10081

Diagram No. 5533

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic
Field NoRA-10-3-83
Office No. H-10081
LOCALITY
California
General Locality San Pablo Bay
Locality Pinole Shoal and Vicinity
······································
19 83
CHIEF OF PARTY CAPT R.J.Land
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE

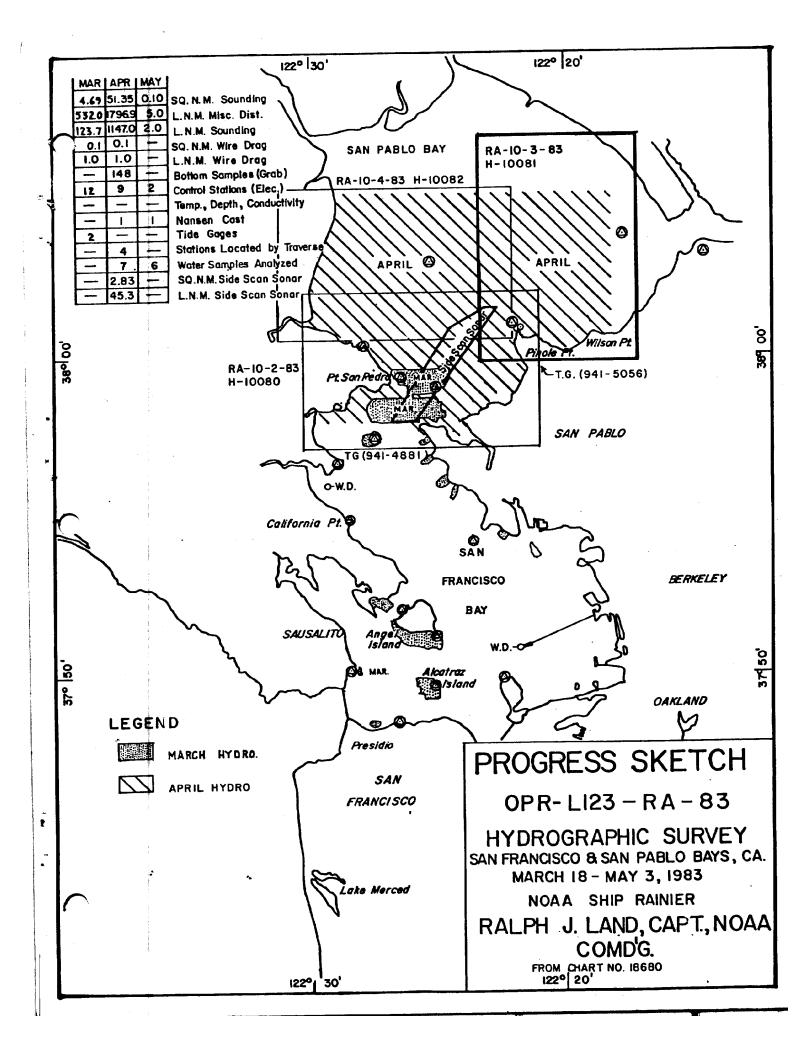
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18654 TO SIGN OFF SEE 18652 SCC "RECORD OF APPLICATION" 18640-11

10081

NOAA FORM 77-28 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (11-72) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTER NO.
HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET	H-10081
	FIELD NO.
INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.	RA-10-3-83
	<u> </u>
State California	
General locality San Pablo Bay	
Locality Pinole Shoal and Vicinity	
Scale 1:10,000 Date of sur	vey April 11 - 30, 1983
Instructions dated February 4, 1983 Project No.	OPR-L123-RA-83
Vessel NOAA Ship RAINIER Launches 2123, 2124,	2125
Chief of party CAPT R. J. Land	
Surveyed by LT S. Ludwig, ENS R. Koehler, ENS B. ENS J. Judson, ENS K. Barton, SST R.	Postle, ENS W. Loque,
Soundings taken by echo sounder, hard lead, pole ROSS Fineline	e Fathometer Systems
Graphic record scaled by RAINIER Personnel	
Graphic record checked by RAINIER Personnel	
Yerification by R. Shipley Automa	ted plot by PMC Xynetics Plotte
Evaluation by K. M. Scott	
Soundings in Machines feet at MHARK MLLW	
REMARKS: Revisions and marginal notes in bla	ack by evaluator.
Separates are filed with the hydrograph	
AWOIS AND SURFY RUD 4	1/85
584-30-97	
30 73071	•



A. PROJECT

Survey H-10081 was conducted in accordance with Project Instructions - See OPR-L123-RA-83, San Francisco Bay and San Pablo Bay, California, Eval Roll dated February 4, 1983, and supplements: Change 1 dated March 11, Sect. 1 1983 and Change 2 dated March 29, 1983.

B. AREA SURVEYED

Survey H-10081 was performed in San Pablo Bay. The area is bounded on the west by $122^{\circ}23^{\circ}00^{\circ}$ W and on the east by $122^{\circ}18^{\circ}10^{\circ}$ W; and extends from $38^{\circ}05^{\circ}00^{\circ}$ N to the southern shore of San Pablo Bay. The eastern extent of this survey extends approximately 1000 meters beyond the limit shown on the project limit sketch. Inclusive dates of the survey were April 11-29, 1983.

C. SOUNDING VESSEL

All soundings were obtained using the following hydrographic launches RA-3 (2123), RA-4 (2124), and RA-5 (2125). No unusual sounding vessel configurations or problems were encountered.

D. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT AND CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDINGS

All information contained in this section is applicable to RA-10-3-83. Sounding equipment is discussed as well as correctors which include sound velocity, launch draft, launch settlement and squat, instrument corrections for blanking, and phase and initial drift errors.

Sounding Equipment

Each launch was equipped with Ross Fineline Fathometer systems. The systems included the following Ross components: model 400 transceivers, model 5000 analog trace recorders, model 6000 digitizers and 100 khz transducers. The serial numbers of the components are summarized in Table I.

TABLE I

<u>Echo Sounding Component Serial Numbers</u>

Launch	<u>2123</u>	2124	<u>2125</u>
Transceiver	1041	1040-6	1042
Analog	1042/1070	1070/1042	1071
Digitizer	1041	1080	1042

Multiple analog recorders were utilized in RA-3 and RA-4 due to occasional failures of the principal recorders (#1042 and #1070, respectfully).

The principal recorders were used in these launches except as follows: 1) RA-3 used recorder #1070 on JD 115 and 2) RA-4 used recorder #1042 on JD's 114-116 and 118.

Analog recorders #1070 and #1071 did not always advance the paper at a constant speed. Digital soundings were used and no peaks were missed due to this problem.

RA-3 was equipped with a Klein Side Scan system (S/N 254). The side scan system was used for investigating PSR Items #50530 and 50531.

SOUND VELOCITY CORRECTORS

A Nansen cast was performed to determine the sound velocity correctors for this survey. The cast was conducted on May 3, 1983 at $37^{0}58.4'N$, $122^{0}26.1'W$.

The standard velocity correctors for this survey were determined by graphing the actual depths (minus velocity corrections) versus velocity correction and scaling off depths that corresponded to standard correction intervals (see Sec. 4.9.4.2.6, Hydrographic Manual, Fourth Edition, 1976). Copies of both the graph and the velocity table (Velocity Table No.2) are provided in the separates following the text. The smooth field sheets for this survey were plotted using these velocity correctors. Vehicley data is filed with the new data

Launch Draft Correctors

Corrections for launch draft were determined from standard bar checks. Bar checks were performed twice daily except when conditions prevented acquisition of accurate bar check data (see Sec. 1.5.2, <u>Hydrographic</u> Manual, Fourth Edition, 1976).

Mean fathometer depth values were corrected for velocity and subtracted from the true bar depths. There was good agreement between the resulting values and the historic TRA value of 1.8 feet for all survey launches. The smooth field sheets were plotted using a TRA value of 1.8 feet.

Launch Settlement and Squat Correctors

Settlement and squat tests were conducted at Shilshole Bay Marina in Puget Sound, Washington on February 14 and 15, 1983. A list of final correctors is provided in the separates following the text. The smooth field sheets were plotted without these correctors.

Sounding Instrument Correctors

During survey operations the blanking depth was set to a value shoaler than the shoalest bottom expected and was adjusted as the depth changed.

Corresponding analog depths were substituted for missing or erroneous digital soundings as part of standard scanning procedures.

The initial trace on the analog recorders was maintained at zero and was monitored to prevent errors caused by a drifting initial. Whenever the initial was found to be off during scanning, inserted depths (e.g. missed depths, peaks, deeps) were scaled off accordingly. Phase calibrations were performed in accordance with Section AH 1.2 of the Hydrographic Manual (Fourth Edition, 1976) and PMC OPORDER, Appendix B.

Manual Soundings

Manual soundings were obtained by the use of hand-held lead lines where required. Depth markings on these lines were compared with a steel measuring tape prior to survey operations and were found to be accurate.

E. HYDROGRAPHIC SHEETS

Smooth hydrographic sheets were prepared on board the RAINIER \$221 using the PDP 8/e complot system. The sheets were based on modified ransverse mercator projections. A list of parameters used to define the hydrographic sheets are attached in the separates following the text. The smooth field sheets are plotted at 1:10,000 scale.

Two field sheets, RA-10-3W-83 and RA-10-3E-83 covered the survey area. Three expansion sheets were used for development areas. Field records will be forwarded to Pacific Marine Center, Seattle, Washington.

The maximum line spacing required in the Project Instructions is 100 meters. In some areas splits were run to further develop specific items or shoal areas. Fifty meter spacing was used on the east limit of the survey to provide adequate sounding information for 1:10,000 scale charting planned east of 122019'W.

F. CONTROL STATIONS

No new control stations were established for this surveys. The following existing control stations were recovered. All stations are at least Third Order, Class I and are on the North American 1927 Datum. Reference the Horizontal Control Report OPR-L123-RA-83.

CHINA 1951
EAST BROTHER ISLAND LIGHT
END 1951
PETALUMA RIVER ENTRANCE LIGHT 2, 1979
POINT PINOLE 4 1940
POINT PINOLE LIGHT P, 1981

SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 5
SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 7, 1981
SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 10, 1981
SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 12
SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 13
SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 14
SISTER 1941
SOW (USE)
TORMEY 1929

G. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

Range/Range was the only method used for hydrographic position control. Positioning instruments included Motorola Mini-Ranger III systems. The table below summarizes the location of all Mini-Ranger mobile and shore equipment.

TABLE I Mini-Ranger Mobile Equipment

<u>Vessel</u>	Console	R/T S/N
2123	720	2710
2124 2125	30269 715	B1388 B1108

TABLE II Mini-Ranger Shore Equipment

<u>Code</u>	Transponder S/N	Station #
Α	1645	154
В	4951	166
С	1628	157
E	911721	154
F	911711	152
1	C1680	Not Used
2	B1106	162

Mini-Ranger Calibrations and System Check

Initial Mini-Ranger baseline calibration for these codes were conducted in Seattle, Washington on February 24, 1983 and March 7, 1983. Vessel 2125 had its R/T unit replaced before work began on this sheet. An initial calibration for the new R/T unit was performed on April 6, 1983 at San Pablo Bay, California. The calibration was done using inverse distances between known geodetic positions. Ending baseline calibrations for all systems were performed on Mare Island,

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California on May 3, 1983. Only initial correctors were used to plot the smooth field sheet. The initial baseline calibration for each R/T console pair and transponder combination also determined minimum signal strength cutoff values for each system. The data for all baseline calibrations are included in the electronic control report. For more information concerning initial and ending calibrations, refer to Electronic Control Report OPR-L123-RA-83. Static calibration methods were used to confirm the baseline correctors for this survey. Ĝalibrations were taken daily.

Mini-Ranger Performance

All shore stations were positioned on Third Order, Class I or better geodetic stations. Power was supplied by two 12-volt batteries connected in series. Infrequent problems with eratic Mini-Ranger rates made data acquisition difficult at times. Numerous transponders were established to permit using the most stable pair.

A systematic error was found in the data collected by RA-4 on JD 109, 110, 111, 112, 114 and 115. An incorrect elevation of 1150 meters instead of 115 meters for station TORMEY (166) had been entered on the RA-4 signal tape. This caused a horizontal displacement of up to 100 meters of the data collected on-line by RA-4 using station TORMEY. The off-line plot is correct and the data was kept. This accounts for the irregular line spacing apparent on the field sheets.

Overall, Mini-Ranger systems performed well.

H. SHORELINE

The shoreline for this survey was transferred from a 1:10,000 scale expansion of TP-000527 (1:20,000). Shoreline features have been verified or disproven and all changes noted were transferred to the field sheet in red.

The row of pilings, located at 38⁰00'40"N, 122⁰21'45"W on TP-000527 was disproven during a low water investigation. Therefore, they were not transferred to the field sheet.

The area foul with stakes, located at $38\,^{0}00\,^{1}30\,^{1}N$, $122\,^{0}21\,^{1}00\,^{1}W$ on TP-000527, was disproven during a low water investigation. Therefore, it was not transferred to the field sheet.

I. CROSSLINES

Eight percent of the mainscheme hydrography in this survey are crosslines. The soundings at crossings agree well, generally, within one foot. Two foot discrepancies exist at 38°00'48"N, 122°20'45"W and at - 38°04'37"N, 122°19'25"W. Approved tides have eliminated the discrepancy

J. JUNCTIONS

This survey junctions with contemporary survey H-10080 and H-10082. A junction also exists between the east and west sheets of this survey, H-10081 (RA-10-3-83). Results of the comparisons is as follows:

H-10081

The junction between RA-10-3W-83 and RA-10-3E-83 is good. The depths generally agree within one foot.

H-10080

A total of 39 soundings were compared between the junction of H-10080. 37 (95%) of these soundings agree within one foot of the surrounding soundings. Two soundings had discrepancies of two feet. They are located at $38^{\circ}01^{\circ}35^{\circ}$ N, $122^{\circ}22^{\circ}47^{\circ}$ W and $38^{\circ}01^{\circ}35^{\circ}$ N, $122^{\circ}22^{\circ}55^{\circ}$ W. Overall, junction agreement is very good.

H-10082

A total of 30 soundings were compared between the junction of H-10081 and 10082. All of the comparisons agreed within one foot. Junction agreement is excellent.

K. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEY

This survey had a total of 13 pre-survey review items. The table below summarizes investigation results:

PSR#	Latitude	Longitude	<u>Type</u>	Disposition	Recommendation
50530 M wk	38/03/22.99 N	122/19/03.09 W ʻ	Side Scan Sonar	Verified Pos. 3000- 3019, JD 111	Remain as concur see charted. Eval Rot Sect. 6
50531 17 mk	38/03/23.0 N´	122/19/00.0 W ~	Side Scan Sonar	Verified Pos. 3000- 3019, JD 111	Remain as concur charted. See Eval Ret
50532	38/00/38.6 N -	122/21/03.0 W	50 m bottom sweep	Disproved Pos. 3096 JD 118	Remove from concur chart.

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	PSR#	Latitude	Longitude	Type	Disposition	Recommendation
y	50533 Visible	38/00/40.0 N	122/21/08.0 W	50 m bottom sweep	Disproved Pos. 3095 JD 118	Remove from <i>Concur</i> chart.
V	50534 VISIBLE PILE	38/00/38.9 N´	122/21/37.6 W	50 m bottom sweep	Disproved Pos. 3094 JD 118	Remove from concur chart.
~	50535 VISIBLE PILE	38/00/41.2 N ~	122/21/37.6 W	50 m bottom sweep, D.P.*	Verified Pos. 3090 JD 119	Remain as do not concur charted. Revise to reple uncovers 2ft Mills
~	50536 Visible Pile	38/00/38.5 N '	122/21/29.5 W ·	50 m bottom sweep	Disproved Pos. 1520- 1521, JD 117	Remove from concur chart.
/	50537 visible pile		122/21/16.2 W´	D:P: **	Verified, Pos. 1555-56 JD 117	Remain as concur charted. Sures 3AMM
✓	50538 VISIBLE Stake	t	122/20/59.0 W´	D.P. His	Verified Pos. 1570 JD 117	Remain as charted. Revise "Stakes" to "piles" concur, See Eval Ret Seet 6
~	50539 Visible Pile	38/00/21.8 N	122/20/34.2 W	Visual	Verified JD 109	Remain as charted. Concur Sec Eval Rot Sectle
✓ .	50540 Visible Pile	38/00/14.4 N ′	122/20/25.8 W´	Visual	Verified JD 109	Remain as concur charted. See Eval Rpt Sect 6
v*	50541 Visible	38/00/13.8 N ~	122/20/21.0 W 1	Visual	Verified JD 109	Add to chart. do not concur See Eval Rot Sect. 6
1	50542 Visible	38/00/12.5 N -	122/20/21.2 W ´	Visual	Verified JD 109	Remain as charted. Revise "Dolphin" to "Pile" do not concur
~	Pile	38/00/11.4 N -	122/19/57.6 W ′	Visual	Verified JD 109	See Eval Rpt Sect 6 Remain as charted. concur bares 3ft NHW

PSR Items 50530 and 50531 (three wrecks) were investigated on JD 111 by RA-3 using a Klein side scan sonar. Side scan sonar lines were run at 400 percent bottom coverage.

For this project, the towfish was deployed from the stern of the launch. The water depth in the area varied between $13\ \mathrm{and}\ 25\ \mathrm{feet}.$ All side

scan sonar lines were run using the 50 meter range scale with a line spacing of 50 meters. Two complete (200 percent coverage) investigations were run, with the second search pattern oriented approximately 90° to the first search pattern. A 20° beam width and 20° down angle was used to obtain the best sonar return. The launch used range/range positioning method, employing computer program RK 112. The Ross fathometer was operated during the investigation. The launch towing speed was four knots (1000 rpm).

A position plot for this investigation is included on expansion sheet 3. Contact areas are outlined on the position plot to indicate the location of significant sonar returns.

One significant contact appeared during the side scan search at approximately position 38°03'25.9"N, 122°19'0199"M. This contact is located 100 meters north of the positions given in the AWOIS listing. The position of this contact is approximate because it appeared after the sounding line was broken and the launch was turning to begin the next line. The fathogram shows two peaks after position 3015 rising two feet above the bottom. The sonargram also shows the two peaks after position 3015 with an associated sand wave pattern. The contact did not appear on the sounding line that was oriented 90° to this line.

PSR number 50530 reported that divers found metal wreckage protruding 1.5 feet above the bottom. Due to strong currents in the area it is likely that the wreckage covers and uncovers in the shifting sand. It is possible that this is what appears on the fathogram and sonargram after position 3015.

After a review of the side scan sonar search it was considered unnecessary to conduct a wire drag investigation. It is recommended that the area remain as charted according to the wire-drag done by the NOAA Ship DAVIDSON in 1977.

The prior surveys, (H-7897, H7898, H7900), were used for comparison in the area of San Pablo Bay. Comparisons with each of the prior surveys indicated individual sounding discrepancies ranging from five feet deeper to seven feet shoaler.

Sec Eval Rote Sect 6

Comparison among depth contours shows fairly good agreement with the 18, 30, and 36 foot contours. The 30 foot contour north of San Pablo Bay Channel has shifted northward by as much as 200 yards. The 12 foot contour south of San Pablo Bay Channel has shifted northward by as much as 250 yards. The largest discrepancy occurs inshore where the six foot contour has shifted southward (inshore) over a half mile in some areas. Contours within San Pablo Bay Channel show good agreement. Discrepancies are the result of natural processes which have occurred over the past 20 years.

A previously visible pile east of Point Pinole is now submerged.

2 X f8st at 38⁰00'41.2"N, 122⁰21'37.6"W. The Coast Guard was informed Eval Ret to include the hazard in the local notice to mariners. See attached Sect 6 radio message.

A visible bile exists east of Point Pinole at 38°00'25.5"N, See Rpt 7 122°29'27.0"W. The Coast Guard was also informed to include this Eval Rpt 7 hazard fit the local notice to mariners. See attached radio message. Sect 7

A 1:2,500 scale expansion sheet was made on our investigation of a 16 foot sounding from prior survey H-7898. Vessel 2123, JD 115 Five 1 Rpt ran 50 m development lines. The 16 foot sounding was disproved.

It is recommended that this survey supersede all prior surveys for $_$ charting.

L. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART

This survey was compared with Chart 18654, 31st Edition, June 5, 1982. A 1:10,000 scale blowup was made from 1:40,000 scale original. The chart shows discrepancies ranging from three feet deeper to five feet shoaler than the current survey. In most areas soundings from the chart tend to be two to three feet shoaler. One charted sounding at 38°02'07"N, 122°18'50"W'is 10 feet shoaler than coincident soundings from the current survey. The current survey is correct and disproves the prior charted sounding. Chart agreement is poor since less than 60% of the comparisons meet the criteria as stated in Section 1.1.2, Part B.11.1 of the Hydrographic Manual.

A trend of deepening can be seen in nearshore areas where the six foot contour has moved as much as one-half a mile closer to shore. Deepening can also be noted where the 30 foot contour has shifted northward from the channel by 200-300 meters. This occurs on the north side of San Pablo Bay Channel, by Channel Lt. 7. The differences can be attributed to ongoing processes of deposition and erosion. Other contours show good agreement.

A 1:2,500 scale expansion sheet of a 3 foot shoal area was compiled. See Vessel 2125 on JD 119 conducted the development. The Coast Guard was Eval Ret informed to include this hazard at 38°00'53.0"N, 122°21'25.5"W in the Sect 6 local notice to mariners. See attached radio message.

M. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This hydrographic survey is considered complete and adequate to supersede all prior surveys for charting.

N. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

There are nine fixed aids to navigation in the survey area of San Pablo Bay.

Name <u>Light List No.</u> 766.5 Point Pinole Light P Channel Light 7 767 Channel Light 8 768 Channel Light 9 769 Channel Light 10 770 Channel Light 11 771 Channel Light 12 772 Channel Light 13 773 Channel Light 14 774

Geodetic positions were calculated for San Pablo Channel Lights 8, 9, and 11. These fixed aids had been re-established and required new positions. For more information concerning these aids, refer to Horizontal Control Report OPR-L123-RA-83 and 76-40's attached.

The Navy was to have established five unlit marker buoys as published in a Local Notice to Mariners (Notice No.14, 8 April 1983). The Buoys were not present while this survey was conducted.

O. STATISTICS

Survey Launch	Number of Positions	Miles of Hydrography	Bottom <u>Samples</u>	LNM <u>Sidescan</u>
RA-3 (2123)	48 66 28 5 2 6 5			3.2
RA-4 (2124)	285265	406.4	. 	
RA-5 (2125)	7413	1.3	5 # 8	

This survey covers an area of approximately 35 square nautical miles.

One tide station was main tained.

P. MISCELLANEOUS

No anomalous currents were reported or observed.

Q. RECOMMENDATIONS

This survey is considered complete and adequate to supersede prior surveys. No further work should be assigned to investigate on Items 50530 and 50531.

R. AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING

Data acquisition and processing were accomplished in accordance with the Hydrographic Manual (4th Edition), Manual of Automated Hydrographic Surveys, the MOP OPORDER, Hydrographic Survey Guidelines and the Hydrographic Data Requirements for 1983.

Soundings and positions were taken by an ASI Logger and a Hydroplot system using Program RK112. There are daily master tapes and corresponding corrector tapes which include the TRA for the launches and electronic control baseline correctors for Mini-Ranger consoles and R/T units and all depth corrections. Velocity tapes were generated from Nansen cast data. The following is a list of all computer programs and version dates used for data acquisition or processing:

PDP 8/e Programs	<u>Version Date</u>	Checksum
RK 201 Range/Range, Hyperbolic Hydroplot	08/04/81	2352
RK 211 Range-Range Non-Real Time Plot	02/02/81	4032
RK 201 Grid, Signal, and Lattice Plot	04/18/75	1443
RK 212 Visual Station Table Load	04/01/74	5141
RK 215 Visual Non-Real Time Plot	01/11/81	5174
RK 216 Range-Azimuth Non-Real Time Plot	02/09/81	4356
RK 300 Utility Computations	10/21/80	0021
RK 330 Reformat and Data Check	05/04/76	3460
PM 360 Electronic Corrector Abstract	02/02/76	1500
RK 407 Geodetic Inverse/Direct Computation	09/25/78	2745
AM 500 Predicted Tide Generator	11/10/72	1634
RK 530 Layer Corrections for Velocity	05/10/76	7336
RK 561 H/R Geodetic Calibration	12/01/82	3724
AM 602 ElinoreLine Oriented Editor	12/08/82	4371
RK 606 Tape Duplicator	08/22/74	5603
AM 607 Self-Starting Binary Loader	08/10/80	5227
RK 610 Binary Tape Duplicator	12/01/82	5264
RK 612 Line Printer List	03/22/78	0177
DA 903 DiagnosticInstruction Timer	02/27/76	3470
RK 905 Hydroplot Controller Checkout	03/18/81	5426
RK 935 Hydroplot Hardware Tests	03/15/82	1732
RK 950 Hardware Tests (Documentation Only)	06/02/75	

The Wang Series 700, HP 97 and HP 9815A programmable calculators were used to compute geographic positions of electronic control stations and visual signals for calibrations.

S. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

The following reports contain information related to this survey:

Coast Pilot Report

OPR-L123-RA-83

Echo Sounding Report

OPR -L123-RA-83

Electronic Control Report

OPR-L123-RA-83

Horizontal Control Report

OPR-L123-RA-83

Respectfully submitted,

William G. Logue, Jr. ENS, NOAA

1847z bmc de wtef), i of 1

rttuzyuw ruhptef0044 1261801-uuuu--ruhpsuu. znr uuuuu r Ø618Ø1z may 83 fm noaas rainier to cogdtwelve alameda ca info dir pac nomm semttle wa noaa rockville md n/cg2 acct cm vcaa bt unclas ra-pmc-017. request the following dangers to navigation be published in the local notice to mariners for noam charts 18649,18650,18652, and 18654.indicated least depths are reduced to mllw based on predicted tides. 1. a 30 foot shoal on the outer limit of the southbound san francisco bay traffic lane in san pablo strait at 38/00/55m. 122/24/25w. (18652, 18654) 2. shoaling to 30 ft in the area between sisters rock and san pablo bay channel light 5. (18652, 18654) 3. a 16 foot depth 200 meters south of angel island at 37/51/10.0n, 122/25/56.0w (18649,18650,18652) 4. a visible concrete obstruction 300 meters north of castro point at 37/56/21.0n, 122/25/01.0w (18649) 5. a submerged obstruction near castro point with a least depth of 9 feet at 37/56/14.1n, 122/24/52.6w (18649) -6. a previously visible pile east of point pinole is now $^\circ$ submerged 1 foot at 38/00/41.2n, 122/21/37.6w (18652,18654) -7. a 3 foot shoal east of point pinole at 38/00/53.0n, 122/21/25.5w (18652,18654) ~8. visible pile east of pt pinole at 38/00/25.5n. 122/20/27.0w (18652, 18654) 9. a dead head lodged in the bottom and awash at most stages of tide near pt san pablo at 37/58/06.8n, 122/25/30.0w in 6 feet of water (18649,18652,18654) 10. a visible rock in san rafael bay at 37/58/31.2n, 122/28/23.Øw (18649, 18654) bt

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APPROVAL SHEET

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

H-100#81....

In producing this sheet, standard procedures were observed in accordance with the Hydrographic Manual, PMC OPORDER, and the Instruction Manual for Automated Hydrographic Surveys. The data was examined daily during the execution of the survey.

The boatsheet and the accompanying records have been examined by me, are considered complete and adequate for charting purposes, and are approved.

Commanding

MASTER STATION LIST OPK-L123-RA-83, SAN PABLO BAY

FIRAL VERSION

/RUENLIN 1979 FIELD UNG	6-068988 NJUSTED G.P
115 3 37 57 26104 122 27 21576 250 000 78AN FRANCISCO RAY N CHAN LT 17 NGS	TIPLING BWILGIT BWGWW
117 4 37 57 47807 122 25 56701 250 001	5 ୭୪୭୭୭୭
ZEAST BROTHER ISLAND LIGHT FIELD UNADJUS	161 6. P.
150 3 37 58 52626 122 24 57882 250 000	5 800000
75AN PABLU BAY LT 4	L/5:ING
151 3 37 59 17835 122 26 25887 250 000	5 994999
751STER 1941 NGS	118-11 8
152 6 38 พิพิ 16372 122 27 39336 25พิ พิพพิ	o poppod
วันหมักล 1951 NGS	LISTING
153 3 38 99 43992 122 24 50774 137 999	5 bobooo
/San Pablu Bat Chan Li 5 Nus	LISTING
154 3 38 พพ 59919 122 21 58952 25พิพพ	5 ØØØØØØ
ZPOINT PINGLE LIGHT P <mark>, 1981</mark> : PGS	LISTING
155 4 38 99 42148 122 21 56319 139 882	1 000000
7POINT PINOLE 4, 1948 NGS	LIBTING
156 3 36 02 42819 122 25 37685 250 999 7FEIACOMA KIVEK ENT LT 1 FIELD UNADS	
152 3 38 82 56998 122 25 15400 250 000 ZPETALUMA RIVER ENT LT 2 ,1979	5 ស្លល់ស្ល
158 3 38 03 49980 122 28 52980 139 000	7 <u>gudeu</u>
/SOW USE 1751 NGS	Listing
	/ BOBOOD LISTING

ACKAGGS ISLAND U.S. NAVY TANK 1951 NOS LISTING

HYDROGRAPHIC PARTY
GEODETIC PARTY
DHOTO FIELD PARTY
COMPILATION ACTIVITY
FINAL REVIEWER
GUALITY CONTROL & REVIEW GRP.
(See reverse for responsible personnel) AFFECTED CHARTS 18652 18654 18654 18654 18652 ORIGINATING ACTIVIT METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION (See Instructions on reverse side) F-2-6-L F-2-6-L F-2-6-L F-2-6-L FIELD U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NONFLOATING AIDS THE ADMINISTRATION ON THOSPHENC ADMINISTRATION TO THE TRANSPORT OF COMMERCE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NONFLOATING AIDS THE TOP COMMERCE ON THE TRANSPORT OF THE TRANSP 6/2/83 OFF ICE 1137.7 D.P. Meters 06.568 46,663 been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks. 15.194 370.6 160.2 LONGITUDE SAN PABLO BAY 11,119 122 19 30.620 122 21 22 22 POSITION D.M. Meters 44.754 1379.8 N.A. 1927 342.8 944.1 LATITUDE 03 07 ᄗ 38 38 38 CALIFORNIA DESCRIPTION
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Show triangulation stationnames, where applicable, in perceitheses) (SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 11, 1983) 1983 L.L.# 771, FIELD POSITION (SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 9, 1983) 1983) SURVEY NUMBER 12 th CG (SAN PABLO BAY CHANNEL LIGHT 8, 1983 L.L.# 769, FIELD POSITION 983 L.L.# 768, FIELD POSITION H-10081 m - Kef 4-568(83) REPORTING UNIT IF ield Perty, Ship or Office) NOAAS RAINIER The following objects HAVE X HAVE NOT OPR PROJECT NO. | JOB NUMBER N.A. Replaces C&GS Form 567 OPR-L123-RA-83 X TO BE CHARTED TO BE DELETED TO BE REVISED NOAA FORM 76-40 (8-74) CHARTING LIGHT LIGHT LIGHT

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OBJECTS INSPECTED FROM SEAWARD	R.B. KOEHLER		PHOTO FIELD PARTY HYDROGRAPHIC PARTY GEODETIC PARTY OTHER (Specify)
POSITIONS DETERMINED AND/OR VERIFIED	R.B. KOEHLER		FIELD ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE
			OFFICE ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE
FORMS ORIGINATED BY QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP AND FINAL REVIEW ACTIVITIES			REVIEWER QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE
	INSTRUCTIONS FOR ENTRIES UNDER 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION' (Consult Photogrammetric Instructions No. 64.	OR ENTRIES UNDER 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION' (Consult Photogrammetric Instructions No. 64.	
OFFICE 1. OFFICE IDENTIFIED AND LOCATED OBJECTS Enter the number and date (including monday, and year) of the photograph used to Identify and locate the ubject. EXAMPLE: 75E(C)6042 8-12-75	CATED OBJECTS e (including month, otograph used to ubject.	FIELD (Cont'd) B. Photogrammetric field entry of method of lo date of field work an graph used to locate EXAMPLE: P-8-V 8-12-75	Cont'd) Photogrammetric field positions** require entry of method of location or verification, date of field work and number of the photograph used to locate or identify the object. EXAMPLE: P-8-V 8-12-75 74L(C)2982
W POSITION DETERMITEE the applicable Field - Located - Verified - Triangulation (Traverse (NED OR VERIFIED data by symbols as follows: P - Photogrammetric Vis - Visually 5 - Field identified 6 - Theodolite	ii. TRiANGULATION STATION RECOVERED When a landmark or aid which is angulation station is recovered Rec.' with date of recovery. EXAMPLE: Triang. Rec. 8-12-75	TRIANGULATION STATION RECOVERED When a landmark or aid which is also a tri- angulation station is recovered, enter 'Triang. Rec.' with date of recovery. EXAMPLE: Triang. Rec. 8-12-75
ction 7 on 8 sitions* re	- Planetable $L^{-}loc_{\alpha}$ +ed - Sextant quire entry of method of field work.	<pre>iii. POSITION VERIFIED VISUALLY ON PHOTOGRAPH Enter 'V+Vis.' and date. EXAMPLE: V-Vis. 8-12-75</pre>	SUALLY ON PHOTOGRAPH ste.
EXAMPLE: r-2-b-L 8-12-75 *FIELD POSITIONS are determined by vations based entirely upon ground	ned by field obser- ground survey methods.	**PHOTOGRAMMETRIC FIELD POSITIONS are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods.	OSITIONS are dependent bon control established bds.

Field Tide Note H-10081

Field tide reduction of soundings for survey H-10081 was based on predicted tides from San Francisco (Golden Gate), California. Corrections were obtained from Preliminary Tidal Zoning OPR-L123-RA-83. The predicted tides were derived using program AM500. One subordinate tide station provided data for survey H-10081.

An ADR tide gage was installed at the historical gage site on the pier ruins at Point Pinole, California (941-5056), 38°00.9'N, 122°21.8'W. The gage was installed on March 26, 1983 and removed on May 2, 1983. The existing float well and staff from the 1979 installation by the NOAA Ship McArthur was used. This gage operated well throughout the period of hydrography.

As stated in the Project Instructions, third-order levels were required from the tide staff to a minimum of three bench marks on installation and removal of each station. Three permanent bench marks were recovered as described and leveled to during the installation of the Point Pinole tide gage. The initial levels were run on March 26 and 27, 1983. Final levels were run on May 2, 1983. Comparison of initial and final levels indicated that the staff stop elevation changed by 8mm during the course of this survey. This is not surprising considering the poor condition of the piling at the gage site

The time meridian used for records annotation was 0° (UTC).

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

Processing Division: Pacific Marine Center:

Hourly heights are approved for

Tide Station Used (NOAA Form 77-12): 941-4881 Point Orient, Ca. 941-5056 Point Pinole, Ca.

Period: April 11-29, 1983

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H-10081

OPR: L123

Locality: San Pablo Bay Entrance, California.

Plane of reference (mean lower low water): 941-4881 = 3.94 ft. $94 \approx 5056 = 6.96 \text{ ft.}$

941-4881 = 5.4 ft.Height of Mean High Water above Plane of Reference is 941-5056 = 5.4 ft.

REMARKS: Recommended Zoning: In San Pablo Bay

- North of Latitude 3800500' Zone on 941-5056 Point Pinole and apply +15 minutestime correction.
- South of 38005.0' to 38000.0'

 - a) West of Longitude 122019.0' Zone Direct on 941-5056 Point Pinole. b) East of 122019.0' Zone on 941-5056 Point Pinole and apply +15 minutes time correction.
- South of 38000.0' Zone on 941-4881 Point Orient and apply +15 minutes time correction.

Levels Branch

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Ending Date 3-4-85

PACIFIC MARINE CENTER EVALUATION REPORT H-10081

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1. INTRODUCTION

H-10081 was accomplished by NOAA Ship RAINIER and launches in accordance with Project Instructions OPR-1123-RA-83, San Francisco Bay and San Pablo Bay, California, dated February 4, 1983, Change No. 1 dated March 11, 1983, Change No. 2 dated March 29, 1983, and Change No. 3 dated July 27, 1983.

This survey is a basic survey in San Pablo Bay of Pinole Shoal and vicinity.

Predicted tides based on the San Francisco (Golden Gate), California gage were utilized during shipboard processing. Tide correctors used for the reduction of final soundings reflect approved hourly heights zoned from Point Orient (941-4881) and Point Pinole (941-5056) gages.

TC/TI tables have been revised to exclude leadline depths. These tables are listed with the smooth sounding printout.

The electronic control correctors were revised during verification to reflect the appropriate baseline correctors for station pairs. These tables are listed with the smooth position printout.

The projection parameters were revised during office processing to center the hydrography on the smooth sheet and to change the projections to polyconic.

2. CONTROL AND SHORELINE

Geodetic positions for control stations used during hydrography are preliminary adjusted field positions and published geodetic positions adjusted to the North American 1927 datum.

Mini-Ranger electronic control was employed in the range/range mode during hydrographic operations. Baseline calibration correctors were applied to the positions. Calibration and system checks are discussed in Section G of the hydrographer's report.

Photogrammetric manuscripts used for location of offshore features are as follows:

T-Sheet	Date of Photography	Date of Field Edit	Date of Final Review	Class
TP-00525	Mar 1977	Cancelled	Sept 1981	Class III Registered
TP-00527	Mar 1977	Apr 1979	Nov 1981	Final Map

Shoreline and most geographic names are not shown on the smooth sheet in an effort to expedite office processing. (See memo Reduction of Marine Center Hydrographic Survey Processing Backlog, February 16, 1984).

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The following features were transferred to the smooth sheet from the smooth field sheet without supporting positional information.

Feature	Latitude	Longitude
row of 7 piles limit of abandoned oyster bed	38°00'30"N ~ 38°00'07"N ~ 38°00'20.5"N ~	122°21'20.5"W 122°20'00"W 122°19'21.5"W
ruins ruins	38°00'10"N/ 38°00'10"N/	122°20'19.5"W / 122°20'17"W /

The duckblind at latitude 38°00'40.5"N longitude 122°20'27.0"W was added to the smooth sheet from on-line data printouts at sounding position 1416'41.

3. HYDROGRAPHY

Soundings at line crossings are in good agreement.

Delineation of the bottom configuration, development of shoal soundings, determination of least depths, and delineation of standard depth curves are adequate. The 36-foot supplemental depth curve has been added to delineate San Pablo Bay Channel.

4. CONDITION OF SURVEY

The hydrographic records and reports are adequate and conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual, 4th Edition, revised through Change Three, except as noted in the Preprocessing Examination Report, dated July 27, 1983 and as follows:

In several cases the AWOIS survey requirements specified that a feature should be verified or disproved through a visual investigation at low water. Items that were found to exist were not positioned using hydrographic or better methods. These features had to be brought forward to the smooth sheet from the prior survey H-7898. * These items Falsabose the /w/.

Items 50530 and 50531 were wrecks which required verification or disproval through wire drag. Side scan sonar was utilized and possible contacts identified. However, neither accurate positions nor least depths were obtained. These wrecks were brought forward to the smooth sheet from prior survey H-7898.

No bottom sample was obtained on the shoal at latitude 38°00'53.0"N longitude 122°21'25.5"W. On line records do not agree with bottom samples in the surrounding area. It is likely that this shoal is not unique to the area. A note, gravel, was added to the smooth sheet on the shoal from the hydrographer's comments.

5. JUNCTIONS

Junctions with H-10081 have been adequately effected as follows:

Survey	Year	Scale	<u>Note</u>	Junctions
H-10080	1983	1:10,000	Joins	Southwest
H-10082	1983	1:10,000	Joins	Northwest

Soundings have been transferred from H-10080 to complete the 30-foot depth curve and support the 12-foot curve.

6. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

H-7**\$**97 (1951) 1:10,000

Present survey soundings to the north of San Pablo Bay Channel range from four feet deeper at latitude 38°01'45"N longitude 122°22'45"W to eight feet less deep between the 12-foot and 18-foot depth curves. Present survey soundings south of the channel range from zero to three feet less deep.

H-7**898** (1951) 1:10,000

Present survey soundings are generally in good agreement with present survey soundings two to three feet deeper inshore with soundings gradually becoming less deep moving northward toward the channel with comparable soundings outside the 18-foot curve.

Present survey depths over the two-foot gravel shoal at latitude 38°00'53.0"N longitude 122°21'25.5"W are consistant with prior survey soundings, however, no shoal feature was identified at that time.

The 16-foot shoal at latitude 38°01'39"N longitude 122°21'15"W on the prior survey was investigated. Soundings over this area do not support the existence of a significant shoal but rather a sloping bottom. The area south of the shoal has filled in, thereby reducing the significance of the feature.

North of San Pablo Bay Channel soundings vary up to two feet in depths greater than 12 feet, however, there has been considerable change in depths less than 12 feet with soundings four to seven feet less deep.

H-7900 (1951) 1:20,000

Soundings are comparable with agreement between one to two feet over most of the common area. Major differences are seen along the 12-foot curve west of longitude 122°21'30"W. The present survey soundings range from six to ten feet less deep.

Changes occurring within the survey area since 1951 surveys have been caused by natural circumstances i.e., current action and siltation.

Presurvey review items are discussed in Section K of the hydrographer's report and are supplemented as follows:

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- 50530 A wreck charted at latitude 38°03'22.99"N longitude 122°19'ρ3.09"W was investigated using side scan sonar. Divers found wreckage as noted by the hydrographer. No least depth or position was obtained. The 14-foot sounding and note from H-7898 were carried forward. Retain as charted.
- 50531 -- A wreck charted at latitude 38°03'23.00"N'longitude 122°19'00.00"W' was investigated using side scan sonar; nothing conclusive was found. The 17-foot sounding and note from H-7898 has been carried forward. Retain as charted.
- Three stakes originating with H-7898 are charted as visible at mean high water at latitude 38°00'28.20"N longitude 122°20'59.00"W . A visual investigation was accomplished and these stakes, redefined as piles by the hydrographer, were confirmed and elevations determined. Since the hydrographer did not adequately position the piles, they have been located on the smooth sheet using the position of the stakes originating with H-7898. The chart should be revised to show piles baring 3 feet MHW at the presently charted position of the stakes.
- Three piles originating with H-7898 are charted as visible at mean high water and charted at latitude 38°00'21.80"N longitude 122°20'34.20"W. A visual investigation was accomplished and piles were confirmed, but no adequate positions were obtained. Accordingly, the piles have been carried forward from H-7898 and are supplemented on the smooth sheet with the elevation of bare 6 feet MHW as observed by the present hydrographer. Retain as charted.
- 50540 -- A pile charted as visible at high water at latitude 38°00'14.40"N longitude 122°20'25.80"W originating with H-7898 was visually confirmed as described under item 50539. The present elevation of the pile is bare 6 feet MHW. Retain as charted.
- The dolphin charted at latitude 38°00'13.80"N longitude 122°20'21.00"W originated with H-7898 as a visible pile. A visual investigation identified the feature but no position was obtained as described under item 50539. The present elevation of the pile is bare 3 feet MHW. This feature should be charted at the discretion of the compiler.
- The dolphin which is charted as visible at high water located at latitude 38°00'12.50"N' longitude 122°20'21.20"W', was visually investigated. The "dolphin" was confirmed as plotted on the shoreline manuscript, TP-00527 (Reviewed), but redescribed as a pile with a mean high water elevation of 6 feet. It has been plotted accordingly on the smooth sheet and should be added to the chart.
- 50543 The pile charted at latitude 38°00'11.40"N'longitude 122°19'57.60"W' originated with H-7898 and was visually confirmed as described under item 50539. The present elevation of the pile is above 3 feet MHW. Retain as charted.

H-10081 is adequate to supersede the prior survey within the common area.

COMPARISON WITH CHART

18654 (31st Ed., June 5, 1982)

Hydrography - Most charted information originate with the prior surveys discussed in Section 6 of this report. Other soundings originate with miscellaneous sources not readily ascertainable.

Two piles charted north of the pier at Pinole Point, latitude 38°00'57.5"N° longitude 122°21'56.5"W in the junction area were addressed with that survey. See the Evaluation Report, H-10080, for the disposition.

H-10081 is adequate to supersede charted hydrography within the common area.

Dangers to navigation were identified and a message was forwarded to the 12th USCG District by the hydrographer, (See Descriptive Report attachment). No additional dangers were identified during office processing.

- b. Controlling Depths The survey depths within San Pablo Bay Channel are consistent with controlling depths as charted.
- c. Aids to Navigation Carquinez Strait Range Target No. 2 lies within the survey limits but was not located by the hydrographer. It has been transferred from TP-00525 and added to the control file. Carquinez Strait Range Target No. 2 and aids to navigation as located on the present survey adequately serve their intended purposes.

COMPLIANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS

H-10081 adequately complies with the project instructions as amended and noted in section 1 of this report.

ADDITIONAL FIELD WORK

This is a good basic survey.

Additional field work is recommended to determine the least depth over the wrecks identified in the AWOIS listing numbers 50530 and 50531 located at latitude 38°03'22.99"N~longitude 122°19'03.09"W~and latitude 38°03'23.00"N~ longitude 122°19'00.00"W, respectively.

Respectfully submitted,

Karol M. Scott Cartographer

February 22, 1985

This survey has been verified and evaluated. I have examined the survey and it meets Charting and Geodetic Services survey standards and requirements for use in nautical charting. The survey is recommended for approval.

Dennis Hill

Chief, Hydrographic Section

ATTACHMENT TO DESCRIPTIVE REPORT FOR H-10081

I have reviewed the smooth sheet, accompanying data, and reports of this hydrographic survey. Except as noted in the Evaluation Report, the hydrographic survey meets or exceeds Charting and Geodetic Services (C&GS) standards, complies with instructions, and is accurately and completely represented by the smooth sheet and digital data file for use in nautical charting.

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch (Date)

CLEARANCE:

N/MOP2:LWMordock

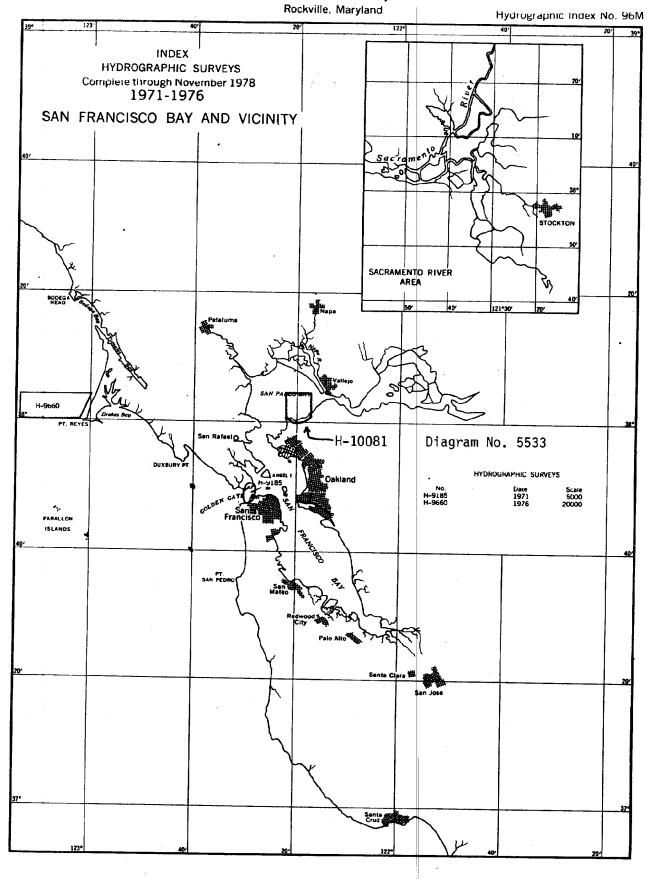
SIGNATURE AND DATE:

After review of the smooth sheet and accompanying reports, I hereby certify this survey is accurate, complete, and meets appropriate standards with only the exceptions as noted above. The above recommendations are forwarded with my concurrence.

Director, Pacific Marigle Center (Date)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Ocean Survey



NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

MARINE CHART BRANCH

RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. H-10081

INSTRUCTIONS

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

1. Letter all information.

2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

CHART	DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
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SUPERSEDES C&GS FORM 8352 WHICH MAY BE USED

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