H-10393

Diagram No. 1266-3

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Side Scan Sonar

Field No. HE-10-1-91

Registery No. H-10393

LOCALITY

State Alabama

General Locality Gulf of Mexico

Sublocality Entrance to Main
Ship Channel

19 91

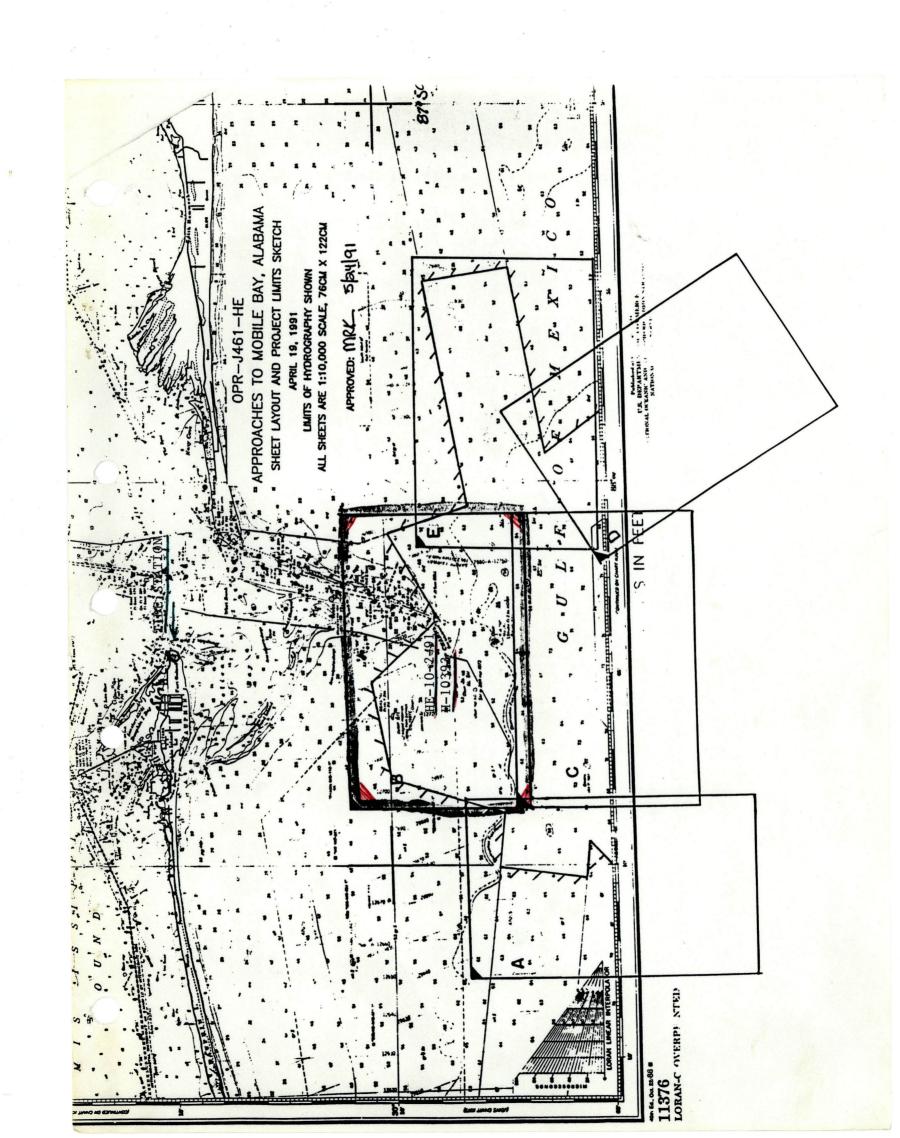
CHIEF OF PARTY
LCDR J.W. Blackwell

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H-10393

NOAA FORM 77-28 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (11-72) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTER NO.					
HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET	н-10393					
INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form,	FIELD NO.					
filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.	HE-10-2-91					
State_ALABAMA						
General locality GULF OF MEXICO						
Locality_ENTRANCE TO MAIN SHIP CHANNEL						
	rey Aug. 13 - Sep. 9, 1991					
Instructions dated June 11, 1991 Project No.	OPR-J461-HE					
Vessel NOAA Ship HECK (EDP 9140)						
Chief of party JOHN W. BLACKWELL, LCDR, NOAA J.W. D.W. J.E. W.R. Surveyed by LCDR Blackwell, LT Moeller, LTJG Harbison, ENS Martin, ST Morris Soundings taken by echo sounder, hand hand hand poly.						
Graphic record scaled by LT Moeller, LTJG Harbison, ENS Man	ctin, ST Morris					
Graphic record checked by LT Moeller						
Protracted by N/A Automa	XYNETICS 1201 Plotter (AHS)					
	and plot by					
Verification by Atlantic Hydrographic Section, N/CG244						
Soundings in METERS feek at NEW MLLW_						
REMARKS: Change 1 dated July 12, 1991 All times UTC Notes in the Descriptive Report were made in ted dowing office processing.						
ted during office processing	7.					



DESCRIPTIVE REPORT APPENDICES

- I. DANGER TO NAVIGATION REPORTS
- *II. NON-FLOATING AIDS AND LANDMARKS FOR CHARTS
 - III. LIST OF HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS
- * IV. GEOGRAPHIC NAMES (FIELD)
- * V. TIDES AND WATER LEVELS
- *VI. SUPPLEMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE
 - VII. APPROVAL SHEET

SEPARATES TO BE INCLUDED WITH SURVEY DATA

- * I. HYDROGRAPHIC SHEETS AND PARAMETERS
- * II. BOTTOM SAMPLES
- # III. HORIZONTAL POSITION CONTROL AND CORRECTIONS TO POSITION DATA
- * IV. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT CALIBRATIONS AND CORRECTIONS
- * V. SIDE SCAN SONAR DATA
 - IV. ITEM INVESTIGATION DATA

* Filed with original survey records.

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY
SURVEY H-10393
FIELD NUMBER HE-10-2-91
ALABAMA
GULF OF MEXICO
ENTRANCE TO MAIN SHIP CHANNEL
Scale 1:10,000
NOAA SHIP HECK S-591
LCDR John W. Blackwell, NOAA, CMDG

A. PROJECT

This survey was conducted in accordance with Hydrographic Project Instructions OPR-J461-HE, Approaches to Mobile Bay, Alabama, dated June 11,1991, and Change 1 dated 12 July 91.

The purpose of this project is to provide updated information in response to requests by the Mobile Bar Pilots Association to investigate submerged obstructions in the area.

B. AREA SURVEYED

The survey area, designated Sheet B in the Project Instructions, lies in the Gulf of Mexico south of the entrance to Mobile Bay. The actual survey area is an irregular polygon formed by connecting, in order, the following points:

1.	LAT	30°06'36"N		088°08'27"W
2.	LAT	30°08'30"N		088°08'27"W
3.	LAT	30°10'01"N		088°07'43"W
4.	LAT	30°10'31"N		088°05'12"W
5.	LAT	30°08'48"N	LON	088°03'30"W
6.	LAT	30°09'48"N	LON	088°01'19"W
7.	LAT	30°09'19"N	LON	088°01'08"W
		30°06'36"N	LON	088°01'08"W
~ •	and a dr dr			

Survey operations began on August 13, 1991 (DOY 225), and were completed on September 8, 1991 (DOY 25%).

The size of the survey area exceeded the width constraint of the HECK's plotter and required that the area be split into a north (sheet 03) and south (sheet 02) sheet. The contours and vessel traffic required that the survey be run using north - south lines. In order to prevent HECK from needing to constantly switch sheets a single 1:15,000 scale boat sheet (sheet 01) was used for on-line surveying. All data was gathered and processed using 1:10,000 scale specifications and submitted on 1:10,000 scale smooth plots.

C. SURVEY VESSELS

All hydrographic data were collected by the NOAA Ship HECK (EDP 9140). No unusual vessel configurations were used.

D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

Survey data acquisition and processing were accomplished utilizing the HDAPS system hardware and the latest version of the NAVITRONIC NAVISOFT 300 software provided to the ship by N/CG24. A listing of actual programs and versions is appended in Section VI.

E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

HECK is equipped with an EG&G model 260 slant range corrected Side Scan Sonar (SSS) recorder and model 272 dual frequency towfish. Serial numbers and dates of usage are as follows:

Towfish S/N 10823 DOY 225 - 252 Recorder S/N 012104 DOY 225 - 252

The beam width and down angle are not adjustable on this unit. All mainscheme SSS data was collected using the 100 meter range scale and 100 KHz frequency, 75 and 50 meter range scale 100 KHz was used for contact investigation. Mainscheme line spacing of 170 meters was used to assure the required 2mm of adjacent line overlap. 200% coverage was attain over the entire survey area. Do Nor concur. Jee section 4.c. of the Evaluation Report. Confidence checks were obtained, and annotated on the sonargrams, by towing the side scan unit either past known items or linear bottom features. A minimum of two confidence checks were obtained on a daily basis as required.

Required proof of sonar coverage is demonstrated through the included sonar coverage plots. The hydrographer chose this method in lieu of the sonar coverage abstract. The choice of method is left to the hydrographer per Side Scan Sonar Manual section 3.1.3.

The sonar contact list (Side Scan Sonar Manual 3.1.1.1.) is provided through the HECK's modified contact abstract table and the HDAPS contact table printouts. Both are located in the separates.

Three contact tables were used during this survey. In order to prevent confusion all items were identified using their position number. Some contacts have more than one number due to successive hits during 200% coverage, developments, and detached positions. In this case the targets plotted on top of each other, however, the recommended charting positions were derived from their DP's.

F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

The following Raytheon DSF-6000N echosounders were used during this survey:

S/N A110N DOY 225 - 232, 238 - 252 S/N A107 DOY 232 - 234

Both low and high frequency depths were digitized, but only high frequency depths were plotted.

G. CORRECTIONS TO ECHOSOUNDINGS

The following table shows dates and locations of velocity casts conducted using the ODOM Digibar sound velocimeter (S/N 168):

 VELOCITY TABLE
 DATE
 LOCATION

 1
 08/13/91 (DOY 225)
 30°05'36"N 088°02'00"W

The velocity cast data were reduced and velocity corrections calculated using program VELOCITY. The computed velocity correctors were then applied on line to echosounder depths (both high and low frequency) by entering the correction data into the HDAPS sound velocity table. A second velocity cast was performed on DOY 253. There was minimal change in velocity correctors between these two casts, therefore, the 27 day period between cast 1 and the last days data created no problem.

The Digibar used was checked on March 5, 1991 by ODOM and found to be functioning correctly. Field checks using the prescribed fresh water method were accomplished prior to each cast and recorded on the velocity cast form.

On DOY 108 a dual leadline comparison was conducted and resulted in a mean difference of 0.040 meter or a corrector of 0.0 meter.

The static draft of 2.10 meters was applied on line to all echosoundings via the HDAPS offset table.

Settlement and squat correctors for the HECK were determined on March 13, 1991 (DOY 72), in the vicinity of Craney Island fuel pier in Norfolk, Virginia using the level rod method. Settlement and squat values were applied on line to hydrographic soundings via the HDAPS offset table.

Heave is measured by a Datawell B.V. (S/N 19110-C) heave, roll, and pitch sensor (HIPPY) located midships near the transducer. The sensor gathers on line data which is applied to the soundings in near real time. All data have been corrected by applying HIPPY correctors.

The tidal datum for this survey was mean lower low water (MLLW). The tide station at Dauphin Island, Alabama was the reference station for this survey. The station was maintained under contract by Chapin and Assoc. and observed by Mike Dardue. Contact with the observer was made and the station inspected and opening levels run by HECK's crew members. No tide stations were established by the HECK in support of this survey.

All hydrographic depths have been corrected for predicted tides using the zone correctors specified in the project instructions. Tidal correctors were applied on line via the HDAPS predicted tide table. Approved Tides and Zoning were Applied during office processing

H. CONTROL STATIONS See Also Section 2. a. of the Evaluation Report.

The horizontal datum for this project is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). Four existing stations were recovered by HECK personnel. Those stations were:

Number Station

101 - DAUPHIN ISLAND WEST BASE, 1989

102 - PIRATE, 1986

103 - MOBILE POINT LIGHT, 1987

104 - STORMY, 1986

Positions for PIRATE, STORMY, and MOBILE POINT LIGHT were obtained from N/CG23322.

A list of the horizontal control stations appears in appendix III, LIST OF HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS submitted with this survey. Appended to this Report.

I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL Jee 6/50 section 2, a, of the Evaluation Report.

Position control was multiple LOP, utilizing Motorola Mini-Ranger shore stations. Control station positions were entered into the HDAPS Control Station Tables. (See APPENDIX III, LIST OF HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS). The appropriate Mini-Ranger codes were attached to the station number on this table. Each time the survey navigation configuration was altered, the control station and C-O tables were modified to reflect the correct Mini-Ranger code placement and DOY 220 Baseline Corrector values.

Equipment serial numbers appear as part of the header information on each days data print out. The Falcon remote units are identified by their position and code numbers. System checks were conducted in accordance with the Field Procedures Manual and appear as HDAPS screen dumps on the data printouts.

All survey offsets (ie. Antenna-to-Towpoint) were applied on-line using the HDAPS Offset Table number 1 (copy in Section III & IV).

This survey was required to meet 1:10,000 scale accuracy requirements, at no time did the maximum residual consistently exceed 5 meters nor did the 95% confidence ECR consistently exceeded 15 meters. Data not meeting these requirements were examined and high residuals either accepted or smoothed and high ECR's smoothed or rejected.

J. SHORELINE SEE A/30 SECTION 2. b. of the Evaluation Report

Not applicable as per project instructions.

K. CROSSLINES See Also section 3. a. of the Evaluation Report

33.0 miles of crosslines were run on this survey and they represent 7.1% of all hydrography. Comparison to mainscheme soundings showed good agreement with random differences of ± 0.2 meters. One small area of poor agreement is from fix 1864 to 1868 were an irregular bottom caused differences of one meter.

L. JUNCTIONS See 4/30 section 5. of the Evaluation Report.

Not applicable.

M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS See Also sections 6. a. and 6.b. of the Evaluation Report.

Comparisons were made to prior survey H-10226, 1986-88, 1:20,000; surveyed by HFP-1, LTJG David W. Moeller, Officer-in-Charge.

Except for the two following areas comparisons showed excellent agreement with the majority of survey soundings agreeing within two feet of the prior survey. The first area is in the dump site where present depths of 18 feet lie in what once was depths of 42 feet (Notice to Mariners submitted). This pile of dredge spoil has caused the shoaling of the area surrounding it and may eventually cause some shoaling of the adjacent fairway area as it spreads. The second area of differences is in the vicinity of the channel were dredging activity has deepened the channel to 48 feet versus the prior surveys 44 feet.

Seven AWOIS items originate with this survey; 7330, 7338, 7339, 7340, 7341, 7342, and 7343. Only Awois items 7330, 7338, 7340, and 7341 are presently charted. All of these items are echosounder depths labeled as obstructions by AMC verification. 200 % side scan coverage of the area around these items showed no indication of these obstructions. It is recommended that all seven items be considered disproved and the four charted items be deleted from the chart. Concor

N. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART See Also section 7. a, of the Evaluation Report.

Comparison of surveyed soundings were made to NOS chart 11376, 41st edition, Mar. 16/91. The soundings, with the exception of the dump site area, agreed well with the charted soundings consistently 0 to 2 feet shoaler than the survey.

One danger to navigation report was submitted as a result of this survey. Copies were forwarded to DMAHTC and N/CG221.

Seventy five (75) contacts were identified during this survey. Fifteen (15) targets were identified as warranting additional investigation based on either their height off the bottom or their appearance. All such contacts were investigated with additional side scan coverage and/or divers. The following is the list of targets with associated investigation results and recommendations:

POSITION

512.53

554.66

NARRATIVE

Additional SSS development Pos. 2588-95, Nothing found.

Additional SSS development Pos. 2596-2600, Nothing found. Do Not Concor. A 14.7 Obstr (A) and 14.3 Obstr (A) found by present survey. Ad. Wk. was done. See section 7.a., of the Evaluation Report.

Additional SSS development Pos. 2571-6, Nothing found.

Additional SSS development Pos. 2605-8, Nothing found.

Additional SSS development Pos. 2611-6, Insignificant contact.

Recommendation: This item is non-dangerous and should not be charted. Concor. Located mean gas well "Excon-110-868-1"

Additional SSS development Pos. 2550-3, Nothing found.

Additional SSS development Pos. 2609-10, Nothing found.

Additional SSS development Pos. 2546-9, Nothing found.

- Additional SSS development Pos. 2542-5, Nothing found.

 Poor Side sear South Records, 10.8 Obstr on skeet. See 1650

 958.22 Additional SSS development Pos. 2580-3, Nothing found.
- Additional SSS development Pos. 2584-7, 2615-7, Dive investigation. Divers found several 12" diameter metal pipes lying flat on the bottom. This item is most likely a load of drilling pipe lost by one of the many supply boats that transit the area. No least depth obtained.

Recommendation: This item does not present a hazard to navigation and should not be charted. Do Not Concur. Chart A 173 Obstr (pipe) As shown on the present Survey. Jee Also Jection 7. a. 2) of the Eugliatish Report.

NARRATIVE

POSITION

Additional SSS development Pos. 2554-9, Nothing found. 1321.58

Additional SSS development Pos. 2601-4, Nothing found. Do Not Concur. 12.7 Obstr (A) Found by present Survey. Ad. Wk. conducted. See Section 7.a.; of the Eunivation Report. Additional SSS development Pos. 2689-92, Nothing found. 1390.25

1940.60

Additional SSS development Pos. 2685-88, Nothing found. 2104.52

Several AWOIS items lie within the boundaries of this survey. All items appear only on NOS chart 11376, 41st edition, Mar. 16/91. The results of their investigation is as follows:

3642 - Anchor fluke extending 2 feet off of the bottom cleared by 34 feet. 400% side scan coverage was accomplished with no indication of its existence found. original survey, H-9374/73WD considered this item to be non-113774 The hazardous and according to the present criteria it would be considered insignificant. The item is considered disproved. Deleter Obstruction charted at 30°08'16.93"N 088°05'10.19"W. Concer

3644 - 28 foot shoal reported LNM10/73, wire dragged to 35FT (0.5 mile radius) 1973, wire dragged to 41 FT 1974, echosounder development (50 m line spacing, 1000 meter radius) 1986-88, presently charted as an obstruction cleared to 41 feet. 200% side scan coverage, reduced from S4 to S2 by N/CG241, was attained over the entire search area, no indications of either a shoal or obstruction that would have caused the originally reported sounding were found. item is considered disproved. Delete Obstruction charted at 30°08'00.73"N 088°05'23.99"W. Concer

3647 - Obstruction cleared 50FT, 400% SSS coverage was accomplished with no indication of the obstruction. This item is considered disproved. Delete Obstruction charted at 30°07'36.73"N 088°04'06.99"W. Concur

3648 - 58 ft shoal/grounding on wire drag H-9374, 55ft cleared. Survey depths for this items search area range 113774 from 59 to 61 feet, therefore, the original 58 foot wire grounding is highly probable. No obstruction was found within this items search area. The item is considered Delete Sounding charted at 30°07'25.74"N disproved. 088°03'10.99"W. Concer.

3627 - Obstruction, Fish Haven. This item lies along the 60ft contour westward from 088°03'30"W to 088°12'00"W. No AWOIS listing of this item was provided by N/CG241, however, it is believed to have been originally reported as a string of car bodies. No indication of the items associated with this fish haven were found. Discussions with local residents and further research by N/CG241 indicates the planned deployment of this fish haven was never accomplished

and that it was charted in error. The item is considered disproved within the boundaries of this survey and should be deleted from this portion of the chart. Concur. Tee 4/50 section 7. a. 4) of the Evalvation Report.

O. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This survey has met or exceeded 1:10000 specifications, and is adequate to supersede all prior surveys for the purposes of charting the depths and hazards to navigation within the survey area.

P. AIDS TO NAVIGATION Tee Also section 7. a.c.) of the Evaluation Report.

Five floating aids to navigation are located in the area of this survey. They are buoys R W "M", G "1", R "2", G "3", and R "4" of the Main Ship Channel. The surveyed positions (positions determined by side scan and logged on contact table 4) of these aids matched their charted location. They accurately mark the ship channel and no modifications are recommended.

Three unlighted mooring were located within the survey area. Two of these buoys were associated with drilling activity on the sheet and were removed prior to the end of operations and should not be charted. The mooring buoy located at Pos. 1596.20, 30°09'51.4"N 088°06'45.6"W was not associated with a drill platform and it is recommended for charting. Conserved.

A W Or Privately Maintained buoy is presently charted at 30°06'18"N 088°08'00"W. No indication of this buoy was observed. It is recommended it be deleted from the chart. Concor.

AMOUNT

Q. STATISTICS

ITEM

1. Total No. of Positions	2692 Fixes
2. Lineal NM of Soundings	498.8 NMi
3. Square NM Hydrography	17.9 NMi ²
4. Days of Production	11 Days
5. Bottom Samples	14
6. Tide Stations Established	None
7. Current Stations Established	None
8. Velocity Casts Performed	1 Casts
9. Magnetic Stations Established	None
10. Detached Positions	1

for... NOAA Ship HECK

R. MISCELLANEOUS

No anomalies in either tide or current were noted. The survey area had been fully bottom sampled on the prior survey, therefore, only fourteen bottom samples were taken and a Log Sheet M (copy appended) submitted to the Smithsonian Institution. The bottom sample characteristics found agreed well with those of the prior survey.

The confusion concerning the geographic names Sand Island and Pelican Island referred to in section 4.3. of the project instructions is due to the changeable nature of the area. According to Mr. Clinton Collier, longtime resident of Dauphin Island, two islands once existed south of Dauphin Island. Island was the eastern most and had Sand Island Lighthouse and a Coast Guard station built on it. Old photographs of the Coast Guard station at the base of the light are displayed in the Sea Galley, a local Restaurant. Pelican Island lay to the westnorthwest of Sand Island in approximately the same position as the single island that is presently charted. Over time both Pelican Island eventually islands migrated to the northwest. Sand Island's movement forced the merged with Dauphin Island. Coast Guard to abandon its station and lighthouse. The ruins of Sand Island the lighthouse and its rock foundation remain. continued to migrate to the northwest and now occupies the former location of Pelican Island. A review of the various prior surveys of the entrance to Mobile Bay will verify this information. It is referred to locally as Sand Island and it is recommended that the charted geographic name "Sand Island" be retained.

S. RECOMMENDATIONS

The amount of dredge material that has been recently dumped due to the deepening of the channel could cause shoaling to occur within the fairways adjacent to the dump site. The Corps of Engineers should be contacted and informed that a periodic monitoring of the fairways for shoaling is warranted.

The complete insonification of the survey area via echosounder and side scan sonar (200% coverage) is such that the data from this survey should supersede all charted depths and features presently charted within the survey area.

Recommendations concerning specific items, depths, geographic names, and aids are located in sections M, N, P and R of this report.

T. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

Electronic Corrector Report, OPR-J461-HE, Included with this survey.

Respectfully Submitted,

David W. Moeller, LT, NOAA

Executive Officer NOAA Ship HECK

Approved and Forwarded,

Kevin N. Harbison, LTJG, NOAA

Field Operations Officer

NOAA Ship HECK

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT TO ACCOMPANY
SURVEY H-10393
ADDITIONAL WORK
FIELD NUMBER HE-10-3-91
ALABAMA
GULF OF MEXICO
ENTRANCE TO MAIN SHIP CHANNEL
SCALE 1:10,000
NOAA SHIP HECK S-591
LCDR John W. Blackwell, NOAA, CMDG

A. PROJECT

This survey was conducted in accordance with Hydrographic Project Instructions OPR-J461-HE, Approaches to Mobile Bay, Alabama, dated February 18, 1992, and Change 1 dated April 2, 1992.

The purpose of this project is to accomplish complete 200-percent side scan sonar coverage of the safety fairway and the fairway anchorages at the approaches to Mobile Bay, Alabama, and to investigate a number of wrecks and obstructions in or near the safety fairway. This project responds to requests by the Mobile Bar Pilots Association concerning the presence of submerged obstructions in the area. Change 1 requires additional work on unresolved items found during the preprocessing examination of H-10393.

B. AREA SURVEYED

The survey area consisted of four item investigations in the H-10393 survey area. The items were at the following positions:

9000	LAT 30°08'04.76"N	LON 088°03'53.06"W
9000		LON 088°03'50.61"W
9001	LAT 30°08'06.67"N	
2001		LON 088°04'50.33"W
9002	LAT 30°08'25.29"N	
2002		LON 088°07'31.28"W
9003	LAT 30°09'53.80"N	LON 000 07 51.20 "

Survey operations began on May 1, 1992 (DOY 122), and were completed on May 11, 1992 (DOY 132).

The HECK collected data for these items on page size boat sheets. Three boat sheets were used. Items 9000 and 9001 are on sheet 05. Item 9002 is on sheet 06. Item 9003 is on sheet 07. All data was gathered and processed using 1:10,000 specifications and submitted on 1:10,000 scale page plots.

C. SURVEY VESSELS

All hydrographic and side scan data were collected by the NOAA Ship HECK (EDP 9140). All offset and layback information is contained in the offset table located in section IV of the separates. No unusual vessel configurations were used.

D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

Survey data acquisition and processing were accomplished utilizing the HDAPS system hardware and the latest version of the NAVITRONIC NAVISOFT 300 software provided to the ship by N/CG24. A listing of actual programs and versions can be found in appendix VI.

The velocity cast data were reduced and velocity corrections calculated using program VELOCITY Version 1.11.

No unusual automated acquisition or processing methods were used.

E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

HECK is equipped with an EG&G model 260 slant range corrected Side Scan Sonar (SSS) recorder and model 272 single frequency towfish. Serial numbers and dates of usage are as follows:

Towfish S/N 011901 DOY 122 - 132 Recorder S/N 012106 DOY 122 - 132

The beam width and down angle are not adjustable on this unit. All SSS data was collected using the 50 and 75 meter range scales and 100 Khz frequency. The sidescan towfish was deployed off the stern. All offset and layback information is provided in the offset table located in section IV of the separates.

Confidence checks were obtained, and annotated on the sonargrams, by towing the side scan unit either past known items or linear bottom features. A minimum of two confidence checks were obtained on a daily basis as required.

In general the quality of sonargrams on these investigations was good. There were some instances where sea return or low reflectivity bottom degraded the sonar trace. These degraded traces were reviewed and either deemed to be adequate or rejected.

The side scan sonar contact list (Side Scan Sonar Manual 3.1.1.1.) is provided through the HECK's side scan sonar abstract and the automated HDAPS contact printout that is produced during the computation and logging of contacts. Both are located in the separates.*

* Filed with the original somey records.

One contact table was used during this survey. In order to prevent confusion all items were identified using their position number. Some contacts have more than one target number from successive hits during developments, and detached positions. In this case the targets plotted on top of each other, however, the recommended charting positions were derived from their DP's.

Annotations required by section 2.6 of the Side Scan Sonar manual ie; ship's speed, ship's head, weather/sea state (heave) are not placed on the sonargrams. This information is all located in the digital records and can be examined using the "List Data" subroutine located in post-survey of HDAPS. This information is also displayed in the "Depth/Position Edit" sub-routine of post-survey.

F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

The following Raytheon DSF-6000N echosounder was used during this survey:

S/N A107N

DOY 122 - 132

Both low and high frequency depths were digitized, but only high frequency depths were plotted.

All data was collected using the automatic gain setting on the DSF-6000. There were no unusual problems with the echosounder.

Weather logs for all periods of hydrography are included in Appendix VI. Filed with the original survey records.

Heave information is recorded digitally from the Hippy and the heave corrector is applied on line. Ship's head and speed are recorded digitally.

G. CORRECTIONS TO ECHOSOUNDINGS

One velocity cast was conducted using the ODOM Digibar sound velocimeter (S/N 168):

DATE	DOY	POSITION			
April 14, 1992	120	30°00'30"N 087°57'18	3 "W		

The velocity cast data were reduced and velocity corrections calculated using program VELOCITY Version 1.11. The computed velocity correctors were then applied on line to echosounder depths (both high and low frequency) by entering the correction data into the HDAPS sound velocity table.

The digibar was checked on November 1, 1991 by ODOM and found to be performing within specifications. Field checks using the

prescribed fresh water method were accomplished prior to each cast and recorded on the velocity cast form.

On DOY 115 a dual leadline comparison was conducted and resulted in a mean difference of 0.060 meter or a corrector of 0.0 meter.

The static draft of 2.10 meters was applied on line to all echosoundings via the HDAPS offset table.

Settlement and squat correctors for the HECK were determined on March 13, 1991 (DOY 72), in the vicinity of Craney Island fuel pier in Norfolk, Virginia using the level rod method.

Settlement and squat values were applied on line to hydrographic soundings via the HDAPS offset table located in section IV of the separates. Filed with the original survey records.

Heave is measured by a Datawell B.V. (S/N 19110-C) heave, roll, and pitch sensor (HIPPY) located midships near the transducer. The sensor gathers on line data which is applied to the soundings in near real time. All data have been corrected by applying HIPPY correctors.

In situations where the HIPPY locked up, selected soundings were scanned and depths edited to remove the heave error.

The tidal datum for this survey was mean lower low water (MLLW). The tide station at Dauphin Island, Alabama (873-5180) was the reference station for this survey. The station was maintained under contract by Chapin and Assoc, and observed by Mike Dardeau. Contact with the observer was made, the station was inspected, and opening levels were run by HECK's crew. No tide stations were established by HECK in support of this survey.

All hydrographic depths have been corrected for predicted tides using the zone correctors specified in the project instructions. Tidal correctors were applied on line via the HDAPS predicted tide table. Approved Tides and zoning were applied during office processing

H. CONTROL STATIONS See Also Section 2, a. of the Evaluation Report.

The horizontal datum for this project is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). Four existing stations were recovered by HECK personnel. Those stations were:

Number Station

103 - MOBILE POINT LIGHT 1987

104 - STORMY, /986

105 - ELANA /984

106 - DAUPHIN ISLAND USAF E DOME

Positions for MOBILE POINT LIGHT, STORMY, ELANA and DAUPHIN ISLAND USAF E DOME were obtained from N/CG23322 Coastal Surveys Unit.

A list of the horizontal control stations appears in appendix III, LIST OF HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS submitted with this survey.

I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL See Also section 2, a. of the Evaluation Report.

Position control was multiple LOP, utilizing Motorola Mini-Ranger Falcon 484 shore stations. Control station positions were entered into the HDAPS Control Station Tables. (See appendix III, LIST OF HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS).

Equipment serial numbers appear as part of the header information on each day's data print out. The Falcon remote units are identified by their position and code numbers.

Baseline calibration information can be found in the Electronic Control Report submitted with H-10418. One C-O table was used for these investigations survey.

System checks were conducted in accordance with the Field Procedures Manual and appear as HDAPS screen dumps on the data printouts.

All survey offsets were applied on-line using the HDAPS Offset Table number 1.

At no time during this project did the maximum residual consistently exceed 0.5 mm at the survey scale (5 meters) nor did the 95% confidence ECR consistently exceeded 1.5 mm at the survey scale (15 meters). Data not meeting these requirements were examined and high residuals either accepted or smoothed and high ECR's rejected.

J. SHORELINE

Not applicable as per project instructions. Comedo

K. CROSSLINES

Not applicable as per project instructions. Concur

L. JUNCTIONS

Not applicable as per project instructions. Consur

M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

The following items were identified as requiring additional work during the preprocessing review of H-10393.

This target was identified during survey H-10383 as 90000 contact number 61.07. Itwas determined to be significant during the preprocessing review of the survey. On DOY 122 and 126 an echosounder development found a least depth of 15.1 meters in surrounding depths of 16.0 meters.

N: 14943.8 LAT 30°08'05.314"

E: 20170.5 LON 088°03'53.630" Pas # 30000

Recommendation: This item is insignificant and should not 11377 be charted. Do Not Coneur, Chart A 15 Obstr As shown on the present. Survey

This target was identified during survey H-10383 as 9001 contact number 61.21. Itwas determined to be significant during the preprocessing review of the survey. On DOY 122 and 126 an echosounder development found a least depth of 15.5 meters in surrounding depths of 16.3 meters.

N: 14990.3 LAT 30°08'06.820"

E: 20247.9 LON 088°03'50.738" Pos. # 30001

Recommendation: This item is insignificant and should not be charted. Do not Concur, Chart as 156 Obstr As shown on the NA present survey should the scale of the chart Allow.

This target was identified during survey H-10383 as 9002 contact number 1390.25. Itwas determined to be significant during the preprocessing review of the survey. On DOY 132 an echosounder development found a least depth of 13.3 meters in surrounding depths of

44 t.

N: 15562.9 LAT 30°08'25.417"

13.0

14.2 meters.

E: 18654.74 LON 088°03'50.266" DOS. #30002

Recommendation: This item is insignificant and should not 11377 be charted. The least depth position is approximately 100 meters from a lighted gas well. To not concur. Chart as a 136 Obstr As shown on the present sorvey.

This target was identified and determined to be 90033 significant during the preprocessing review of survey H-10393. On DOY 132 an echosounder development found a least depth of 12.3 meters in surrounding depths of 400 -12.9 meters.

N: 15562.9 LAT 30°08/25.417" /8295.6 E: 18654.7 LON 088°03'50.266" 88°07'31.0/0"

40 Ft

AMOUNT

Recommendation: This item is insignificant and should not be charted. The least depth position is in the vicinity of a dredge spoil disposal area where depths shoal to approximately 6.0 meters. Concur. Thoular depths of 9-10 meters have in the immediate vicinity to the

N. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART Jee 1/50 section 2 of the Evaluation Report See descriptive report for project H-10393.

O. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This survey meets or exceeds 1:10,000 specifications, and is adequate to supersede all prior surveys for the purpose of charting the depths and hazards to navigation within the survey area.

This additional work (to reinvestigate targets identified during the preprocessing review of H-10393) required three additional days of ship time and resulted in no change to HECK's original determination of insignificance for all targets. Two of these contacts are insignificant due to proximity to much more hazardous features. This additional data supports the adequacy of the original survey.

P. AIDS TO NAVIGATION Jee 1/50 section 7. c. of the Evalvation Report
See descriptive report for H-10393.

Q. STATISTICS

TOPM

	TIEM	 		. — –
1. 2. 3.	Total Number of Positions Lineal NM of Soundings Square NM Hydrography Days of Production		Fixes N/A N/A Days	
5. 6. 7. 8.	Bottom Samples Tide Stations Established Current Stations Established Velocity Casts Performed Magnetic Stations Established Detached Positions	1	None None Casts None None	

R. MISCELLANEOUS

No anomalies in tide, current or magnetics were noted.

S. RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendations concerning specific additional work items and depths are located in section M of this report. No additional investigations or field work are recommended.

T. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

Electronic control report included with H-10418.

This report should be evaluated together with the Descriptive Report for sheet H-10393.

Respectfully Submitted,

James E. Martin, ENS, NOAA Field Operations Officer

NOAA Ship HECK

CONTROL STATIONS as of 26 Sep 1991

No	Туре	Latitude	Longitude	H	Cart	Freq	Vel 0	Tode MM/DD/YY	Station Name
101	F	030:14:22.002	089:14:51.512	11	250	0.0	0.0	1 08/01/91	DAUPHIN ISLAND HEST BASE
102	F	030:15:00.599	089:08:22.626	7	250	0.0	0.0	2 08/01/91	PIRATE 1987
103	F	030:13:41.558	088:01:26.458	20	250	0.0	0.0	6 08/01/91	HOBILE POINT LIGHT 1987
104	F	030:13:49.424	087:57:49.846	11	250	0.0	0.0	5 08/26/91	STORMY 1986

DOY 241

MATE: 29 AGG1991

LOCATION: GULF OF MEXICO

DIVE MASTER: LT.MOELLER

TENDERS:

DIVE PLAN: Item invest. / LD

DEPTH: 11 58.0 PNEUMO/LEAD LINE

EQUIPTMENT USED: OPEN CIRCUIT SCUBA.

CONDITIONS:

WIND : DIR SE KTS 10

SEAS : DIR SE FT 1-2

CURRENT : KTS N 0.2 Kts

UNIT: NOAA SHIP HECK S591

AWOIS ITEM # N/A

CONTACT # 1041.51

DIVERS : LCDR BLACKWELL

ENS MARTIN

MAX DEPTH: 60

MAX TIME : 27 MIN AVERAGE LEAST DEPTH: 58.0 FT

LEAST DEPTH TIME : 18:31

PNEUMOFATHOMETER:

S/N 8607004N (SHALLOW) GAGE

S/N 8704986 (DEEP) GAGE DIVE VISIBILITY: 230

AIR TEMP: 88

WATER TEMP: 83

ALL TIMES GMT

DIVERS NAME	SI	GROUP	RNT		PRESURE / OUT	1. 1	DIVE TIMES	BOTTOM TIME		GROUP	
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2						<u></u>	U				
					1	<u>5/1</u>					
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- 10) -:	20 F	9	LON	a, 30	APH	COTTURE!	DE A	REA	· NO	
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
Office of NOAA Corps Operations
NOAA Ship HECK S-591
439 W. York Street
Norfolk, VA 23510-1114

September 4, 1991

Commander, Eighth Coast Guard District Aids to Navigation Branch Hale Boggs Federal Building, Room 1209 501 Magazine Street New Orleans, LA 70130-3396

Dear Sir,

During operations by the NOAA Ship HECK on survey project OPR-J461-HE, He-10-2-91, H-10393, Approaches to Mobile Bay significant shoaling was discovered in the Dump Site located west of the channel. The specific information is as follows:

Sounding @ MLLW	Position (NAD 83)	
18 foot (5.5 M)	30°09'30.0"N 088°06'21.0"W	rl ed.
19 foot (5.9 m)	30°09'37.0"N 088°06'43.0"W	howers
20 foot (6.3 m)	30°09'48.0"N 088°07'07.0"W	

These sounding have been corrected for predicted tides.

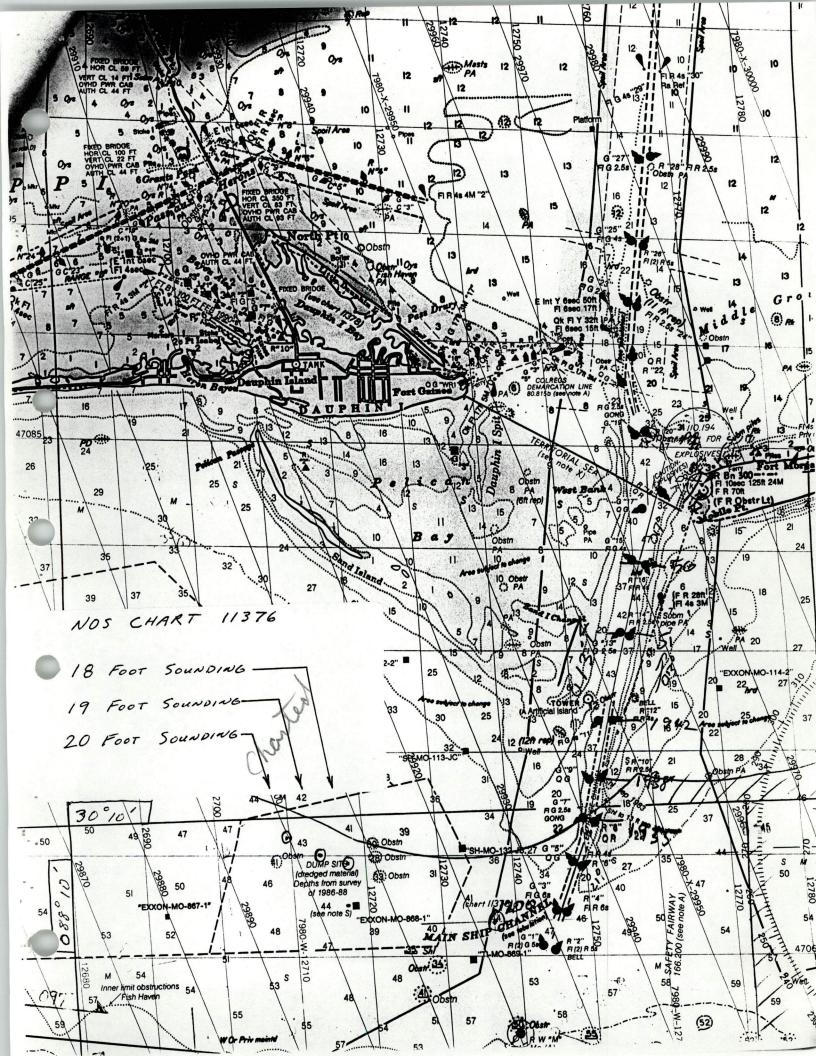
A chartlet is attached for your information. These sounding affect NOS chart 11376. For additional information please contact me at (904) 572-5052.

John W. Blackwell, LCDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer NOAA Ship HECK

Sincerely





VII. LETTER OF APPROVAL

Field operations contributing to the accomplishment of this survey were conducted under my direct supervision with frequent personal checks of progress and data quality. This report, field sheets, and data records have been closely reviewed and are complete and adequate for charting.

John W. Blackwell, LCDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer NOAA Ship HECK

VII. LETTER OF APPROVAL

Field operations contributing to the accomplishment of this survey were conducted under my direct supervision with frequent personal checks of progress and data quality. This report, field sheets, and data records have been closely reviewed and are complete and adequate for charting.

John W. Blackwell, LCDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer NOAA Ship HECK



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE Rockville, Maryland 20852

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

DATE: October 25, 1991

MARINE CENTER: Atlantic

OPR: J461

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H-10393

LOCALITY: Entrance to Main Ship Channel, Gulf of Mexico, AL

TIME PERIOD: August 13 - September 10, 1991

TIDE STATIONS USED: 873 5180 Dauphin Island, AL

Lat. 30° 15.0'N Lon. 80° 04.5'W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 2.68 feet

HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 1.2 feet

REMARKS: RECOMMENDED ZONING

Apply a -01 hr 40 min correction to all times, and a X1.23 range ratio to all heights.

NOTE: Hourly heights are tabulated on Central Standard Time.

CHIEF, DATUMS SECTION



NOAA FORM 76-155 (11-72) N	IATIONAL O	CEANIC	U.S. D	EPARTMEN	NT OF CO	MMERCE	SUI	RVEY NU	MBER	
GE	OGRAPH	IC NAM	ES				Н	-1039	3	
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ALABAMA (title)	X									1
GULF OF MEXICO	X		·							2
MAIN SHIP CHANNEL	X							. 2.0		3
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03/31/93

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY STATISTICS REGISTRY NUMBER: H-10393

NUMBER OF CONTROL STATIONS		4
NUMBER OF POSITIONS		2690
NUMBER OF SOUNDINGS		18824
	TIME-HOURS	DATE COMPLETED
PREPROCESSING EXAMINATION	108	11/26/91
VERIFICATION OF FIELD DATA	181	04/20/92
ELECTRONIC DATA PROCESSING	78	
QUALITY CONTROL CHECKS	104	
EVALUATION AND ANALYSIS	77	08/21/92
FINAL INSPECTION	33	03/30/93
TOTAL TIME	581	
ATLANTIC HYDROGRAPHIC SECTION A	APPROVAL	03/31/92

NOAA FORM 61-29 (12-71) U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERC ADMINISTRATIO	REFERENCE NO. N/CG244-4493
LETTER TRANSMITTING DATA	DATA AS LISTED BELOW WERE FORWARDED TO YOU BY (Check):
	ORDINARY MAIL AIR MAIL
TO:	REGISTERED MAIL X EXPRESS
Chief, Data Control Section, N/CG243	GBL (Give number)
NOAA/National Ocean Service	
Room 151, WSC-1	DATE FORWARDED
Rockville, MD 20852	12 April 1993
L	
	NUMBER OF PACKAGES 1 tube, 2 boxes
NOTE: A separate transmittal letter is to be used for each type of detc. State the number of packages and include an executed copy of the letter should be sent under series in the original and one copy of the letter should be sent under series. This form should not be used for correspondence or transmit H-10393 and Additional	eparate cover. The copy will be returned as a ting accounting documents.
Alabama, Gulf of Mexico, Entrance	Approximate a resolution of the second of th
A Original Smooth Sheet for H-10393 Poriginal Position Overlay Soriginal Excess sounding Overlays Smooth Field Sheets for H-10393 Smooth Field Sheets for H-10393 Ad. Wk. Box containing: Folder containing Tides Folder containing Original Descriptive Penvelope containing Appendices removed from the Envelopes with fathograms and field pring 232, 233, 234, 239, 240, 241, 246, and 19 Envelopes with sonargrams for 1991 JDs 2 234 (2), 239, 240 (3), 241, 246, and 2 Box containing: Cahier with final sounding printout and Cahier with final position printout and Envelope with sonargrams for day 132 Envelope with position overlays for H-1 Accordian file with fathograms & field prints	Line File Listing control file listing
EDOM (Streeture) /19, / 16; / 2/07	RECEIVED THE ABOVE
Richard H. Whitfield	(Name, Division, Date)
Return receipted copy to:	D.S. Clark 4/14/93
Atlantic Hydrographic Section, N/CG244 439 W. York Street Norfolk, VA 23510-1114	4/14/93

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY ATLANTIC HYDROGRAPHIC SECTION EVALUATION REPORT

SURVEY NO.: H-10393 and

FIELD NO.: HE-10-2-91

Additional Work

Alabama, Gulf of Mexico, Entrance to Main Ship Channel

SURVEYED: 13 August to 10 September 1991 and 1 May to 11 May 1992

SCALE: 1:10,000 PROJECT NO.: OPR-J461-HE

SOUNDINGS: RAYTHEON DSF-6000N Fathometer, EG&G Model 260 Side

Scan Sonar

CONTROL: MOTOROLA Falcon 484 Mini-Ranger (Range/Range)

Chief of Party.....J. W. Blackwell

Automated Plot by......XYNETICS 1201 Plotter (AHS)

1. INTRODUCTION

- a. This is a combined basic hydrographic/side scan sonar survey. Side scan sonar was operated simultaneously with the fathometer during survey operations.
- b. This survey was conducted during two field seasons, 1991 and 1992. The 1992 season was additional work to further develop side scan sonar items found during office processing on the present survey. The two Descriptive Reports have been combined under a single cover. See also section 7.a.1) of this report.
- c. No unusual problems were encountered during office processing.
- d. Notes in the Descriptive Report were made in red during office processing.

2. CONTROL AND SHORELINE

a. Control is adequately discussed in sections H., I., and T. of the Descriptive Report.

Horizontal control used for this survey during data acquisition is based upon the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD

83). Office processing of this survey is based on these values. The smooth sheet has been annotated with ticks showing the computed mean shift between the survey datum and the North American Datum of 1927 (NAD 27).

To place the smooth sheet on the NAD 27 move the projection lines 0.739 seconds (22.76 meters or 2.28 mm at the scale of the survey) north in latitude, and 0.007 seconds (0.19 meters or 0.02 mm at the scale of the survey) east in longitude.

b. There is no shoreline within the area surveyed.

3. HYDROGRAPHY

- a. Soundings at crossings are in excellent agreement and comply with the criteria found in sections 4.6.1 and 6.3.4.3. of the HYDROGRAPHIC MANUAL.
- b. The standard depth curves are drawn in their entirety. Additionally, some brown and dashed curves were also drawn to delineate bottom relief.
- c. The development of the bottom configuration and determination of least depths is considered adequate.

4. CONDITION OF SURVEY

The smooth sheet and accompanying overlays, hydrographic records and reports are adequate and conform to the requirements of the HYDROGRAPHIC MANUAL with the following exceptions:

- a. There are four (4) U. S. Coast Guard floating aids to navigation, three privately maintained mooring buoys, two lighted gas wells, and a lighted oil platform in the survey area. The field unit did not acquire positional data, other than a computed side scan sonar position, on any of these features. It is imperative that the field unit provide the most accurate position possible for features located in the survey area.
- b. The sonargrams submitted by the field unit lacked the required annotations at the beginning of each day, the beginning and end of each line, and some of the special annotations described in section 2.6, pages 2-15 through 2-17, of the SIDE SCAN SONAR MANUAL.
- c. The required 200% side scan sonar coverage was not achieved throughout the entire survey area. Steering errors, line spacing, and positional errors are all considered contributing factors to the failure to accomplish the required 200% coverage.

d. The Danger to Navigation Report submitted by the field unit to the Eighth Coast Guard District is not the required format described in Hydrographic Survey Guideline (HSG) 66, dated 30 September 1988. A copy of the report is appended to the Descriptive Report.

5. JUNCTIONS

H-10394 (1991) to the south H-10403 (1991) to the west H-10418 (1992) to the east

Adequate junctions were effected between the present survey and the surveys listed above. Present survey depths are in harmony with the charted depths to the north.

6. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

a. Hydrographic

H-10226 (1986-88) 1:20,000

The prior survey listed above covers the present survey area in its entirety.

Present survey depths are generally 0¹ to 0⁵ meters (0.3 to 1.6 feet) shoaler than prior survey depths. The following should be noted:

1) A radical change between prior survey depths and present survey depths exists along a line running from Latitude 30°09'15"N, Longitude 88°05'45"W to Latitude 30°10'00"N, Longitude 88°07'15"W. This area is inside the charted <u>Dump Site</u>. Present survey depths range from 2 to 5 meters (6 to 16 feet) shoaler than prior survey depths. This difference is attributed to the dumping of dredged material. Three soundings that are located within the <u>Dump Site</u> were identified by the field unit for inclusion in a letter to the Eighth Coast Guard District, Office of Aids to Navigation (oan). These soundings are listed as follows:

DEPTH (m/ft)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)
5 ⁵ /18	30°09'30.36"	88°06'21.13"
59/19	30°09'37.27"	88°06'43.17"
6 ³ /20	30°09'48.70"	88°07'07.19"

It is recommended that these soundings be charted as shown on the present survey.

2) Seven (7) AWOIS items originate with the prior survey and are listed as follows:

AWOIS				Depth
Item #	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)	Comment	FT/M
#7330	30°09'31.99"	88°07'15.38"	Charted	41/123
#7338	30°09'32.39"	88°05'57.85"	Charted	$28/8^{5}$
#7339	30°09'43.73"	88°05'58.99"	Not Charted	$31/9^4$
		88°05'58.99"	Charted	$30/9^{1}$
		88°05'53.99"	Not Charted	$33/10^{1}$
		88°05'57.99"	Not Charted	$34/10^4$
	30°09'18.73"	88°05'53.99"	Charted	$33/10^{1}$
#7349 #7341 #7342 #7443	30°09'41.73" 30°09'34.73" 30°09'33.73"	88°05'58.99" 88°05'53.99" 88°05'57.99"	Charted Not Charted Not Charted	30/ 33/1 34/1

All of these items are shown as <u>obstructions</u> on the prior survey, and four of these items are presently charted as <u>obstructions</u>. These items were searched for by the field unit with negative results. These items are considered disproved by the present survey. Additionally, these items are located within the limits of the charted <u>Dump Site</u> and are most likely dredged material that has been dumped. It is recommended that the charted items be removed from the chart and the area be charted as shown on the present survey.

The present survey is adequate to supersede the above prior survey within the common area.

b. Wire Drag

H-9374WD (1973) 1:40,000

Nine (9) hangs or groundings originating with the prior survey fall within the present survey area. Two additional hangs or groundings are located near the edges of the present survey. Four of the hangs or groundings that are within the limits of the present survey are charted AWOIS items. The following should be noted:

clearance depth of 35 feet, in Latitude 30°08'30.73"N, Longitude 88°05'32.99"W, originates with H-9374WD (1973). The AWOIS history states that this item will be deleted from the chart. The AWOIS history also states that this item was disproved by H-10226 (1986-88) with depths of 41 to 45 feet (12⁵ to 13⁷ meters). Present survey depths range from 12⁷ to 13⁶ meters (41 to 44 feet). The shoal is shown on the 41st edition of chart 11376. The present survey depths coupled with the absence of side scan sonar contacts in the vicinity reinforce the conclusion that the charted shoal does not exist. It is recommended that the feature be deleted from the chart and the area be charted as

shown on the present survey.

2) A copy of the A&D sheet for survey H-9374WD (1973) was not available for an effective depth comparison with present survey soundings.

7. COMPARISON WITH CHART 11376 (41st Edition, Mar. 16/91)

a. Hydrography

The charted hydrography originates with the previously discussed prior surveys. The following should be noted:

1) The following four (4) uncharted <u>obstructions with</u> <u>reported depths</u> were noted during office processing of the present survey for the 1991 field season and recommended for additional work:

Depth (m/ft)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)
$\frac{14^{7}(A)}{48(A)}$	30°08'04.76"	88°03'53.06"
$14^3(A)/47(A)$	30°08'06.67"	88°03'50.61"
$12^{7}(A)/41(A)$	30°08'25.29"	88°04'50.33"
$11^6(A)/38(A)$	30°09'53.80"	88°07'31.28"

The above items were developed and resolved by the hydrographer during the 1992 field season with the following results respectively:

Depth (m/ft)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)
15 /49	30°08'05.32"	88°03'53.63"
15 ⁶ /51	30°08'06.87"	88°03'50.49"
$13^{6}/44$	30°08'25.42"	88°04'50.27"
124/40	30°09'54.12"	88°07'31.01"11377

These <u>obstructions</u> are shown on the present survey and are considered adequate to supersede the above obstructions with reported depths. Charting recommendations are found in section M. of the report for additional work appended to the Descriptive Report.

2) During office processing five uncharted <u>obstructions</u> were noted in the field survey records and inserted into the present survey records. These obstructions are listed as follows:

Depth (m/ft)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W) 88°06'35.19" 377
108/35	30°10'12.56"	88°06'35.19"113
$14^2/46$	30°08'12.07"	88 02 30.76 1377 4
15 ¹ /49	30°08'11.91"	88°02'37.38"

Depth (m/ft)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W)
141/46	30°08'10.32"	Longitude (W) 88°02'37.35"//3774 88°02'30.84"//3774
17 ³ /57	30°08'03.55"	88°02'30.84"

It is recommended that these obstructions be charted as shown on the present survey. It is also recommended that additional work be conducted on these obstructions at an opportune time.

3) Two charted gas wells and a charted oil platform were located by the field unit in following locations:

Description Gas Well "TI-MO-869-1"	Latitude (N) 30°08'22.51"	Longitude(W) 88°04'43.71"	
Gas Well "EXXON-MO-868-1"	30°09'01.06"	88°06'14.34"	
Oil Platform "SH-MO-132-JB"	30°09'38.72"	88°04'50.10"	

These positions compare favorably with the charted positions and the positions listed in the Eighth Coast Guard District's 1991 LISTING OF OFFSHORE OIL, GAS, AND MINERAL RELATED STRUCTURES. It is recommended that the structures be charted as shown on the present survey.

- AWOIS Item #3627, a charted note Outer limit obstructions Fish Haven, in Latitude 30°06'40"N, Longitude 88°08'00"W, originates with Chart Letter 921 of 1959 (CL921/59) and was revised by CL577/61 and CL638/62. No indication of the fish haven was noted on H-10226 (1986-88). Field unit personnel discussed the item with local residents and determined that the fish haven was never established. The charted notation should be deleted from the chart.
- 5) A small piece of what appears to be centerline of the "Main Ship Channel" is charted in the vicinity of Latitude 30°08'35.78"N, Longitude 88°03'39.17"W. This line, which is oriented in a southwest to northeast direction, seems to serve no useful purpose. It is recommended that the chart compiler research the origin of this line and determine its

appropriateness on future chart editions. This line represents part of the "range line" from the line range liquits on Mobile Point. The light

The present survey is adequate to supersede the charted hydrography in the common area.

liquit. McG22x3 (Quality Assurance)

notified by McG241. 6/8/93, 55V

b. Controlling Depths

Three soundings near the edge of the Entrance Channel are shoaler than the 47 foot (143 meter) depth shown in the tabulation. These depths are as follows:

Depth (m/ft)	Latitude (N)	Longitude (W) 88°03'37.76"13774
$\frac{269511}{14^2/46}$	30°08'49.91"	
141/46	30°08'51.66	88°03'27.99"
141/46	30°08'57.62"	88 ° 03 ' 34 . 22 " 11377 4

c. Aids to Navigation

The hydrographer located eight (8) floating aids to navigation in the survey area. Two of these aids were removed from the survey area prior to completion of the present survey and are not shown on the present survey. The aids shown on the present survey appear adequate to serve their intended purpose.

COMPLIANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS

This survey complies with the Project Instructions except as noted in section 4. of this report.

9. ADDITIONAL FIELD WORK

This is an adequate basic survey; additional field work recommendations are in section 7.a.2) of this report.

Franklin L. Saunders Cartographic Technician

Verification of Field Data

Robert G. Roberson

Supervisory Cartographer Evaluation and Analysis

Leroy G. Cram

Supervisory Cartographic Technician

Verification Check

APPROVAL SHEET H-10393

Initial Approvals:

The completed survey has been inspected with regard to survey coverage, delineation of depth curves, development of critical depths, cartographic symbolization, and verification or disproval of charted data. The digital data have been completed and all revisions and additions made to the smooth sheet during survey processing have been entered in the magnetic tape record for this survey. Final control, position, and sounding printouts of the survey have been made. The survey records and digital data comply with NOS requirements except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Date: 31 MARCH 1993 Richard H. Whitfield

Cartographer, Evaluation and Analysis Team Atlantic Hydrographic Section

I have reviewed the smooth sheet, accompanying data, and reports. This survey and accompanying digital data meet or exceed NOS requirements and standards for products in support of nautical charting except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Christopher B. Lawrence, CDR, NOAA Chief, Atlantic Hydrographic Section

__ Date: 31-March 1993

Final Approval:

Approved: (

Date: 3-13-95

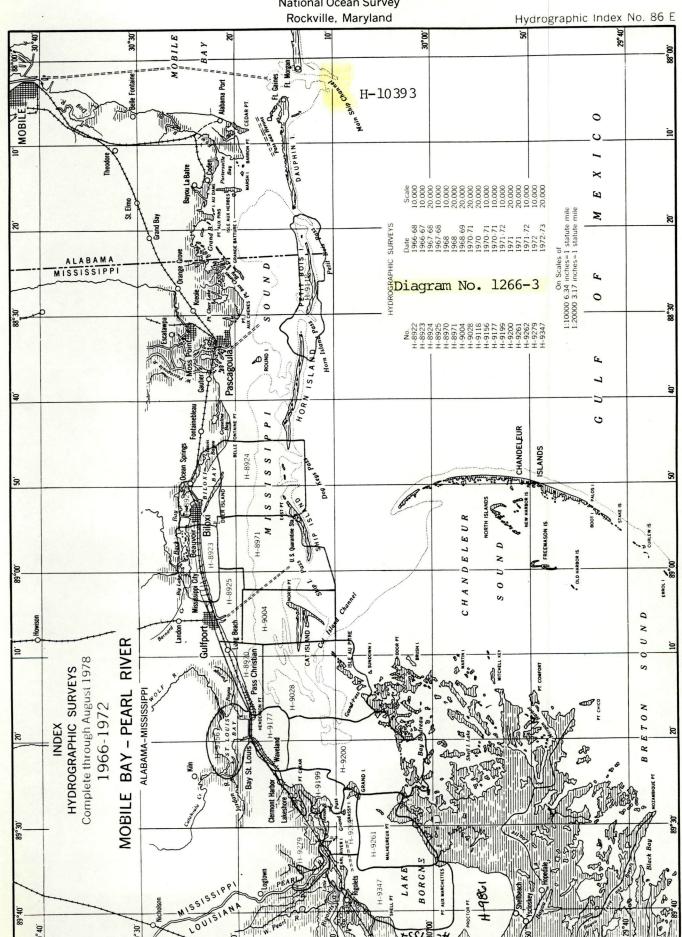
J. Austin Yeager

Rear Admiral, NOAA

Director, Coast and Geodetic Survey

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

National Ocean Survey



MARINE CHART BRANCH RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. $\underline{\text{H-}10393}$

INSTRUCTIONS

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

- 1. Letter all information.
- 2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

CHART	DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
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11376	7/26/13	Am Barber	Full Part Before After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
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