance corrections determined for SHO-CYN in 1954 were applied to shoran readings from SHO-MO. A detailed

description of this variable may be found in the Shoran Correction Descriptive Report, 1954, Ship PATHFINDER, along with the curves showing the actual value of the error as applied to this survey. ✓

A separate report will be submitted on shoran corrections. (1955/132) ✓

It is believed the control of this sheet is adequate. No large discrepancies were noted except that listed above *Review, P7* in Section G.

J. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY:

This survey is complete and adequate and should supersede all prior surveys. ✓

The junction with survey H-8228 to the south is satisfactory. *Review, P4*

The junction with survey H-8225 to the northeast will be discussed in the Descriptive Report for that survey. *Review, P's 4 & 7*

K. CROSSLINES:

About 8 percent of the sounding lines are crosslines. The crossings are <sup>now</sup> satisfactory. *Review, P4* ✓

L. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS:

There are no prior surveys available for comparison. ✓

M. COMPARISON WITH CHART:

Chart 8833 gives only a general picture of this area which for the most part is inaccurate. The soundings on the chart were probably obtained from poorly controlled reconnaissance lines. The detached \*3 fathom sounding at latitude 55°52'17, longitude 160°49'18 was not found. It is recommended that none of these old soundings be retained. ✓ *Review, P6*  
*\*16-ft. depths on present survey*

N. DANGERS AND SHOALS:

All dangers and shoals are evident on the smooth sheet. ✓

O. COAST PILOT INFORMATION:

Coast Pilot Notes for this area were submitted 13 October 1955.

P. AIDS TO NAVIGATION:

There are no aids in this area. ✓

Q. LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS:

Covered in Coast Pilot Notes submitted for this area. ✓

R. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES:

Names appearing on the smooth sheet were obtained from chart 8833 and photogrammetric manuscripts 11092 and 11094 (PH-40). No new names are recommended.

S. SILTED AREAS:

No silted areas were found. ✓

T. BY PRODUCT INFORMATION:

There are a few submerged boulders and foul areas along the eastern shore of Herendeen Bay. Except for this area, the bottom is either sand or mud with no danger of striking hidden rocks. ✓

Currents are quite strong in Hague Channel and Johnston Channel. Vessels entering this area should do so at slack water. ✓

U - Y MISCELLANEOUS:

Not applicable.

Z. TABULATION OF APPLICABLE DATA:

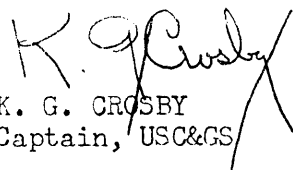
1. Coast Pilot Notes forwarded 13 October 1955.
2. Fathometer Correction Report. (1955/131)
3. Tide Records, Entrance Point and Fidalgo Island Cannery.
4. Photogrammetric Descriptive Reports (Project PF-40).
5. Photogrammetric Manuscripts Nos. 11092 and 11094 (PF-40).
- (1955/132) 6. Shoran Correction Descriptive Report, Ship PATHFINDER, 1954.
7. Season Report (1955/81)

Respectfully submitted,



JOHN O. BOYER  
LCDR, USC&GS

Approved and forwarded:

  
K. G. CROSBY  
Captain, USC&GS

# STATISTICS FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-8227

FIELD NO. PF-2455

SHIP PATHFINDER

PROJECT NO. 1375

<u>VOL.</u> <u>NUMBER</u>	<u>DAY</u> <u>LETTER</u>	<u>DATE</u> <u>1955</u>	<u>NUMBER OF</u> <u>POSITIONS</u>	<u>STAT. MI.</u> <u>SOUNDING</u>
<u>LAUNCH NO. 2</u>				
1	a (purple)	17 June	138	23.0
<u>LAUNCH NO. 4</u>				
2	a (red)	27 July	180	24.8
2	b	29 "	165	23.4
2,3	c	30 "	156	21.6
3	d	3 Aug	11	--
3	e	4 "	168	28.6
3,4	f	10 "	190	44.6
4	g	11 "	35	8.4
4	h	12 "	126	30.6
5	j	13 "	113	25.8
5	k	15 "	132	26.7
5,6	l	16 "	51	10.5
6	m	25 "	117	21.2
6	n	28 "	--	--
6	p	29 "	138	18.6
6,7	q	31 "	<u>59</u>	<u>5.3</u>
Total launch No. 4			1641	290.1
Total for survey			1779	313.1
Total area of survey= 55.4 sq. stat. mi.				



# TIDE NOTE

## HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-8227

A standard tide gage was in operation at Entrance Point, <sup>\*</sup>Port Moller (latitude 55° 59' 12", longitude 160° 34' 13"), and a portable gage was at Fidalgo Island Cannery, southern Herendeen Bay (latitude 55° 42' 19", longitude 160° 41' 16").

A comparison of the records from the two gages showed Fidalgo Island with reference to Entrance Point tides were:

high water= 0.6 feet and 38 minutes  
low water= -0.6 feet and 58 minutes

It was estimated that tides in the vicinity of this survey were the average of the tides for the above two locations.  
(an average was used in reduction)

The August marigram for Entrance Point was lost in the mail. The Washington Office inferred the August hourly heights from the best available sources (see letter reference 36-196-982 pat dated 4 November 1955). Because of this, the corrected observed tides at Fidalgo Island were used for this survey when available. <sup>inferred</sup> Corrected Entrance Point tides were used for the several days Fidalgo Island gage was not working (see TIDE NOTE, survey H-8228 DESCRIPTIVE REPORT).

Aug 10 to Aug 28

Launch	4	d	day	3	aug
"	e	"	4	"	*
"	j	"	13	"	
"	p	"	29	"	*
"	2	"	31	"	*

\* = adjusted to eliminate 2 & 3 ft cross-section discrepancy -

Aug 2 9:00 is last <sup>avg</sup> record on Entrance Point

GEOGRAPHIC NAME LIST

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-8227

Alaska Peninsula .  
Black Point .  
Coal Bluff .  
Coal Creek .  
Coal Valley .  
Deer Island .  
Doe Point .  
Eagle Rock .  
Fawn Point .  
Halftide Rk .  
Hague Channel .  
Herendeen Bay .  
Johnston Channel .  
Lynden Creek .  
Mud Bay .  
Point Divide .  
Ross Point .  
Village Spit .

# ECHO CORRECTIONS

## HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-8227

Launch No. 2, Fathometer 61, initial set 3.0 ft.

Use corrections as determined for fathometer No. 61 by launch No. 1, survey H-8225 as listed below:

FATHOMETER READING	CORRECTION			
	"A" SCALE	"B" SCALE	"C" SCALE	"D" SCALE
0.0 to 6.0 ft.	-0.8 ft.			
11.0	-0.6			
16.0	-0.4			
20.0	-0.2			
25.0	-0.0			
30.0	<del>0.2</del>			
36.0	0.4	0.0		
40.0	0.6	<del>0.2</del>		
45.0	0.8	0.4		
50.0	1.0	0.6		
55.0	1.2	0.8		
60.0	<del>1.4</del>	1.0		
65.0		1.2		
70.0		1.4	-1.0	
76.0		1.6	0.8	
80.0		1.8	0.6	
85.0		2.0	0.4	
90.0		<del>2.2</del>	-0.2	
95.0		<del>2.4</del>	0.0	
100.0			<del>0.2</del>	
105.0			0.4	-2.6
110.0			0.6	2.4
115.0			0.8	2.2
120.0			<del>1.0</del>	2.0
125.0			<del>1.2</del>	-1.8

Launch No. 4, Fathometer No. 46, initial set 3.0 ft.

FATHOMETER READING	CORRECTION			
	"A" SCALE	"B" SCALE	"C" SCALE	"D" SCALE
0 to 12.0	-1.2			
21.0	1.0			
30.0	0.8			
41.0	0.6	<del>0.8</del>		
50.0	0.4	1.0		

(continued next page)

LAUNCH NO. 4 (continued)

<u>FATHOMETER READING</u>	<u>CORRECTION</u>			
	<u>"A" SCALE</u>	<u>"B" SCALE</u>	<u>"C" SCALE</u>	<u>"D" SCALE</u>
61.0	-0.2	1.2		
70.0		1.4		
81.0		1.6	-0.4	
90.0		<del>1.8</del>	-0.2	
100.0			0.0	
110.0			<del>0.2</del>	-3.5
120.0			0.4	3.3
129.0			<del>0.6</del>	3.1
139.0				2.9
149.0				2.7
160.0				-2.5

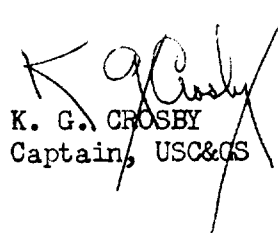
APPROVAL SHEET

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-8227 (PF-2455)

HERENDEEN BAY, ALASKA

This survey was done under my supervision, the boat sheet being inspected daily during the period of hydrography.

I consider this survey adequate for the charting of this area. No additional work is recommended within the area covered.

  
K. G. CROSBY  
Captain, USC&GS

30/36ms  
RECEIVED DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
MAIL ROOM U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

SHIP PATHFINDER  
700 FEDERAL OFFICE BUILDING  
SEATTLE 4, WASHINGTON

SEP 13 11 45 AM 1955

982 pat  
PATH-JOB-wy  
File 711.1  
Serial 113  
1 Sep. 1955

AIR MAIL COAST & GEODETIC SURVEY  
U. S. COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

To: Director, U. S. Coast & Geodetic Survey  
Washington 25, D. C.

Subj: Tides, hourly heights

1. It is requested that the following heights determined from the Port Moller Tide gage be furnished this party as they become available.

- a. From 0800 to 2000 (150th Meridian time) on 3 and 4 August.
- b. From 0800 to 1700 on 10, 11, 12, 15, 16 17, 24, 25, and 26 August.
- c. From 0800 to 1200 on 13 and 29 August.  
*1 day 1 day*
- d. From 1600 to 1800 on 31 August.  
*1 day*

2. Tide marigrams, hourly heights, and level data for portable tide gage at Fidalgo Island Cannery in Herendeen Bay are being sent under separate cover. It is requested that mean lower low water be determined for this gage and the results sent to this party as soon as available.

*K. G. Crosey*  
K. G. CROSEY  
Captain, USCGS  
C. O. Ship PATHFINDER

*Aug 2-9:00 is last record from Entrance Point*

4 November 1955

To: The Commanding Officer  
USCGC88 PATHFINDER  
705 Federal Office Building  
Seattle 4, Washington

Subject: Tidal data, Port Moller and  
Herendeen Bay, Alaska

Reference is made to your letter of September 1, 1955 requesting hourly heights for Port Moller, Alaska and the plane of mean lower low water on the staff at Herendeen Bay, Alaska.

The delay in answering this request is due to the fact that we were waiting for the August tide roll for Port Moller, which apparently has been lost in the mail.

Based upon the best available sources the hourly heights for Port Moller have been inferred for the dates requested. These are referred to the plane of MLLW.

The plane of mean lower low water on the staff at Herendeen Bay has been computed as 1.8 feet.

ELLIOTT B. ROBERTS

Acting Director

Enclosure

# GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Survey No. H-3227

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES											
Survey No. H-5227											
Name on Survey		On Chart No.	On previous survey No.	On U. S. quadrangle Maps	From local information	On local Maps	P. O. Guide or Map	Rand McNally Atlas	U. S. Light List		
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	K			
Alaska										1	
Alaska Peninsula										2	
Herendeen Bay										3	
Coal Bluff										4	
Johnston Channel										5	
Eagle Rock										6	
Half Tide Rock										7	
Point Divide										8	
Hague Channel										9	
Deer Island										10	
Doe Point										11	
Mud Bay										12	
Black Point										13	
Village Spit										14	
										15	
										16	
										17	
										18	
										19	
										20	
										21	
Entrance Point										22	
(tide station off sheet)										23	
										24	
										25	
										26	
										27	

Names approved

3-27-56. L. Heck

(Other names on sheet are approved if desired to use them)



# Hydrographic Surveys (Chart Division)

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY NO. *8227*....

## Records accompanying survey:

Boat sheets *1*....; sounding vols. *7*....; wire drag vols. ....;

bomb vols. ....; graphic recorder rolls ~~8~~-*Envelopes*

special reports, etc. *1-Descriptive report and 1-Smooth sheet*.....

*1 Case of Shoran Calibration Data and*.....

*1 Metal Mounted Shoran Calibration Sheet Filed With Graphic Control Surveys*

*(to be discarded on completion of project)*  
The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the sheet:

Number of positions on sheet	.....	<i>1779</i>
Number of positions checked	.....	<i>20</i>
Number of positions revised	.....	<i>150</i> *
Number of soundings revised (refers to depth only)	.....	<i>10</i>
Number of soundings erroneously spaced	.....	
Number of signals erroneously plotted or transferred	.....	<i>2</i>
Topographic details	Time	<i>5</i> .....
Junctions	Time	<i>40</i> .....
Verification of soundings from graphic record	Time	<i>10</i> .....

Verification by *Roy E Elkins*.....Total time *170 hrs estimated*..... Date *11-14-57*

Reviewed by *J. A. Dinsmore*..... Time *16*..... Date *1-22-58*

\* Revised during general adjustment to eliminate discrepancies with photo location of channel edges and in junctional area with 11-8225

DIVISION OF CHARTS  
REVIEW SECTION - NAUTICAL CHART BRANCH  
REVIEW OF HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

REGISTRY NO. H-8227

FIELD NO. PF-2455

Alaska, N. Side Alaska Peninsula, Herendeen Bay

Surveyed: June-August 1955

Scale 1:20,000

Project No. CS-1375

Soundings:

Control:

808 Depth Recorder

Shoran

Chief of Party - K. G. Crosby  
Surveyed by - G. W. Thompson  
Protracted by - G. W. Thompson & C. D. Upham  
Soundings plotted by - A. L. Wardwell & C. D. Upham  
Verified and inked by - R. E. Elkins  
Reviewed by - T. A. Dinsmore  
Inspected by - R. H. Carstens

Date: 22 Jan. 1958

1. Shoreline and Control

The shoreline originates with reviewed air-photographic surveys T-11091 (1942-52), T-11092 (1942-52) and T-11094 (1942-54).

The origin of the control is given in the Descriptive Report.

2. Sounding Line Crossings

Depths at crossings are in good agreement after corrections noted in paragraph 7 were applied.

3. Depth Curves and Bottom Configuration

The usual depth curves are adequately delineated.

The 311-ft deep in lat.  $55^{\circ}53.15'$ , long.  $160^{\circ}48.9'$ , is probably the most unusual feature in the area. Johnston Channel in the eastern part of Herendeen Bay is quite constricted by flanking

H-8227 (1955) - 2

shoal flats. In lat.  $55^{\circ}51.4'$ , long.  $160^{\circ}47.7'$ , depths drop sharply from 6 to 60 ft. in as short a distance as 80 meters. Channel depths range from 41 to 96 ft.

4. Junctions with Contemporary Surveys

A butt junction was effected with H-8225 (1955) on the northeast. Conflicting overlap soundings on H-8225 were removed from the marginal area for reasons explained in paragraph 7.

The junction with H-8224 (1955) on the north is adequate except that the channel skirting the eastern side of Deer Island remains unsurveyed. This inshore shallow channel appears relatively unimportant inasmuch as the area northward is comprised mostly of shoal flats.

The junction with H-8228 (1955) on the south will be considered in the review of that survey.

5. Comparison with Prior Surveys

There are no prior surveys of the area by this Bureau.

6. Comparison with Chart 8833 (Latest print date 4/30/56)

A. Hydrography

Charted hydrography originates with advance information of the present survey shown on blueprint 52857 (copy of boat sheet). Although no major discrepancies are found on the chart, the smooth-sheet soundings generally differ from 1 to 3 ft. with the charted (boat-sheet) soundings.

The present survey entirely supersedes the charted information.

B. Aids to Navigation

No aids to navigation are charted in this area.

7. Condition of Survey

- a. The sounding records are complete; the Descriptive Report covers all matters of importance.
- b. The smooth plotting was generally adequate. However, in specific localities, development by Launches 2 and 4 conflicted with each other and also with the shoreline and channels located by air photographs. In the affected

localities, adjustments of .060 to .080 miles in the shoran positioning of certain sounding lines resolved the discrepancies.

The channel development by Launch 3 on H-8225 would agree with the photo-positioned channels and junctional development on H-8227 if the development on H-8225 were shifted southeastward .080 miles; however, inasmuch as the inking of H-8225 had been completed, a butt junction was effected by removal of conflicting overlap soundings from the margin of H-8225.

It should be noted that the shoran reducers and positioning adjustments are merely expedients, and are not supported by conclusive evidence that the reducers or adjustments are numerically correct. All positioning adjustments were made during verification of the survey in the Washington Office.

6. The use of a tide station far removed from the project area, necessitated by the loss of the Entrance Point marigram for August, caused sounding conflicts of 2 and 3 feet in flat shallow areas. Three days of development by Launch 4 (e, p. q. days) dependent on inferred tides were adjusted during verification. The adjustments are based on improvised tide curves developed by plotting depth differences between soundings of the subject days and soundings reduced with local tides.

In this instance the tide note is inadequate in that it does not state specifically when local tides were used nor does it state when inferred tides (surmised in this case to be subject to 2 ft. error) were used. The tide gage entry, stamp 38, lists local stations when in fact the tides on certain days are from stations far removed from the project area.

8. Compliance with Project Instructions

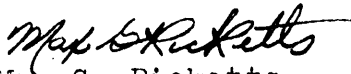
The survey adequately complies with the Project Instructions.

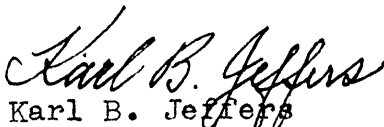
9. Additional Field Work

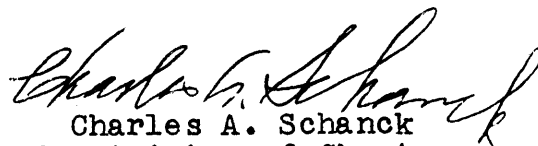
The survey is considered to be basic and no additional field work is recommended.

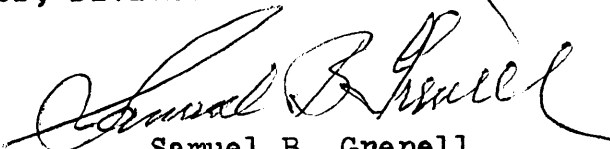
H-8227 (1955) - 4

Examined and approved:

  
Max G. Ricketts  
Chief, Nautical Chart Branch

  
Karl B. Jeffers  
Chief, Hydrography Branch

  
Charles A. Schanck  
Chief, Division of Charts

  
Samuel B. Grenell  
Chief, Division of Coastal Surveys

~~DELIVERED TO COMBAT SURVEYS:~~

Division of Charts: R. H. Carstens

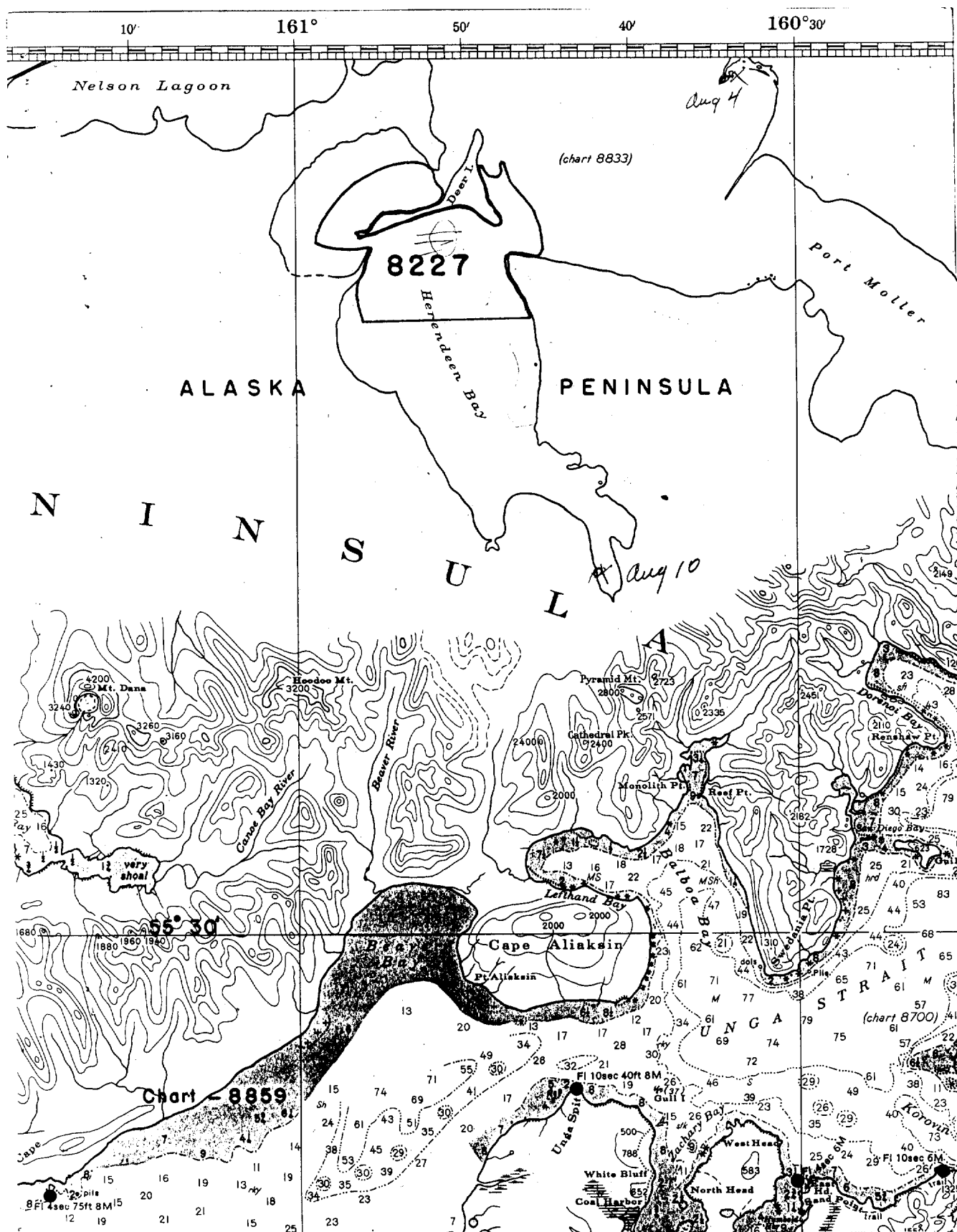
HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

8227

Chief of Party: K. G. Crosby in 1955  
Plane of reference is mean lower low water, reading  
2.4 ft. on tide staff at Port Moller  
17.7 ft. below B. M. 1 (1939)

Height of mean high water above plane of reference is 9.8 feet.

*Kallamthosho*  
Chief, Division of Tides and Currents. Branch



## NAUTICAL CHARTS BRANCH

SURVEY NO. H-8227

## Record of Application to Charts

[illegible]

M-2168-1

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.