10207

Diagram No. 1265-3

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey ... Hydrographic

Field No. HFP-10-7-85

LOCALITY

Florida Florida

General Locality Santa Rosa Sound

Sublocality Three Miles East of Woodlawn
Beach to Lower Pritchard

Long Point

19 85-86

CHIEF OF PARTY LCDR K.W. Perrin

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DATE August 3, 1987

☆U.S. GOV. PRINTING OFFICE: 1985—566-054

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NOAA FORM 77-28 (11-72) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

REGISTER NO.

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

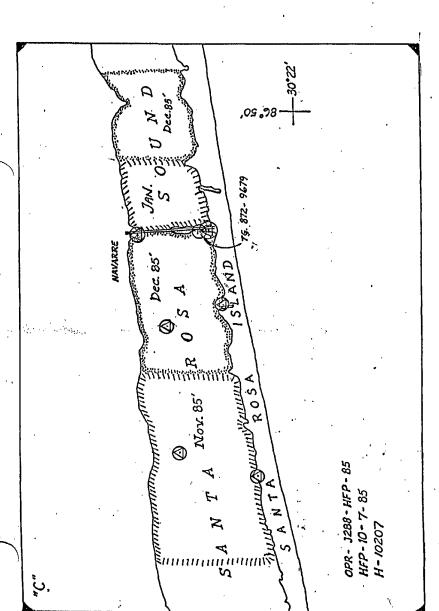
H-10207

INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

FIELD NO.

HFP 10-7-85

Florida State
General locality Santa Rosa Sound
Locality Three Miles East of Woodlawn Beach to Lower Pritchard Long Point
Scale 1:10,000 Date of survey 13 Nov. 1985 - 23 Apr. 1986
Instructions dated September 31, 1984 Project No. OPR-J288-HFP-85
Vessel HFP-2/3, Launch 517
Chief of partyLCDR Kenneth W. Perrin
Surveyed by IT(jg) Kenneth P. Peters
Soundings taken by echo sounder, hand lead, poleEcho Sounder and Pole
Graphic record scaled by K. Peters, R. Snow, J. Oswald, T. Rybarski, E. Elliot
Graphic record checked by K. Peters, R. Snow, J. Oswald, T. Rybarski, D. Elliot
Verification by M. Sanders Automated plot by PMC Xynetics Plotter
Evaluation by Ventragon By I. Almacen
Soundings in faxbooks feet at XMEW MLLW_
REMARKS: Marginal notes in black are by the evaluator. Separates are filed
with hydrographic data.
STANDARDS CRID 8229-87
Clof
AWOIS and SURF CHECK 2/25/88 M.C. Dille
El 1-31-97



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F. b. 86 APR 86	6.0	*22.1	19.0	10:0	4	1/0	. 0	
Fe b.86	0	3.1	21.0	10.0	160	0	O	
JAN. 186	7.0	485	24.0	15.0	6/09	0 /2rc	. 0	
Dec. 85	2.5	73.0	15.0	20.2	. 45	0/1	-0	
Nov. 85	6.0	25	21.0	9.2	21/5	1/4	0	
Oct. 85	Ö	0	0	0	0/0	0	1	
Month	S.NM.S.do	OPS WN I	I MM to Ifman	/ NM wise	10/85	Cont Sta. Set/Rec	Tide Sta.	

HFP-2/3 Progress Sketch OPR J288-HFP-85 Santa Rosa Sound,FI.

. <u>1</u> LCDR. K.W. Perrin; Chief, HFPS

Developments + Splits

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY H-10207 H58-10-7-85

Scale: 1:10,000 Chief of Party: Lt. Cdr. Kenneth W. Perrin Officer-In-Charge: Lt. (jg) Kenneth P. Peters Hydrographic Field Parties Section Hydrographic Field Party 2 and 3 Launch 0517

A. PROJECT

This survey was accomplished under project instructions OPR-J288-HFP-84, dated 11 September 1984, and ammended by:

> CHANGE NO. 1, 30 October 1984 CHANGE NO. 2, 8 October 1985 CHANGE NO. 3, 11 December 1985

The sheet letter specified in the project instructions is "C".

The purpose of this project is to obtain modern hydrographic survey data for revision of existing nautical charts of Pensacola Bay and Santa Rosa Sound, Florida.

B. AREA SURVEYED

The area surveyed was Santa Rosa Sound in the vicinty of Navarre Beach, FL. The survey area is defined by Santa Rosa Island to the south and mainland Florida to the north between Woodlawn Beach to the west and Lower Pritchard Long Point to the east. The survey is bounded by the following points:

Lat. 30°22'10.00"N, Long. 86°57'00.00"W Lat. 30°23'42.00"N, Long. 86°56'47.00"W Lat. 30°23'27.00"N, Long. 86°49'30.00"W Lat. 30°24'45.00"N, Long. 86°49'30.00"W

Depths in the survey area ranged from zero to 19 feet. Shoal soundings were observed several hundred meters from the shoreline and a spoil runs along the channel throughout most of the survey area. The bottom was generally sandy in the survey area.

3 This survey was conducted from 13 November 1985 DN 317, to 28 April 1986 (DN 118) inclusive.

C. SOUNDING VESSEL

All soundings obtained on this survey were obtained from NOAA Launch 0517. All survey records are annotated with the vessel number 0517. Soundings in some inshore and shoal areas were determined by walking within the 1-foot curve with a sounding pole. The depths were recorded while simulataniously determining positions using an HP-3808A and prisms mounted on the top of the sounding pole.

D. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT AND CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDINGS

The following Raytheon fathometer equipment was used during the survey:

DN 317 - 345	E RECORDER	MODEL	#	719-C
		SERIAL	#	5881
	ECU	MODEL	#	N/A
		SERIAL	#	N/A
	DIGITIZER	MODEL	#	N/A
		SERIAL	#	N/A
DN 350 -113:	RECORDER	MODEL	#	719-C
		SERIAL	#	5799
	ECU	MODEL	#	N/A
		SERIAL	#	N/A
	DIGITIZER	MODEL	#	N/A
		SERIAL	#	N/A

On 11 December 1985, (DN 345) Raytheon 719-C Fathometer, s/n 5881, failed after position #1120. The unit would not maintain the initial calibration and was sent to the Atlantic Marine Center for repairs. Fathometer soundings after DN 345 were taken with Raytheon 719-C Fathometer, s/n 5799. The Fathometer was monitored continuously while sounding and was under constant adjustment to insure that no initial corrections were necessary.

A three prism mirror was mounted on top of a sounding pole and was used to obtain soundings in areas inaccessable to the launch where depths were one foot or less. Soundings taken at the waters edge were recorded as zeros.

Settlement and squat test on launch 0517 were run on 5 March 1986 at Fort Walton Beach. The results of these test are included in the Appendix of this report. Settlement and squat corrections will be applied via the TC/TI tape during plotting of the smooth sheet at the Pacific Marine Center and were not applied to the field sheets.

Velocity and instrument corrections were determined by bar checks. A total of 39 bar checks were taken during the course of the survey. The bar checks were reduced to three velocity tables. The first table was reduced from 18 bar checks for the period of DN 317 thru DN 345

inclusive, when the Raytheon 719-C Fathometer, S/N 5881, failed. The second table represents 15 bar check results from DN 350 thru DN 43 inclusive for Raytheon 719-C Fathometer, S/N 5799. The third table represents eight bar check results from DN 105 thru DN 113 for Raytheon 719-C Fathometer, S/N 5799.

Velocity tapes are provided with the survey data for application during smooth plotting at the Pacific Marine Center. Velocity corrections were not applied to the field sheets. The lengths of the lines on the bar were measured on 29 October 1985 and 24 April 1986 to insure the five-foot interval marks were accurate. No corrections were necessary. Direct Comparison Logs for Velocity Tables one and two are not included with survey data. Daily bar checks are recorded in the sounding volumes and results are included on Abstract of Daily Bar Check Corrections pages 25, 28, and 29 of this report.

Tide correctors were determined using unverified actual tide heights reduced to Mean Lower Low Water. Heights were obtained from the Santa Rosa Sound, East End (872-9679) tide station. This station was located approximately in the center of the survey area. A copy of the request for smooth tides is included in the appendix of this report.

E. SURVEY SHEETS

The field sheets were prepared using a PDP8/e computer and a DP-3 Complot plotter. Work sheets, semi-smooth sheets, smooth field sheets, and overlay sheets are included with this survey.

Mainscheme hydrography, 50-meter developments having common control with the mainscheme and inshore shoal areas inaccessable to the launch are plotted on the smooth field sheet. Developments having control not common with mainscheme, crosslines, channel lines, shoal axis lines, star pattern development, detached positions, bottom samples, and aids to navigation are shown on the overlay sheet.

Projection parameter tape listings for the field sheets are included in the Appendix of this report. The final smooth sheet and verification of this survey will be accomplished at the Pacific Marine Center.

F. CONTROL STATIONS

Control stations used during this survey were either existing geodetic control stations published by NGS or established by N/MOA2x1 to Third-order, Class 1 standards. All stations are referred to the North American 1927 Datum. A list of all control stations used during this survey is included in the Appendix of this report.

G. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

The methods used to control this survey were either Range-Azimuth or Range-Range. Range-Azimuth positions were determined by either of

two methods. To develope inshore areas where depths were less then one feet, a man carring three-prism mirrors mounted atop a sounding pole was located with a HP-3808A EDM set over a horizontal control station. Launch positions were determined by Range-Azimuth utilizing a Del Norte distance measuring unit to determine range and a Nikon NT-2D 20" theodolite to determine azimuth.

The following is a list of control equipment used during the survey:

ITEM	MANUFACTURE	MODEL	SER. NUM.
Theodolite	Nikon	NT-2D	031045
Elect-Dist-Meas	Hewlett-Packard	3808A	1723A0012
Elect-Dist-Meas	Topcon	ET-1	F30868
Dist-Meas-Unit	DNTI	202	179
DN-Master	DNTI	78	1318
DN-Remote	DNTI	76	667
DN-Remote	DNTI	78	1322

Baseline calibration of the Del Norte equipment was performed at random intervals during the course of the survey. Baseline distances of 1774 and 2143 meters were determined with the HP-3808A EDM. Baseline Calibration forms are contained in the accordian fan folder with the survey data. An abstract of the baseline correctors is recorded on the abstract for electronic correctors and included in the Appendix of this report.

Daily calibrations of the Del Norte were taken statically between horizontal control stations prior to and at the end of each day of hydrography. True distances for static checks were determined by inverse computation between Third-order stations and fixed aids. Acceptable tolerances were observed throughout the survey and were supported by baseline values. Correctors were applied to the position data (via corrector tapes) based on daily check results, which in the opinion of the hydrographer, can be considered mean baseline calibrations on a daily basis. The result of the daily calibrations were within tolerance described by AMC Operations Order 79. An abstract of corrections to electronic position control is included in the Appendix of this report.

H. SHORELINE

Shoreline detail was obtained from TP-00549 from Job CM-7719. The photo manuscript was compiled at 1:20,000 scale and enlarged to, 1:10,000 scale photographically. The enlargement was distorted 0.6 mm in 100 mm, which necessitated the constant shifting of the sheet to transfer shoreline and shoreline details.

Shoreline details were verified by detached positions or visual verification. These features have been transferred to the field

sheet. Shoreline verification was accomplished by comparison of the mainscheme hydrography junctioning at shore or by visual inspection.

No shoreline changes were observed other than the construction or destruction of piers. Features appearing in blue on the field sheet were copied from the photomanuscript and are now non-existant. Features appearing in red on the field sheet are new and are not on the manuscript. The hydrographer recommends that these features be concur. charted.

Features appearing in brown on the manuscript were taken from the blowup of Chart 11385, 14th Edition, dated July 2/83 and are presently non-existant. Descrepencies between the survey, TP-00549, and the chart are listed in Section L of this report and recomendations to resolve the differences are made.

Nine control stations were located seaward of the shoreline. All nine of the stations are located atop fixed navigational aids. They are:

SURVEY	NO.	LIGH	IT LIS	ST NAME	7	LIGHT	NO.
	* = = = = =						===
111		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	123	
113		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	121	
115		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	114	
117		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	108	
119		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	102	
139		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	90	
141		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	88	
143		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	87	
145		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	82	
NONE		Santa	Rosa	Sound	Lt.	32	

I. CROSSLINES

Crosslines constitute 14.8% of the mainscheme hydrography. Ninety-seven of the crossings agree exactly and no soundings are in disagreement at more than 1.0 foot. The excellent agreement can be attributed to the application of unverified actual tides and to the generally flat bottom characteristics.

J. JUNCTIONS

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Survey, H-10172, was conducted concurrently with H-10207 by HFP-2/3 party members in NOAA launch 0519. Junction agreement between the two surveys was excellant. Virtually 100% of all soundings and contour lines were in exact agreement. This agreement may be attributed to several factors: application of unverified actual tides to both surveys; the surveys were conducted concurrently eliminating differences due to sediment transport; and the absence of dramatic

contour changes with in the survey areas. Junction soundings appear on the semi-smooth field sheet in black and on the smooth field sheet in red. This survey junction with H=10209 to the west.

K. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

This survey was previously covered by the following survey, H-5705&H-5729 (1935), 1:10,000 scale. Comparison showed that the prior survey was generally in good agreement with the present survey. Most soundings agreed within two feet and contour lines have similar patterns. There are, however, several areas where divergence occurs.

Many of the discrepencies can be traced to man's activities in the sound; such as dredging and construction. The channel between long. 86°55'0"W and long. 86°51'30"W has depths three to seven feet greater then the prior survey as a result of dredging. Accordingly, the spoil areas beside the channel have survey depths of one to three feet shoaler then those shown on the prior survey.

A causeway was constructed between Navarre and Navarre Beach at long. 86°51'45"W. A trench runs parallel to the west side of the causeway between lat. 30°23'06"N, long. 86°51'54"W and lat. 30°23'36"N, long. 86°51'54"W. Depths in this area are as great as 19 feet. Depths from survey H-5705 do not exceed 6 feet. Apparently the trench was dredged to provide foundation material for the building of the causeway.

Two shoal areas on the prior survey but not immediatly evident from the mainscheme of the present survey were developed. The first was a two-foot sounding on H-5705 at lat. 30°23'27"N, long. 86°53'35"W. The second is a one-foot sounding at lat. 30°23'36"N, long. 86°52'33" W. These were developed by running star patterns over the area. In both cases the least depths determined were not less than four feet.

There were no AWOIS items within the survey limits.

L. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART

This survey was compared as the survey progressed with the 16th. See EVAL Edition of Chart 11385 dated August 1985. The 14th Edition of Chart RFTsec.7 11385, 1:40,000-scale chart, was photographically enlarged to 1:10,000 scale and was also used for comparison, taking into account the differences between the editions.

A Danger to Navigation Report was submitted to the Commander, Eigth Coast Guard District on 26 February 1986. The following dangers were located during the course of the survey:

1. SHOAL: Lat. 30°23'39.0"N, long. 86°54'06.0"W a three-foot shoal exist in an area characterized by depths of eight to ten feet and charted as eleven feet.

2. CHANNEL SHIFTING: The channel between long. 86°55'0"W and long. 86°52'0"W is about 50 meters south of the charted channel. Buoys in the area have been relocated by the Coast Guard to accuratly depict the true location of the channel and to indicate positions of the shoal spoil areas on either side of the channel. Three-foot soundings were observed in the spoil area immediatly north of the marked channel between Buoy 106 (lat. 30°23'34.8"N, long. 86°53'46.6"W) and Santa Rosa Sound Light 102 (lat. 30°23'38.4"N, long. 86°53'22.0"W).

A copy of the Dangers to Navigation Report is included in the Appendix of this report.

A comparison of the survey and Chart 11385 was made. The survey * was found to be in general agreement with the chart having a majority of soundings comparing within one foot and exhibiting similar contour patterns. There are, however, several areas other than those listed as dangers to navigation where discrepencies occured and the survey data should supersede charted soundings and features.

concur.

Thirteen to 15-foot depths are charted where the greatest depths recorded during the survey is 12 feet at lat. 30°22′28.0″N, long. 86°56′05.0″W to lat 30°22′57.0″N, long. 86°56′13.0″W. A 15-foot sounding is charted at lat. 30°22′37.0 ″, long. 86°52′37.0″W in an area characterized by 12-foot soundings during the present survey. A third 15-foot charted sounding exists at lat. 30°22′06.0″N, long. 86°55′54.0″W in an area characterized by 1½- to 1½-foot depths. All of these soundings are located near the southern shore of Santa Rosa Sound and there are no apparent trends to explain the discrepencies. The shoaler depths of the present survey do not constitute a danger to navigation because any approaches would require that the vessel navigate across seven-foot depths.

As stated above as a danger to navigation, the channel is shifting southward between long. 86°55.0'N and long. 86°52.0'W. The shoal area to the north of the channel is shifting south in this area also. The north edge of the channel is now approximatly in the center of the charted channel. The spoil area south of the channel has moved south and exihibits signs of erosion. The majority of the depths south of this spoil area throughout the entire survey area are one foot shoaler than the survey soundings.

There are several spoil areas south of the channel between long. 86°55.0'W and long. 86°50.0'W charted as uncovering. The soundings from the present survey show these areas not uncovering and in some cases are significantly deeper. Listed from west to east these areas are:

 Lat. 30°23'15"N, long. 86°55'30"W to lat 30°23'15"N, long. 86°55'24"W - Charted as "uncovers", the present survey's soundings are from four to five feet. Depths adjacent to the charted "uncovers" are generally four to six feet while charted as three to five feet.

- 2. Lat. 30°23'19"N, long. 86°54'39"W Charted as uncovers with adjacent areas three to seven feet deep; the survey shows four- to six-foot soundings surrounded by seven- and eightfoot depths.
- :h ★ ✓

X

- 3. Lat. 30°23'18"N, long. 86°54'09"W to lat. 30°23'37"N, long. 86°53'59"W Charted within the three-foot contour and uncovering in places, the present survey shows no depths less than seven feet and as great as eleven feet.
- 4. Lat. 30°23'21"N, long. 86°53'57"W to lat. 30°23'37"N, long. 86°51'27"W This area is charted within the three-foot curve y and uncovering throughout most of the area. Soundings from survey are generally one to three feet over areas charted as uncovers and four to six feet elsewhere within the charted three-foot contour.
- 50 co

 5. Lat. 30°23'42"N, long. 86°49'51"W to lat. 30°23'40"N, long. 86°50'60"W Charted as "uncovers"* the survey soundings show depths of one to three feet. * with small islet in the middle at Lat. 30°23'44"N, Long. 86°50'18"W.
- 6. Lat. 30°23'35"N, long. 86°49'51"W Charted as "uncovers", three data from the present survey shows depths no less than four feet.

All shoal areas within the limits of the survey were developed by runnning 50-meter arcs with the exception of some inshore shoal areas too shallow to survey using the launch. These areas were developed by taking pole soundings with a sounding pole and a three-prism mirror.

Charted shoal areas, not evident on the present survey mainscheme, were developed. In every case it was verified that the greater depths of the present survey were accurate. The following charted shoals were investigated:

- Shoal, charted as bares, at lat. 30°23'34"N, long. 86°49'50"W was developed and a least depth of four feet was determined.
- 2. Four charted three-foot shoals in an area of charted depths of four feet in the vicinity of lat. 30°23'15"N, long. 86°52'30"W were investigated by split arcs and star pattern searches and least depths of four feet were found.

Discrepencies occur between charted, photo-manuscript, and the survey positions and descriptions of several man-made shoreline features. The following features, listed west to east on the north

shore and east to west on the south shore of Santa Rosa Sound, were found to be in disagreement:

(All positions are 30 degrees north lat., 86 degrees west long. The degrees have been dropped from this listing. NE-No Evidence, VV-Visually Verified, DEL-Delete).

ITEM	POS#	CHART 11385	TP-01170	RECOMM.
T-PIER	NE	23'45", 56'10"	ио	DEL ×
L-PIER	316	NO	NO	L-PIER "
PIER	317	NO z	ио	PIER ~
PIER	NE	23'45", 55'55"	NO	DEL
PIER	318	NO E	ио	PIER
PIER	NE	23'43", 55'31"	NO	DEL
PIER	NE	23'44", 55'02"	ио	DEL
PIER	2087	NO _	NO	PIER
PIER RUINS	NE	201450 547580	NO	DEL
PIER	NE	23'45", 54'44"	NO	DEL
PIER	NE	23'51". 54'33"	NO	DEL
PIER	NE	YES	23'51", 54'29"	DEL
L-PIER	NE	23'52", 53'58"	NO	DEL
PIER	2154	NO	NO	PIER
L-PIER	716	NO	NO	L-PIER
PIER	2158	NO	NO	PIER
T-PIER	722	NO	NO	T-PIER
L-PIER	723	NO	NO	L-PIER
T-PIER	728	NO	NO	T-PIER
PIER	1360	NO	NO	PIER
PIER RUINS	1361	NO	PIER	PIER RUINS
LAGOON	VV	-NO	24'15" 49'11"	LAGOON (on H-10209)
T-PIER	710	NO	NO	T-PIER
CONC. PIPE	711	NO	NO	CONCRETE
PIPE	7			CONONLIL
T-PIER	712	ио	NO	T-PIER
CONC. PIPE	713	NO	NO	CONCRETE
PIPE		14.0	110	OONONLIL
L-PIER	714	NO	NO	L-PIER
PIER	715	ио	NO	PIER
	'00", 51'41"	NO.	NO	DEL
PIER	NE NE	23'51", 54'29"	NO No	DEL
PIER	NE	23'44" 55'16"	NO	DEL

The hydrographer recommends that the chart be superseded by the survey. Of special importance, the next edition of the chart should show the survey location of the channel and the potentially dangerous shoal spoil area in close proximity to the north edge of the channel between lat. 30°23′27"N, long. 86°55′00"W and lat. 30°23′39"N, long. concur. 86°53′00"W.

M. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This survey is complete and adepuate to warrant its use to supersede prior surveys for charting in the common areas.

concur.

N. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

All floating aids to navigation within the area covered by H-10207 were located by detached positions and they are:

POS.	LATITUDE (N)	LONGITUDE (W)	DESCRIPTION
280	30°23′24.36"	86°55′43.75"	Buoy 122,Red Nun w/yellow band
281	30°23′21.88ื"	86°55′24.50"	Buoy 119,Green Can w/yellow band
718	30°23′36.94.	86°53′05.48"	Buoy 101, Green Can w/yellow band
719	30°23′38.40"	86°52′50.89"	Buoy 99,Black Can w/yellow band
720	30°23′40.46"	86°52′33.72"	Buoy 97, Green Can w/yellow band
721	30°23′43.62"	86°52′33.36"	Buoy 96, Red Nun w/yellow band
726	8 95 30°23′46.18"	86°51′59.d1"	Buoy 92,Red Nun w/yellow band
1101	30°23′35.34"	86°53′21.05"	Buoy 103,Green Can w/yellow band
1102	30°23′33.8 9 "	86°53′35.1&"	Buoy 105, Green Can w/yellow band
1103	30°23′36.12″	86°53′35.40°°	Buoy 104,Red Nun w/yellow band
1104	30°23′34.82ื้"	86°53′46.59"	Buoy 106, Red Nun w/yellow band
1105	30°23′31.0″″	86°53′59,15"	Buoy 107,Black Can w/yellow band
1106	30°23′32.72″	86°54′13.42"	Buoy 110,Red Nun w/yellow band
1362	35 30°23′48.56"	86°50′13.88°'	Buoy 85,Black Can w/yellow band

H-10207

	POS.	LATITUDE (N)	LONGITUDE (W)	DESCRIPTION
	1363	30°23′5½.00"	86°50′02.17"	Buoy 84, Red Nun
	1364	30°23′45.64"	86°49′56.24"	w/yellow band Buoy 83,Black Can w/yellow band
	1365	30°23′47.189"	86°49′32.19"	Buoy 81A,Black Can w/yellow band
•	1787	30°23′43.16"	86°52′16.47"	Buoy 95,Green Can w/yellow band
	1956	30°23′28.ø6"	86°54′26.78"	Buoy 111,Black Can w/yellow band
	1957	30°23′31.26"	86°54′27.2¢"	Buoy 112,Red Nun w/yellow band
	1958	30°28′26.34″	86°54′42.2g"	Buoy 113,Green Can w/yellow band
	1959	30°23′24.97"	86°54′56.51"	Buoy 115,Black Can w/yellow band
	1960	30°23′23.47"	86°55′09. 1⁄2"	Buoy 117,Green Can w/yellow band
	2039	30°23′50.69″	86°51′13.04"	Buoy 89,Green Can w/yellow band
	2040	30°23′54.32"	86°51′14.37"	Buoy 88A,Red Nun w/yellow band
,	2041	79 30°23′48. 87" 69	86°51′23.89"	Buoy 89A, Green Can w/yellow band
	2042	ده 30°23′47.78"	86°51′40.35″	Buoy 91, Green Can w/yellow band

A comparison between the charted positions and the surveyed positions was made. It was observed that several buoys had been moved to better indicate the course of the channel. Buoys #106, 104, and and 96 have positions about 100 meters south of the charted position where the channel has apparently shifted.

The survey position of buoy #101 is about 200 meters ESE of the charted position and better indicates the location of a shifted shoal area. All floating aids were found to adequately serve the apparent purpose for which they were established.

Descriptions of floating aids in the Light List (Vol. 2, 1985) were compared with those of the present survey and were found to be

in agreement. All buoys in the project area had a yellow band indicating an InterCoastal Waterway Buoy. In the sounding volumes the yellow band was erroneously described as an "orange stripe."

All fixed aids in the survey area were located to Third-order, Class 1 standards as required in the project instructions. Positions for these lights are in the appended NOAA Form 76-40. Positions were determined in 1984 by HFP-4 as geodetic control stations with the exception of Light 102 which was moved to a new location to better define the channel. The charted position of Light 102 is about 125 meters NE of the surveyed position. The position of this light was redetermined to Third-order by HFP-2/3. The position for this light is appended on NOAA form 76-40 and should supersede the charted CONCUT. position.

A causeway bridge runs North-South across Santa Rosa Sound between Navarre and Navarre Beach. The charted 50-foot vertical clearance of the north Navarre Causeway Bridge through which the channel runs was verified by a lead line measurement. Clearance of the southern See EVAL Navarre Causeway Bridge was determined to be nine feet by lead line PAT SEC. 7 measurement. Detached positions #709 and #2045 were taken on the southern spit of the Navarre Causeway Bridge at the northwest and northeast end respectively. Detached positions #2044, 708, 725, and 2045 mark the southeast, southwest, and northwest corners of the island in the Navarre Causeway Bridge respectively.

A submerged cable crossing parallels the west side of the Navarre Causeway Bridge and cable crossing signs are marked by detached positions #708, 709, 725, and 2315. A fifth cable crossing sign is located on the north shore of Santa Rosa Sound about 1800 meters west of the Navarre Causeway Bridge and is marked by detached position #2161.

STATISTICS

Number of Positions	2603
Days of Production (Days at Sea)	28
Nautical Miles of Sounding Line	151.4
Nautical Miles of Crossline	21.9
Nautical Miles of Development	61.4
Total Miles of Hydrography	234.7
Number of Detached Positions	322
Number of Bottom Samples	71
Square Miles of Hydrography	フ
Number of Bar Checks	39
Tide Stations Installed	2
Number of TDC Cast	Ω

MISCELLANEOUS

Throughout the period during which this survey was run, no current greater than 0.65 kts was observed. Observations were made during bar that the velocity of the current may be as great as 1.0 kts, however, no accurate determination of current velocity in this area has been made at this time. Results of current observations in the Narrows are included in the Appendix. Currents in the survey area are tidally influenced.

The sublocality for this survey was designated west to east because Santa Rosa Sound is similar to a river with its mouth at Pensacola Bay. The sublocality shown on NOAA Form 77-44 should read Three Miles East of Woodlawn Beach to Lower Pritchard Long Point.

G. RECOMMENDATIONS

See Sections H, K, L, and N for specific recommendations.

R. AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING

Programs used during field data acquisition and field processing of this survey are as follows:

PROGRAM	DESCRIPTION	VERSION DATE
nuana		
RK201	Grid, Signal, and Lattice Plot	4/18/75
RK211	Range/Range Non-Real Time Plot	2/13/84
RK212	Visual Station Table Load	4/01/74
RK216	Range/Azimuth Non-Real Time Plot	2/24/84
RK300	Utility Computations	2/05/76
RK330	Reformat and Data Check	10/21/80
PM360	Electronic Corrector Abstract	2/02/76
RK407	Geodetic Inverse/Direct Computation	9/25/78
AM500	Predicted Tide Generator	11/10/72
RK561	H/R Geodetic Calibration	2/19/75
RK562	Geodetic Calibration	9/10/74
AM602	ELINORE - Line Oriented Editor	12/08/82

S. REFERENCE TO REPORTS

The Descriptive Reports for H-10172 and H-10209 to be submitted in 1986 should be reviewed in conjunction with this survey.

The Horizontal Control Report for OPR-J288, Santa Rosa Sound, is in the process of being prepared and will be submitted by MOAZX1. See EVAL RPT.

Sec. 2

Coast Pilot Report (NOAA form 77-6).

Current Observations, Santa Rosa Sound, FL.

Santa Rosa Sound User Evaluation.

Respectfully Submitted,

Kenneth P. Peters LTJG, NOAA OIC, HFP-2/3

Signal Tape Listing Santa Rosa Sound, Fla.

HFP-10-7-85

OPR-J288

H-10207 250 0000 000000 Camp "1984" Ø11 1 30 23 45001 086 55 06772 30 22 54284⁸086 52 52422⁷ 250 0000 000000 Navarre 019 6 30 23 590504086 51 491359 250 0000 000000 Santa Rosa Ø21 1 30 23 107738086 51 450938 250 0000 000000 4884 B47 FDNR. Ø23 7 30 24 027903086 49 531848 250 0000 000000 Pritchard Ø25 1 30 23 520804086 53 223236 250 0000 000000 Williams Creek Use Ø27 1 30 22 2967 086 55 24643 250 0000 000000 Hard 30 23 31298 086 57 49598 250 0000 000000 Sunset Ø29 6 Ø31 1 30 23 06996 086 57 253016 250 0000 0000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt."123"
30 23 18534 086 55 410567 250 0000 0000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "121"
30 23 293116 086 54 424817 250 0000 0000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "114"
30 23 33938 086 54 000613 250 0000 0000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "108" 111 6 113 6 115 6 117 6 30 23 3834 086 53 22022° 250 0000 000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "102" 30 23 53416 086 51 233447 250 0000 000000 Santa rosa sound Lt. "90" 119 6 139 6 30 23 58066 086 51 0158 0 250 0000 000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "88" 30 23 51228 086 50 31270 250 0000 000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "87" 30 23 4894 086 49 546 2 250 0000 000000 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. "82" 30 23 2407 2 086 49 4718 250 0000 000000 Dune Too 141 6 143 6 145 6

All stations established in 1984 including marks set prior to survey. Horizontal control by G. Fredricks, B.Link, D.Elliott, M. Mcmann.

RUMA FORM 10-40 (8-74) Replaces C&GS Form 567.					A COUNTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA				
Replaces C&GS I			4 Z	TIONAL OCE	EANIC AND	AT MOSPHER	RIC ADMINISTRATION		ACTIVITY
X TO BE CHARTED		NONFLOATING AIDS OR WEATHERS FOR CHARTS	DIKKRKS	FOR CH.	ARTS			GEODETIC PARTY	ARIY
	REPORTING	STATE		LOCALITY			DATE	COMPLATION ACTIVITY	TIVITY
TO BE DELETED	TED HFPS-HFP2/3	Florida		Santa	Santa Rosa Sound	puno	1986	QUALITY CONTROL & REVIEW GRP.	OL & REVIEW GRP
The following objects	ects HAVE XX HAVE NOT	been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks	award to de	stermine the	ir value as	landmarks.		(See reverse for responsible personnel)	sible personnel)
OPR PROJECT NO. J288	JOB NUMBER	SURVEY NUMBER H-10207	DATUM	1927			WETHOD AND DATE OF 1 OCATION	NOTA OCT	
				POSITION	NOI		(See instructions on reverse side)	on reverse side)	CHARTS
	NOLLAINOLL		LATI	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	TUDE			AFFECTED
CHARTING	(Record reason for deletion of landmark or aid to navigation. Show triangulation station names, where applicable, in parentheses)	or aid to navigation. applicable, in parentheses	•	// D.M. Meters	,	// D.P. Meters	OFFICE	FIELD	
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 82 LL#6012 Sig.No.145	32 No. 145	30 23	48.94	67 98	54.647	All positions	F-3-6-L 1984	11385
T.T.CHTT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 87	37		51.228			field posits.	F-3-6-L	
	11.46013 Sig	Sig. No. 143	30 23		86 50	31.279		1984	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 88 LL#6014 Sig. N	ht 88 Sig. No. 141	30 23	58.06	86 51	01.580		F-3-6-L 1984	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 90	90		53.410	W 250 15	£2.344	i,	F-3-6-L	
61	11#6015 Sig.	Sig. No. 139	30 23		86 51		for	1984	11385
DAYBEACON	Santa Rosa Sound Daybeacon 93	con 93	30 23	46.122	86 51	59.462		F-2-6-L 4/28/86	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 102 11/46016 Sig. N	ht 102 Sig. No. 119	30 23	38.391	86 53	22.022		F-3-6-L 12/6/85	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 108 LL#6017 Sig. N	ht 108 Sig. No. 117	30 23	33.938	86 54	190.00		F-3-6-L 1984	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 114 LL#6018 Sig. N	ht 114 Sig. No. 115	30 23	29.31%	86 54	42.4827		F-3-6-L 1984	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 121 LI#6019 Sig. N	ht 121 Sig. No. 113	30 23	18.534	86 55	41.056		F-3-6-L 1984	11385
LIGHT	Santa Rosa Sound Light 123 IL#6020 Sig. N	ht 123 Sig. No. 111	30 23	08.996	86 57	25.30%		F-3-6-L 1984	11385

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NOAA FORM 76-40 (8-74)

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	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		DATE	1985			METHOD AND DA' (See instructions		OFFICE							A	4
	U.S. DEPARTM			princ	s landmarks.			LONGITUDE	// D.P. Meters	56.415	07.219	19.239					
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	ž	OMARKS			ward to d		1927	LAT	/ 0	30 22	30 22	30 23		and height orrected for			
			STATE	Florida	been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks		н-10207		r aid to navigation. pplicable, in parentheses)			[-617(87)		0 17			
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)	-40	Form 567.	RTED	ETED	objects h				(Record re.	(Nava	(Navar	(Spher					
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7-679(86)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NATIONAL OCEAN SURVEY Atlantic Marine Center Hydrographic Field Parties Section N/MOA233

11 March, 1986

TO:

Commander, Eigth Coast Guard District

Aids to Navigation Branch

FROM:

OIC, Hydrographic Field Party 2/3

439 West York St.

Norfolk, VA.

SUBJECT: Dangers To

Dangers To Navigation

The following dangers to navigation were located during a basic hydrographic survey of Santa Rosa Sound, Fl. They should be charted on chart #11385:

- 1. Shoal: Latitude 30/23/39.0 N, Longitude 86/54/06.0 W, A three foot shoal exist in an area characterized by depths of eight to ten feet and charted as eleven foot.
- 2. Channel Shifting: The channel between Longitude 86/55/00.0 W and Longitude 86/52/00.0 W, is about 50 meters South of the charted channel. Buoys in the area have been relocated by the Coast Guard to accurately depict location of the true channel and to indicate positions of the shoal spoil areas on either side of the channel. Three foot soundings were observed in the spoil area immedatly north of the marked channel between Buoy # 106, latitude 30/23/34.8 N, Longitude 86/53/46.6 W and Santa Rosa Sound Light # 102 Latitude 30/23/38.4 N, Longitude 86/53/22.0 W.

These dangers were reported via telcom with Mr. Don Brooks on 11 March 1986.

Pacific Marine Center 1801 Fairview Avenue East Seattle, Washington 98102-3767

FEB 2 7 1987

N/MOP211/DJH

Commander (OAN)
USCG
Hale Boggs Federal Building
500 Camp Street
New Orleans, Louisiana 70130-3396

ATIN: Tom Marian

Dear Commander Rots:

Office processing of hydrographic surveys H-10168, H-10172, and H-10207 has resulted in revised positions for aids to navigation presently charted in Santa Rosa Sound, Florida. These surveys were completed June 5, 1985, May 1, 1986, and May 28, 1986, respectively. The fixed aids were located to Third Order specifications while the floating aids have been located hydrographically. Both types of positions are of sufficient quality to satisfy the requirements of nautical charting. These survey positions are provided to you on the attached list for your information and possible publication in Local Notice to Mariners.

For further information please contact Cdr. Thomas W. Richards, Chief, Nautical Chart Branch, N/MCP21, telephone 206-526-6853.

Sincerely,

Robert L. Sandquist Rear Admiral, NOAA Director, Pacific Marine Center

Enclosure

FILE COPY

٠.	1		75 c			
	CODE	SURNAME	DATE	CODE	SURNAME	DATE
	N/MOP2	Richards Not	2/26	N/MOP	Sandquist A	4/27
	N/MOP2	Richards Jul Mordock M	4726		1/	
		Petersen				

HOAA FORM 61-2



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

Pacific Marine Center 1801 Fairview Avenue East Seattle, Washington 98102-3767

MAR 3 1987

N/MOP211/DJH

Commander (OAN) U.S. Coast Guard 8th District Hale Boggs Federal Building 500 Camp Street New Orleans, Louisiana 70130

Dear Rear Admiral Rots:

Office processing of hydrographic survey H-10207, conducted in 1985 and 1986, has confirmed that Intracoastal Waterway (ICW) channel between longitude 86°52'00"W and longitude 86°55'00"W, has shifted south approximately fifty meters. This shift was determined by comparing the survey data to the channel location as shown on chart 11385, 16th edition, dated August 24, 1985. Fixed and floating aids along this portion of the ICW, have also been moved, apparently to better mark the location and to indicate shoaling along the channel edges. The most significant shoaling has occurred between Santa Rosa Sound Light 102, at latitude 30°23'38.4"N, longitude 86°53'22.0"W, and Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 106, at latitude 30°23'34.8"N, longitude 86°53'46.6"W where channel-edge depths have been reduced to 3 feet at MLLW. In addition, the following depths between Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 101, at latitude 30°23'36.9"N, longitude 86°53'05.5"W, and Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 107, at latitude 30°23'31.1"N, longitude 86°53'59.1"W, are less than the project depth of 12 feet.

Depth (ft)	Latitude N	Longitude W
11	30°23'39.5"	86°53'06.5"
10	30°23'40.0"	86°53'09.2"
9	30°23'39.0"	- 86°53'14.0"
10	30°23'38.0"	86°53'17.5"
11	30°23'37.5"	86°53'21.0"
8	30°23'07.0"	86°53'33.0"
10	30°23'06.0"	86°53'34.0"
11	30°23'04.5"	86°53'38.0"
10	30°23'04.5"	86°53'55.0"

All geographic positions are based on the North American 1927 Datum. Should you require additional information concerning this survey you should contact Cdr. Thomas W. Richards, Chief, Nautical Chart Branch, N/MOP21, at (206) 526-6835.

Sincerely,

Robert L. Sandquist Rear Admiral, NOAA

Director, Pacific Marine Center



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v.				
				•
AID	LAT. N	LONG. W	SOURCE	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 87	30/23/51.23	86/50/31.28	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 88	30/23/58.07	86/51/01.58	н-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 90	30/23/53.41	86/51/23.35	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 102	30/23/38.41	86/53/22.02	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 108	30/23/33.95	86/54/00.06	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 114 Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 121	30/23/29.32 30/23/18.54	86/54/42.49 86/55/41.06	н-10207 н-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 125	30/22/55.49	86/59/12.23	H-10172	•
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 129	30/22/24.69	87/01/23.04	H-10172	
Santa Rosa Sound Lt. 131	30/21/35.80	87/04/54.18	H-10168	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 81A	30/23/46.9 30/23/45.4	86/49/32.1 86/49/56.1	H-10207 H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 83 Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 84	30/23/45.4	86/50/02.0	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 85	30/23/48.3	86/50/13.5	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 88A	30/23/54.3	86/51/14.4	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 89	30/23/50.6	86/51/13.0	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 89A Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 91	30/23/48.8 30/23/47.7	86/51/23.9 86/51/40.3	H-10207 H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 92	30/23/48.9	86/52/01.3	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 95	30/23/43.2	86/52/16.6	н-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 96	30/23/43.6	86/52/33.4	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 97 Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 99	30/23/40.5 30/23/38.4	86/52/33.7 86/52/50.9	H-10207 H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 101	30/23/36.9	86/53/05.5	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 103	30/23/35.3	86/53/21.0	H-10207	
	30/23/36.2	86/53/35.4	н-10207	English States of the
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 105	30/23/33.9 30/23/34.8	86/53/35.1 86/53/41.6	H-10207 H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 106 Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 107	30/23/31.1	86/53/59.1	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 110	30/23/32.7	86/54/13.4	H-10207	e .
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 111	30/23/28.2	86/54/26.7	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 112	30/23/31.4	86/54/27.2	H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 113 Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 115	30/23/26.5 30/23/25.1	86/54/42.2 86/54/56.5	H-10207 H-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 117	30/23/23.6	86/55/09.1	H-10207	. :
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 119	30/23/21.8	86/55/24.5	н-10207	
Santa Rosa Sound Buoy 122	30/23/24.3	86/55/43.7	H-10207	
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NOAA FORM 76-155 (11-72) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION SURVEY NUMBER H-10207**GEOGRAPHIC NAMES** But brenong and again ON U.S. MAPS ANGLE P.O. GUIDE OR MAP WWW CHART NO. 11305 U.S. Liehr Lier FLORIDA, SANTA ROSA SOUND mar Rombocator THREE MILES EAST OF WOODLAWN BEACH TO LOWER PRITCHARD K LONG POINT A 1 FLORIDA (TITLE) DO549 LOWER PRITCHARD .5. X .0549 X 2 LONG POINT NAVARRE 3 00549 Х NAVARRE BEACH 00549 Х SANTA ROSA ISLAND Χ 00549 SANTA ROSA SOUND X Χ 00549 X 7 WILLIAMS CREEK Х 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 Approved: 19 20 21 Chief Generabher = 22 6 1987 JAN 23 24 25

NOAA FORM 76-155 SUPERSEDES C&GS 197

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE REGISTRY NUMBER NOAA FORM 77 27(H) 19-83 H-10207 HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY STATISTICS RECORDS ACCOMPANYING SURVEY. To be completed when survey is processed RECORD DESCRIPTION **AMOUNT** RECORD DESCRIPTION **AMOUNT** 1 SMOOTH OVERLAYS: POS., ARC, EXCESS SMOOTH SHEET 7 2 FIELD SHEETS AND OTHER OVERLAYS DESCRIPTIVE REPORT ABSTRACTS DEPTH/POS HORIZ. CONT DESCRIP-SONAR-**PRINTOUTS** SOURCE RECORDS **RECORDS GRAMS** TION ACCORDION 1. ENVELOPES VOLUMES 8 CAHIERS BOXES SHORELINE MAPS (LIST) PHOTOBATHYMETRIC MAPS (List) NOTES TO THE HYDROGRAPHER (List) SPECIAL REPORTS (List): NAUTICAL CHARTS (List): OFFICE PROCESSING ACTIVITIES The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the survey AMOUNTS PROCESSING ACTIVITY EVALUATION TOTALS 2593 POSITIONS ON SHEET 2 POSITIONS REVISED 126 SOUNDINGS REVISED CONTROL STATIONS REVISED TIME-HOURS **EVALUATION** VERIFICATION TOTALS PRE-PROCESSING EXAMINATION WEDIERCATION OF CONTROL 62.0 62.0 **VERIFICATION OF POSITIONS** 122.0 122.0 **VERIFICATION OF SOUNDINGS** VERIFIGATION OF JUNGTIONS 68.5 COMPILATION OF SMOOTH SHEET 68.5 COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS AND CHARTS 19.0 19.0 EVALUATION OF WINE MAKES AND SWEEPS 20.0 20.0 EVALUATION REPORT GEOGRAPHIC NAMEC OTHER. 11.0 DIGITIZING 'USE OTHER SIDE OF FORM FOR REMARKS 39.0 252.5 Ending Date 8/12/86 Pro-processing transmation by J. Wilder Tune (Hours) 252.5 M. Sanders Vendication Chiefe by J. Stringham, J. Green, B. Olmstead Inne (Hours) 64.5 Time (Hours) .0 Evaluation and Analysis by I. Almacen D. Hill C C tosper tem by

U.S. GOV1 PRINTING OFFICE 1983 764-006-6061

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET

DATE: 07/21/86

Marine Center: Pacific

OPR: J-288

Hydrographic Sheet: H-10207

Locality: Santa Rosa Sound, Florida

Time Period: November 13, 1985 - April 23, 1986

Tide Station Used: 872-9679 East End, Santa Rosa Sound, FL

Plane of Reference (Mean Lower Low Water): 3.61 ft.

Height of Mean High Water Above Plane of Reference: 1.3 ft.

Remarks: Recommended Zoning:

Zone direct

Chief, Chief, Tidal Datum Qualit Assurance Section

APPROVAL SHEET

For

SURVEY H-10207 (HFP-10-7-85)

The hydrographic records transmitted with this survey are complete and adequate to supersede prior surveys for charting with no additional field work recommended.

No direct supervision was given by me during the field work.

Approved and forwarded.

Kenneth W. Perrin

LCDR, NOAA

Chief, Hydrographic Field Parties Section

PACIFIC MARINE CENTER EVALUATION REPORT H-10207

1. INTRODUCTION

H-10207 was accomplished by the Atlantic Hydrographic Field Parties 2 and 3 in accordance with the following project instructions:

OPR-J288-HFP-84, dated September 11, 1984 Change Number 1, dated October 31, 1984 Change Number 2, dated October 8,1985 Change Number 3, dated December 11, 1985

This is a basic hydrographic survey along Santa Rosa Sound covering the area approximately three miles east of Woodlawn Beach at longitude 86°57'00"W to Lower Pritchard Long Point. The Intracoastal Waterway through the sound is marked with buoys, lights and daymarkers for safe navigation. These aids have characteristic yellow markings that distinguished them from other aids to navigation located along the sound. The north shore is mostly lined with privately maintained piers, while the south shore is still undeveloped sandy beaches protected as the Gulf Islands National Seashore. The area generally consists of sand and mud with depths ranging from 0 to 20 feet.

Unverified actual tides from tide station 872-9679 East End, Santa Rosa Sound were used during field processing. Tide correctors used for the final reduction of soundings reflect approved hourly heights zoned from the same tide station.

The field sheet parameters have been revised to center the hydrography on the smooth sheet and to change the projection to polyconic. The field values for electronic control, velocity and TRA corrections have been checked during office processing and found to be adequate. The electronic correctors used in this survey were based on the daily system calibration checks.

A digital file for this survey has been generated and includes categories of information required to comply with N/CG2 Hydrographic Survey Guideline No. 23, Completion of Digital Hydrographic Surveys, September 7, 1983. Certain descriptive information, however, may not be included in the digital record due to the restrictions of the presently available cartographic codes. The user should refer to the smooth sheet for complete information.

2. CONTROL AND SHORELINE

Horizontal control and hydrographic positioning are adequately discussed in sections F and G of the hydrographer's report. A position listing of control stations and aids to navigation located within the limits of the survey was also included as an attachment to the report. A copy of the Horizontal Control Report for OPR-J288-HFP-85 was not available during office processing.

Positions of horizontal control stations used during hydrography are either published or field values obtained from Third-Order (Class 1) triangulation observations. All geodetic positions are based on the North American Datum of 1927.

The source of the year of establishment for control stations shown on the smooth sheet are the field records and NGS published data. These years are subject to change pending certification of the data by NGS.

The applicable shoreline manuscript is TP-00549, compiled at the scale of 1:20,000 and photographically enlarged to 1:10,000. This map is registered Class III, and originates from photography dated January, February, March and April 1978. The photographic enlargement supplied by headquarters contained slight distortions. These were compensated for by shifting the enlargement as required to bring the latitude, longitude grids into agreement.

Shoreline and alongshore features were verified by the hydrographer. No significant changes to shoreline were noted in the field other than the removal of some previously charted features, particularly old piers and the construction of new ones. On this survey, the hydrographer generally documented only the position of the offshore end of each new pier. The orientation of the pier as shown on the smooth sheet was obtained directly from the final field sheet without supporting position information. These features are adequately described in section L of the hydrographer's report. All newly located features are shown in red on the smooth sheet.

HYDROGRAPHY

Hydrography within the limits of the sheet is adequate to:

- a. Delineate the bottom configuration, determine least depths, and to draw the standard depth curves.
- b. Reveal that there are no significant discrepancies or anomalies requiring further investigation.
- c. Show that the survey had been properly controlled and soundings are correctly plotted.

4. CONDITION OF SURVEY

The hydrographic records and reports are adequate and conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual, 4th Edition, revised through Change No.3, the Hydrographic Survey Guidelines, and the AMC OPORDER, except as noted in the Preprocessing Examination Report, dated July 8,1986.

5. JUNCTIONS

H-10207 junctions with the following surveys:

Survey	Year	Scale	Area
H-10172	1985 – 86	1:10,000	West
H-10209	1986	1:10,000	East

Comparison with H-10209 is good; however, soundings were transferred from this survey to delineate depth curves and to portray shoaler information within the junction area. The junction has been adequately effected.

H-10172 is still in processing and therefore junction comparisons were made using a preliminary sounding plot. Soundings were transferred from this survey to delineate depth curves within the junction area. Curves are in agreement and the junction has been adequately effected.

6. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

H-5705 (1935), 1:10,000 H-5729 (1935), 1:10,000

H-5705 and H-5729 provide the basic survey coverage for this portion of Santa Rosa Sound. Comparison with these prior surveys is considered satisfactory. In general, the present survey depths agree within a foot with the prior surveys of 1935. There are, however, some areas where significant changes have been noted which are adequately described in section K and L of the hydrographer's report.

There are no AWOIS items originating from the prior surveys applicable to this survey.

H-10207 is adequate to supersede the prior surveys within their common areas.

7. COMPARISON WITH CHART

Chart 11385, 16th Edition, dated August 24,1985; scale 1:40,000

This is a later chart edition than that specified in the Project Instructions but was the most recent edition during the time of the survey.

a. <u>Hydrography</u> - Charted information originates from the prior surveys mentioned in Section 6 of this report and from other miscellaneous sources. A detailed comparison of the present survey with charted features is contained in section L of the hydrographer's report supplemented as follows:

The following piers and piles charted along the northern shore of the sound were not investigated during this survey. These features were not discussed in the hydrographer's report and therefore their present disposition is unknown. It is recommended that the chart compiler revise the affected charts as considered appropriate.

Latitude N	Longitude W	Charted Feature
30°24'13.0"	86°50'12.5"	Pier on Smooth Sheet and Troops much
30°23'57.0"	86°52'09.5"	Pier?
30°23'56.5"	86°52'10.5"	Pile
30°23'56.5"	86°52'08.5"	Pile
30°23'52.0"	86°53'00.5"	Pile
30°23*53.5"	86°53'01.0"	Pile now says aper
30°23'54.5"	86°53'01.5"	Pile)
30°23'44.5"	86°55'54.5"	Pile
30°23'44.0"	86°56'01.0"	Pile

The two (2) islets charted in the vicinity of latitude 30°23'44", longitude 86°53'34", originating from unknown sources, were not found. This survey only shows an indication of shoaling in the area. It is recommended that the charted islets be deleted and the area be charted according to the present survey.

There are no AWOIS items originating from miscellaneous sources applicable to the survey.

With the exceptions noted above, H-10207 is adequate to supersede charted hydrography within the common area.

Geographic names appearing on the smooth sheet have been approved by the Chief Geographer and are plotted in accordance with the chart of the area.

A Danger to Navigation Report (copy appended) concerning an uncharted shoaling and repositioning of buoys by the U.S. Coast Guard to indicate the present location of the channel and shoal spoil areas was sent by the hydrographer to the 8th Coast Guard District in New Orleans, Louisiana. A letter (copy appended) to confirm the present shifting of the Intracoastal Waterway Channel and shoaling noted on this survey during office processing was transmitted by the Director, Pacific Marine Center on March 3, 1987.

- b. Controlling Depths The charted channel and aids between longitudes 86°52'00"W and 86°55'00"W are plotted approximately 50 meters south of the surveyed positions. See section L of the hydrographer's report and the appended copies of Danger to Navigation letters for discussion on the mis-positioning of the charted channel and marking aids. Considering the charted position of the channel and the aids, depths of 8 to 11 feet were noted along the edges of the channel. The project depth for this channel is 12 feet. Mariners are presently advised through a charted note that shoaling may occur in some of these areas between maintenance dredging operations.
- c. Aids to Navigation There are twenty-seven (27) floating aids located within the limits of this survey. Three (3) landmarks and nine (9) fixed aids to navigation were also located during this survey. Geographic positions of fixed aids were determined to Third-Order accuracy standards as required by the project instructions. All navigational aids are found to be in good condition and adequately serve their intended purpose. More detailed

information regarding these aids is contained in section N of the hydrographer's report and on NOAA form 76-40, Nonfloating Aids or Landmarks for Chart, included with this report. A revised position listing of these aids was provided by a letter from the Director, Pacific Marine Center to the 8th Coast Guard District dated February 27, 1987 (copy appended).

The hydrographer states that the charted 50-foot vertical clearance of the northern Navarre Causeway bridge at latitude 30°23'49.0"N, longitude 86°51'48.0"W, and the clearance of the southern Navarre Causeway bridge at latitude 30°23'14.0"N, longitude 86°51'45.0"W was determined by field measurements. There are insufficient field records to determine if the clearances are referenced to mean high water. It is recommended that the clearance of the northern span remain as charted and the 9-foot clearance of the southern span be considered for charting as appropriate.

An uncharted submerged cable running across the sound along the west side of Navarre Causeway was noted during this survey. The area was marked by cable crossing signs along the edge of the causeway.

There are no charted pipelines or overhead cables located within the limits of this survey.

8. COMPLIANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS

 $\mbox{H-10207}$ adequately complies with the project instructions noted in section 1 of this report.

9. ADDITIONAL FIELD WORK

This is a good basic hydrographic survey; however, additional field work may be required on a non-priority basis to determine the status of the charted piers and piles discussed in section 7 of this report.

Isagani A. Almacen

Cartographer

This survey has been examined and it meets Charting and Geodetic Services standards and requirements for use in nautical charting. The survey is recommended for approval.

Dennis Hill

Chief, Hydrographic Section

ATTACHMENT TO DESCRIPTIVE REPORT FOR H-10207

I have reviewed the smooth sheet, accompanying data, and reports of this hydrographic survey. Except as noted in the Evaluation Report, the hydrographic survey meets or exceeds Charting and Geodetic Services (C&GS) standards, complies with instructions, and is accurately and completely represented by the smooth sheet and digital data file for use in nautical charting.

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch (Date)

CLEARANCE:

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SIGNATURE AND DATE:

N/MOP2:LWMordock

After review of the smooth sheet and accompanying reports, I hereby certify this survey is accurate, complete, and meets appropriate standards with only the exceptions as noted above. The above recommendations are forwarded with my concurrence.

Director, Pacific Marine Center (Date)

ADDENDUM TO EVALUATION REPORT FOR H-10207

The Evaluation Report, Section 2, Control and Shoreline is supplemented as follows:

In accordance with N/CG2 memorandum, dated December 12, 1986, an NAD 83 datum adjustment tick has been added to the smooth sheet and accompanying overlays. The adjustment value was determined by N/CG121 and amounts to +0.718 seconds of latitude and -0.142 seconds of longitude for the geographic area common to this survey (NAD 27 position to NAD 83 position). Computed geographic positions contained in the survey digital file remain on NAD 27.

Chief, Nautical Chart Branch (Date)

CLEARANCE:

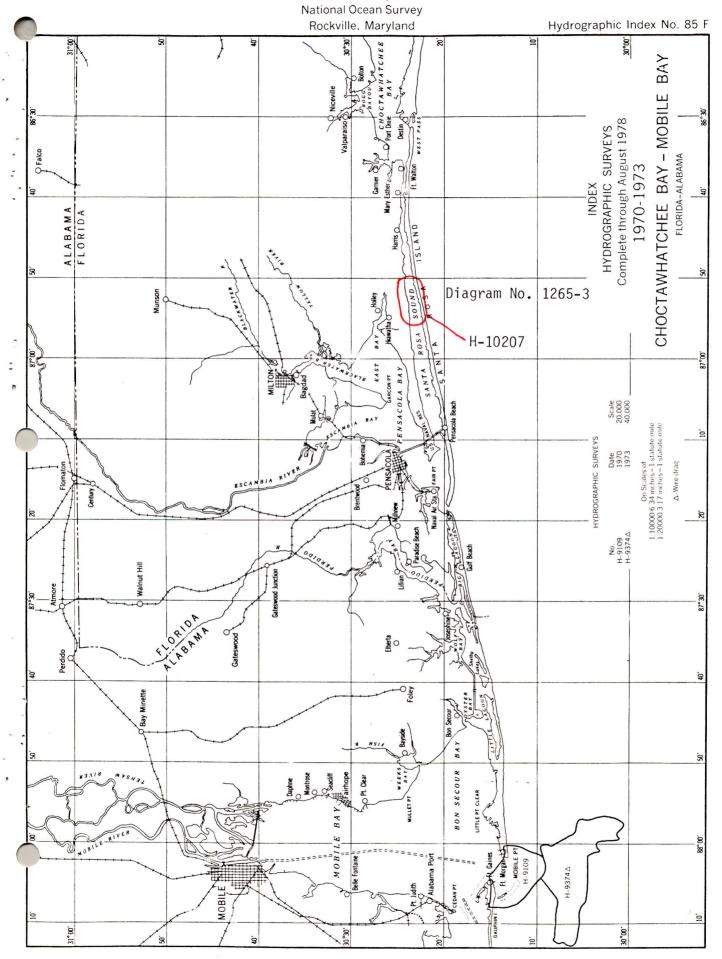
N/MOP2:LWMordock

SIGNATURE AND DATE:

Approved:

Director, Pacific Maryhe Center (D

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration



MARINE CHART BRANCH

RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. H-10207

INSTRUCTIONS

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

1. Letter all information.

2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

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