Diag.Cht.Nos.1116-3 & 1273-2

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE,
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

# **DESCRIPTIVE REPORT**

(HYDROGRAPHIC)

lludus manhá s
Type of SurveyHydrographic
Field No. MI-50-1-79
Office No
LOCALITY
State Louisiana
General LocalityNorthern Gulf. of Mexico
LocalityMississippi Canyon
19 79
CHIEF OF PARTY J.S. Midaley
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE

★ U.S. GOV. PRINTING OFFICE: 1976—669-441

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#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

REGISTER NO.

## HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

H-9832

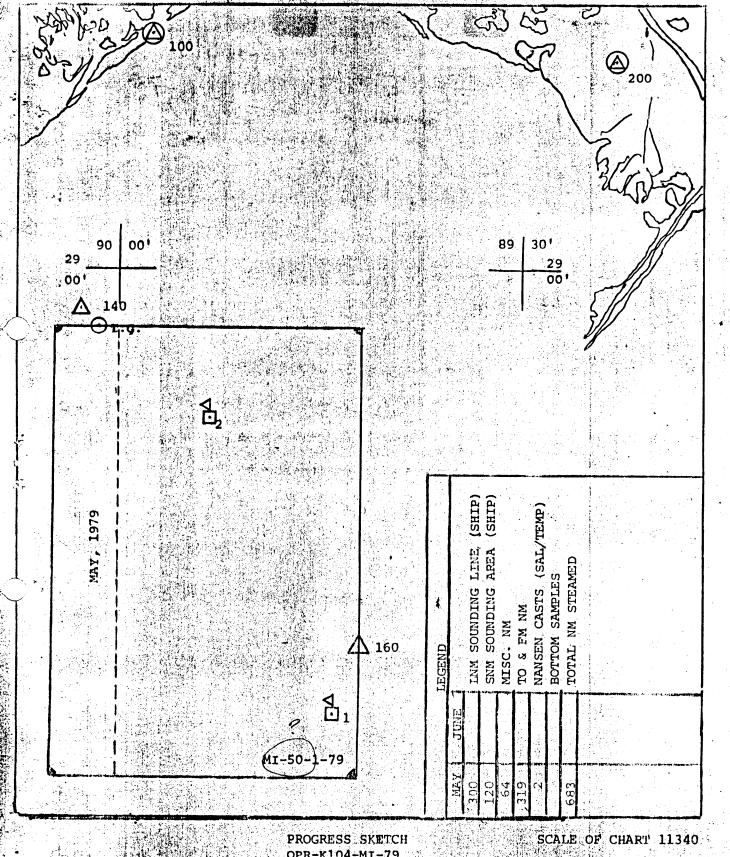
INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

FIELD NO.

MI-50-1-79

USCOMM-DC STONG-PAR

•	
State LOUISIANA	
General locality Northern Gulf of Mexico	
Locality Offshore Grand Isle, La. MISS	ISSIPPI CANYON
Scale 1:50,000	_ Date of survey 30 May - 16 June 1979
Instructions dated 22 February 1979	Project No. OPR-K104-MI-79
Vessel NOAA SHIP MT MITCHELL (S-222)	
Chief of party Capt. James S. Midgley, NOAA	
Surveyed by See remarks	
Soundings taken by echo sounder, hand lood, pole Ross A	
Graphic record scaled by R.J., R.W., R.M., P.S., F	c Recorder
Graphic record scaled by Actor, Rome, Rome, F.S., I	A.S.
Graphic record checked by A.S. Ver	ificution Branch (AMC)
Protracted by N/A	Automated plot by Hydroplot System  XYNETICS +601 PLOTER CAMC)
Soundings penerled by L.C. Cram	
Soundings in fathoms feet at ANAW **********************************	_ GÇĮ WD
REMARKS: Lt.Cdr. Ronald Jones, Lt. Charles	D. Mason, Lt.(jg) John Wilder, Lt.(jg)
William Pringle, Ens. Andrew Shepard, En	s. Paul S. Morton, Ens. Ronald Dutton,
Ens. James Long, Mr. Robin Sainsbury, Mr	. Richard Peoples
changes in red made	by sevifier during venication,
- applied to	stale 4/1/80
~ WIL 37.742	
XW4 3/21/43	



PROGRESS SKETCH
OPR-K104-MI-79
HYDROGRAPHIC OPERATIONS
NOAA SHIP MT. MITCHELL S-222
JAMES S. MIDGLEY, CAPT., NOAA
COMMANDING

#### A. PROJECT

This survey was carried out in accordance with Project Instructions
OPR-K104-MI-79 issued 22 February 1979 and amended by change 1 dated 2
March 1979, change 2 dated 29 March 1979, and change 3 dated 18 June 1979.

\* Verbal instructions given prior to date of survey by C.351

#### B. AREA SURVEYED '

This survey was conducted in the Gulf of Mexico offshore of Grand Isle, Louisiana. The limits of the survey are roughly described by lines connecting the following points in a clockwise manner:

28°23.0'N	89°39.0'W
28°23.0'N	90°07.5 <b>'</b> W
29°00.0'N	90°07.5'W
29°00.0'N	89°39.0'W

The survey was conducted between 30 May 1979 (Julian Day 150) and 16 June 1979 (Julian Day 167).

#### C. SOUNDING VESSEL

Soundings for the survey were obtained by the NOAA Ship MT. MITCHELL (VESNO 2220).

## D. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT AND CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDINGS

The following equipment was aboard the ship during this survey:

Equipment (VESNO 2220)	Serial Number
Ross Model 5000 Fineline Depth Recorder Ross Model 4000 Transceiver Ross Digitizer Raytheon Universal Graphic Recorder EDO 248-1 Transceiver	1050 1050 1050 170 219
Digitrak 261-C Digitizer	202

'Soundings for the MT. MITCHELL were taken with 2 skeg mounted transducers (antenna distance for both is 32.0 M), one each for the Ross and UGR.

The Ross Fathometer was utilized on the 0-100, 100-200, 200-300 and 300-400 ft. scales. The UGR was utilized on the 0-1200 and 2-2400 ft. scales; the resolution of analog depths in feet for scanning purposes was marginal at best. When shifting sounding from one to the other, both were kept running for various periods of time to obtain a comparison. In general the Ross was operated as long as as a bottom trace held. All survey records were scanned by survey department personnel and checked by the officer in charge. Peaks and deeps considered significant that occurred between soundings were inserted and digitizing errors were corrected on the electronic corrector tape.

Phase calibration checks were made at frequent intervals. Any necessary adjustments were made and noted in the sounding volume and on the fathogram. Any departures of the trace from the calibration due to phase differences were corrected during the scanning process.

Velocity corrections were obtained from 2 Nansen casts at the following locations:

Cast	Latitude	Longitude	Date
1	28°30'42"N	89°43 <b>'</b> 42''W	5/21/79
2	28°50'00"N	89°53′30''W	5/21/79

An explanation of how sound velocities were derived along with all tables and printouts of velocity tapes is included in Appendix D.

A draft of 14.0 feet was applied to all soundings taken by the MT. MITCHELL during the on-line process and to the smooth sheets. The transducers are located 17.5 feet forward of the after draft markings. The after draft was noted at the beginning and end of each trip and remained at 14'3" throughout the survey, as all fuel consumed was taken from the forward fuel tanks. Due to the close proximity of the transducers and aft draft markings the actual draft was considered to be 14'3" and a constant draft corrector of 0.3 foot results. Settlement and squat correctors for the ship were determined on 12 June 1978 (JD 163) at Galveston (Inner Bar Channel), Texas. No significant equipment changes, which might have altered the 1978 results, were made from 12 June 1978 to the time of this survey. A copy of the field data and settlement and squat correctors versus the ship's speed is included in the survey support data. The ship's draft corrector and settlement and squat correctors are incorporated into the TC/ TI tapes which are include in the survey data. A printout of these tapes is included in Appendix D.

This survey was smooth plotted using predicted tides based on daily predictions for the reference station at Pensacola, Florida. The following correctors were applied for hydrography as per instructions in Section 5.10 of the Project Instructions:

For all hydrography east of longitude 89°54'W.

#### Time Correctors

<u>High Water</u>	Low Water	Height-Range Ratio
-2 h 12 m	-2 h 08 m	XO.92

For all hydrography west of longitude 89°54'W.

#### Time Correctors

<u>High Water</u>	Low Water	Height-Range Ratio
-1 h 50 m	-1 h 45 m	X0.95

#### E. HYDROGRAPHIC SHEETS !

This survey was plotted on five paper Complot roll plotter sheets by the MT. MITCHELL Hydroplot system with a skew of 90, 21, 54. Soundings on the on-line field sheets are corrected only for estimated ships draft (+14.0 ft.). The survey was smooth plotted off-line using an electronic corrector tape, ASCII tide tape for predicted tides and a sound velocity corrector tape. The smooth sheets are not corrected for actual draft, settlement and squat, smooth tides or instrument error. The final smooth sheet will be plotted at the Atlantic Marine Center, Norfolk, Virginia.

All field records and the following tapes have been forwarded to the Atlantic Marine Center:

Master Range-Range Data Tapes
Electronic Corrector Tapes
Velocity Correction Tapes
Parameter Tapes
Signal Tape
Transducer Corrector/Table Indicating Tape

#### F. CONTROL STATIONS

ARGO Control Stations used for this survey were:

Name	Number	<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>	
Gault RM3 1979 Crand Islé	9 100	29°15'25".671N	89°57'41".081W	
H-5-LA-78,AMC	200	29°13'42".627N	89°23'25".014W	"Field Position"

The stations were located and erected by personnel from the Operations Division and Electronic Engineering Division, Atlantic Marine Center. Both stations were maintained by personnel from the NOAA Ships RUDE and HECK.

## G. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

A CUBIC DM-54 (ARGO) Long-Range Offshore Positioning System operating at a frequency of 1643.0KHZ in a Range-Range mode was used to provide positioning control for ship hydrography on this survey. The serial numbers for the equipment used are as follows:

Vessel or Shore Station	<u>Equipment</u>	Serial Number
VESNO 2220	DM-54 Range Processing Unit	RO379119
	DM-54 Control Display Unit	CO37953
	HP-IB ASCII Parallel Converter	1632401202
	DM-54 Antenna Loading Unit	A0379119
	DM-54 Power Supply	VO379124
	EPSCO Sawtooth Recorder Model 808	2 8501
Station 100	DM-54 R.P.U	RO47844
	DM-54 A.L.U.	A047853
	DM-54 P.S.	V0478103
Station 200	DM-54 R.P.U.	RO47864
	DM-54 A.L.U.	A047858
	DM-54 P.S.	V0478105

Initial and final calibrations for each trip (JD 150-158 and 163-167) for the ARGO control were accomplished using the circling technique as described in the Hydro Manual (p. 4-28) on offshore oil well platform CAGC 48D.

The geographic position was converted to electronic control patterns using the Utility Computations Program, RK 300. The initial calibration for partial lane correctors were used on-line throughout each cruise. Each cruise's initial and final partial lane correctors weren't meaned before being utilized for all off-line plotting. The partial correctors varied by less than 0.15 lanes for both P1 and P2.

In addition the whole lane count was checked four times using platform CAGC 48D and platform SHELL WEST DELTA 152A, again using the circling technique. Copies of the Descriptions of Triangulation Stations for both platforms are included with the records accompanying this report.

While using ARGO positioning the lane count was constantly monitored by the Survey Department by comparing the CDU displayed rates with the running count on the sawtooth recorder. A smoothing of "zero" was used throughout the sheet. "\Data" was forced to be zero for both P1 and P2 with all partial and whole lane correctors entered only on the HYDORPLOT controller. Lane jumps occurred at the following positions:

- 1. JD 151 P2L2 Position 188
- 2. JD 157 P1G1 Position 1789+4
- 3. JD 158 P1L2 Position 1855+5

On-line, the appropriate whole lane correctors were put into the HYDORPLOT controller as soon as possible after the jumps, and off-line the correctors were applied to all affected soundings via the electronic corrector tape. An abstract of the calibration data is included with the records accompanying this report.

#### H. SHORELINE

There was no shoreline within the limits of this survey.

#### I. CROSSLINES '

Crosslines were run at approximately 45 degrees to the main scheme sounding lines. Crossline mileage amounted to 7% of the main scheme lines. Crossline soundings generally agree to within 2-3 feet of the main scheme lines, with agreements of less than a fathom in areas of steep slopes.

#### J. JUNCTIONS!

No junctions were required for this survey.

#### K. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS See Verifiers Report

The following prior surveys were within the area of this survey:

Survey Number	Date	Scale
н-6184	1936	1:80,000
н-6185	1936	1:80,000

For both prior surveys, in depths of less than 300 feet, comparision was very good with 95% of the soundings agreeing to within 2-3 feet and the remainder to within 5 feet. The larger discrepancies could be the result of using predicted tides on the off-line plot. Agreement in waters deeper than 300 feet is generally good with 85% of the soundings agreeing to within a fathom. The larger discrepancies are in most cases the result of the steep slope gradients and rugged bottom profile in these deeper areas. There are shifts in the contour lines, particularly in areas of steep slopes, which are believed to be the result of the influence of the Mississippi river outflow into the area of this survey. West-northwest currents estimated to be 3-4 knots were evident at times during the survey.

The following are presurvey review items for OPR-K104-MI-78, as described in Project Instructions OPR-K630-RU/HE-79 (dated 8 January 1979) for the NOAA Ships RUDE and HECK that are located within the limits of this survey:

Them, 154 through 159 listed below are addressed in the Descriptive Report of F.E. No. 2,1979 W.D. (R/H-20-2-79). The reader is referred to that report for the disposition of those idems.

CHART 11340

- 154. The <u>dangerous sunken wreck</u>, <u>PA</u>, charted at latitude 28°52', longitude 89°59', originates with Notice to Mariners 50 of 1961. The wreck is not identified but described to be a trawler sunk in 124 feet of water. Additional details concerning the vessel's contruction are not available.
- 155. The <u>dangerous submerged obstruction</u>, (5 fm rep), PA, charted in the vicinity of latitude 28°49'03", longitude 89°45'49", originates with Notice to Mariners 49 of 1965. The obstruction is not described but is possibly the remains of a damaged oil well structure.

156. (b) The dangerous submerged obstruction, (16 fm rep), charted at latitude 28°48'54", longitude 89°46'18", originates with Notice to Mariners 42 of 1965. The obstruction is described as a collapsed oil well structure with a least depth of 100 feet.

157. The pipe, reported, PA, charted at latitude 28°42'00", longitude 89°58'30", originates with Notice to Mariners 39 of 1964. The obstruction is described as a 16-inch pipe extending 3 feet above the water. Visual reconnaissance of the area may disclose the continued existence of the feature; however, it is probable that the pipe will not be visible in which case a wire drag will be required.

158.(II) The dangerous submerged obstruction, charted at latitude 28°43'54" longitude 89°50'30", originates with Notice to Mariners 50 of 1965. The obstruction is described as a partially submerged 15-foot by 30-foot metal section from an oil rig. Since the feature may be entirely submerged at this time, reconnaissance may be hazardous. Accordingly, appropriate caution should be exercised.

159. (12) The dangerous submerged obstruction, reported, PA, charted at latitude 28°43'30", longitude 89°50', originates with Notice to Mariners 40 of 1968. The obstruction is described as a collapsed oil rig. The depth of the feature is unknown.

162. The 20-fathom depth, (Rep 1975), PA, charted at latitude 28°28' longitude 89°51', originates with Chart Letter 1955 of 1975 and Local Notice to Mariners 37 of 1975. The depth is described as being in the vicinity of charted 92-fathom depths. The prior surveys should be examined to determine the most likely location of possible shoaling and the wire-drag development scheduled accordingly. See page 9 of this capacity and Descriptive Report for FE No. 2, 1979, W.D.

The MT. MITCHELL was not required to investigate any of the above items as they are scheduled for investigation by the RUDE and HECK. Item #162 above was however developed as described below in section L, development number 1.

#### L. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART See Verifiers Report

This area is covered and was compared to the following NOAA Charts:

Chart #	Edition	<u>Data</u>	<u>Scale</u>
11340	36th	Nov. 1977	1:458,596
11358	27th	Jan. 1979	1:80,000

Charted depths from chart 11358 generally agree with this survey to with 2-3 feet. Charted depths from chart 11340 generally agree with this survey to within 2-3 feet in water of less than 300 feet. Deeper than 300 feet, agreement is generally good with most soundings agreeing to within a fathom. The discrepancies which exist appear to be the result of (1) the strong currents and subsequent high rates of sediment transport in the area, (2) the steep slopes and rugged nature of the bottom, (3) the possible lesser

accuracy of the positioning systems used on the prior surveys and ((4) the scanning difficulties as stated in section "D" (Sounding Equipment) of this report.) No.

The following charted platforms were located within the survey limits and their positions were verified while running hydrography by RADAR ranges and visual bearings as they were close abeam. Verbal authorization for this predure was received through Operations Division, AMC and formal authorization was included in Change 3 of the Project Instructions. It is recommended that they be retained as charted:

NAME	DESIGNATION	<u>LATITUDE</u>	LONGITUDE
NAME  SHELL 183-1  A SHELL 163-3  B SHELL 163-4  C CONTINENTAL 112-35  D GULF 130-4  E GULF 130-6  F EXXON 136-1  G.CONTINENTAL 112-29  H. CONTINENTAL 112-28  J, JFD 101-2  K.SHELL 191-1  L.CONTINENTAL 104-4  M SHELL 191-3	SH-WD-152A SH-WD-122C SH-WD-134D CAGC WD-94V GY-WD-117D GX-WD-117F EXXON-WD-99A CAGC-WD-95T CAGC-WD-95S JFD-GI-81A SH-GI-76A CAGC-GI-48E SH-GI-75-JA	28°35'14"N 28°45'05"N 28°44'04"N 28°55'36"N 28°49'08"N 28°49'53"N 28°54'34"N 28°54'34"N 28°54'21"N 28°43'12" 28°44'17" 28°56'03 28°44'09"N	LONGITUDE  89°41'58"W \ \( \Delta \) Signal 160  89°42'30"W \( \Delta \) 89°44'07"W' 89°46'55"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°47'24"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°47'32"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°47'44"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°47'44"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°49'14"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°49'14"W \( \Delta \) 11358 89°56'56"W \( \Delta \) 00°01'34"W' 90°02'37"W \( \Delta \) 11358 90°03'05"W \( \Delta \)
N.MOBIL 187-1 P. CONTINENTAL 133	MOBIL-GI-93C CAGC-GI-63A	28°32'57"N 28°48'32"N	90°04'07"W 90°04'35"W 90°04'35"Wchard No. 11358

The following charted platforms were positioned by the circling method as their verified position appeared to be in error:

Chart present survey information.

ITEM 1 Q

Platform charted at 28°56'01"N and 89°46'45"W has a calculated position of 28°56'01.155"N and 89°46'45.119"W (JD 166, No position number). It is a six-legged, yellow, lighted structure with a sign reading "CAGC-94G" It is recommended that this them be retained as charted. Chart No. 1135% Continental 112-13 CAGC-WD-94G

#### ITEM 2 R.

Platform charted at 28°53'57"N and 89°50'13"W has a calculated position of 28°53'56.736"N and 89°50'13.037"W (JD 166, No position number). It is a six-legged, yellow, lighted structure with a sign reading "CAGC-96R". It is recommended that this item be retained as charted. Charl No 11358

Continental 112-24 CAGC-WD-96R

#### ITEM 3 S.

Platform charted at 28°48'34"N and 89°47'17"W has a calculated position of 28°48'34.306"N and 89°47'16.180"W (JD 166, No position number). It is an eight-legged, gray, lighted structure with a sign reading "GU-WD-117C". It is recommended that this item be retained as charted. chart Mr. 11358
GUNF 130-3

The following uncharted platforms were located within the survey limits and positioned by the circling technique:

An uncharted platform was found (JD 16%, Pos 2677) at a calculated position of 28°48'17.239"N and 89°48'07.178"W. It is an eight-legged, gray, double deck, lighted structure with a sign reading "GU-WD-1177". An orange and white buoy with a flashing, four second, white light marking a submerged well head (covered by 150 ft.) is presently charted at 28°48'17"N and 89°48'06"W. It is recommended that the buoy be removed from the chart and the platform be added at the calculated position. This change is described in the LNM 22/79 (I-1.3) for chart 11358, 27th Edition, 13 January 1979.

An uncharted platform was found (JD 166, Pos 2678) at a calculated position of 28°41'29.537"N and 89°48'28.286"W. It is an eight-legged, yellow, 3 deck, lighted structure with a sign reading "ANADARKO Prod. Co. WD-138A". It is recommended that this item be charted at the calculated position.

An uncharted platform was found (JD 16%, Pos 2679) at a calculated position of 28°39'07.717"N and 89°47'11.619"W. It is an eight-legged, gray, 4 deck lighted structure with a sign reading "EXXON M/C 268A-OSCG 2970". It is recommended that this item be charted at the calculated position.

An uncharted platform was found (JD 16%, Pos 2680) at a calculated position of 28°38'33.198"N and 89°47'39.394"W. It is an eight-legged, yellow, double deck, lighted structure with a sign reading "SH-MC-311A". It is recommended that this item be charted at the calculated position.

#### ITEM 8

An orange and white, horizontally striped buoy was located at 28°53'10"N and 90°01'30"W. The buoy is privately maintained and has a flashing white light. The buoy was located while running hydrography with a RADAR range when it was close abeam. A subsequent position was not obtained as a 2 mile long seismic cable had been fouled on the buoy's mooring chain. Position number 2681 was assigned for plotting purposes, and should be considered a position approximate.

The following developments were run on this survey:

Development	Julian Day	Positions	Approximate GP
1	165	2465-2480	28°28.0'N 89°51.5'W
2	167	2610-2618	28°35.0'N 89°44.0'W
3	165 167	2485-2493 2620-2627	28°33.0'N 89°55.0'W
4	167	2628-2493	28°35.0'N 89°57.0'W
5. (	167	2648-2660	28°53.0'N 89°54.0'W
6	167	2661-2676	28°53.4'N 90°00.7'W

Development 1 was an investigation of a reported shoal with a least depth of 20 fm as charted on Chart 11340. The least depth found was 550 ft or 92 fm (Pos. 2479; 28°27.8'N, 89°51.4'W). The least depth from prior survey H-6185 was 100 fm or 600 ft at 28°28'05"N, 89°50'57"W. The 20 fm depth was found in 1955 by a private citizen in the area of the charted 92 fm was found in 1955 by a private citizen in the area of the charted 92 fm profile of the feature on the 1955 analog record and the current analogy are records (JD 165; Pos. 2472-2480) are similar. It is suspected that the frequency of a multiple interval bottom return. It is recommended that the charted 20 fm sounding be changed to 92 fm at 28°27.8'N, 89°51.4'W. PSR 162(15) Organ CL 55/75

Development 2 was a delineation of a ridge feature.

Development 2 was a delineation of a ridge feature. The least depth found was 344 ft or 57.5fm (Pos. 2614 +4; 28°34.9'N, 89°43.7'W). The least depth-organ from Chart 11340 is 62 fm at 28°35.3'N and "89°43.9'W." It is recommended that the charted depth be moved to the above position (Pos. 2614 +4) and Concur changed to 57 fm. concur

Development 3 was an investigation of a shoal with a charted least depth - origin of 71 fm. A new least depth of 4167 ft or 69.5 fm (Pos. 630 +5; 28°32.9'N, 4-684 89°55.7 W), was found. It is recommended that charted shoal be moved to the above position and changed to 69.5 fm.

Development 4 was a delineation of an extension of a charted ridge feature. A least depth of 472 ft or 796fm (Pos. 2636 +2; 28°35.5'N, 89°56.4'W) was

found in water charted as deeper than 600 feet. It is recommended that the charted 100 fm : curve be relocated eastward with a least depth of 7%6 fm at the above position.

Developments 5 and 6 were investigations of stray spikes which appeared on the Ross analog records (JD 155; Pos. 1077 and JD 156; Pos. 1320 +6, respectively). No further evidence of any permanent obstructions was obtained by either development. Numerous similar spikes occurred on the Ross fathograms usually accompanied with distortion of the initial. The developments were run to determine if the spikes were the result of permanent obstructions, electronic interference or temporary features (e.g. fish). These particular spikes were selected as they were in less than 120 feet of water and they appeared more solid than others in that depth of water. It is recommended that the investigated features and similar spikes be ignored and not charted.

#### M. ADEQUACY OF THE SURVEY

Two submerged well-heads within the sheet limits were not investigated during this survey. Both are described in the Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, "LISTING OF OFFSHORE OIL STRUCTURES AND SUBMERGED WELLS IN THE EIGHTH COAST GUARD DISTRICT" of 1 June 1978. The first is present on Chart 11340 (36th Edition, November 1977) as a well covered by 22 fms of water. They are:

- 1. Submerged wellhead, SH-GI-75-1, marked by an unlighted marker buoy with 133 feet over it at 28°44'02"N and 90°03'40"W. The marker buoy was not found during this survey. Relay well as charted See VR. 2007.
- 2. Submerged wellhead, SH-WD-134A, marked by an unlighted marker buoy with 90 feet over it at 28°44'09"N and 89°44'19"W. The marker buoy was not found during this survey. See Descriptive Report for F.E. No. 23, 1977 W. B. See V.R. Para 7.2.

All information on both items was relayed to the NOAA Ships RUDE and HECK which were running wire drag surveys in the area of the sheet.

No thing done by wive drag survey on the sheet. (1)

This survey is considered complete and adequate to super $\tilde{g}$ ede prior surveys for charting.

#### N. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

There is one floating aid to navigation within the limits of this survey:

Latitude Longitude

OrW F1 Priv. Maintd. 28°53'09"N 90°01'30"W

The location of the buoy is described in section L, Item 8.

#### O. STATISTICS

Linear	nautical	miles	of	hydrography	2328.2
11	11	11	11	crosslines	162.5
11	11	11	11	development	53.1
Total	linear mi	les of	hy	drography	2543.8
Total :	567.1				
Total:	3110.9				
Square	miles of	hydro	gra	phy	614.0
Nansen	2				
Bottom	samples				20

#### P. MISCELLANEOUS

Areas of closer than normal line spacing (Pos. 2243-2248 and 2537-2609) were due to using incorrect X-Y values and the resulting need for additional splits. Incorrect X-Y values were also used from Pos. 2460-2463 causing lines 100 m east of the holidays they were intended to close.

#### Q. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. As the RUDE and HECK and the MT. MITCHELL were working concurrently of the same working ground, each ship should have been furnished with the others's Project Instructions. This would have allowed time to resolve responsibility for items (i.e. tide gages, PSR items ect.) prior to the commencement of operations.
- 2. No Tide Station Reports were received prior to the beginning hydrography.

#### R. AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING

The following HYDROPLOT programs were used to acquire and process the survey data:

RK	111	Range-Range Real Time Plot	1/30/76
RK	201	Grid, Signal and Lattice Plot	4/18/75
RK	211	Range-Range Non-Real Time Plot	1/15/76
RK	300	Utility Computations	2/05/76
RK	330	Data Reformat and Check	5/04/76
PM	360	Electronic Corrector Tape Abstract	2/02/76
RK	530	Velocity Corrections Computations	5/10/76
RK	602	Extended Line Orientated Editor	5/20/75
MI	555	Temperature and Thermometric	6/01/78
		Depth Computation	

#### S. REFERENCE TO REPORTS

Horizontal Control Report

Respectfully Submitted,

Andrew N. Shepard, Ens. NOA

#### APPROVAL SHEET

H-9832 MI 50-1-79

The field work of this Hydrographic Survey was under my daily supervision. The boat sheet and records have been reviewed and approved by me.

Names S. Midgley

Commanding Officer

001 SIGNAL NAMES TAPE PRINTOUT H-9 002 003 004	832 OPR-K104-MI-79 MI-50-1-79
006 100 GRAND ISLE: LA. Gault, Rm.3, 007 110 GU 151 H RM2 008 120 GU 128A 009 130 GU 130C RM 2 010 140 CATC 48D, CA GC - GJ - 48-D 196 011 150 CATC 40F 012 160 SHELL WEST DELTA 152A, 1975	AMC OPS AMC OPS AMC OPS AMC OPS AMC OPS
013 200 <del>VENICE: LA.</del> H-5-LA-78	AMC OFS "Field Position" pending fined adj by NGS.
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                 15 25671 089 57 41081
              29
    006 100 0
              28 36 59888 090 15 22464 139 0000 000000
    007 110 0
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              28 40
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    009 130
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    013 200 0
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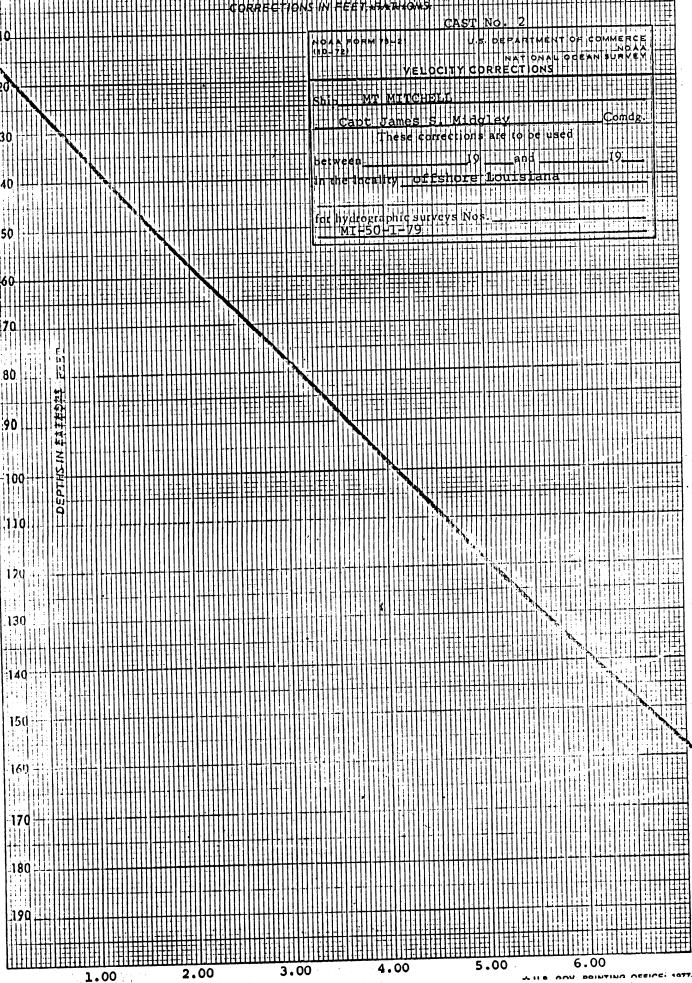
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CART 20 X 20 TO THE INCH . IN

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VELOCITY TAPE LISTING
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012 000265 0 0006
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014 000345 0 0010
015 000385 0 0012
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019 000540 0 0020
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021 000615 0 0024
022 000655 0
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029 001035 0
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030 001115 Ø 0050
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## SETTLEMENT AND SQUAT

#### MT MITCHELL 1978 FIELD SEASON

The settlement and squat test for the MT MITCHELL (S-222) was conducted June 12, 1978 in the Galveston Inner Bar Channel, approximately one-half mile east of the Coast Guard Base at Galveston, Texas, using a Zeiss Ni-2 Level (s/n 142936) positioned on the southern breakwater. To determine possible water level changes during the test, the height of water was measured before, during and after the level sightings; no change was observed.

A tower on the northern side of the channel was used as a range, and the readings were taken as the ship aligned with the tower. Passes with the ship were made at idle, half, and standard speeds with a heading of 100 on each pass. An initial reading was taken with the ship dead in the water. A portable tide staff (graduated in tenths of feet), was positioned on the center of the fantail cargo hatch located amidships to allow a clear line of sight to the onshore observer. The displacement of the staff from the skeg transducer was approximately 3 feet aft. Since all hydrography for OPR-K104-MI-78 was to be recorded using this transducer, the settlement and squat correctors were only determined at one location.

A draft reading of 14.7 feet was taken before the test. The ship was carrying four launches—two Pacific Plastics launches in davits #3 and #4, and two Jensen launches in davits #5 and #6. Settlement and squat was run using both engines and various pitch combinations as determined from a speed curve established May 1977, offshore Cape Henry, Virginia. The ship carried a full load of fuel during the test.

Included is an abstract of the data obtained, suggested correctors versus ship speed, the graph of ship speed versus settlement and squat correctors, the "C" shot determination of instrument error, and the ship's speed curve.

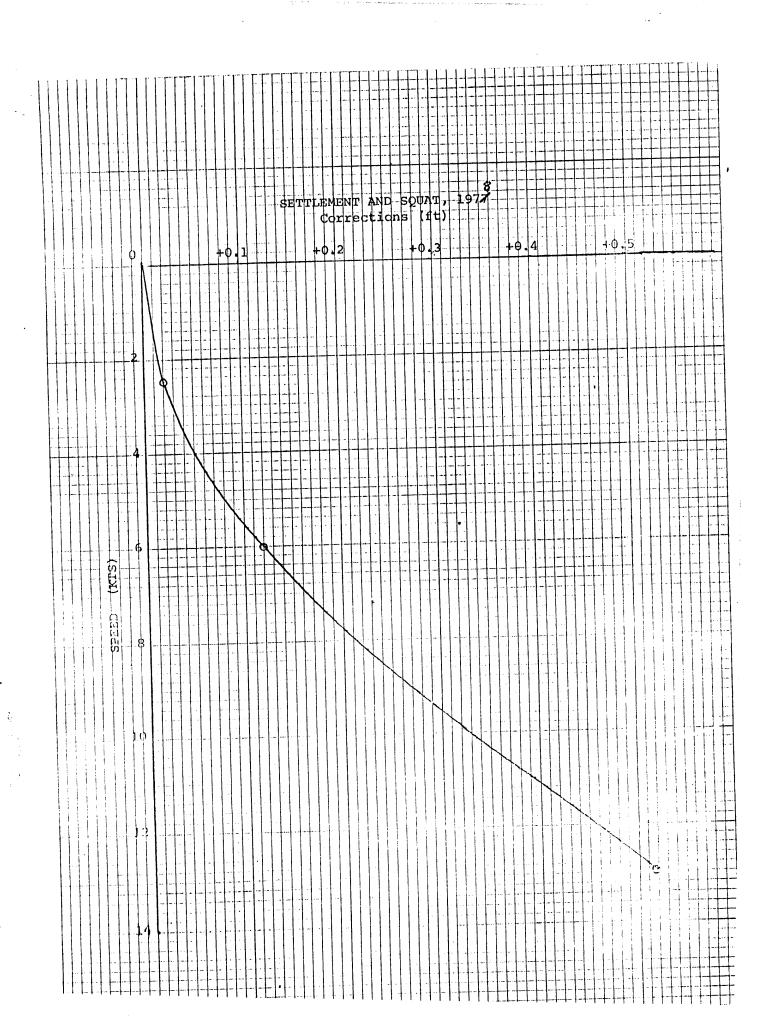
expectively submixted,

John D. Wilder, LT (jg), NOAA

## SETTLEMENT AND SQUAT CORRECTORS

## June 12, 1978

SPEED	(KTS)	CORI	RECTION	(FT)
1			0	
2	•		0	
3			0	
4			0	
5			0.1	,
6			0.1	,
7			0.2	
8		•	0.2	
9			0.3	
10			0.3	
11			0.4	
12			0.5	
13			0.5	



, . . ,

#### FIELD TIDE NOTE

Field tide reduction of soundings were based on predicted tides from Pensacola, Florida corrected to \*area per Project Instructions, and were interpolated on a PDP8/E Computer utilizing program AM500. All times of both predicted and recorded tides are GMT.

The number and type of tide gages installed, thier geographic locations, dates of installation/removal, leveling, plane of reference and period of operation are appended to this note, along with a copy of a letter to C331 requesting verified hourly heights of tides from gages listed in this report.

Contact with respective tide gage observers was made in person by Mt. Mitchell personnel upon arrival in the project area, There after, observers were contacted during inport periods to ascertain the status of the respective gages.

The respective gages reportedly operated properly during this project, with any exceptions listed under "Remarks" on the appended tide gage sheets.

\*For all hydrography east of Longitude 89°54'W.

High Water	Low Water	Height Range Ratio
-2 hr. 12 min.	-2 hr. 08 min.	X0.92
For all hydrography we	est of Longitude 89°54'W.	
High Water	Low Water	Height Range Ratio
- 1 hr. 50 min.	-1 hr. 45 min.	x0.95

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE August 23, 1979 NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

#### TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

Processing Division: Atlantic Marine Center:

Hourly heights are approved for Form 362

Tide Station Used (NOAA Form 77-12): 876-1689 Continental Tower CAGC GI 47A; LA Lat 28°56'42"
Long, 90°0'51"

Period: May 30 - June 16. 1979

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H-9832

OPR: K104

Locality: "Loop" area, Gulf of Mexico

Height of Mean High Water above Plane of Reference is 1.3 ft.

REMARKS: Zone direct.

Glief, Datums and Information Branch

NOAA FORM 76-155 (11-72) NA	TIONAL	OCEANIC		EPARTME				RVEY N	JMBER	
GEO	GRAPI							H-9832	2	
, Name on Survey	A	THE CHART H	PREVIOUS S	U.S. WAPS	ANGLE ON LOCATI ON LORMATI INFORMATI	or kind	P. Canot	OR MAP	s. Light L	,5°
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# FOR SURVEY H- 9832

- A. All revisions and additions made on the smooth sheet during verification have been entered in the magnetic tape records for this survey. A new final position printout has/has not been made. A new final sounding printout has/has not been made.
- B. The verified smooth sheet has been inspected, is complete, and meets the requirements of the <a href="Hydrographic"><u>Hydrographic</u></a>
  <a href="Manual">Manual</a>. Exceptions are listed in the Verifier's Report.

Date: 12-21-79

Signed:

Title: chief, Verification Branch

5 157-Pre-Verification by 08/21/79 Lamison Verification by . Kelley, L. Cram Endin 1 29/79 Harry Smrth Time (Hours) 11/30/79 Marine Center Inspection by Time (Hours) Hydrographic Inspection Team (AMC) 8 Quality Control Inspection by Requirements Evaluation by Time (Hours) DO aungarfun & Toller 1944 2/19/80 Time (Hours)

## REGISTRY NO. 9832

The Computer and Excess Sounding Cards for this survey have not been corrected to reflect the changes made to the Computer Card and Excess Card Printouts at this time of the review.

When the cards have been updated to reflect the final results of the survey, the following shall be completed:

## CARDS CORRECTED

DATE	TIME	REQUIRED_	· 	INITIALS_	
REMARKS:				•	

# REGISTRY NO. 9832

The magnetic tape containing the data for this survey has not been corrected to reflect the changes made during evaluation and review.

When the magnetic tape has been updated to reflect the final results of the survey, the following shall be completed:

## MAGNETIC TAPE CORRECTED

DATE 9-23-82	TIME	REQUIRED	INITIALS HE
REMARKS:	•		

## ATLANTIC MARINE CENTER VERIFIER'S REPORT

REGISTRY NO. H-9832

FIELD NO. MI-50-1-79

Louisiana, Northern Gulf of Mexico, Offshore Grand Isle

SURVEYED: 30 May through 16 June 1979

SCALE: 1:50,000 PROJECT NO.: OPR-K104

SOUNDINGS: Ross Digital Echo Sounder CONTROL: AGRO

Raytheon Universal Graphic (Range-Range)

Recorder

Chief of Party ... J.S. Midgley
Surveyed by R. Jones
C.D. Mason
J. Wilder
W. Pringle
A. Shepard
P. Morton
R. Dutton
J. Long
R. Sainsbury
R. Peoples
Automated Plot by XYNETICS 1201 Plotter (AMC)
Verified and Inked by L.G. Cram

Date ..... November 29, 1979

#### 1. Introduction

- a. An unusual problem was encountered in that no documentation could be found authorizing the field to do this survey at a scale of 1:50,000. The survey was carried out in accordance with Project Inspections OPR-K104-MI-79 which mentions survey scales of 1:20,000, 1:40,000 and 1:80,000. Another problem was encountered in that no Presurvey Review Items were marked on any chart covering this area. It remained unclear during verification if there were any Presurvey Review Items in the area, to be investigated by the field unit.
- b. Some notes and changes were made in red ink in the Descriptive Report by the verifier during verification.

### 2. <u>Control and Shoreline</u>

a. The source of control is adequately described in Sections F. and G. of the Descriptive Report.

b. This being an offshore survey no shoreline is shown.

#### 3. Hydrography

- a. The agreement at crossings on this survey is adequate; depths agree within the limits prescribed by the Hydrographic Manual.
- b. The standard depth curves are drawn in their entirety. A 500 ft. brown curve was added to the survey to help delineate a feature.
- c. This survey is considered adequate to delineate the basic bottom configuration and least depths in the area prescribed by the Project Instructions. See QC Report, page 1

#### 4. Condition of Survey

The smooth sheet and accompanying overlays, hydrographic records and reports comply with the requirements of the <u>Hydrographic</u> Manual with the following exceptions:

- a. The sounding volumes are incomplete in regards to indexing of detached positions and general notes.
- b. If in fact the chart scale of this survey area is to be at 1:50,000, as mentioned in the Project Instructions then the running of this survey at 1:50,000 is in conflict with section 1.2.3 p. 1-5 of the <u>Hydrographic Manual</u>. This could present a problem in another area. That being the line spacing for this sheet on the shore ward end is 200 meters in depths of 83 ft. to 120 ft.
- c. The field unit verified the existence of three charted platforms without the use of position numbers. It is desirable from a verification standpoint to have any objects located by the field to have a position number.

#### 5. Junctions

No junctions were required for this survey, present depths are in general harmony with the charted depths.

#### 6. Comparison With Prior Surveys

See Q.C. para.7 84 (1936) 1:80,000

a. H-6184 (1936) 1:80,000 H-6185 (1936) 1:80,000

These are the most recent prior surveys in this area that provide complete coverage.

The comparison with prior surveys has been adequately discussed under Section "K" of the Descriptive Report. There are bigger differences than indicated in the Descriptive Report. In some isolated areas of the deeper portions of the sheet (800 to 1900 ft.)

the differences can be as much as 200 ft. with the present survey being shoaler and at other times the prior survey is shoaler. It would appear that these differences are most probably the results of the less accurate methods of control used on the prior surveys. The present survey is adequate to supersede the prior surveys within the common area.

#### 7. Comparison With Charts #11358 (26th Edition, May 1978) #11340 (37th Edition, June 1978)

## a. Hydrography See Q.C. Report, para. 8

All of the charted hydrography originates with the previously discussed prior surveys. Due to the selection of charted soundings from the prior surveys 99% of the charted hydrography agrees within ± 1 fathom of the present survey.

The present survey is adequate to supersede the charted information after attention is given to the following items:

1. Submerged well head at latitude 28°44'02", longitude 90°03'40" was not developed on present survey nor was it investigated on the wire-drag survey \*F.E. No. 2, 1979. The least depth from the present survey is 144 feet. Recommended retenting this item as charted.

#### SH-WD-134 A

- 2. Submerged well head at latitude 28°44'09", longitude 89°44'19" was not developed on present survey. The least depth from the present survey is 278 feet. See the Descriptive Report, para 6.a.2. for \*F.E. No. 2, 1979 W.D. for investigation and least depth.

  Submerged well transferred to present survey from FE-ZI9 as PA 86 feet report.
- 3. The disposition of several charted obstructions identified as Presurvey Review Item #154 through 159 and 162 are discussed in Section K. of the Hydrographic Report.

#### b. Aids to Navigation

There was one floating aid to navigation in the survey area and is adequately described in Sections L. and N. of the Descriptive Report. The purpose of this buoy is unclear from exsisting records at the time of verification.

## 8. Compliance With Instructions

This survey adequately complies with the Project Instructions with the exceptions listed else where in this Report.

## 9. Additional Field Work

This is a excellent basic survey, additional field work may be desirable on the following items.

Survey redesignated as FE-219 WD RWD 5/80

- a. The submerged well head charted at latitude 28°44'02", longitude 90°03'40".
- b. The buoy located at latitude 28°53'09", longitude 90°01'30". If the past history is any indication of what is happening, then this buoy is probably located over a submerged well head or the feature location of an oil well.

#### Inspection Report H- 9832 (1979)

Any verification errors regarding procedures and presentation of survey data detected during inspection by the Hydrographic Inspection Team have been corrected before submission for administrative approval. HIT comments regarding quality of field work, compliance with instructions, and adequacy of the survey have been incorporated within the Verifier's Report.

Examined and Approved:
Hydrographic Inspection Team
Date: December 21,1979

Robert A. Trauschke, CDR, NOAA
Chief, Processing Division

R.D. Sanocki

Technical Assistant Processing Division

Silly J. Stephenson Team Leader

Verification Branch

David W. Yeager, Lt. Cdr., NOAA Field Procedures Officer Operations Division

Maureen Kenny, IJF, NOAA Chief, Electronic Data Processing Branch

Approved/Forwarded

Richard H. Houlder

RADM, NOAA

Director, Atlantic Marine Center



#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE **National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration** NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY Rockville, Md. 20852

OA/C352: RWD

February 12, 1980

T0:

Glen R. Schaefer

Chief, Hydrographic Surveys Division

THRU:

Chief, Quality Control Branch

FROM:

R. W. DerKazarian

Quality Evaluator

SUBJECT:

Quality Control Report for H-9832 (1979), Louisiana, Northern

Gulf of Mexico, Mississippi Canyon

A quality control inspection of H-9832 was accomplished to monitor the survey for obvious deficiencies with respect to data acquisition, delineation of the bottom, determination of least depths, navigational hazards, sounding line crossings, smooth plotting, decisions and actions taken by the verifier, and the cartographic presentation of data. Revisions and additions to the smooth sheet, plus helpful comments made to the verifier, are identified on a one-half scale copy of the survey to be furnished the verifier.

The status of the control station H-5-LA-78 (triangulation station) could not be substantiated by the National Geodetic Survey (NGS). It is assumed, however, that the necessary records and computations will eventually be submitted to the NGS. Ultimately, therefore, it is expected that the triangulation station status of the control station will be validated. Accordingly, the control station is pending formal processing and acceptance as such by the NGS, and described as "(Field position)", in the Descriptive Report.

In general, the present survey was found to conform to the National Ocean Survey's standards and requirements except as stated in the Verifier's Report, the HIT Report, and as follows:

The following supplements paragraph 3.c. of the Verifier's Report:

Additional splits would have been desirable in the vicinities of the following depths.



Depth (feet)	<u>Latitude (N)</u>	Longitude (W)
269	28°39'16"	89°48'45"
610	28°37'04"	89°51'12"

- 2. The field work is considered deficient in determining the position and describing several platforms. Visual bearings and radar ranges used to determine the positions of these features are omitted from the survey records.
- 3. Seventeen platforms and designations pertaining to the ownership and location of these oil structures were annotated on the smooth sheet during quality control from available information in the Descriptive Report.
- 4. Inasmuch as corrected rates for positions of four platforms and one buoy (Pos. 2677-2681) were erroneously logged as raw data on the Master Tape Listing by field personnel and rate correctors inadvertently assigned to these values during processing, the verified positions were smooth plotted in error. These positions were corrected during quality control.
- 5. The triangulated electronic control stations (Nos. 100 and 200) were not sufficiently described in the Descriptive Report, paragraph F, or on the Signal Names List. The names and years of establishment for these stations have been confirmed by AMC Operations Division and are appropriately documented in the Descriptive Report. This information was also added by the quality evaluator to the arc overlay which accompanies the survey. (See Hydrographic Manual, section 7.3.2.)
- 6. A platform erroneously described in paragraph L, item 4, of the Descriptive Report as "GU-WD'117E" was confirmed in a discussion with the Eighth Coast Guard District to be "GU-WD-117G" during quality evaluation.
- 7. The following supplements paragraph 6 of the Verifier's Report:

The prior Descriptive Reports indicate that the Dorsey and the Type 312 fathometers used for sounding produced strays from bad returns. These anomalies probably account for some drastic isolated differences between prior and present depths. Also, Radio Acoustic Ranging (R.A.R.) employed as control on the prior work is considered the reason for a 500- to 800-meter displacement between several distinct shoal features.

8. The following supersedes in part and supplements the Verifier's Report, paragraph 7.a:

Comparison with Charts 11358, 27th Edition, January 13, 1979 11340, 38th Edition, January 6, 1979

#### a. <u>Hydrography</u>

The charted hydrography originates with the previously discussed prior surveys which require no further consideration, supplemented by several chart letters, Notice to Mariners, and Local Notice to Mariners and Presurvey Review items addressed in paragraphs K, L, and M in the Descriptive Report.

- 4. The charted <u>platform</u> in latitude 28°48'49"N, longitude 89°47'05"W, designated as Gulf 130-5 and signed as GU-WD-117E, in the Coast Guard publication, "Listing of Offshore Oil Structures and Submerged Wells in the Eighth Coast Guard District," of June 1, 1979, was not addressed in the present survey records. The Coast Guard was queried in respect to the existence of this structure during quality control and it was confirmed to exist.
- 5. The charted submerged  $\underline{\text{well}}$  at latitude 28°43'12"N, longitude 90°01'24"W, designated as Mobil 200-1 and signed as Mobil GI 83-2, in the previously mentioned Coast Guard publication, was not addressed in the present survey records. Retain well as charted.

cc: OA/C35 OA/C351

OA/C351:SRB

#### MAR 3 1 1980

T0:

OA/CAM - Richard H, Houlder

**└**0A/C3 -

SUBJECT: H-9832 (1979), OPR-K104-MI-79, Mississippi Canyon, Northern Gulf of Mexico, Louisiana, Report of Compliance with Project Instructions

The smooth sheet and Descriptive Report for the subject survey have been examined. In addition to the Quality Control Report, dated February 12, 1980 (copy attached), and the Hydrographic Survey Inspection Team Report, dated December 21, 1979, the following is submitted:

- 1. The survey was conducted at a scale of 1:50,000 rather than at the 1:40,000 scale required by the project instructions. No justification for this scale change was indicated in the Descriptive Report. However, it does not appear that the reduction in survey scale significantly affects the data quality for nautical charting purposes.
- 2. The smooth sheet exceeded the maximum allowable length of 60 inches. The smooth sheet was trimmed at Headquarters to meet this requirement.
- 3. In addition to the velocity corrector determination obtained just prior to the beginning of the survey, an additional determination taken upon completion of field work would have been desirable to bracket the hydrography and ensure the adequacy of the velocity correctors.

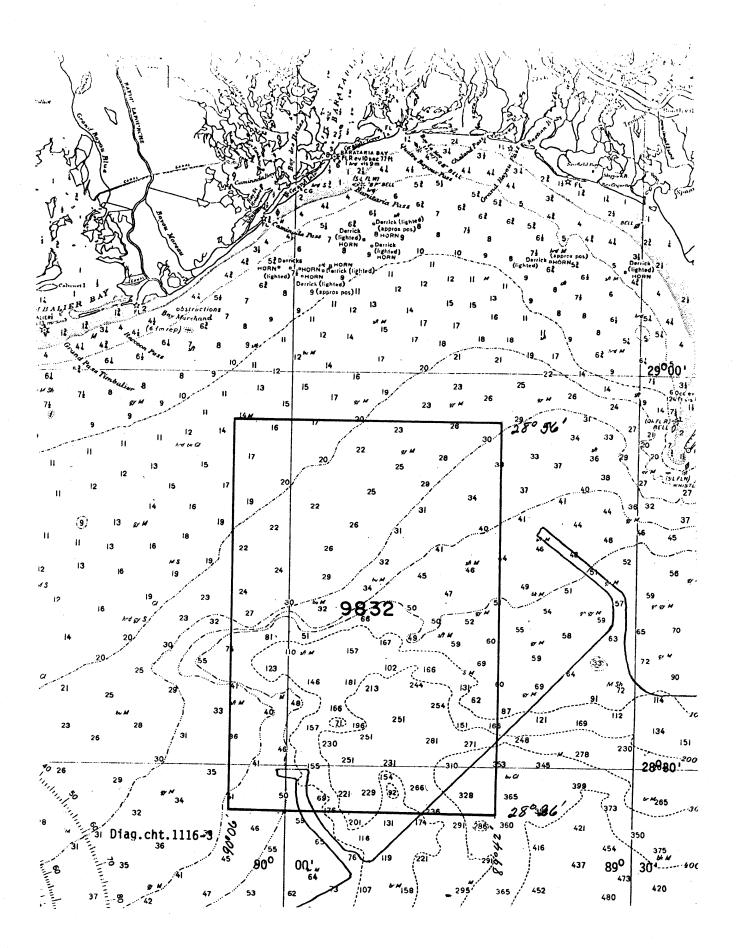
Except as noted, the survey is complete and adequate for the purposes intended and is in compliance with Project Instructions OPR-K104-MI-79, dated February 22, 1979.

Attachment

OA/C352 w/o att.



A young agency with a historic tradition of service to the Nation



13-25-63)

#### NAUTICAL CHART DIVISION

#### RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO.

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#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

1. Letter all information.

2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review

CHART	DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Rev
1/359	<del> </del>	18 0012 11	Full Part Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
11 551	2/10/90	Diexamus	
			Fathon Side and Metric side
11358	6-9-80	A. WILLS	Full Part Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
11100	0 7 00	7. 10100	Drawing No. 45 + 45M
11340	6-8-81	O.Williams	Full Part Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
y			Drawing No. 61
4119	6-26-81	OHOWILLIAMS	Full Part Before After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
			Drawing No. 56
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1/00610	5-14-82	steve Tartaris	Full Box After Verification Review Inspection Signed Via
			Drawing No. 32
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