# H10701

NOAA	FORM	76-35A
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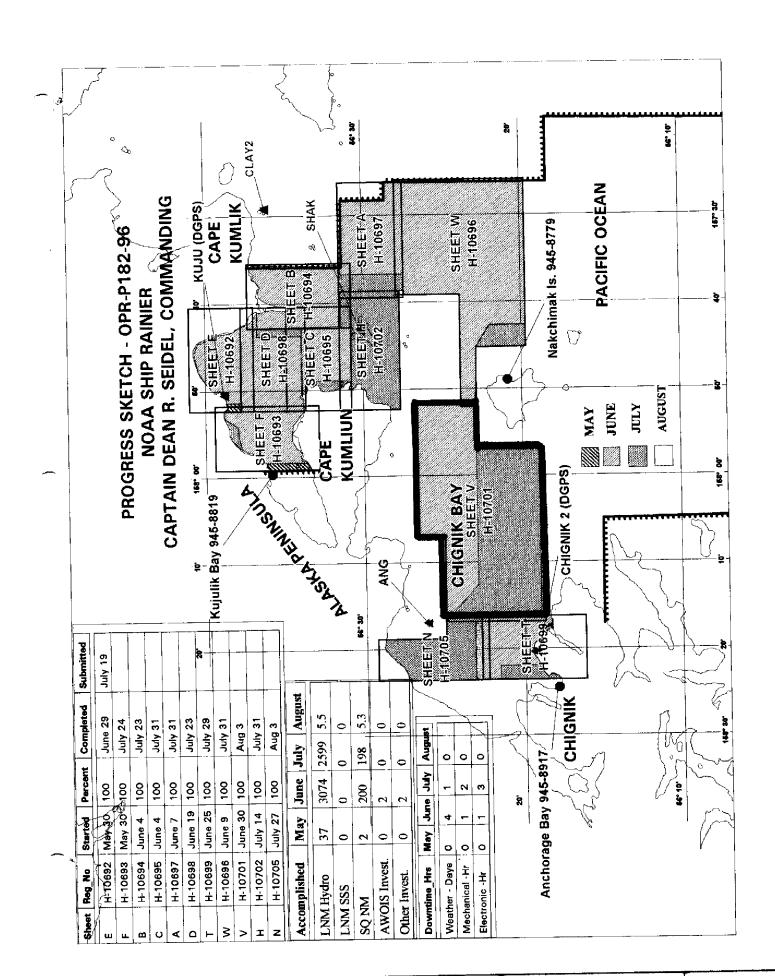
# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

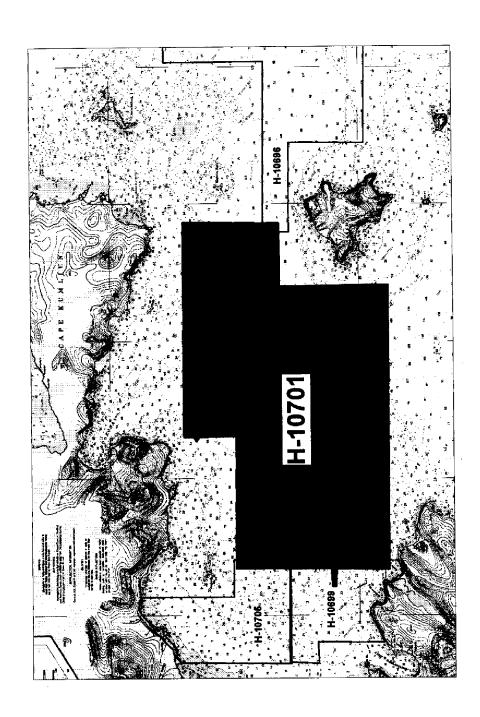
# DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic  Field No. RA-20-2-96  Registery No. H-10701
LOCALITY
Alaska
Southwest Alaska Peninsula General Locality
Chignik Bay Sublocality
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19 96
CHIEF OF PARTY CAPT Dean R. Seidel, NOAA
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
NOV   7   1997

☆U.S. GOV. PRINTING OFFICE: 1985—566-054

AA FORM 77-28	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTER NO.
- /2)	HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET	н-10701
INSTRUCTIONS - T	The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, ely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.	FIELD NO.  RA-20-2-96
State	Alaska	
	Southwest Alaska Peninsula	
General locality	Chignik Bay	
Locality	1:20,000	- 20 1006
Scale	May 15, 1996 Project No	OPR-P182-RA
Instructions date	PATRITUDE (2120) PA_3(2123)	
Vessel	CAPT Dean R. Seidel, NOAA	
Chief of party	NOAA Ship RAINIER Personnel	
	by echo sounder, hand kend, price DSF-6000N	
Combine record to	scaled byRAINIER Personnel	
Graphic record s	checked byRAINIER Personnel	
Evaluation	by: B. Mihailov Autor	nated plot by HP Design Jet 650C
Axanxanted ph —	B. Mihailov	
Verification by	and tent	hs
Soundings in	fathoms *** at ***** MLLW and tent	
	All times are UTC, revisions and m	narginal notes in black were
REMARKS:	generated during office processing	
	with the hydrographic data, as a	
	interrupted or non-sequential. A	- <del></del>
		<del></del>
	are referenced to mean lower low	
		441015/SURF 10/20/97
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# Descriptive Report to Accompany Hydrographic Survey H-10701

Field Number RA-20-2-96

Scale 1:20,000

July - August 1996

NOAA Ship RAINIER

Chief of Party: Captain Dean R. Seidel, NOAA

### A. PROJECT

This basic hydrographic survey was completed in the southwest region of the Alaska Peninsula as specified by Project Instructions OPR-P182-RA dated May 15, 1996. Survey H-10701 corresponds to sheet V as defined in the sheet layout included in the Project Instructions.

This survey provides contemporary hydrographic survey data for the southwest Alaska peninsula to update existing nautical charts derived from 1924-1925 leadline surveys. Requests for hydrographic surveys and updated charts have been received from members of the United States Congress, the U.S. Coast Guard, NOAA, and the domestic commercial fishing industry.

# B. AREA SURVEYED - See END Rpt, Section B

The survey area is the eastern portion of Chignik Bay, from Nakchamik Island west to Lake Bay. The survey's northern limit is 56° 26′ 57″ N, its southern limit is 56° 18′ 48″ N, its western limit is 158° 16′ 54″ W, and its eastern limit is 157° 51′ 36″ W. Data acquisition was conducted from June 30, 1996 (DN 182) to July 29, 1996 (DN 216).

Aug 3, 1994

### C. SURVEY VESSELS

Data were acquired by RAINIER, and by RAINIER survey launches as noted below:

Vessel	EDP#	Operation
RAINIER	2120	Sound Velocity Casts Bottom Samples Hydrography
RA-3	2123	Hydrography
RA-4	2124	Hydrography
RA-5	2125	Hydrography

# D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

All data were acquired and processed with HDAPS. A complete listing of software for HDAPS is included in Appendix VI. - Filed with the hydrographic data.

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### E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

Sonar equipment was not used on H-10701.

### F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

The Raytheon DSF-6000N is a dual frequency (100 kHz, 24 kHz), paper trace echo sounder. Serial numbers are included on the headers of the daily Raw Master Printouts. No problems which affect survey data were encountered. All DSF-6000N soundings were acquired using the High + Low, high frequency digitized setting. Noise from the ship's bridge fathometer caused occasional mis-digitization, but these depths were corrected during the data scanning process.

### G. CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDINGS

Correctors for the velocity of sound through water were determined from the casts listed below:

Velocity Table #	Cast #	DN	Cast Position	Deepest Depth (m)	Applicable DN
10	12	200	56° 19' 18" N 157° 58' 54"W	259	182-204 Launch
11	13	210	56° 23' 52" N 157° 58' 53"W	285	205-216 Launch
23	11	182	56° 23' 24" N 157° 52' 30"W	324	182-189 Ship
24	12	200	56° 19' 18" N 157° 58' 54"W	259	190-204 Ship
25	13	210	56° 23' 52" N 157° 58' 53"W	285	205-216 Ship

The sound velocity casts were acquired with SBE SEACAT Profiler (S/N 219), calibrated January 16, 1996. Velocity correctors were computed using the PC programs SEACAT and VELOCITY, version 2.11 (1995), in accordance with Hydrographic Survey Guideline (HSG) No. 69.

A printout of the Sound Velocity Corrector Table used in the HDAPS Post Survey program is included in the "Separates to be Included with Survey Data, IV.KSounding Equipment Calibrations and Corrections".

### Static Draft 🗸

A transducer depth was determined using FPM Fig 2.2 for vessels 2123-2125 in the spring of 1996. RAINIER transducer draft was determined during drydock in 1995. These values were entered into the offset tables for each survey platform.

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H-10701

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\* Filed with the hydrographic data.

### Settlement and Squat 🗸

Correctors were computed in accordance with Hydrographic Manual Section 4.9.4.2., using FPM Fig. 2.3, and are included with project data for OPR-P182-RA. The data for vessels 2123-2125 were collected in Shilshole Bay, Washington in the Spring of 1996. Data for RAINIER was acquired in 1994.

### Offset Tables

Offset tables contain offsets for the GPS antenna, static draft measurements, and settlement and squat data. Offset tables 3-5 correspond to the last digit of the vessel number, and RAINIER uses Table 1. The offset tables are included with project data for OPR-P182-RA.

### Heave 🖊

The launches are not equipped with heave, roll and pitch sensors. The Hippy heave sensor aboard RAINIER is not connected to HDAPS.

### Bar Check and Lead Lines

Bar check lines were calibrated by RAINIER personnel during Spring 1996. Calibration forms are included with project data for OPR-P182-RA. Bar checks were performed periodically and served as a functional check of the DSF-6000N.

### Tide Correctors 🗸

Predicted tides for the project were provided on diskette by N/OES334 through N/CS31 for the West End, Sutwik Island, Alaska reference station (945-8665). Tidal correctors as provided in the project instructions for H-10701 are:

Zone	Time Correction	Height Correction	
3	0 hr 0 min	X0.97	
6	0 hr 0 min	X1.00	

Zone 6 applies to the northeast corner of Sheet V, while Zone 3 applies to the remaining portion of the survey. HDAPS listings of the data used in generating tide corrector tables are included in Appendix V of this report.

Sand Point, Alaska (945-9450) was the primary control station for datum determination at all subordinate stations. RAINIER personnel installed Sutron 8200 digital tide gages at Nakchamik Island (945-8779) on June 3, 1996, and Anchorage Bay (945-8917) on June 24, 1996. Each tide staff was connected to five bench marks during the opening and closing level runs. The station descriptions, field tide records, preliminary field tide notes and data (Appendix V) have been forwarded to N/OES212 in accordance with HSG 50 and FPM 4.3. A request for approved tides was forwarded to N/OES23 in accordance with FPM 4.2.3. Approved Tide Note dated November 22, 1966 is attached.

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# H. CONTROL STATIONS - See Evel Rpt, Section 4

The horizontal datum for this project is NAD 83. No new control points were established for this survey. The control stations used for this survey are listed in Appendix III. See the OPR-P182-RA-96 Horizontal Control Report for more information.

I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL See Eval Report, Section I.

### Method of Position Control <

All soundings and bottom samples were positioned using differential GPS. Serial numbers for vessel GPS equipment are annotated on the raw data printouts. A VHF differential reference station was established at First Order station CHIGNIK2, located near the entrance to Anchorage Bay. No multi-path or other systemic error was indicated by Monitor, version 3.0. The United States Coast Guard modulated radio reference stations (i.e., DGPS beacons) at Kodiak and at Cold Bay were monitored at stations KUJU and ANG, respectively, and used when VHF correctors from CHIGNIK2 were not available.

### Calibrations & Systems Check Methods

Launch-to-launch DGPS performance checks were performed in accordance with Section 3.4.4 of the FPM. Some outliers were noted, but none indicated systematic or continuous errors in the VHF station at CHIGNIK2, or in the KODIAK or COLD BAY DGPS beacons. The performance check and monitor results are included in the project data for OPR-P182-RA.

### J. SHORELINE

There was no shoreline associated with this survey. Concur

### K. CROSSLINES

Crosslines generally agreed within 1 meter of mainscheme hydrography. Total crossline mileage was 40.4 nautical miles, or 5.5% of total mainscheme hydrography.

# L. JUNCTIONS See Eval Report, section L.

This survey junctions with surveys H-10696, RA-20-01-96, 1:20,000 at the eastern limit, and surveys H-10699, RA-10-15-96 and H-10705, RA-10-17-96 at the western limit. Soundings were found to be in good agreement. Final comparisons will be done at PHB after reduction to final sounding datum using tidal information collected concurrently with this survey.

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H-10701

OPR-P182-RA

\* Filed with the hydrographic data.

# M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS See Eval Rpt , section M.

Four prior surveys cover this project area: H-4388 (1:20,000, 1924), H-4427 (1:20,000, 1924), H-4449, (1:60,000, 1924), and H-4509 (1:20,000, 1925). Soundings from these prior surveys were generally in good agreement with this survey. Final comparisons will be done at PHB after reduction to final sounding datum using tidal information collected concurrently with this survey. H-4508 (1:20,000) 1925) also falls within the survey limits.

### N. ITEM INVESTIGATIONS

No AWOIS items were assigned to this survey. Concur

# O. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART See Eval Rpt, Section O.

This survey was compared in the field to NOS chart 16566, 7th Edition, dated October 28, 1989, 1:77,477 (NAD 83). In general, charted soundings were found to be in good agreement with those from the current survey. Least depths from this survey were often shoaler than charted soundings due to the use of modern positioning equipment and increased sounding densities. In areas where charted soundings appeared shoaler than those from this survey, they generally differed by less than three meters (up to four meters in waters greater than 80 fathoms). These differences are not considered unusual in such deep waters. The differences probably arise from positioning and scaling errors from prior surveys, as well as errors introduced by deep water sounding by lead-line (e.g., currents).

Three charted soundings were of particular note due to the differences found by this survey:

<u>Latitude</u>	<b>Longitude</b>	Charted <u>Sounding</u>	Current * Sounding	Line <u>Spacing</u>
56° 23' 36" N 56° 20' 52" N	158° 04' 30" W 158° 09' 08" W	57 fm 43 fm	70 fm 48 fm	200 m Retain 57 Fm depth 200 m Superade 45 Fm depth
56° 26' 03" N	157° 57' 15" W	25 fm	4≱fm	100 m Retain 25 Fm depth

\* Based on approved tides

In the case of the charted 57 fathom sounding, the 100 meter (55 fathom) contour was found to be approximately 0.1 nm to the southwest of the charted sounding by this survey. Positioning errors between the prior survey and the chart, as well as currents in this area while conducting lead-line soundings, could have accounted for this large difference. A similar argument can be made for the charted 43 fathom sounding, where the 80 meter (44 fathom) contour was found to be approximately 0.1 nm to the hot livest of the charted sounding. There was no sounding development conjucted over the charted 57Fn double within 100 meters of the charted sounding. There was no sounding development to the proposition of the charted position appears to have been shifted approximately 10" south from that indicated on the prior survey. However, the depth in the general area of the correct position is more than 35 fathoms, still indicating a difference greater than 10 fathoms. A 20 fathom shoal area was found by this survey approximately 0.5 nm to the east, suggesting a possible positioning error from the prior survey. While this difference between the charted and current sounding is not fully explainable, this area does not represent a hazard to navigation and has been adequately developed by the current survey. The hydrographer recommends superseding all previous soundings with those from this survey. Concurred the charted 25 Find or the livesual between the property and the charted 25 Find or the livesual between the property with the charted 25 Find or the livesual between the property with the charted 25 Find or the livesual between livesual lack of soulding or lives and livesual between the livesual between the livesual between lack of soulding or lives and livesual lives and lives a lives and lives and lives a lives and

OPR-P182-RA

Final comparisons will be made at PHB after application of real tide correctors.

### Dangers to Navigation

No dangers to navigation were determined by this survey. Concur

### P. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

Survey H-10701 is complete and adequate to supersede prior soundings and features in their common areas.

### Q. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

No aids to navigation exist within the survey area. Concur

### R. STATISTICS

NM Hydrography	791.9
Velocity Casts	3
<b>Detached Positions</b>	0
Selected Soundings	14263
Bottom Samples	55
Tide Stations	2
NM <sup>2</sup> Hydrography	90.1
Dives	0

### S. MISCELLANEOUS ~

Bottom samples were collected and sent to the Smithsonian Institution in accordance with Project Instructions. No unusual tidal currents were found during the time of this survey. Secchi disk observations were not performed during hydrographic data operations.

### T. RECOMMENDATIONS $\checkmark$

None

### U. REFERRAL TO REPORTS 🗸

The following supplemental reports contain additional information relevant to this survey:

Title	<b>Date Sent</b>	<u>Office</u>
1996 Horizontal Control Report for OPR-P182-RA.	August, 1996	N/CS34
1996 Coast Pilot Report for OPR-P182-RA.	August, 1996	N/CS26

OPR-P182-RA H-10701 RA-20-2-96 Page 6

Title Date Sent Office

Project related data for OPR-P182-RA.

Secchi Disk Observations for OPR-P182-RA

N/CS34

N/CS31

Respectfully Submitted,

Stephen Meador Lieutenant, NOAA Approved and Forwarded,

Dean R. Seidel Captain, NOAA Commanding Officer

## CONTROL STATIONS as of 28 Jul 1997 🗸

No	Type	Latitude	longitude	· H	Cart	Freq	Unl Co	ode MM/PP-77	the strong William
001 007 100 101	Ç G	056:19:28.097 057:37:07.800	157:50:79.988 158:19:45.257 152:11:21.000 162:31:54.000	122		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	A (6379)/96	+ 0.00   1074 + 514415   7   187   75   DUPS FRED   7 + 0.014   717   FRZ   USCO DUPS   0.014   DUZ   289   FRZ   USCO DUPS

# Limited Shoreline Verification: The New Rules

First, understand that the fundamental difference between last year and this year is that the amount of shoreline we must verify is determined by US, not strictly specified in the Project Instructions.

### Procedures:

- Determine distance from shore that is the MINIMUM working distance necessary for the survey. Take into account likely vessel traffic, bathymetry, complexity of the shoreline from prior surveys and the chart, and weather (sea) conditions experienced in the area. Use greater distances if shallow depths prevail, or if swell is severe. Even in steep foreshore bathymetry, do not go closer than 3 launch lengths (30 meters), unless vessel usage indicates that the area is used (e.g. a landing ramp is on shore, or an extremely narrow passage is used by fishing vessels to reach a certain bay.)
- 2) Draw the inshore limit determined in (1) on the boat sheet. Collecting data along this line may or may not be feasible, due to tides and project logistics, but the boat sheet line may be used to delimit mainscheme and development hydrography until such a "buffer" line is or may be needed.
- 3) Search for and develop all features seaward of the line drawn in (2). Use low water for this search, if possible. Combining this search with the acquisition of the data along the "buffer" line may be possible in areas which are not too complex. Detached positions are required only if a feature is found offshore of the NALL line and either more than 1 mm away from any manuscript feature or is mis-represented by the manuscript. If a charted or manuscript feature located offshore of the line is NOT found, a full disproval is required.
- Annotate the field copies of the boat sheet (which by definition includes the charted, manuscript, and significant prior survey features) showing that the shoreline features offshore of the NALL each have a full disposition. These copies are bound and used to create the final field sheet, and submitted as official survey records.

Shoreline Decision Tree

### APPROVAL SHEET

for

H-10701

RA-20-2-96

Standard procedures were followed in accordance with the Hydrographic Manual, Fourth Edition; the Hydrographic Guidelines; and the 1994 version of the Field Procedures Manual in producing this survey. The data were examined daily during data acquisition and processing.

The field sheet and accompanying records have been examined by me, are considered complete and adequate for charting purposes, and are approved.

Dean R. Seidel Captain, NOAA Commanding Officer



### TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

DATE: November 22, 1996

HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH: Pacific

HYDROGRAPHIC PROJECT: OPR-P182-RA

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H-10701

LOCALITY: Chiqnik Bay, Southwest Alaska Peninsula, Alaska

TIME PERIOD: June 30 - August 3, 1996

TIDE STATION USED: 945-8779 Nakchamik Island, Ak.

Lat. 56° 21.1'N Lon. 157° 48.7′W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 2.491 meters

945-8917 Chignik, Anchorage Bay, Ak. TIDE STATION USED:

Lat. 56° 17.8'N Lon. 158° 24.0'W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 2.472 meters

TIDE STATION USED: 945-9450 Sand Point, Popof Island, Ak. Lat. 55° 20.2'N Lon. 160° 30.1′W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 1.984 meters

REMARKS: RECOMMENDED ZONING

Use zone(s) identified as: #SAP7, #SAP8 & #SAP11 Refer to Attachment(s) for zoning information

Note: Times are tabulated in Greenwich Mean Time.

CHIEF, 'TIDAL ANALYSIS BRANCH



NOAA FORM 76-155 (11-72) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SURVEY NUMBER NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION H-10701 **GEOGRAPHIC NAMES** P.O. GUIDE OR MAP G Rungy Hernhit E ON LOCAL MAPS Ar ROW ORMATION Name on Survey 1 χ ALASKA (title) χ 2 ALASKA PENINSULA (title) χ χ 3 CHIGNIK BAY χ χ 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 **Approved:** 20 21 22 Chief Geographer 23 OCT 7 996 24 25

Inspection by

B. Olmstead

**NOAA** FORM 77-27(H) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE REGISTRY NUMBER (9-83) H-10701 HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY STATISTICS RECORDS ACCOMPANYING SURVEY: To be completed when survey is processed RECORD DESCRIPTION **AMOUNT** RECORD DESCRIPTION **AMOUNT** SMOOTH SHEET SMOOTH OVERLAYS: POS., ARC, EXCESS NA DESCRIPTIVE REPORT 1 FIELD SHEETS AND OTHER OVERLAYS NA DESCRIP-DEPTH/POS HORIZ, CONT. ABSTRACTS/ SONAR-**PRINTOUTS** SOURCE DOCUMENTS TION RECORDS RECORDS **GRAMS** ACCORDION 1 FILES **ENVELOPES** VOLUMES CAHIERS BOXES SHORELINE DATA NA SHORELINE MAPS (List): NA PHOTOBATHYMETRIC MAPS (List): NOTES TO THE HYDROGRAPHER (List): NA NA SPECIAL REPORTS (List): NAUTICAL CHARTS (List): Chart 16566 8th Ed., August 3, 1996 OFFICE PROCESSING ACTIVITIES The following statistics will be submitted with the cartographer's report on the survey **AMOUNTS** PROCESSING ACTIVITY VERIFICATION TOTALS **EVALUATION** POSITIONS ON SHEET OSITIONS REVISED OUNDINGS REVISED CONTROL STATIONS REVISED TIME-HOURS VERIFICATION **EVALUATION** TOTALS PRE-PROCESSING EXAMINATION VERIFICATION OF CONTROL VERIFICATION OF POSITIONS VERIFICATION OF SOUNDINGS VERIFICATION OF JUNCTIONS APPLICATION OF PHOTOBATHYMETRY SHORELINE APPLICATION/VERIFICATION 100 COMPILATION OF SMOOTH SHEET 100 COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS AND CHARTS 10 10 EVALUATION OF SIDE SCAN SONAR RECORDS EVALUATION OF WIRE DRAGS AND SWEEPS **EVALUATION REPORT** 30 30 GEOGRAPHIC NAMES \*USE OTHER SIDE OF FORM FOR REMARKS TOTALS 100 40 140 Pre-processing Examination by J. Stringham Beginning Date 9/17/96 Ending Date 9/19/96 Verification of Field Data by Time (Hours) Ending Date 4/22/97 B. Mihailov 100 Verification Check by B. Olmstead Time (Hours) Ending Date 12 4/25/97 Evaluation and Analysis by B. Minailov Time (Hours) **Ending Date** 

40 Time (Hours) 4/23/97

5/14/97

Ending Date

### **EVALUATION REPORT**

### H-10701

### A. PROJECT

Project information is discussed in the hydrographer's report.

### B. AREA SURVEYED

A description of the survey limits is adequately discussed in the hydrographer's report. The bottom consists mainly of sand, mud and broken shell. Depths range from 12 to 150 fathoms.

### C. SURVEY VESSELS

Survey vessel information is found in the hydrographer's report.

### D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

Survey data were processed using the same Hydrographic Data Acquisition/Processing System (HDAPS) software used by the hydrographer, the Hydrographic Processing System (HPS), AutoCad (Version 12.0), and MicroStation 95.

At the time of the survey certification the format for transmission of digital data had not been formally approved. In the interim, digital data for this survey exists in the standard HPS format, which is a database, format using the .dbf extension. In addition, the sounding plot was created with .dbf (extension) and enhanced using the MicroStation system, are filed both in the MicroStation drawing format, .dgn (extension); and in the more universally recognized graphics transfer format, .dxf (extension). Copies of these files will be retained at PHB until data transfer protocols are developed and improved.

The drawing files necessarily contain information, which is not part of the HPS data set such as geographic names text, line-type data, and minor symbolization. In addition, those soundings deleted from the drawing for clarity purposes, remain unversed in the HPS digital files to preserve the integrity of the original hydrographic data set. Cartographic codes used to describe the digital data are those authorized by Hydrographic Survey Guidelines No. 35 and No. 75.

The field sheet parameters have been revised to center the hydrography on the office plot. The data is plotted using a Modified Transverse Mercator projection and are depicted on a single sheet.

### E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

Side scan sonar was not used on survey H-10701.

### F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

Sounding equipment is discussed in the hydrographer's report.

### G. CORRECTIONS TO SOUNDINGS

The sounding data have been reduced to Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW). The reducers include corrections for an actual tide, dynamic draft, and sound velocity. These reducers have been reviewed and are consistent with NOS specifications. Actual tide reduction are derived from Sand Point, Popof Island, Alaska gage 945-9450, Nakchamik Island, Alaska gage 945-8779 and Chignik, Anchorage Bay, Alaska gage 945-8917.

### H. CONTROL STATIONS

Control stations are discussed in the hydrographer's report and separates.

The positions of horizontal control stations used during hydrographic operations are published values based on NAD 83. The geographic positions of all survey data are based on NAD 83. The smooth sheet is annotated with an NAD 27 adjustment tick based on values determined with the NGS program NADCON.

Data based on NAD 27 may be referenced to this survey by applying the following corrections:

Latitude: -2.778 seconds (-85.921 meters) Longitude: 7.347 seconds (126.076 meters)

### I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

Differential GPS (DGPS) was used to control this survey. A horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) not to exceed 7.5 was computed for survey operations. The quality of several positions exceeds limits in terms of horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP). These positions are isolated and occur randomly throughout the survey area. The features or soundings located by these fixes are consistent with the surrounding information. These fixes are considered acceptable. Daily DGPS performance checks were conducted in the field and found adequate.

Additional information concerning calibrations and system checks can be found in the hydrographer's report and in the separates related to horizontal position control and corrections to position data.

### J. SHORELINE

There is no shoreline within the limits of survey H-10701.

### K. CROSSLINES

Crosslines are discussed in the hydrographer's report.

### L. JUNCTIONS

Survey H-10701 junctions with the following surveys.

Survey	Year	Scale	<u>Area</u>
H-10696 H-10699	1996 1996	1:20,000 1:10,000	East Southwest
H-10705	1996	1:10,000	Northwest

The junction with surveys H-10696, H-10699 and H-10705 are complete, soundings and depth curves are in good agreement within the common area. A few soundings have been transferred from survey H-10705 and H-10699 to better portray the common area. A "Joins" note has been shown on the survey within the common areas. There are no contemporary surveys which junction on the south, southeast and northeast.

### M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

H-4388 (1924) 1:20,000 H-4449 (1924) 1:60,000 H-4508 (1925) 1:20,000 H-4509 (1925) 1:60,000

The prior surveys listed above cover the entire area of the present survey. A more thorough bottom ensonification by the present survey has shown this area to contain many newly discovered shoal areas not found in 1924-25. In addition, shoaler depths (1-3 fathoms) were normally found in similar areas depicted on the prior surveys. However, there are several prior depths considerably shoaler (5-10 fathoms) then depths found by the present survey. These shoaler depths plot in areas where the bottom slopes off rapidly and has likely resulted in anomalous lead line depths. Positional error may be another factor in discrepancies with prior depth information. Many of the prior shoaler depths can be found within 200 meters of a present depth. Differences between the present and prior surveys can largely be attributed to positioning and sounding methods available in 1924-25.

H-10701 is adequate to supersede prior surveys except as follows:

The charted 57 fathom and 25 fathom depths originate from prior survey H-4449 (1924) and were not adequately investigated. These prior survey soundings have been brought forward to the present survey and should remain as charted. Reference the hydrographer's report section O.

### N. ITEM INVESTIGATIONS

There were no AWOIS items assigned to this survey.

### O. COMPARISON WITH CHART

Survey H-10701 was compared with the following charts.

Chart	<b>Edition</b>	Date	Scale	<u>Datum</u>
16566	8th	Aug. 3, 1996	1:77,477	NAD83
16566	7th	Oct. 28, 1989	1:77,477	NAD83

### a. Hydrography

Charted hydrography originates with the prior hydrographic surveys. The prior surveys have been adequately addressed in section M and require no further discussion. The 8<sup>th</sup> Edition of Chart 16566 reflects the latest shoreline information and dangers to navigation not portrayed on the previous edition.

Survey H-10701 is adequate to supersede charted hydrography except as noted in section M.

### b. Dangers to Navigation

No dangers to navigation were discovered during survey operations. No additional dangers to navigation were found during office processing.

### P. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

With the exception noted in section M and T, hydrography contained on survey H-10701 is adequate to:

- a. delineate the bottom configuration, determine least depths, and draw the required depth curves;
- b. reveal there are no significant discrepancies or anomalies requiring further investigation; and
- c. show the survey was properly controlled and soundings are correctly plotted.

The hydrographic records and reports received for processing are adequate and conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual, 4th Edition, revised through Change No. 3, the Hydrographic Survey Guidelines, and the Field Procedures Manual, April 1994 Edition, except as follows;

The present survey reveals numerous shoal indications rising 25-30% above the surrounding depths (16-50 fathoms) throughout the survey area. It is recommended to split the two hundred meter line spacing throughout these areas to better define the bottom and to ensure shoaler depths are not present. Reference Section 1.4.3 of the Hydrographic Manual. Additionally, two holidays in the sounding lines exist and are located at approximately latitude 56/24/00N, longitude 158/12/00W and latitude 57/19/50N, longitude 158/13/09W.

### Q. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

There are no fixed and floating aids to navigation within the survey area.

There were no features of landmark value located within the area of this survey.

### S. MISCELLANEOUS

Miscellaneous information is discussed in the hydrographer's report. No additional miscellaneous items were noted during office processing.

### T. RECOMMENDATIONS

This is a fair hydrographic survey. Additional work is recommended as specified in section P, Adequacy of Survey and in a letter to the Hydrographic Surveys Division dated May 6, 1997 (attached). Attachment 2 is a full size copy of survey H-10701 with areas noted for further development and is not included in this report.

### U. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

Referral to reports is discussed in the hydrographer's report.

Bob Mihailov Cartographer

May 6, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR: Captain

Captain Andy Armstrong, NOAA

Chief, Hydrographic Surveys Division

FROM:

Commander Kathy Timmons, NOAA

Chief, Pacific Hydrographic Branch

SUBJECT:

OPR-P182-RA Additional Work

After reviewing the hydrographic surveys H-10697 and H-10701 from OPR-P182-RA, I strongly recommend that the RAINIER return to these areas during the 1997 field season and perform additional work. The work performed by the RAINIER was not sufficient such that holidays exist and least depth developments were not conducted.

The areas that need additional soundings are:

H-10697 - A junctional holiday exists on the northern edge of H-10697 with the contemporary survey H-10557. A second junctional holiday exists on the eastern boundary of H-10697 where it meets H-10545 and H-10554. (Refer to attachment #1)

H-10701 - Only a minor amount of development work was done on this survey. As a result, over 100 additional sounding lines should be completed as indicated on the attached sheet. Basically, this calls for splitting almost every main scheme line west of longitude 158/10/00 W; splitting most lines south of latitude 56/23/00 N; and then a few additional lines throughout the remaining area. Also, two holidays in the sounding lines exist and are located at approximately 56/24/00N, 158/12/00W and 56/19/50N, 158/13/09W. (Refer to attachment #2)

cc: PMC - Albright PMC-RA - Anderson

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NOAA FORM 61-2

### APPROVAL SHEET H-10701

### Initial Approvals:

The completed survey has been inspected with regard to survey coverage, delineation of the depth curves, development of critical depths, cartographic symbolization, comparison with prior surveys and verification or disproval of charted data. The survey records and digital data comply with NOS requirements except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Bruce A. Osmason	Date: 5/14/97	
Bruce A. Olmstead Senior Cartographer, Cartographic Section Pacific Hydrographic Branch		

I have reviewed the smooth sheet, accompanying data, and reports. This survey and accompanying digital data meet or exceed NOS requirements and standards for products in support of nautical charting except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Kathy Timmons	Date: <u>5/29/9</u> 7
Kathy 7 mmons	Duic
Commander, NOAA	
Chief, Pacific Hydrographic Branch	
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### Final Approval

Approved:

Andrew A. Armstrong III

Captain, NOAA

Chief, Hydrographic Surveys Division

Date: Oct. 28, 1997

### MARINE CHART BRANCH

### **RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS**

H-10701 FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. .

### INSTRUCTIONS

- A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

- 1. Letter all information.
  2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.
  3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

CHART	DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
16566	5/4/97	B. Milasfor	Full Part Besofte After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
			Drawing No. Full application of Soundings and curves From Smooth sheet.
			Full Part Before After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
			Drawing No.
			Full Part Before After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
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