# 9688

Diag. Cht. No. 8002-2

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

## **DESCRIPTIVE REPORT**

(HYDROGRAPHIC)

	Hydrographic DA-20-2-77 H-9688	
	LOCALITY	-
State	Alaska	
	Yakutat Bay	
Locality	Ocean Cape to Khantaak	
Locality	Island	•
	19 77	•
	CHIEF OF PARTY Christian Andreasen	•
LI	BRARY & ARCHIVES	
DATE	June 19, 1979	•

☆ U.S. GOV. PRINTING OFFICE: 1976-669-441

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NOAA FORM 77-28 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (11-72) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTER NO.
HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET	H-9688
INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.	FIELD NO.  DA 20-2-77
StateAlaska	
General locality Yakutat Bay	
LocalityOcean Cape to Khantaak Island	
Scale 1:20,000 Date of sur	
1	OPR-525-DA-77
Vessel NOAA SHIP DAVIDSON and Launches	DA-1 and DA-2
Chief of partyCDR Christian Andreasen	
Surveyed by ENS. G. Wheaton, ENS. S. Snyder, ENS. C. G ENS. L. Haas, Ship's personnel.	
Soundings taken by echo sounder, hand lead, pole Echo Sound	n F
Graphic record scaled by Ross digitizing fathometer and Ra  Graphic record checked by Ship's personnel	ytheon, 723 Tathometer
Position Verification	
አምለአቸልቸል እታዲ Gordon E. Kay Automa Sounding	
Verification by Gordon E. Kay  and tenths	
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REMARKS: Survey completed	
Miscellaneous items have been removed from this D.R. and	are filed with the field records.
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	5 8-17-79
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NOAA FORM 77-28 SUPERSEDES FORM C&G5-537.	

#### A. PROJECT

This basic hydrographic survey, H-9688, DA-20-2-77, was accomplished in accordance with the Project Instructions for OPR-525-DA-77, the survey of Yakutat Bay, Alaska, dated 23 February 1977, and: change #1 dated 25 March 1977, change #2 dated 4 May 1977, change #3 dated 13 June 1977, change #4 dated 20 June 1977, and change to section 3.4 dated 15 April 1977.

#### B. AREA SURVEYED

The area surveyed is the eastern side of the entrance to Yakutat Bay. The survey is bounded on the north by latitude 59°39'10"N, on the south by latitude 59°30'40"N, and on the west by longitude 140°06'15"W. On the east, the survey boundary from south to north is as follows:

north from latitude 59°30'40"N to 59°31'30"N along longitude 139°50'30"W, northwest from latitude 59°31'30"N to 59°32'15"N along the shoreline of Phipps peninsula, west along latitude 59°32'15"N from longitude 139°51'40"W to 139°53'40"W, north from latitude 59°32'15"N to 59°36'45"N along longitude 139°53'40"W, east along latitude 59°36'45"N from longitude 139°53'40"W to 139°45'40"W, northeast from latitude 59°36'45"N to 59°38'20"N along the western shoreline of Khantaak Island, and north from latitude 59°38'20"N to 59°39'10"N along longitude 139°43'50"W.

Hydrography began 23 June and was completed 19 September 1977.

#### C. SOUNDING VESSELS

Two hydrographic launches were used as sounding platforms for this survey. Their numbers and corresponding colors for data collection and plotting are as follows:

<u>Vessel #</u>	Platform	Color		
3131	DA-1	Red		
3132	DA-2	Blue		

Both vessels were used in all areas of the survey; there is excellent sounding agreement between the vessels. The ship DAVIDSON was used for bottom sampling in the deeper waters.

#### D. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

Both launches used Ross Fineline model 5000 fathometers. The serial numbers are as follows:

Echo sounder DE 723	used in conjunction	with Bottom Sample	observations (See Q.C. Report-item 3)
<u>Vessel #</u>	Recorder	Digitizer	Transceiver

VCDDCT #	<u> </u>	DIGICIACI	TT diibcct v		
3131	1048	1081	1036		
3132	1077	1077	1077		
3132	1080*	1077	1081		

\*changed JD 173.

This sounding equipment was used in depths from approximately 0.7 to 95 fathoms. The initials were maintained at zero, and daily phase calibration checks were made from 0 to 200 fathoms at 10 fathom intervals. All fathograms were scanned for comparison with digitized depths; additions (peaks and deeps) and corrections were made on a separate corrector tape.

Soundings on the Final Field Sheets have been corrected for predicted tides and transducer depth, but not for sound velocity. Tide correctors were computed from daily predicted tides, hourly heights, for Yakutat provided by Oceanographic Division, Tides and Water Levels Branch, National Ocean Survey, Rockville. Correctors were computed at 0.2 fathom intervals and used "on line" during hydrography. Six tide gages were installed by DAVIDSON during this survey. They were located at Pt. Manby 1, Pt. Manby 2, Pt. Latouche, North Blizhni Pt., Redfield Cove, and Johnstone Passage. See the appended Field Tide Note.

Transducer depth (TRA) was determined from bar checks made twice daily by each launch. The computed TRA corrector for each launch was 0.30 fathom. To obtain sound velocity correctors, two CTD casts and two Nansen casts were made in the project area. The data from the two CTD casts were obtained from NOAA ships working in the area: one cast from the MILLER FREEMAN made 10 June, the other from the SURVEYOR made 15 September. Both ships provided the data from their routine Outer Continental Shelf Environmental Assessment Project (OCSEAP) investigations of Yakutat Bay. Two Nansen casts were made by the DAVIDSON, one on 27 July and one on 1 September. See the appended Corrections to Echo Sounders Report.

#### E. HYDROGRAPHIC SHEETS

The field sheets for this survey were prepared using the Hydroplot system aboard the DAVIDSON. A PDP 8/e computer, S/N 09492, and a Complot DP3 plotter, S/N 5445-5, were used for computations and plotting. Two 1:20,000 scale field sheets comprise the survey, referred to as DA-20-2A-77 (south sheet) and DA-20-2B-77 (north sheet). Two 1:20,000 overlays were plotted for 45 meter splits and small developments to prevent congestion on the Final Field Sheet.

#### F. CONTROL STATIONS

For electronic and visual control of this survey, fourteen triangulation stations were recovered.

#### Stations Recovered

KHANTAAK ISLAND LIGHT 1974
BLOOD 1941
BOLD 1941
YAKUTAT WATER TANK 1974
CRATER 1941
ABLE 1941
CROW 1941
BEAR 1941
LUFF 1974
BLIZ 1974
MALASPINA SW BASE 1892
\*KNIGHT 1941 (Red RAYDIST site from 23 June to 10 August)
KNIGHT 1941 RM3 1975 (Signal)
AREST 1941 (Signal built at AREST RM1, 1941)

During the course of the hydrographic survey, third-order, class I geodetic positions were determined for sixteen monumented and four temporary (unmonumented) triangulation stations.

#### New Stations

SEATTLE 1977 (Signal)(Unadjusted as of 6-29-79)
NEAR 2, 1977 (Signal)( " - 6-29-79)
COORS 1977 (Signal)
\*DONNA 1977 (Signal built at DONNA RM1, 1977)
CAROL 1977
FAITH 1977
GUN 1977 (Signal)
ARCO 1977 (\*\*ARCO RM1, 1977 used as MINIRANGER site)

PHIPPS 1977 (Signal)

\*\*KARDY 1977

TEMP PT #5
DIVER 1977

SCUBA 1977

ISLAND 1977

TEMP PT #3

TEMP PT #1

COYOTE 1977

TEMP PT #2

BOBCAT 1977 (\*RAYDIST site at BOBCAT RM1, 1977)

SCHOONER 1977

\*RAYDIST stations located at these stations.
\*\*MINIRANGER transponders located at these stations.

The new stations were determined by triangulation and traverse in the areas of Phipps Peninsula, Monti Bay and in the islands north of Monti Bay. Also, a traverse was run south along the western shore of Yakutat Bay from triangulation station BLIZ 1974 to MALASPINA SOUTHWEST BASE 1892 for location of the RAYDIST site near BOBCAT 1977.

Refer to the signal list for the geodetic positions of these stations. Computations are based on the North American 1927 Datum. See the appended Horizontal Control Note.

#### G. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

All but one day of hydrography was run using a Hastings RAYDIST DR-S medium range radio positioning system operated in the range-range mode. The mean frequency used for this system was 3306.45 KHz. The final day was run in range-range mode using the Motorola MINIRANGER III electronic position system. RAYDIST equipment was used as follows:

	DA-l	DA-2	DA-2	DAVIDSON all days
<u>a</u>	all days	JD 174-204	JD 205-206	
Transmitter	172	171	20	171
	54	26	47	26
Navigator Strip chart	14	15	16	15
Hazlow interfac	ce 34	4	4	33

Each launch was equipped with a 28 foot whip RAYDIST antenna.

The RAYDIST transmitters were set up and operated as follows:

	KNIGHT 1941	BOBCAT RM1 1977	DONNA 1977
Dates &	JD 156-222	JD 222-265	JD 159-265
Color	Red station	Red station	Green station
Transmitter	S/N 234	S/N 234	S/N 15
Antenna	42 ft*	60 ft	42 ft

\*Note: an additional 12 feet of antenna was added on JD 188 (7 July) to increase signal output.

Calibrations were made at the beginning and ending of each day, using visual three-point sextant fixes from visual signals on the east side of Yakutat Bay. During the initial calibration each day, the lane counts were slewed to get the observed rates within one lane of the actual rates. The morning and evening partial lane correctors were then meaned to get daily corrector values to be applied to the data in final plotting from the electronic corrector tape. If an ending calibration was impossible due to bad weather, a whole lane count was verified using one of several calibration buoys. The partial correctors from the beginning calibration were then used for the daily correctors.

After several days of problems with lane jumps causing loss of hydrographic data, small calibration buoys were dropped by the launches in shoal areas of the working area. These provided a means for whole lane count checks during the day whenever lane jumps were suspected, allowing the launch to remain in the area instead of running a long distance to recalibrate. The launch rates were then verified several times each day. If lane jumps occurred and could be identified on the strip chart, the data was retained; if the jumps could not be found, the hydrography was rerun.

Many problems with lane jumps were encountered, especially with DA-2 (vessel #3132). Much of the problem was due to an electrical load shift in the launch antenna system. Although early experiences with antenna load problems were attributed to spray/rain on the launch antenna, continuing problems finally resulted in replacement of the transmitter/navigator unit on DA-2 on JD 204 (22 July). A contributing factor to the lane loss problem resulted from the poor shore transmitter setup at the red station on KNIGHT 1941. The site was the best available, but had a smaller than optimal ground plane. The shore stations on BOBCAT RM1 1977 and DONNA 1977 worked well, and no major lane jump or signal problems were encountered with them.

On JD 193 (12 July), the green station (DONNA 1977) stopped transmitting after two hours of launch hydrography had been run. This was apparently caused by a spurious signal on the frequency used to remotely key the shore station on and off. Remote control units were used throughout the season to turn both RAYDIST shore stations off when not in use so that battery power could be conserved. Keying was done from the ship DAVIDSON. On this same date, launch 3132 was also running hydrography and lost signal from the green station simultaneously with this launch. The ship confirmed that the green shore station was off the air; and then, after a short period of difficulty, DAVIDSON's remote keying returned the green station to the air. Both launches were then recalibrated, and the signal remained strong throughout the day. Since no lane jumps were indicated prior to the signal loss, the data was retained.

The next day (JD 194, 13 July), the green signal was again lost, this time due to interference from the other launch. It had gotten too close to the shore transmitter, while using high power, and jammed reception of the green signal. All the data run before the signal loss was rejected since the lane losses were impossible to recover. After recalibrating, the rest of the day went well.

On JD 174 (23 June) several soundings at the end of the day were rejected because of lane jumps. Similarly, a lane jump occurred on JD 200 (19 July), although no data was rejected since the jump was found. On JD 202 (21 July), almost all data was rejected because lane jumps occurred late in the day. And finally, on JD 204 (23 July), the last part of the day had to be rejected after the antenna lost its load. All of these days were run in DA-2 (3132), and all losses were attributed to antenna load shifts during the day. The new unit was installed on JD 204, and after that RAYDIST operations were improved.

On JD 201 (20 July), the top section of the whip antenna fell off while the launch was stationary, shifting the antenna load. The launch was then recalibrated and new correctors were obtained prior to running additional hydrography. On JD 215 (3 August), the RAYDIST navigator crystal was turned off accidentally, again while stationary. Since tracking was only momentarily interrupted and the system was unchanged, no data was lost, and the lane count and the partial correctors remained unchanged. This was verified by recalibration shortly after the navigator was turned off.

When the red RAYDIST site was shifted from KNIGHT 1941 to BOBCAT RM1 1977 on 10 August, the signal was good and no tracking or lane loss problems occurred.

On JD 243 (31 August), a small section in the northeast corner was run on the other side of the base line with the green and red stations reversed; i.e., DONNA 1977 was the red or left station and BOBCAT RM1 1977 the green or right station. The Hazlow inputs were reversed; no problems occurred on this setup.

On JD 259 (16 September), the southeast corner of the sheet was run in range-range mode using a Motorola MINIRAN-GER III control system. The serial numbers were as follows:

DA-2 (vessel #3132) Range console 707 R/T unit 721

Transponders

Code 3 772 Code 4 773

Code 4 was used on the left station (ARCO RM1 1977) and Code 3 on the right station (KARDY 1977). No calibration or operational problems were encountered; signal strength was observed and recorded frequently. Occasionally hydrography was "time and coursed" where signal strength fell below the minimum allowable as determined from the baseline calibrations. These calibrations were done in Juneau on 12 August and in Sitka on 26 September. Refer to the appended Electronic Control Note.

#### H. SHORELINE

All the shoreline for this survey was derived from manuscript TP-00619. Only a small area at the north end of Khantaak Island and another one on the south side of Ocean Cape fall within the limits of this survey. The shoreline was verified by field edit. Positions of foreshore features were determined photogrammetrically and are plotted on the Final Field Sheets. See the appended Field Edit Report.

#### I. CROSSLINES

Crosslines comprised 6.8% of main scheme hydrography. They were in excellent agreement with the main scheme hydrography, differing by 1 fathom or less, except in steep or rugged areas.

#### J. JUNCTIONS

This survey junctions with H-9695 (DA-20-4-77) to the north, H-9687 (DA-20-1-77) to the west, and H-9686 (DA-10-1-77) to the east. For those surveys that are contemporary and of the same scale no soundings are shown on the Final Field Sheet. Since H-9686 is at a different scale, representative soundings have been transferred for comparison purposes. Comparison of the junction soundings from these various surveys reveals excellent agreement with the following The only area where the depth curves are two exceptions. not colinear is along the junction with H-9687 to the west, on the 10 fathom shoal at latitude 59°34'N to 59°35'N, at longitude 140°06'W. This shoal area, like all the areas shoaler than 10 fathoms on the bar across the mouth of Yakutat Bay, is rocky and irregular; thus, the fathometer trace on all lines in this area was very irregular. digitized depths reflect the shoalest peaks of the area, but do not precisely delineate the 10 fathom curve. fore, the meandering curves are not in exactly the same position on the two surveys, but are close enough to show very good agreement. It is recommended that soundings from both surveys be used to best delineate the ten fathom curve. The conservative approach, enclosing all soundings ten fathoms or less for safety, should be taken.

In addition, a discrepancy was noted at latitude 59°35'22"N and longitude 140°06'07"W where a 15 fathom sounding from H-9688 overlies a 12 fathom sounding from H-9687, due to a steep bottom gradient. apparently

#### K. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS AND PRESURVEY REVIEW

Representative soundings from prior surveys have been inked on the Final Field Sheets. These are as follows: H-2157 (1:20,000 scale, 1892) in blue, H-2158 (1:40,000 scale, 1892) in red, H-6720 (1:20,000 scale, 1941) in orange, H-6721 (1:20,000 scale, 1941) in brown on field sheet DA-20-2A-77, H-6719 (1:20,000 scale, 1941) in brown on field sheet DA-20-2B-77, and H-6718 (1:10,000 scale, 1941) in green.

The soundings from H-2158, 1892, are in poor agreement with this survey with 38% of the soundings differing by four or more fathoms. Significant differences occur at latitude 59°34'50"N, longitude 140°04'00"W (30 fathoms shoaler); latitude 59°34'55"N, longitude 140°01'45"W (24 fathoms shoaler); and latitude 59°33'38"N, longitude 140°04'20"W (9 fathoms shoaler with an 8 fathom prior sounding on 17 fathoms from this survey). Of the soundings

from H-2158, 75% are the same as or deeper than this survey. Many differences occur on or near steep slopes, but most differences appear to be attributable to the improved surveying methods and equipment. The soundings from H-2157, 1892, are in fair agreement with this survey with the only significant difference being a 95 fathom prior survey depth at an 88 fathom depth on this survey, latitude 59°37'57"N, longitude 139°46'57"W.

Of the 1941 surveys, H-6718, H-6719 and H-6721, all three are in very good agreement, with no differences greater than 3 fathoms, except for the H-6719 sounding of 80 fathoms on a 59 fathom sounding from this survey at latitude 59°38' 42"N, longitude 140°02'00"W. H-6720 is in good agreement, with 90% of the representative soundings within 3 fathoms of the newly established depths. Of those not in agreement with H-9688, three are deeper: one at 59°37'15"N, 140°00'45"W (7 fms); another at 59°37'30"N, 139°47'30"W (9 fms); and the third at  $59^{\circ}39'05"$ N,  $139^{\circ}46'20"$ W (14 fms). The first is on a steep slope, so horizontal control may have been off for this sounding; however, the other two are in the deepest area of the sheet and no soundings that deep were found near these areas during this survey. Only one representative sounding from H-\$720 was shoaler, at 59°35'00"N, 140°00'00"W (9 fms). This sounding is on the side of a steep slope so a slight variation in horizontal positioning could explain the difference.

Presurvey review item #2 indicated shoaling in the area between Ocean Cape and red buoy "2". This area was developed to 11 meter line spacing, and a least depth of 6.72 fathoms was found at 59°32.70°N, 139°54.95°W. The area surrounding that sounding is extremely irregular and rocky, so the fathograms were carefully scanned for side echoes; there were no indications of shoaler areas than this. Chart present survey depths.

Two other areas were indicated as being of particular interest. The shoal at 59°37.%'N, 139°50.0'W was split to 45 meter spacing, and a least depth of 6 should the shoal at 59°37.%'N, 139°58.7'W was split to 90 meters with a least depth found of 17 chart present survey depths.

#### L. COMPARISON WITH CHART

In general, the survey and chart 16761 (1:80,000, 11th edition, 1976) compared favorably. The shoal areas corresponded well, with the same range of soundings on each. A small area in the southwest corner of this survey had

not been previously charted; this area has a gradual slope from the bar across the mouth of the Bay out into the Gulf.

#### M. ADEQUACY

This survey is complete, and adequate to supersede prior surveys for charting except for one small area in the extreme southeast corner of the sheet. This area, outside Ocean Cape, was not surveyed due to lack of adequate horizontal control. East of the line 139°50.4'W, no control was established; the time and personnel expense for this small corner was not considered reasonable. Also, the surf is quite heavy along this beach, and very little additional hydrography could ever be obtained. The area from 59°30.5'N to 59°32.4'N, 139°50.4'W to 139°54.0'W was run using MINIRANGER as it was out of line of sight of the green RAYDIST station at DONNA 1977.

#### N. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

One floating aid, red buoy "2", is in the survey area. Several detached positions were taken on it on JD's 230, 233 and 236, establishing its position as 59°32'04.166"N, 139°57'23.889"W. It was used as an approximate calibration buoy for whole lane count on these days; the amount of scope in the chain at this buoy made it undependable as a basis for retaining data. On JD 233, when fog prevented an ending visual calibration, a final whole lane count check was made at buoy #4.

One fixed aid to navigation is on the sheet, Ocean Cape light (flashing 6 sec, 130 ft high, 9 mi visibility). No geodetic position was obtained for this light during the horizontal control operations around Phipps Peninsula. It was intended that a position be obtained by a "short base" from PHIPPS 1977, but bad weather during September prevented this. No photogrammetric position was established since the light, which is in the edge of the treeline, could not be photo identified. See RECOM-MENDATIONS (section Q).

#### O. STATISTICS

Number of positions4646
Nautical miles of sounding lines1260.0
Nautical miles crosslines65.8
Square nautical miles hydrography68.3
Nansen and CTD casts
Bottom samples

#### P. MISCELLANEOUS

Due to heavy surf outside Ocean Cape, much of the zero fathom curve could not be defined. The area was very foul with rocks offshore and the seas were heavy.

#### Q. RECOMMENDATIONS

The area surveyed is complete; no further development is necessary. If a survey of the Gulf of Alaska coast south of Ocean Cape is done in the future, the area along the shore from longitude 139°50.4'W east, which was not completed during this survey, should be included. Also, it is recommended that Ocean Cape Light be tied into the Phipps Peninsula traverse, during DAVIDSON operations in the area during the 1978 season.

#### R. AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING

The Final Field Sheets were plotted by a PDP 8/e computer (S/N 09492) and Complot DP3 plotter (SN 5445-5). The following programs were used in collecting and processing the data:

<u>#</u>	Program Name	Version
RK-111 RK-201 RK-211 RK-300	Range-Range Time Hydroplot Grid, Signal and Lattice Plot Range-Range Hydroplot Utility Computations	1/10/76 4/18/75 1/15/76 2/10/76 10/23/75
RK-407 RK-409	Geodetic Inverse/Direct Computation Geodetic Utility Computations	9/05/73
AM-500 RK-530	Predicted Tides Layer Corrections to Velocity	11/10/72 5/10/76
RK-561 AM-602	Geodetic Calibration Elinore	5/10/76 5/21/75

#### S. REFERENCES TO REPORTS

Field Tide Note OPR-525-DA-77 Correction to Echo Sounders Report OPR-525-DA-77 Horizontal Control Note OPR-525-DA-77 Electronic Control Note DA-20-2-77 Field Edit Report TP-00619 Coast Pilot Report OPR-525-DA-77

Submitted by,

Linda F. Hoas

Linda F. Haas ENS, NOAA Approved and Forwarded by,

Christian Andreasen

CDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer

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	× 07	1	6	59	32									4 4000e		
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			-													

					243		
075 4 59 3 ELLEN, <del>1977</del>		139	51	07040	139 243	0000	000000
Ø76 1 59 3	32 16481	139	49	36829	139	0000	000000
SKIPPER, 197	32 Ø45Ø2	139	49	28786	243 139	0000	000000
LINDA, 1977 Ø78 1 59 3	32 29611	139	50	ØØ87Ø	139	ØØØØ	ØØØØØ <b>Ø</b>
ISLAND, 1977 079 3 59 3	7 33 55245	139	43	19081	139	0000	00000
FOUND, 1977 030 3 59 3	34 12998	139	47	21491	25Ø	Ø0ØØ	00000
DORN,1977 Ø81 6 59					•		000000
CATHY, 1977							
Ø82 1 59 3 WARDROOM, 19	977						
Ø83 1 59 3 QUACK,1977				22169			
Ø84 1 59 3 TEXAS, 197	36 10073 7	139	41	39359	250	0000	000000
Ø85 2 59 3 BOJO,1977	36 44573	139	41	56385	250	0000	000000
Ø86 3 59 3	35 37695	139	44	59315	139	0000	000000
	36 Ø5312	139	44	41956	139	0000	Ø0ØØ <b>Ø</b> Ø
MAINE,1977 Ø88 3 59	36 23776	139	45	11580	139	0000	00000 <b>0</b>
GLENN, 1977 Ø89 2 59	36 44008	139	45	11089	139	0000	000000
EVAN,1977 Ø9Ø 6 59	36 31340	139	44	32840	139	0000	999999
GENE,1977 091 6 59						0000	000000
KAREN, 1977							000000
092 0 59 TEMP.PT.5							
√093 0 59 ARCO <del>DM1</del> ,1	977 RMI			41480			000000
094 0 59 BOAR RM1-,1		139	43	59047	139	0000	000000
095 Ø 59 BOAR BM2;1	34 45292	139	43	57023	250	0000	000000
Ø96 1 59 COYOTE, 197	47 53524	1 139	55	02085	139	0000	000000
097 1 59	45 32080	140	Ø4	04718	139	0000	000000
SCHOONER, 1	977			. •			

## CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDERS REPORT OPR-525-DA-77 Yakutat Bay, Alaska

To determine sound velocity correctors for hydrography done for OPR-525-DA-77, the survey of Yakutat Bay, two CTD casts and two Nansen casts were made in the working Data from CTD casts made by the NOAA Ships MILLER FREEMAN and SURVEYOR in Yakutat Bay were used for correctors at the beginning and end of the survey period respectively. The MILLER FREEMAN made a cast on 10 June 1977, before work in the area began, at latitude 59°42'36"N, longitude 139°57'24"W. Similarly, the SURVEYOR made a cast at latitude 59°39'18"N, longitude 140°04'36"W on 15 September 1977 just as the DAVIDSON's field work was ending. These sets of data were used to generate sets of velocity correctors. The DAVIDSON made two Nansen casts in the area during the same period, one on 27 July 1977 at latitude 59°39'54"N, longitude 139°59'02"W and the second on 1 September 1977 at latitude 59°38'57"N, longitude 139°46'15"W. These were used to generate additional sets of correctors.

Since survey operations extended over a three month period during which the temperature and salinity profiles changed significantly, each set of correctors will be applied to all four surveys run in the project area, but for different intervals of the survey period. As Yakutat Bay is headed by two active glaciers and bounded on the west by the large Malaspina Glacier, there was much fresh, cold water drainoff during the summer period. In addition, there were many warm, sunny days causing solar heating of the upper layers of the Bay water. Varying amounts of storm activity (and hence mixing) occurred in addition, so the survey period was split into the following four periods with their respective sets of correctors:

CTD cast #1, JD 163-184 (12 June to 3 July)
Nansen cast #2, JD 185-226 (4 July to 14 August)
Nansen cast #3, JD 227-250 (15 August to 7 September)
CTD cast #4, JD 251-266 (8 September to 23 September)

For the CTD casts, values of conductivity and temperature were read from the data printouts at 10 meter depth intervals. No bucket temperature or salinity values were included with the data from either cast so the values were used as read from the CTD data. These were used to calculate velocity correctors using RK-530, Layer Corrections

to Velocity (version 5/10/76). The values received were plotted and correctors at 0.1 fathom intervals were extracted from the resulting velocity corrector vs. depth graph. The appended tables show the depths to which each corrector value is applicable. Copies of the Northwest Regional Calibration Center, Report of Calibration on each of the CTD's are attached. Since the instrument accuracy exceeds that necessary for determination of velocity correctors no instrument correctors have been applied.

For the Nansen casts, temperature correction factors were calculated using a Culbertson slide rule. Calibration corrections for the reversing thermometers, as supplied by the NOIC, Northwest Regional Calibration Center from their 21 February 1977 calibration, were also applied to the field data. Salinities were calculated from hydrometer Velocity correctors were then calculated density readings. using RK-530, Layer Corrections to Velocity. These values were again plotted and correctors at 0.1 fathom intervals were extracted from the resulting velocity correction vs. depth graph.

Bar checks were taken twice a day during the working period, weather permitting, to calculate the TRA correctors for the sounding vessels. Only the 1.0 fathom bar check reading was used to actually determine the TRA value as this is the sounding least affected by currents, wind or sound velocity variation. These yielded a mean TRA corrector of 0.30 fathom for vessels 3131 (DA-1) and 3132 These are the same correctors that have been his-Pole depth comtorically observed for these launches. parisons were used as a fathometer check in vessel 3133 (WZ-3041), with a mean TRA corrector of 0.31 fathom.

Submitted by,

Linda F. Haas

venawalt for

ENS, NOAA

Approved and Forwarded by,

Quitian Undreaven Christian Andreasen

CDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer

## Bar Check Averages DA-20-2-77

## Vessel 3131 (DA-1) JD 187-243

True	Sonic	True-Sonic
1.0 fm	0.69	0.31 fm
2.0	1.71	0.29
3.0	2.72	0.28
4.0	3.70	0.30
5.0	4.67	0.33
6.0	5.67	0.33
7.0	6.64	0.36
8.0	7.55	0.45

## Vessel 3132 (DA-2) JD 174-259

True	Sonic	True-Sonic
1.0 fm	0.70	0.30 fm
2.0	1.70	0.30
3.0	2.69	0.31
4.0	3.66	0.34
5.0	4.63	0.37
6.0	5.59	0.41
7.0	6.57	0.43
8.0	7.54	0.46
		the state of the s

OPR-525-DA-77 VELOCITY CORRECTOR TAPE PRINTOUT TABLE 1

#### OPR-525-DA-77

999999 Ø ØØ18

VELOCITY CORRECTOR TAPE PRINTOUT TABLE 2

000036 0 0000 .0002 001 313000 000000 000109 0 0001 000162 0 0002 000218 0 0003 000297 0 0004 000389 Ø 0005 000482 0 0006 ØØØ575 Ø ØØØ7 ØØØ666 Ø ØØØ8 000757 0 0009 000850 0 0010 000943 Ø 0011 001035 0 0012 001129 0 0013 001220 0 0014 001312 0 0015 001406 0 0016 001498 0 0017 001591 0 0018

OPR-525-DA-77 VELOCITY CORRECTOR TAPE PRINTOUT TABLE 3

```
000024 0 0000 0002 001 313000 800000
000068 0 0001
000120 0 0002
000177 0 0003
000232 0 0004
000290 0 0005
000346 0 0006
000403 0 0007
000461 0 0008
ØØØ518 Ø ØØØ9
000573 0 0010
ØØØ631 Ø ØØ11
ØØØ689 Ø ØØ12
000746 0 0013
000802 0 0014
000858 0 0015
000914 0 0016
000973 0 0017
ØØ1Ø3Ø Ø ØØ18
001088 0 0019
001146 0 0020
001202 0 0021
ØØ1259 Ø ØØ22
001318 0 0023
001372 0 0024
ØØ1431 Ø ØØ25
ØØ1489 Ø ØØ26
001545 0 0027
```

OPR-525-DA-77
VELOCITY CORRECTOR TAPE PRINTOUT
TABLE 4

```
000031 0 0000 0004 001 321000 000000
000101 0 0001 .
000169 0 0002
000222 0 0003
000277 0 0004
ØØØ329 Ø ØØØ5 "
000389 Ø 0006
000451 0 0007
ØØØ52Ø Ø ØØØ8
000582 0 0009
000649 0 0010
000711 0 0011
000778 0 0012
000841 0 0013
000908 0 0014
000972 0 0015
001037 0 0016
001101 0 0017
001168 0 0018
001231 0 0019
001296 0 0020
001360 0 0021
ØØ1425 Ø ØØ22
ØØ1491 Ø ØØ23
001555 0 0024
999999 Ø ØØ24
```

TABLE 1. MILLER FREEMAN CTD JD 163-184

Corrector	To Depth from Surface	To Observed Depth
0.0 fm	3.6	3.3 fm
0.1	10.0	9.7
0.2	16.8	16.5
0.3	23.0	22.7
0.4	28.1	27.8
0.5	33.2	32.9
0.6	38.3	38.0
0.7	43.6	43.3
0.8	48.9	48.6
0.9	53.9	53.6
1.0	59.0	58.7
1.1	64.1	63.8
1.2	69.2	68.9 74.1
1.3	74.4	79.2
1.4	79.5	84.4
1.5	84.7	89.5
1.6	89.8 94.9	94.6
1.7	100.0	99.7
1.8	105.1	104.8
1.9 2.0	110.2	109.9
2.1	115.4	115.1
2.2	120.5	120.2
2.2	125.7	125.4
2.4	130.8	130.5
2.5	135.9	135.6
2.6	141.0	140.7
2.7	146.0	145.7
2.8	151.2	150.9
2.9	156.3	156.0

TABLE 2. DAVIDSON Nansen JD 185-226

Corrector	To Depth from Surface	To Observed Depth
0.0 fm	3.6	3.3 fm
0.1	10.9	10.6
0.2	16.2	15.9
0.3	21.8	21.5
0.4	29.7	29.4
0.5	38.9	38.6
0.6	48.2	47.9
0.7	57.5	57.2
0.7	66.6	66.3
	75.7	75.4
0.9	• = • •	84.7
1.0	85.0	
1.1	94.3	94.0
1.2	103.5	103.2
1.3	112.9	112.6
1.4	122.0	121.7
1.5	131.2	130.9
	140.6	140.3
1.6		149.5
1.7	149.8	
1.8	159.1	158.8

TABLE 3. DAVIDSON Nansen JD 227-250

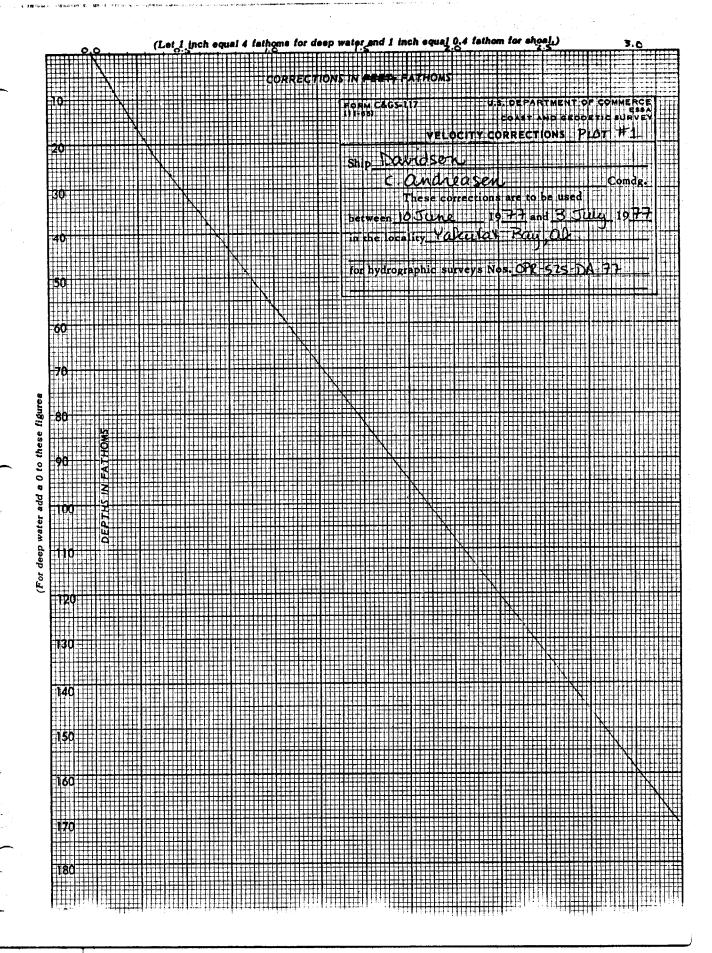
Corrector	To Depth from Surface	To Observed Depth
0.0 fm	2.4	2.1 fm
0.1	6.8	6.5
0.2	12.0	11.7
0.3	17.7	17.4
0.4	23.2	22.9
0.5	29.0	28.7
0.6	34.6	34.3
0.7	40.3	40.0
0.8	46.1	45.8
0.9	51.8	51.5
1.0	57.3	57.0
1.1	63.1	62.8
1.2	68.9	68.6
1.3	74.6	74.3
1.4	80.2	79.9
1.5	85.8	85.5
1.6	91.4	91.1
1.7	97.3	97.0
1.8	103.0	102.7
1.9	108.8	108.5
$\overline{2.0}$	114.6	114.3
2.1	120.2	119.9
2.2	125.9	125.6
2.3	131.8	131.5
2.4	137.2	136.9
2.5	143.1	142.8
2.6	148.9	148.6
2.7	154.5	154.2
<b>~ .</b> .		

TABLE 4. SURVEYOR CTD JD 251-266

Corrector	To Depth from Surface	To Observed Depth
0.0 fm	3.1	2.8 fm
0.1	10.1	9.8
0.2	16.9	16.6
0.3	22.2	21.9
0.4	27.7	27.4
0.5	32.9	32.6
0.6	38.9	38.6
0.7	45.1	44.8
0.8	52.0	51.7
0.9	58.2	57.9
1.0	64.9	64.6
1.1	71.1	70.8
1.2	77.8	77.5
1.3	84.1	83.8
1.4	90.8	90.5
1.5	97.2	96.9
1.6	103.7	103.4
1.7	110.1	109.8
1.8	116.8	116.5
1.9	123.1	122.8
2.0	129.6	129.3
2.1	136.0	135.7
2.2	142.5	142.2
2.3	149.1	148.8
2.4	155.5	155.2

#### TRA Correctors

Vessel	Corrector	Day
3131(DA-1)	0.30	all
3132 (DA-2)	0.30	all
3133 (WZ-3041	.) 0.31	all



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FORM CD-26 (12-11-46) 59/42/36 CID cast of station 34 (Miller Freeman) 139/57/24 WJune 1977 and temp°C death 9.77 -> surface sale 30.71% Ó 29.80 30.33 9.43 10 9.48 30.44 20 31.25 10,00 30 31,79 10.27 40 50 37.10 10,42 10.50 32.21 60 10.64 32,42 70 10.63 32,46 80 10.68 32.55 90 10.66 100 32.53 37.53 10.63 110

## VELOCITY CORRECTIONS COMPUTATIONS

1) CONDUCTIVITY 2) SALINITY SPECIFY OPTION (1,2) 1

VESSEL = DAVIDSON

DATE = 10 JUNE 1977

TIME = 1030

LATITUDE = 59/48/36

LONGITUDE = 139/57/24

TYPE OF OBSERVATION = CTD CAST

SURFACE TEMPERATURE = 9.77

SURFACE SALINITY = 30.71

CAST-DEPTH (SURFACE)	TEMP	CONDUCTIVITY
(M)	(DEG C)	(MILLIMHOS/CM)
		29.80
0000•0	09.77	
0010.0	Ø9•43	30.33
0020.0	Ø9•48	30.44
0030.0	10.00	31.25
0040•0	10.27	31.79
0050 • 0	10.42	32.10
0060 • 0	10.50	38 • 21
0070.0	10.64	32.42
ØØ8Ø•Ø	10.63	32.46
0090.0	10.68	32.55
0100.0	10.66	32.53
0110.0	10.63	32.53
\$		

IATA BANK INPUT COMPLETED

HUNCH ON? (Y) Y

VESSEL =DAVIDSON

DATE = 10 JUNE 1977

TIME =1030

LATITUDE = 059/49/36.00

LONGITUDE = 139/57/24.00

TYPE OF OBSERVATION =CTD CAST

CAST-DEPTH (SURFACE)	TEMP	SALINITY	SND VEL
A CAN CAN CAN CAN CAN CAN CAN CAN CAN CA	(DEG C)	(0/00)	(M/SEC)
0000.0	09.77	30.71	1484 • 06
0010.0	09-43	31.49	1483.96
0020.0	09.48	31.56	1484.40
0030.0	10.00	31.97	1487 • 00
0040.0	10.27	32.30	1488-56
0050.0	10.42	32 • 48	1489.51
0060.0	10.50	32.53	1490-02
0070.0	10.64	32.68	1490.81
0080.0	10.63	32.67	1491.00
0090.0	10.68	32 • 72	1491.40
0100.0	10.66	32.72	1491.49
0110.0	10.63	32.74	1491.57

1) CURVE FIT 2) NO CURVE FIT, SPECIFY OPTION (1,2)

DEPTH 1 = Ø

DEFTH 2 = 1.10

LAYER THICKNESS = 5

ANOTHER INTERVAL? (Y,N) N

HUNCH ON? (Y) Y

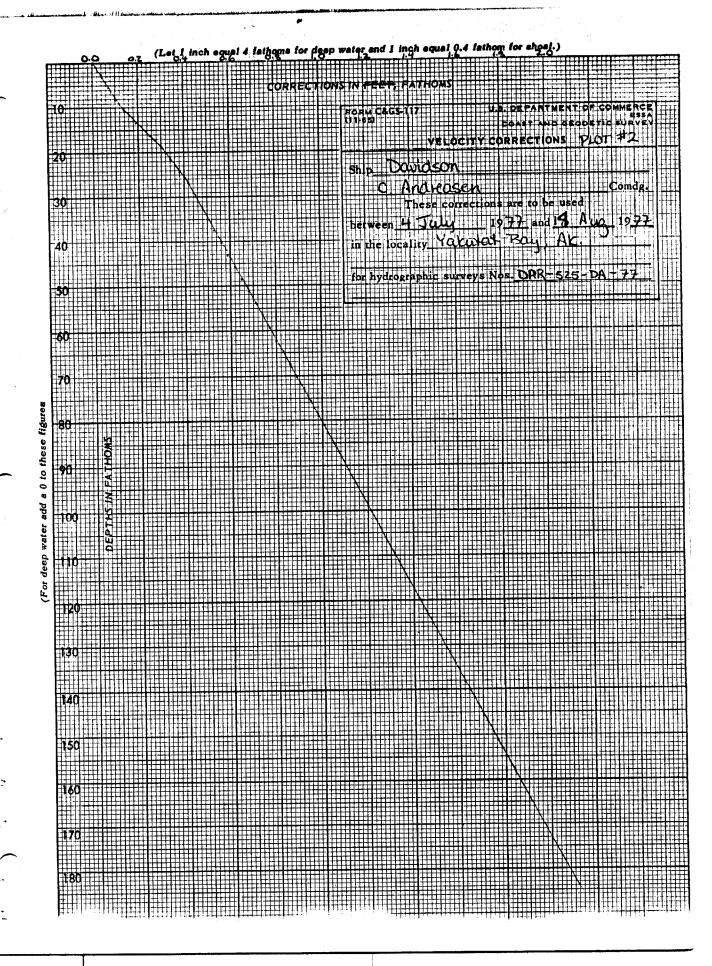
MID-DEPTH	SND VEL	LAYER THICKNESS
(M)	(M/SEC)	(M)
0002.50	1484 • 03	0005.00
0007.50	1483.98	0005.00
0012.50	1483.63	0005 • 00
0017.50	1483 • 92	0005.00
0022.50	1485 • Ø1	0005 • 00
. 0027.50	1486•38	0005.00
1 0032.50	1487.51	0005-00
0037.50	1488 • 26	0005.00
0042.50	1488-85	0005.00
0047.50	1489.33	0005 • 00
0052.50	1489.65	0005.00
0057.50	1489.87	90005.00
0062 50	1490.22	00051-00
0067.50	1490 • 65	0005 • 00
0072.50	1490.90	0005.00
0077.50	1490.96	0005•00
0082 50	1491 • 08	0005 • 00
0087.50	1491.31	0005 • 00
0092.50	1491.46	ØØØ5 • ØØ
0097.50	1491.49	0005.00
Ø102.50	1491.48	0005.00
0107.50	1491.51	0005.00
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#### VELOCITY CORRECTION TABLE OPTIONS:

- 1) IN FEET
  2) IN FATHOMS
- 3) IN METERS

 $\text{DRAFT} = \emptyset$ 

ACTUAL DEPTH (SURFACE)	VELOCITY
MINUS VELOCITY	CORRECTION
CORRECTION	
(FM)	(FM)
	kan la variation de la company
0002 • 69	0000.04
ØØØ5•39	0000.08
0008 • 09	0000.12
0010.78	0000.16
ØØ13•47	0000 • 20
0016-16	0000.24
0018-85	0000.29
0021.54	0000.33
0024-22	0000.38
0026.91	0000.43
0029.59	0000.48
0032.28	0000-53
0034.96	0000.58
0037 • 64	0000.63
0040.33	0000.69
0043.01	0000.74
.0045 • 69	0000.79
0048.37	0000.84
0051.05	0000.90
0053.73	0000.95
0056.41	0001.00
da59.09	0001.06



# VELOCITY CORRECTIONS COMPUTATIONS

1)CONDUCTIVITY 2)SALINITY SPECIFY OPTION (1,2)

VESSEL = DAVIDSON

DATE = 27 JULY 1977

TIME = 1500

LATITUDE = 59/39/53.5

LONGITUDE = 139/59/01.9

TYPE OF OBSERVATION = NANSEN CAST

CAST-DEPTH (SURFACE)	TEMP	SALINITY
(M)	(DEG C)	(0/00)
VVVVVVVVVVVVVVVXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX
0000.0	12.79	23.00
0010.0	08.18	28.80
0020.0	10.91	31.20
0050.0	B9.14~	29.70
0075.0	08.13	30.80
0100.0	07.61 07.48	32.10
0150.0 —		

DATA BANK INPUT COMPLETED

PUNCH ON? (Y) Y

Lest

VESSEL =DAVIDSON

DATE =27 JULY 1977

TIME =1500

LATITUDE = 059/39/53.50

LONGITUDE = 139/59/01.90

TYPE OF OBSERVATION =NANSEN CAST

CAST-DEPTH	(SURFACE)	TEMP	SALINITY	SND VEL
(M)		(DEG C)	(0/00)	(M/SEC)
0000	1.0	12.79	23.00	1485 • 36
0010		108-18	28.80	1475 • 75
0020	ニー・・・ こまれ かてん かいがく かんこうかい ちゅうごご	10.91	31.20	1489 • 16
0036		10.95	32.40	1490.99
		09.14	29.70	1481.22
0050			30.80	1479 • 19
,0075	医二氯甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基	Ø8 • 13		1479 . 27
0100	<b>3 • 0</b> ( )	Ø7·61	32.10	. Sa
0156	0.0	07.48	31.40	1478 • 66

1) CURVE FIT 2) NO CURVE FIT SPECIFY OPTION (1,2)

- DEPIH 1 = 0

DEPTH 2 = 150

LAYER THICKNESS = 5

ANOTHER INTERVAL? (Y.N) N

PUNCH ON 7 (Y) Y

MID-DEPTH	SND VEL	LAYER THICKNESS
(M)	(M/SEC)	CMS CMS
설계 시간 이 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 1980년 - 1980년		
0002 • 50	1482•95	0005-00
0007.50	1478 • 15	0005.00
0012.50	1478.92	0005.00
0017-50	1485-99	0005.00
0022 • 50	1491 • 61	Ø0Ø5•ØØ
0027 • 50	1492.88	0005-00
0032 • 50	1489+81	0005.00
Ø037 • 5Ø	1487 • 31	0005-00
0042.50	1484.76	
0047.50	1482 • 33	0005.00
0052.50	1480-21	0005.00
0057.50	1478 • 58	0005.00
0062.50	1477 • 60	0005 • 00
0067.50	1477-45	0005.00
0072.50	1478-32	0005•00
0077.50	1479.20	0005.00
0082 • 50	1479-21	0005 • 00
0087.50	1479 • 23	0005.00
0092.50	1479-24	0005.00
0097.50	1479 • 26	0005 • 00
0102.50	1479.24	0005.00
0107.50	1479 • 18	0005.00
0112.50	1479.12	0005-00
0117.50	1479.06	0005.00
0122.50	1478.99	0005.00
0127.50	1478-93	0005.00
0132.50	1478.87	0005.00
0137.50	1478-81	0005.00
0142.50	1478 • 75	0005.00
0147.50	1478 69	0005.00
		\$P\$ 中国在国际政策的工作的企业。 计数据记

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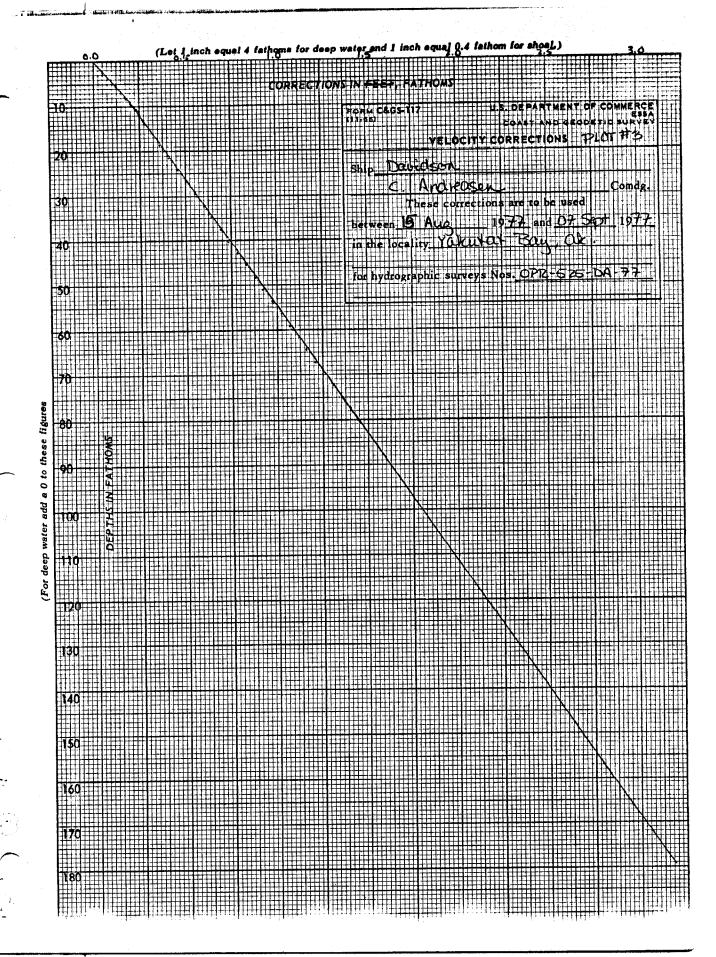
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# VELCCITY CORRECTION TABLE OPTIONS:

- NO TABLE 0)
- IN FEET 1)
- IN FATHOMS
- IN METERS

DRAFT = 0.0

ACTUAL DEPTH (SURFACE) MINUS VELOCITY	VELOCITY CORRECTION
CORRECTION	
(FM)	(FM)
0002.70	0000-04
0005 • 40	0000.07
0008+11	0000-10
0010 • 80 · cay (1995)	0000-14
0013.48	0000-19
0016.16	0000.25
0018.84	0000.30
ØØ21 • 53	0000-34
0024 • 22	0000•38
0026.92	0000-42
0029 • 62	0000-45
0032 •33	0000-48
0035 • 04	0000-51
0037.74	0000.53
0040 • 45	₩ 0000•56
0043 • 15	0000-59
0045 • 86	0000.62
0048.56	0000.65
0051 • 26	0000 68
0053.97	0000-71
0056.67	0000.74
0059.37	0000.77
0062.08	0000.80
0064 • 78	0000.83
0067.49	0000.86
0070 • 19	0000.89
0072.90	0000.92
0075 • 60	0000.95
0078.30	0000.98
0081-01	4441.41



# VELOCITY CORRECTIONS COMPUTATIONS

DCONDUCTIVITY 2) SALINITY SPECIFY OPTION (4.2)

VESSEL = DAVIDSON

DATE = 1 SEPT 1977

TIME = 1500- 1015

LATITUDE = 59/39/53-5 59/38/56.61 LONGITUDE = 139/59/01-9 139/46/15.0

TYPE OF OBSERVATION = NANSEN CAST

CAST-DEPTH (SURFACE) TEMP	SALINITY
(M) (DEG C)	(0/00)
0000.0/	27.20
13.28	32.10
0020.0/	32.00/
0030.0	32.50/
0050.0/ 09.89	32.70
0075.0	34.00
0150.0/	33.20/
그는 사람이 가지 않는 사람들이 가지 않는 것 같아. 이번 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다면 하다 하다 되었다.	지나 우리되었다.

PUNCH ON? (Y) Y

VESSEL =DAVIDSON

DATE =1 SEPT 1977

TIME =1500 1015

LATITUDE = 059739753.50 59/88/566

LONGITUDE = 139759701.90 /89/46/15.0

TYPE OF OBSERVATION -NANSEN CAST

CAST-DEPTH (S	URFAGE) TE		NITY SND VEL
(M)	⟨ DE	G C)	(M/SEC)
0000.0	12	.76 27	20 1490.38
0010.0	T 7	32.	
0020.0	i Kanadan Kabupatèn Bandan Ba	32	
0030 • 0 0050 • 0	电热能通讯设施器 人名法罗尔德克奇	)•08 32  -89 32	
0075.0		32	
0100.0		34	
0150.0	09	33	20 1488.32

1) CURVE FIT 2) NO CURVE FIT SPECIFY OPTION (1.2) 1

DEPTH 1 = 0.0

DEPTH 2 = 150.0

LAYER THICKNESS = 5.0

ANOTHER INTERVAL? (Y,N) N

PUNCH ON? (Y), Y

IID-DEPTH	SND VEL (M/SEC)	LAYER THICKNESS
aado Eu	1492•38	0005 • 00
0002 • 50. 0007 • 50	1496.37	0005.00
0012.50	1494.40	0005.00
	1489.59	ØØØ5•ØØ
0017.50 0022.50	1487.82	0005.00
	1487.77	0005.00
0027.50	1488.12	0005.00
0032.50	1466-25	Ø8Ø5•ØØ
0037 • 50	1488.18	0005.00
0042.50	1487 • 98	0005.00
0047.50	1487.72	0005.00
0052.50	1487 • 47	0005.00
0057.50	1487.29	0005.00
0062.50	1487.25	0005.00
0067.50	1487.42	0005.00
0072.50	さい ちょうとしょくさいきじゅう いっぱき りがん	0005.00
0077.50	1487.76	0005.00
0082 • 50	1488 • Ø8	0005.00
0087.50	1488•40	Ø005 • Ø0
0092.50	1488.72	0005.00
0097.50	1489 • 04	0005.00
0108.50	1489 • 15	0005.00
0107.50	1489 • 07	0003.00
0112.50	1488-98	0005.00
0117.50	1488 • 89	0005.00
0122 • 50	1488 • 80	
0127.50	1488.71	0005.00
0132.50	1488 • 63	0005.00
0137.50	1488 • 54	0005 • 00
0142.50	1488•45	0005.00
0147.50	1488 • 36	0005.00

12.

VELOCITY CORRECTION TABLE OPTIONS:

Ø) NO TABLE

1) IN FEET

2) IN FATHOMS

3) IN METERS

2
DRAFT \* Ø • Ø

ACTUAL DEPTH (SURFACE)	VELOCITY
MINUS VELOCITY	Correct I on
CORRECTION	
THE STATE OF STATE OF THE STATE	(FM)
0002 • 68	0000.05
0005-35	0000-12
0008 • 03	0000 • 18
0010.71	0000-23
4013 • 40 () () ()	0000-27
0016-09	0000.32
0018-77	0000•36
₩ 21 • 46 E	0000-41
0024 • 15	0000•46
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0000.51
	0000 ⋅ 55
0032 • 21	0000 • 60
0034 • 90	0000 • 64
÷ 0037•59	0000.69
. 0040 • 28	0000.73
0042.97	0000.78
0045 • 65	0000.83
0046+34	0000-87
0051 • 03	0000.92
0053 • 71	0000.97
.0056-40	0001-02
ØØ59 • Ø8	0001.07
0061.77	0001-12
0064.45	1 0001-16
0067.14	0001-21
0069 •82	0001.26
9078-51	0001.31
0075 • 20	0001.36
0077 • 88	0001-40
그림 그 그는 그는 것이 그들은 학생들의 모든 모든 사람이 가장하지 않는데 없다.	

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FORM CD-26 (12-11-46) 59° 39′ 18′ 140° 04′ 36″ CTD Cast Station 0133 (Surveyor) WORKSHEET 15 Sept 1977 cond (mmbo) temp(°C) depth (m) surface sal: 24.42 700 29.5 11.9 1 11.9/ 30.4 / 10 31.01 20 10.5 / 35.31 30 11.51 34.5 V 11.21 40 35.7 50 11.4/ 34.9 / 10.7 / 60 34.7 / 10.01 70 34.21 9.8 / 80 9.7 / 34.1 / 90 9.6 / 34.0 / 100 9.5 1 34.0 / 110 33,9 / 9.5 / 170

# VELOCITY CORRECTIONS COMPUTATIONS

1)CONDUCTIVITY 2)SALINITY
SPECIFY OPTION (1,2) 1

VESSEL = DAVIDSON

DATE = 15 SEPT 1977

TIME = 0700

LATITUDE = 59/39/18

LONGITUDE = 140/04/36

TYPE OF OBSERVATION = CTD CAST

SURFACE TEMPERATURE = 11.90

SURFACE SALINITY = 24.42

CAST	DEPTH (SURFACE)	TEMP	CONDUCTIVITY
	(M)	(DEG C)	(MILLIMHOS/CM)
		11 00	29.50
	0000.0	11.90	그 그들의 살아버지 선생님이 하는 것이 되는 것이다.
	0010.0	11.90	30.40
	0020.0	10.50	31.00
	0030.0	11.50	.35 • 30
k. Palaka	0040.0	11.20	「多」人は記念と <b>34・5</b> 0」と
	0050.0	11.40	[]/\$.35€[\$\ <b>35</b> •2Ø]
	0060.0	10.70	34.90
	0070.0	10.00	34.70
	0080.0	09.80	34 • 20
	0090.0	09.70	34.10
1.5	0100.0	09.60	34.00
	0110.0	09.50	34.00
	0120.0	09.50	33.90
			화경 경우의 영화 실취하고 있다. 그 그 그

TATA BANK INPUT COMPLETED

FUNCH ON? (Y) Y

VESSEL =DAVIDSON

DATE =15 SEPT 1977

TIME =0700

LATITUDE # 059/39/18.00

LONGITUDE - 140/04/36.00

TYPE OF OBSERVATION -CTD CAST

CAST-DEPTH (SURFACE)	TEMP	SALINITY	SND VEL
(M)	(DEG C)	(0/00)	(MZSEC)
0000.0	11.90	24.48	1483.94
0010.0	11.90	25.26	1485 • 13
0080.0	10.50	26.85	1482.20
0030.0	11.50	30.25	1490 • 23
0040.0	11.20	29.72	1488-66
0050.0	11.40	30.23	1490 • 18
0060.0	10.70	30.53	1488-20
0070.0	10.00	30.93	1486•32
0080.0	09.80	30.60	1485 • 38
Ø090•Ø	09.70	30.58	1485 • 10
0100.0	09.60	30.57	1484.87
0110.0	09.50	30.65	1484.77
0110 • 0	Ø9.5Ø	30.55	1484 • 80

SPECIFY OPTION (1,2) 1

LEPTH 1 = 0

DEPTH 2 = 120

LAYER THICKNESS = 5

ANOTHER INTERVAL? (Y,N) N

FUNCH ON? (Y) Y

MID-DEPTH .	SND VEL	LAYER THICKNESS
(M)	(M/SEC)	(M)
0002.50	1484.24	0005•00
0007.50	1.484 - 84	0005.00
0012.50	1484.40	6005.00
0017.50	1482.93	ØØ05 • ØØ
0022.50	1484.21	0005.00
0027.50	1488.22	0005.00
0032.50	1489.84	0005.00
ØØ37•50	1489 • 05	ØØØ5•ØØ
0042.50	1489.04	0005.00
0047.50	1489.80	. 0005.00
0052•5Ø	1489.73	0025 · 60
0057.50	1488.73	0005-00
0062.50	1487.69	0005-00
0067.50	1486.73	0005.00
0072,•50	1485.98	6005 • 00
0077.50	1485.48	6,005 • 00
0082 • 50	1485 • 23	0005 • 00
0087.50	1485 - 13	0005.00
ัตต92 • 5 ัต	1485 • 05	0005 • 00
0097 • 50	1484.93	0005.00
0102 • 50	1484.81	0005.00
0107.50	1484.76	0005.00
0112.50	1484.78	0005.00
0117.50	1484.79	0005-00

大大大大 とうている しゅう

# VELOCITY CORRECTION TABLE OPTIONS: 0) NO TABLE

- 1) IN FEET 2) IN FATHOMS
- IN METERS

DMAFT = 0.0

ACTUAL DEPTH (SURFACE)	VELOCITY
MINUS VELOCITY	CORRECTION
CORRECTION	
(FM)	(FM)
	Mily and the company
0002 • 69	0000.04
0005 • 39	.0000.08
80.8900	0000.12
0010 • 78	0000-16
0013.47	0000-20
0016.16	0000.84
0018-84	0000.29
ØØ21•53	0000.34
0024-22	0000.39
0026 • 90 T D 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	0000.44
6029 • 58	0000.49
0032.57	0000.54
0034 • 96	0000.59
Ø03 <b>7 •</b> 65	ØØØØ•63
0040 • 34	0000-67
ØØ43∙Ø3	0000.71
0045.78	0000.76
.0048.42	0000.80
ØØ51•11	0000-84
0053.80	. 0000.88
0056•50 V	0000-92
0059.19	0000.96
0061.88	0001.00
OCKI EG	0001 00

GEODETIC PARTY

PHOTO FIELD PARTY

COMPLATION ACTIVITY

PINAL REVIEWER

QUALITY CONTROL & REVIEW GRP. (See reverse for responsible personnel) AFFECTED CHARTS 16761 16761 ORIGINATING ACTIVITY ZYHYDROGRAPHIC PARTY METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION (See instructions on reverse side) F-3-6-L FIELD ¥ .5 1/23/78 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
UNIT OFF ICE 56.91 D.P. Meters e following objects HAVE | HAVE NOT | been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks RPROJECT NO. | JOB NUMBER | SURVEY NUMBER | DATUM 36.25 LONGITUDE 4 6 51 Yakutat Bay 139 3336.600139 POSITION J.M. Meters 31.850 N.A. 1927 LATITUDE 32 59 59 Alaska Khantaak Island Light (LL# 3403) Ocean Cape Light (LL#1**79** & 3400) Show triangulation station names, where applicable, in perentheses, R&W daymark on skeleton tower Raw daymark on skeleton tower DESCRIPTION (Record reason for deletion of landmark or aid to navigation. TP-00619 NOAA Ship DAVIDSON REPORTING UNIT Field Party, Ship or Office) PR-525-DA-77 claces C&GS Form 567. TO BE DELETED OBE CHARTED O BE REVISED A FORM 76-40 sec. 6 sec CHARTING 4

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE WARD NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

# TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

Processing Division: Pacific Marine Center:

Hourly heights are approved for Form 362

Tide Station Used (NOAA Form 77-12): 945-3215 Johnstone Passage, Ak.

Period: June 23-September 16, 1977

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET H-9688

OPR: 525

Locality: Yakutat Bay, Alaska

Plane of reference (mean lower low water): 4.4 ft.

Height of Mean High Water above Plane of Reference is

# Remarks: Recommended zoning:

- 1). East of a line extending from Pt. Carrew to Pt. Munoz and east of the northern most point of Khantaak Island zone direct.
- 2). West of these lines apply range ratio x0.97.

James K Africa Likhief, Tides Branch

SURVEY NUMBER NOAA FORM 76-155 (11-72) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION GEOGRAPHIC NAMES H-9688 COMU.S. MAPS ROM CORMATION GAND HEUNILLY U.S. LIGHT LIST P.O. SUIDE OR MAP FORMATION LOCAL MAPS Name on Survey Gulf of Alaska 2 X Khantaak Island 3 X Ocean Cape 4 χ - Gape Light 5 X Yakutat Bay 6 MONTI BAY 7 NORTHEAST POINT 8 POINT CARREW 9 POINT MUNOZ 10 POINT TURNER 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 Approved: 18 19 mingles 20 Thief Geographer - C3x5 21 22 19719 23 24 25

NOAA FORM 76-155 SUPERSEDES CAGS 197

Myere 7/16/79 5his

not been corrected	xcess Sounding Cards for to reflect the changes rd Printouts at this tim	made to the Compute
When the cards hav of the survey, the	re been updated to reflec following shall be comp	t the final results leted:
•		
	CARDS CORRECTED	
DATE	TIME REQUIRED	INITIALS
REMARKS:		
	REGISTRY NO. H-9688	
The magnetic tape been corrected to and review.	containing the data for reflect the changes made	this survey has not during evaluation
When the magnetic results of the sur	tape has been updated to evey, the following shall	reflect the final be completed:
•	MACONDET C. MADE. CORDECTED	
•	MAGNETIC TAPE CORRECTED	
DATE	TIME REQUIRED	INITIALS
REMARKS:		

REGISTRY NO.

# PACIFIC MARINE CENTER VERIFIER'S REPORT

REGISTRY NO: H-9688 FIELD NO: DA-20-2-77

Alaska, Yakutat Bay, Ocean Cape to Khantaak Island

SURVEYED: 23 June - 21 September 1977

SCALE: 1:20,000 PROJECT NO: OPR-525-DA-77

SOUNDINGS: Ross Fineline, Model 5000 CONTROL: Range/Range Raydist

Raytheon 723 Range/Range MiniRanger III

McDougal, ENS. L. Haas Automated plot by......Xynetics Plotter (PMC)

## I. INTRODUCTION

NOAA Ship DAVIDSON S331, conducted this basic hydrographic survey during the 1977 field season, 23 June - 21 Sept 1977.

Projection parameters used to prepare the boatsheet have been revised to center the hydrography on the smooth sheet. These parameters and all correctors used to reduce soundings by PMC are appended in the smooth printouts. The tide corrector printout is in the raw printout cahier.

Field tide reduction are based on Yakutat Alaska predicted tides. See Field Tide Note, Ship's Descriptive Report for an adequate description of tides. Smooth sheet soundings are based on observed tides at Johnstone Passage as approved by Tides Division, Rockville, MD.

No unusual problems were encountered during the verification of this survey.

#### II. CONTROL AND SHORELINE

During the 1978 field season inaccuracies were noted in the 1977 traverse along Phipps Peninsula, thus changing the following control stations on H-9688 from Third Order Class I to Topographic Station.

Name		Station Number
Donna Donna F Kardy	RM1	2 7 7 <b>%</b>

See Addendum to Horizontal Control Note OPR-525-DA-78. No other major discrepancy was noted in Control. See paragraph F and G, Ship's Descriptive Report and Horizontal Control Note for more description of control.

The following Class I unreviewed shoreline manuscript was used on the smooth sheet: TP-00619 of 1975-77. H-9688 borders the shoreline of Ocean Cape. This area was field edited in 1977 (see para II, of Verifier's Report). All charted features can be accounted for by the 1977 field edit except one rock located at latitude 59°32'02"N longitude 139°50'55"W. Due to the unknown source of all these rocks it is advised that TP-00619 Class I supersede all charted shoreline features in this area.

## III. HYDROGRAPHY

Soundings embodied in the main scheme and crosslines agree within one to one and one half fathoms. The soundings in H-9688 are comprehensive enough to determine least depths. Standard depth *curves* could be adequately drawn except for the zero curve due to the foul nature of the inshore area. (See Q.C. Reportitem 2)

There are 68 bottom samples containing primarily grey mud.

#### IV. CONDITION OF SURVEY

The smooth sheet and aecompany overlays conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual. The hydrographic records and reports adequately conforms to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual with the following exceptions:

a. A major hydrographic surveying discrepancy was noted in the southeastern corner of H-9688 off Ocean Cape. J.D. 221, launch 3132 ran 4.86 sq. miles of sounding lines with no crosslines.

"The regular system of sounding lines shall be supplemented by a series of crosslines (4.3.6) for verifying and evaluating the accuracy and reliability of surveyed depths and plotted locations" (1.4.2) Crosslines, Hydrographic Manual.

- b. A procedural discrepancy was noted in the way launch 3131 and 3132 meaned their daily calibrations. One launch would round up at a fractional part of a lane and the other would round down. During verification, correctors were standardized.
- c. Shoal areas that were investigated on the lower half of H-9688 by launch 3131 should have been run as per guidance by the Hydrographic Manual (1.4.3 para 6).

"A second pattern of closely spaced lines, <u>usually parallel</u> to the axis of the feature, should be run to provide greater detail in critical areas."

and also by (4.3.5 para 2)

"Steep features, submarine ridges, and valleys should be developed by a system of lines that cross the depth contours

at angles of approximately 45°.

- d. Bar check averages were not plotted alongside the velocity corrections graph as per Hydrographic Manual (4.9.5.1.3.1) customary practice. If the bar check averages were plotted alongside the velocity curve, the measurement between them "(displacement) is equal to the combine residual instrument error plus draft and will be applied separately as a sounding correction." (4.9.5.3.3).
  - e. Fifteen bottom samples were not logged in a sounding volume and were obtained on Log Sheet M and had to be added at PMC. See Q.C. Report-item 3)

## V. JUNCTIONS

H-9688 junctions with the following contemporary surveys:

 $\frac{\text{H-9695 1:20,000 1977}}{\text{H-9688 with no problems encountered in making a junction.}}$  Depth curves and marginal notes have been entered on H-9688. Minor adjustments of the curves on H-9695 will have to be made by quality control.

H-9687 1:20,000 1977 junctions with the entire western limits of H-9688. Problems occurred in junctioning the 10 fathom curve. Each sheet contains some overlap. Each overlap area was surveyed on different dates on different lines of hydrography. At PMC, both sheets were handled separately and run through the excess program separately. Each sheet then has different selected shoal soundings that adequately portrays the irregular bottom configuration at 10 fathoms. These different selected soundings in the overlap area causes confusion, since depths of 102 and 98 may partially overlap (both soundings are correct) but a shift occurs in the depth curve, due to this excess number of soundings. Depth curves and marginal notes have been inked on H-9688, and H-9687 should be inked to reflect the changes. Necessary revisions were effected during Q.C. inspection.

H-9686 1:10,000 1977-1978 junctions the east central limits of H-9688 with no problems encountered in making a junction. Depth curves and marginal notes have been inked on H-9688. Exception to this is an area at Latitude 59°32.4'N, Longitude 139°53'E which was completed on H-9686 during the 1978 field season. Presently tides are not available and therefore a junction has not been made. Depth curves are shown in pencil, at this location. (Not available during 4.C. inspection.)

H-9694 1:20,000 1978 junctions along the extreme northeast corner of H-9688. There is a holiday along most of the junction area and in places where soundings do overlap, a junction was not made at this time due to H-9694 stage of processing (Not available during Q.C. inspection.)

# VI. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

H-2157 1:20,000 (1892) H-2158 1:20,000 (1892)

Soundings on these two surveys are in poor agreement with the present survey H-9688. Present soundings are one to two fathoms shoaler, and range to as much as 30 fathoms deeper in some areas.

Due to age, control and sounding methods, H-9688 is considered a superior survey and should supersede H-2157, H-2158 over its common areas.

H-2665 1:600,000 (1903)

Only one 19 fathom sounding appears within the limits of the present Hurvey H-9688. This 19 fathom sounding is three fathoms deeper than present soundings. Due to scale, age, and sounding methods, H-9688 is considered a superior survey and should supersede H-2665 over its common area.

H-6718 1:20,000 (1941) H-6719 1:20,000 (1941) H-6720 1:20,000 (1941) H-6721 1:20,000 (1941)

The above surveys fall within general agreement with the present survey H-9688, with H-9688 being shoaler by one to two fathoms in most cases. In the vicinity of latitude  $59^{\circ}38'42"N$  and longitude  $140^{\circ}02'00"W$  appear two soundings on H-6719 a 79fm and 80fm. These soundings are 129fm and 20fm deeper than the present survey. This is the extreme case of how the above surveys differ.

Due to a shift in control stations used on H-6718, H-6719, H-6720, and H-6721, the present survey H-9688 is considered adequate to supersede the above over their common areas.

There are two dashed PSR items on H-9688.\* One shoaling area is at approximately latitude 59°38'00"N and longitude 139°58'30"W with charted soundings of 29fm and 17fm. The present survey H-9688 verifies their existence.

\*See 4.6. Report-item 4

Charted Sounding	Latitude	Longitude
17fm	59°37'54"N	139°58'54"W
29fm	59°37'54.3"N	139°59'06.5W

Present Survey H-9688 shoalest in area

17.1fm 59°37'50.88"N 139°58'39.91"W 29fm 59°37'53.81"N 139°59'03.17W

Due to the close location of these and other present soundings, this verifies the existence of a shoal. This PSR item is adequately disposed of.

Another, dashed PSR item is centered at approximately latitude 59°37'36"N, longitude 139°50'00"W, with the following present charted soundings:

Charted Sounding	Latitude	Longitude
12fm	59°37'54.0"N	139°49'48.5"W
6 1/4fm	59°37'42.0"N	139°49'54.0"W
8fm	59°37'24.5"N	139°49'36.5"W

Present Survey H-9688 shoalest in area

59°37'49.39"N 139°50'01.32"W 10fm 59°37'41.99"N 139°49'53.94"W 6.8fm 59°37'24.6"N 139°49'37.7"W 7.5fm

The close location of these and other present soundings, verifies the existence of a shoal. This PSR item has been adequately disposed of.

#### COMPARISON WITH THE CHART VII.

(16761 11th Edition, August 28, 1976)

A. Hydrography (See Q.C. Report-item 5)

The primary sources of charted soundings covering the area of H-9688 are comes from H-6720 and H-6721, both 1941. (See marked enclosed chartlet, also Para VI of this report for comparison of each survey). ("Chartlet removed during Q.C. inspection)

Soundings overall on H-9688 agree very well with the charted soundings but differences of up to two fathoms shoaler on H-9688 occurs in areas of varied relief. These differences can also be attributed to differences in control stations and positioning equipment used on the prior surveys. (See Para VI of this report). H-9688 is adequate to supersede all charted soundings over its common areas.

PSR Item #2, shoaling reported at latitude 59°32.5'00"N, longitude 139°55.0'00"W originating from chart letter 366 of 1977: a least depth of 6.2fm was found (Sndg. No. 718404).(See Q.C. Report-item 4) B. Aids to Navigation

There are two aids to navigation on H-9688 and changes in location have occurred. One floating aid and one fixed aid are plotted on the smooth sheet.

Entrance Lighted Whistle Buoy 2 (Light List #3401) Latitude 59°32'04.2"N, longitude 139°57'23.9"W

Ocean Cape Light (Light #3400) Latitude 59°32'09.3"N, longitude 139°51'13.8"W

These aids are presently located in positions that are adequate for the purpose intended.

## VIII. COMPLIANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS

H-9688 complies with the following:

Project Instructions: OPR-525-DA-77, Yakutat Bay, AK, Feb 23, 1977 Change No. 1: Supplement to Instructions, March 25, 1977 Change No. 2: Supplement to Instructions, May 4, 1977

Change No. 3: Amendment to Instructions, June 13, 1977 Change No. 4: Amendment to Instructions, June 20, 1977

# IX. ADDITIONAL FIELD WORK

basic hydrographic survey, additional field H-9688 is a good work is not required at this time.

Respectfully submitted,

Gordon E. Kay Cartographic Technician

April 9, 1979

Examined and approved,

Chief, Verification Branch

#### APPROVAL SHEET

FOR

# SURVEY H- 9688

- A. All revisions and additions made on the smooth sheet during verification have been entered in the magnetic tape records for this survey. A new final position print-out has been made. A new final sounding print-out has been made.
- B. The verified smooth sheet has been inspected, is complete, and meets the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual.

  Exceptions are listed in the verifier's report.

Date: 11 May 1979

Signed:

Title:

Chief, Verification Branch



## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

Pacific Marine Center 1801 Fairview Avenue East Seattle, Washington 98102

DATE

: May 21, 1979

T0

OA/CPM - Eugene A. Taylor

OA/CPM3 - Glen R. Schaefer

SUBJECT: PMC Hydrographic Inspection Team Report

for Survey H-9688

This survey is a basic hydrographic survey of Yakutat Bay from Ocean Cape to Khantaak Island, Alaska. This survey was conducted by NOAA Ship DAVIDSON in accordance with Project Instructions OPR-525-DA-77 dated 23 February 1977, and Change Nos. 1 through 4 dated 25 March 1977, 4 May 1977, 13 June 1977 and 20 June 1977, respectively and change to Section 3.4 dated 15 April 1977.

Several deficiencies in the field work were noted and well documented in the verifier's report Section IV, Condition of Survey. Additionally the control stations should have been plotted on the ship's smooth sheet as required per Section 4.2.5 of the Hydrographic Manual. Buoy #2 should have been plotted on the ship's smooth sheet as required by Section 4.2.1 of the Hydrographic Manual.

The inspection team finds H-9688 to be a very good basic survey adequate to supersede common areas of prior surveys and charted hydrography. Administrative approval is recommended.



# ADMINISTRATIVE APPROVAL H-9688

The smooth sheet and reports of this survey have been examined and the survey is adequate for charting and to supersede common areas of prior surveys.

Eugene A. Taylor, RADM

Director

Pacific Marine Center

23 May 1979

Date



# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY Rockville, Md. 20852

OA/C352: KWW

July 10, 1979

RH Carstons

T0:

R. H. Carstens

Acting Chief, Hydrographic Surveys Division

THRU:

Chief, Quality Control Branch

FROM:

K. W. Wellman R. W. Wellman Quality Evaluator

SUBJECT:

Quality Control Report for H-9688 (1977), Alaska, Yakutat Bay,

Ocean Cape to Khantaak Island

A quality control inspection of H-9688 was accomplished to monitor the survey for obvious deficiencies with respect to data acquisition, delineation of the bottom, determination of least depths and navigation hazards, junctions, shoreline transfer, decisions and actions by the verifier, and cartographic presentation of data.

In general, the present survey was found to conform to National Ocean Survey standards and requirements except as discussed in the Verifier's Report, the HIT Report, and as follows:

- 1. The Verifier's Report is inappropriately cluttered due to the extensive use of type-correction tape. The Verifier's Report is a formal document and, as such, should be edited and correct in its final format when inserted into the Descriptive Report. Significant revisions should necessitate the retyping of the affected page. The unsightly and unprofessional use of such correction tape to conceal deleted information should be discontinued.
- 2. Reference section III of the Verifier's Report:

Crossline discrepancies of the indicated magnitude, i.e., 1 to 1.5 fathoms, are considered significant and necessitate further scrutiny to facilitate explanation or rectification. Accordingly, the implication that discrepancies of such magnitude are acceptable is considered misleading and therefore requires justification.

Section III of the Verifier's Report is supplemented by the following:



Due to the irregular nature of the bottom and/or significant bottom gradients, crossline differences of the indicated magnitude are considered to be within acceptable limits and require no further consideration.

- 3. The use of a Raytheon DE-723 echo sounder is referenced on the Hydro-graphic Title Sheet of the Descriptive Report. However, since it was used only during bottom sampling and no soundings were plotted, the DE-723 should have been omitted in the Title Sheet.
- 4. Reference sections VI and VII of the Verifier's Report:

The comments pertaining to the Presurvey Review items included within the referenced sections of the Verifier's Report are considered superfluous since they are adequately addressed in section K of the Descriptive Report. An appropriate annotation of the Descriptive Report would have been sufficient. Such annotations would have obviated the need for further consideration in the Verifier's Report. (See the memorandum dated March 21, 1977, from the Office of Marine Surveys and Maps entitled "Verifier's Report Format.")

5. Reference section VII of the Verifier's Report:

The referenced section of the Verifier's Report does not conform to the recommended format in that it is not subdivided so as to separately address "Hydrography" and "Aids to Navigation." (See the memorandum dated March 21, 1977, from the Office of Marine Surveys and Maps entitled "Verifier's Report Format" and section 6.6(12) of the Hydrographic Manual-Fourth Edition.)

cc: OA/C35 OA/C351

FORM	C&	GS-	8352
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## NAUTICAL CHART DIVISION

## **RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS**

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO.

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#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

1. Letter all information.

2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

CHART	DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
16761	7/200	Milton Sager	Full Pare Before After Verification Review-Inspection Signed Via
	7-7-7		Drawing No. 12 Fully appld hydro after
			Quality Control & Inspection
16760	9/22/79	Milton Sager	Full Port Sefore After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
			Drawing No. 12 Fully 2pp'd hydro thru Chart 16761
			(After Ovality Control & Inspection) Full Pan Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
16016	8-29-83	L.A. SIMMONS	Full Part Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
			Drawing No. 23. Fully app'd thru 16760 #12.
531	8-29-83	L.A. Simmons	Full Part Deface After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
			Drawing No. 18. Fram thru 16016 #23.
			Full Part Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
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