H10737

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic

Field No. RA-10-6-97

Registry No. H-10737

LOCALITY

1997

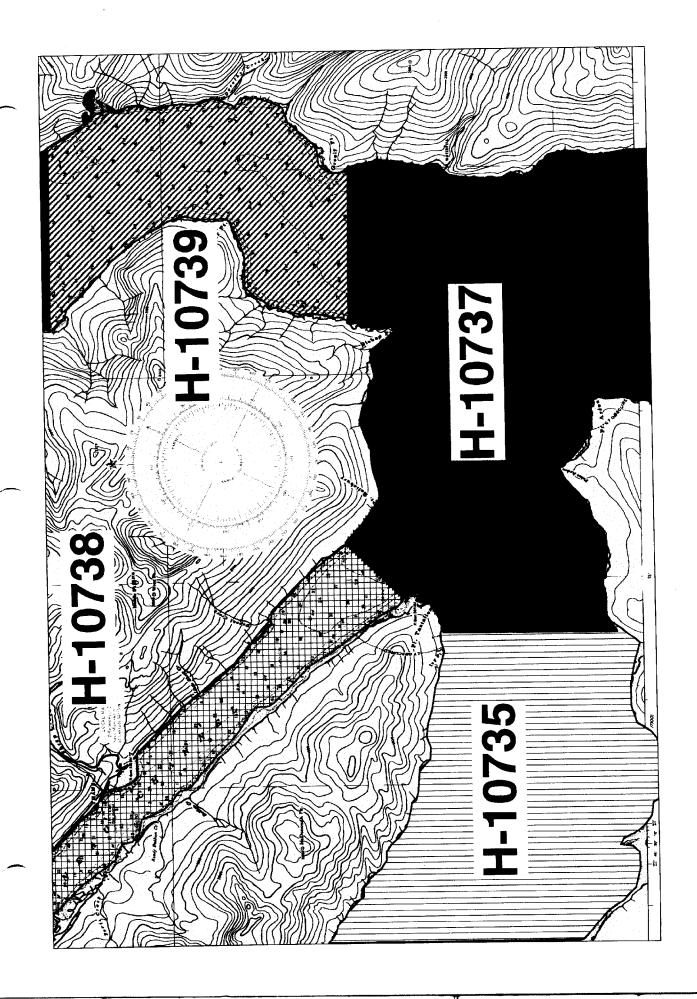
CHIEF OF PARTY CAPT Alan D. Anderson, NOAA

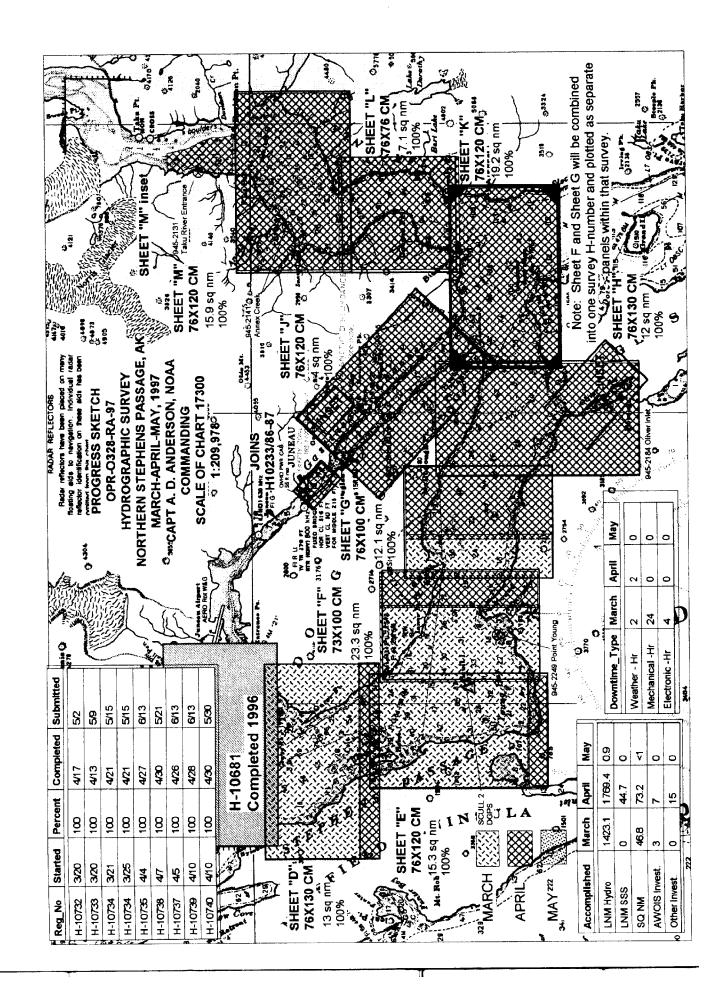
LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

DATE JAN 27 1998

NOAA FORM 77-28	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTER NO.
	HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET	н-10737

	FIELD NO.
INSTRUCTIONS - The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to t	this form,
made in an compactive of Ferritain	
StateAlaska	
General locality Northern Stephens Passage	
Locality Of Arden Point	
•	Date of survey April 5 to April 26, 1997
Instructions dated 12/20/96, Change #1 4/3/97	Project No. OPR-0328-RA
	,(2122),(2123),(2124),(2125),(2126)
CAPT Alan D. Anderson, NOAA	
Surveyed by CAPT A. Anderson, LT G.No11, LT S.1 LT K.Bailey, LT D.Baird, ST.S Baum, ST K. Ca. Soundings taken by echo sounder, hand leady pole. DS 6000	llahan, ST Brown N, Knudsen 320M, EG&G Side Scan Sonar
Graphic record scaled by RAINIER Personnel	
Graphic record checked by RAINIER Personnel	
Evaluation by: R. Davies	Automated plot by HP 650C Design Jet
Verification by R. Davies	
Soundings in fathoms Memory at MEMO MLLW	and tenths
KEMAKAS:	rginal notes in black were generated 11 separates are filed with the
hydrographic data, as a resu	lt page numbering may be interrupted
or non-sequential.	
All depths listed in this re	port are referenced to mean lower low
water unless otherwise noted	
AWOIS & SURT / PUND	1/98





Descriptive Report to Accompany Hydrographic Survey H-10737

Field Number RA-10-6-97 Scale 1:10,000 April 1997

NOAA Ship RAINIER

Chief of Party: Captain Alan D. Anderson, NOAA

A. PROJECT ∨

This hydrographic survey was completed as specified by Project Instructions OPR-O328-RA dated December 20, 1996, and change number 1 dated April 3, 1997. Survey H-10737 corresponds to sheet K as defined in the sheet layout. This survey will provide contemporary hydrographic survey data as part of a continuing program to improve chart coverage of the Inside Passage in southeast Alaska. Requests for hydrographic surveys and updated charts in this area have been received from the United States Coast Guard (USCG), Southeastern Alaska Pilot's Association (SEAPA), the Alaska Department of Transportation, and the Alaska Department of Environment and Conservation in support of cruise line, commercial fishing, mining, and logging industries.

B. AREA SURVEYED See Eval Rpt., Section B

The survey area is the vicinity of Point Arden in Northern Stephens Passage. The northern limit of the survey is 58° 12' 65" N. The southern limit is 58° 08' 40"N. The western limit of the survey is 134° 16' 15" W. The survey is bound by the mainland to the east. Data acquisition was conducted from April 5 to April 26, 1997 (DN 95-116).

C SURVEY VESSELS

Data were acquired by RAINIER and her survey launches as noted in the Survey Information Summary # included with this report.

D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING \checkmark

All data were acquired and processed using the Hydrographic Data Acquisition and Processing System (HDAPS.) The final field sheet was generated using MapInfo (Version 4.1) and MapBasic software developed by N/CS32 and modified by RAINIER personnel. A complete listing of software for HDAPS is included in Appendix VI.*

E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

Neither Side Scan Sonar or multi-beam echo sounder equipment was used on this survey.

Side Scan Son and und survey to investigate a w D swig (4% fm) on Div 111.

F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT.

All launches, except RA-5 as listed below, are equipped with a Raytheon DSF-6000N echo sounder. The Raytheon DSF-6000N is a dual frequency (100 kHz, 24 kHz), paper trace echo sounder. Serial numbers are included on the headers of the daily Raw Master Printouts All DSF-6000N soundings were acquired in meters using the High + Low, high frequency digitized setting.

* Filed with the hydrographic data

On DN 111, RA-5 surveyed using a KNUDSEN 320M depth sounder. The KNUDSEN 320M is a dual-frequency thermal depth sounder. The KNUDSEN used the same transducers as the DSN-6000N. This is the first survey Rainier has used the KNUDSEN 320M. The serial number for this unit is K96388.

G. CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDINGS 🗸

One sound velocity cast, Table 9, was used for this survey. Information on the cast is included in the Survey Information Summary report.

The sound velocity cast was acquired with SBE SEACAT Profiler (S/N 219), calibrated December 15, 1996. Velocity correctors were computed using the PC programs SEACAT and VELOCITY, version 3.3 (1997), in accordance with Hydrographic Survey Guideline (HSG) No. 69. A printout of the Sound Velocity Corrector Table used in the HDAPS Post Survey program is included in the "Separates to be Included with Survey Data, IV*Sounding Equipment Calibrations and Corrections".

A static transducer depth was determined using FPM Fig 2.2 for vessels 2121-2126 in the spring of 1997. Settlement and squat correctors were computed in accordance with Hydrographic Manual Section 4.9.4.2., using FPM Fig. 2.3, and are included with project data for OPR-O328-RA. The data for vessels 2121, 2122, 2123 were collected in Shilshole Bay, Washington in the spring of 1997; data for vessels 2124 and 2126 were measured in the same location in spring of 1996. The data for 2125 was collected near Scull Island, Alaska in March 1997. All offset tables contain offsets for the GPS antenna, as well as static draft measurements, and settlement and squat data. Offset tables 1-6 correspond to the last digit of the vessel number. Offset table 7 is for RAINIER. The offset tables are included with project data for OPR-O328-RA. The launches are not equipped with heave, roll and pitch sensors.

The Coastal and Estuarine Oceanography Branch (N/OES334) through N/CS31 provided predicted tides for the project on diskette for the Juneau, Alaska reference station (945-2210). HDAPS listings of the data used in generating tide corrector tables are included in Appendix V of this report. Tidal correctors as provided in the project instructions for H-10737 are in the Survey Information Summary included with this report.

Juneau, Alaska (945-2210) and Ketchikan, Alaska (945-0460) are the primary control stations for datum determination at all subordinate stations. RAINIER personnel installed a Sutron 8200 tide gage at Point Young (945-2249) on March 19, 1997. Refer to the Field Tide Note and supporting data in Appendix V gauge performance and level closure information. This information has been forwarded to N/OES212 in accordance with HSG 50 and FPM 4.3. A request for approved tides was forwarded at the completion of the project to N/OES23. Approved tide was a stacked to this report date. September 11, 1997.

H. CONTROL STATIONS / See Eval Rot., Section H

The horizontal datum for this project is NAD 83. Station SCULL2 on Scull Island was recovered and used as primary hydrographic positioning control for the survey. Station CIRCLE was established on Circle Point as a secondary hydrographic positioning control station. The control stations used for this survey are listed in Appendix III. See the OPR-O328-RA-97 Horizontal Control Report for more information.

I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL See Evel Rot., Section I

All soundings were positioned using differential GPS. Primary control was the VHF differential reference station at SCULL 2. The US Coast Guard Beacon at GUSTAVUS was used as a backup. Launch-to-launch DGPS performance checks were performed in accordance with Section 3.4.4 of the FPM. Two observations of position were made from two different DGPS base stations, SCULL 2 and GUSTAVUS, while the launches were rafted together with their GPS antennae within 2-3 meters of each other. Similar launch-to-launch DGPS performance checks were performed using Station CIRCLE and GUSTAVUS. RAINIER also

* Filed with the hydrographic data

used SHIPDIM, version 2.2R (April 1996) with a Trimble Centurion P-code receiver and an Ashtech sensor (both differentially-corrected) to monitor the performance of the reference stations. SCULL 2 was compared to GUSTAVUS at least once a week while installed. Some outliers were noted, but none indicated systematic or continuous errors in either the GUSTAVUS beacon or the VHF station at SCULL 2. The SHIPDIM OUTLIER.SUM results are included in the project data for OPR-O328-RA.

The shoreline manuscripts from Coastal Mapping survey CM-8904 and CM-8809 were supplied by N/CS341 in Standard Digital Data Exchange Format (SDDEF). The digital cartographic feature files DM-10046 through DM-10051 and DM-10304 were projected to the survey grid with OPR-O328-RA-97 geodetic parameters using program Shore version 2.0, provided by N/CS32, and plotted on the survey using HDAPS.

Limited shoreline verification was conducted in accordance with the Project Instructions. For this survey the general limit of safe navigation of a survey launch is 5-30 meters offshore of apparent low tide, generally 3-5 meters of depth at Mean Lower Low Water. Features shown on the SHORELINE NOTES layer in the MapInfo workspace inshore of hydrography are the hydrographer's representation of the shoreline while slowly transiting along the shore, and are intended to aid chart compilation. See Statement Show.

Shoreline manuscript and field features were compared to an enlargement of chart 17315, plotted at survey scale by RAINIER personnel, and chart 17300. Comparisons to prior surveys T-3849 (1:20,000, 1921), T-4487 (1:10,000, 1929), T-3847 (1:20,000, 1921) and T-6582 (1:10,000, 1937) were also made.

There is general agreement between the charted shoreline and prior surveys and what the hydrographer found on this survey. The survey area is surrounded by steep, rocky shoreline. Many charted rocks did not appear on the shoreline manuscript. The hydrographer believes that the stage of tide of the shoreline manuscript is influential in producing accurate shoreline, especially when applied to limited shoreline verification surveys. Many of the rocks on the shoreline manuscript, especially to the north and east, were found to be the high points of ledges. These ledges are represented in the hydrographer's shoreline and notes. Corcus The Shoreline, verification and detached pair on the laws analyzed during office.

K. CROSSLINES

Crosslines agreed within 1 meter with mainscheme hydrography, except in areas of steep bathymetry. There was a total of 43.58 nautical miles of crosslines, comprising 18.4% of mainscheme hydrography.

L. JUNCTIONS. See EUAL Report, section L

This survey joins with five contemporary surveys. The adjacent surveys are listed below. Soundings between this survey and the five adjacent surveys were found to be in agreement. Final comparisons will be made at the Pacific Hydrographic Branch (PHB) after reduction to final vertical datum.

Registry #	Scale	Year	Area of Junction
H-10739	1:10,000	1997	Northeast
FE-00432	1:10,000	1997	Southeast
H-10742	1:20,000	1997	South
H-10735	1:10,000	1997	West
H-10738	1:10,000	1997	Northwest

M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS See Evac Reput, section M

Registry #	Scale	Date
H-1920	1:80,000	1888
H-1897	1:80,000	1888
H-4201 WD	1:20,000	1921
H-4964	1:10,000	1929
H-8785	1:10,000	1964

Prior surveys H-1920 (1:80,000, 1888) and H-1897 (1:80,000, 1888) cover the entire area of this survey. H-4964 (1:10,000, 1929) and H-8785 (1:10,000, 1964) cover the eastern portion between Bishop Point and the Eastern Shore. H-4201WD (1:20,000, 1921) is a wire drag survey near Marmion Island, at the entrance to Gastineau Channel.

This survey is in general agreement with the prior surveys. The two prior surveys covering the majority of the area are 1:80,000 scale. Carefully comparison of these surveys show soundings similar to the soundings of this survey. Substantial differences exist in near shore areas between this survey and the charted depths on Chart 17315. For example, the charted 41 fm sounding at 58° 09' 32" N and 134° 05' 10" W appears offshore of the sounding position on H-1897. This survey found the depth in that area to be 66.2 - 71.7 fm. This appears to be due to the cartographic representation of the steep bathymetry in these near shore areas. Concur Several charted depths rear shore after to have been partneyed further Securated than shown on the prior survey.

A charted 4 3/4 fm (8.7 m) depth at latitude 58° 151 05m N, longitude 134° 111 56" W originated from H-4021 WD. This was investigated with 5-meter development lines (fixes 50226-50267, DN 111, VN 2125); side scan sonar, and a dive investigation. The side scan sonar investigation included an AWOIS item on H-10738. The data is submitted with that survey. The dive investigation (fix 69697, DN 116) determined the least depth to be 3 1/8 fm (6.2 m) at latitude 58° 11' 56.949" N, longitude 134° 15' 03.890" W. This shoal was reported as a danger to navigation. Concur 3.4 Fathorn Sounding back on approved tides. Chart 34 RK (32)

A charted unexploded depth charge in 95 fm (174 m) of water, AWOIS item #52291, originated from a report. on November 9, 1962. This item was not verified during this survey. It should be returned ascharled.

One unassigned AWOIS item, #5229 & Unexploded Depth Charge, was located within H-10737 survey area.

No indication of the item was found during main scheme hydrography. Mainschare hydrography was Conducted by 2000 and 1000 and 1 at someter line spacing.

Charting Recommendations

The hydrographer recommends that the unexploded ordinance designation be removed from the chart. It is in 570 feet of water and has no navigational significance. It clutters the chart. Do not concer, retain as charted.

O. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART See Evd Rpt., Section O.

Charts 17315, 1:40,000, 21st Edition, 8/3/91 and 17300, 1:209,978, 27th Edition, 8/14/93 are the largest scale charts covering the survey area. Comparison of soundings is described in Section M. Non-sounding features are discussed in Section J. Final sounding comparisons will be made at PHB after reduction to final vertical datum.

Dangers to Navigation

The least depth determination of 3 1/3 fm (6.2 m) on a rock ridge off Marmion Island Light has been determined to be a Danger to Navigation.

* After application of approved tides.

This Danger to Navigation was reported to the USCG District 17 headquarters in Juneau, Alaska, on May 22, 1997. The depth was reported to be 3 1/2 fm. The hydrographer determined that the difference was not significant to traffic that would be transiting this area, thus a new Notice to Mariner was not produced.

The DION Letter is alreaded to this people.

P. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY 🗸

Survey H-10737 is complete and adequate to supersede prior charted soundings and features in their common areas, except for Awois 1 Tem# 52 291, unexploded Depth Change.

Q. AIDS TO NAVIGATION 🗸

Point Arden light was positioned using static GPS methods from station Twin Point. See the attached Section Q insert for detailed comparison of this position to the charted and Light List positions. The position was also sent to the Aids to Navigation office at USCG District 17 headquarters in Juneau, Alaska.

Marmion Island light was positioned from SCULL2 with other Gastineau Channel lights and is included on survey H-10738, 1997. Marmion Island Light has also been Shown on H-10737.

R. STATISTICS

Statistics are listed in the Survey Information Summary included with this report.

S. MISCELLANEOUS 🗸

Bottom samples were collected and sent to the Smithsonian in accordance with Project Instructions.

No unusual tidal currents or magnetic variations were found during this survey.

Secchi disk observations were not conducted on this survey due to the lack of visibility from plankton blooms.

T. RECOMMENDATIONS

The hydrographer recommends removal of the wire drag green tint from the charts common to this survey. The wire drag tint without wire depth now confuses the mariner with non-bathymetric information. This information was useful when most soundings were derived from sparse leadline surveys. Modern surveys such as this one superpede wire drag clearances and hangs, prior survey soundings, and features seaward of the launch navigational limit by investigating, with high-percentage echosounder coverage, diver, side scan or visual investigation, all shoals and features that may pose a hazard to navigation.

Side Scan was only used to investigate the Charles H 3 depth originating from H-4021 wp discussed in Scaling M.

U. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

The following supplemental reports contain additional information relevant to this survey:

TitleDate SentOfficeOPR-O328-RA Horizontal Control ReportMay 1997N/CS34

* Filed with the hydrographic data

Respectfully Submitted,

Kimberly C. Bailey Lieutenant, NOAA Approved and Forwarded,

Alan D. Anderson

Captain, NOAA Commanding Officer

No Type Latitu	e Longitude	H	Cart	Freq	Vel C	ode MM/DD/YY	Station Name
1 F 058:31:42.0 2 F 058:31:42.8 3 F 058:30:16.0 4 F 058:17:04.4 5 F 058:18:55.4 6 F 058:25:06.0 7 F 058:12:16.8 8 F 058:097:29.6	0 134:56:00.000 0 134:56:03.680 2 134:52:09.349 134:42:55.552 9 134:42:02.285 0 135:41:48.000	0 0 2 0 0 0 6	0 0 250 0 0 250 250	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	03/01/92 03/01/92 03/20/96 04/05/97 04/05/97 03/01/97 03/01/97	POUNDSTONE LIGHTLIST POUNDSTONE HOAPS CULL COLT ISLAND LT LL#23792 GEORGE RK LT LL#23795 GUSTAVUS DGPR ID#892 SKULL DGPS PT. ARDEN LT LL#23655

858:09: 33.336 134:10:4093

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STATE LOCALITY Vicity of Point Arden ALASKA Northern Stephens P □ been inspected from seaward to determine their value as landmarks. SURVEY NUMBER DATUM NAD83 H-10737	Survey NUMBER 10737		N d to navigation.									
NIT o or Office) HAVE NOT	HAVE NO!	<u>Ė</u>	DESCRIPTION (Pecord reason for deletion of landmark or aid to navigation.	Show triangulation station names, where applicable, in parenureses, Doint Arden Linht	1.0.1							
ş	S .		Pecord reason for deletion	Point Arden Light	-1 W 4S	-1 W 4s	84 W	84 N	84 M	84 N	84 8	84 8
☐ TO BE CHARTED IX TO BE REVISED ☐ TO BE DELETED The following objects OPR-0328-RA	The following objects OPR PROJECT NO. OPR-0328-RA		g	NAME Shot L.L# Po 23655 FI								

П

	RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL	
MOTO A TO THE	NAME	ORIGINATOR
OBJECTS INSPECTED FROM SEAWARD		PHOTO FIELD PARTY HYDROGRAPHIC PARTY GEODETIC PARTY OTHER
POSITIONS DETERMINED AND/OR VERIFIED	Capt. A. D. Anderson	FIELD ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE ACTIVITY REPRESENTATIVE
FORMS ORIGINATED BY QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP AND FINAL REVIEW		REVIEWER QUALITY CONTROL AND REVIEW GROUP REPRESENTATIVE
	INSTRUCTIONS FOR ENTRIES UNDER 'METHOD AND DATE OF LOCATION (Consult Photogrammetric Instructions No. 64)	TION'
OFFICE 1. OFFICE IDENTIFIED AND LOCATED OBJECTS Enter the number and date (including month, day, and year) of the photograph used to identify and locate the object. EXAMPLE: 75E (C) 6042 8 - 12 - 75 FIELD 1. NEW POSITION DETERMINED OR VERIFIED Enter the applicable data by symbols as follows: F - Field 1. NEW POSITION DETERMINED OR VERIFIED Enter the applicable data by symbols as follows: F - Field 1. Triangulation 2 - Traverse 3 - Intersection 4 - Resection A. Field positions* require entry of method of location and date of field work. EXAMPLE: F - 2 - 6 - L 8 - 12 - 75 *FIELD POSITIONS are determined by field observations based entirely upon ground survey methods.	day, and locate the locate the ws: etric of location and	B. Photogrammetric field positions** require entry of method of location or verification, date of field work and number of the photograph used to locate or identify the object. EXAMPLE: P - 8 - V 8 - 12 - 75 74L (C) 2982 I. TRIANGULATION STATION RECOVERED When a landmark or aid which is also a triangulation station is recovered, enter 'Triang. Rec.' with date of recovery. EXAMPLE: Triang. Rec. 8 - 12 - 75 8 - 12 - 75 **PHOTOGRAMMETRIC FIELD POSITIONS are dependent entirely, or in part, upon control established by photogrammetric methods.
NOAA FORM 76-40 (8-74)		

SUPERSEDES NOAA FROM 76-40 (2-71) WHICH IS OBSOLETE, AND EXISTING STOCK SHOULD BE DESTROYED UPON RECEIPT OF REVISION.

Section Q: Descriptive Report Insert

Name of Aid:

Point Arden Light

Light List #:

23655

Method of Positioning:

DGPS

Positioning Info

Latitude N

Longitude W

Charted Pos.

58° 09' 35"

134° 10′ 38″

Survey Pos.

3 58° 09' 3**2**.3364"

134° 10' 40.9138"

Difference between Survey/Charted position:

93.87 meters at 204 ° T

Characteristics

Do Characteristics Match Light List? (y/n)

YES

Does aid adequately serve its apparent purpose?

YES

	Geographic Position	Light Name	Light List #
Not within	58° 03' 43.91993" N 134° 03' 04.29002" W	Grave Point Light	23645
survey limits	58° 05' 58.07491" N 134° 06' 27.71658" W	Grand Island Light	23650
-	58° 09' 33.33684" N 134° 10' 40.91384" W	Point Arden Light ✓	23655
-	58° 11' 54.96776" N 134° 15' 24.05043" W	Marmion Island Light	23660
Not within survey limits	58° 15' 28.42070" N 134° 19' 51.99793" W	Sheep Creek Light 2	23665
" W	58° 16' 34.62499" N 134° 23' 03.88963" W	Juneau Isle Light	23675
น น	58° 16' 35.05400" N 134° 23' 14.30118" W	Douglas Boat Harbor Light 1D	23680
14 11	58 ° 17' 16.56210" N 134 ° 24' 25.84606" W	Lawson Creek Bar Light 3	23690
સ મ	58° 17' 49.17172" N 134° 25' 21.75373" W	- Light 4	23695
tt et	58 ° 13' 01.81231" N 134 ° 30' 23.17270" W	Point Hilda Light	23775
ti n	58° 13' 51.54721" N 134° 35' 21.84257" W	Inner Point Daybeacon	23780
II II	58 ° 14' 53.56772" N 134 ° 37' 43.56840" W	Middle Point Light	23785
Not within survey limite	58° 15' 15.88126" N 134° 42' 10.74649" W	Horse Shoal Light 1	23790
n h	58 ° 17' 04.47532" N 134 ° 44' 25.50430" W	Colt Island Light	23792
t, H	58 ° 18' 55.49907" N 134 ° 42' 02.28463" W	George Rock Light	23795
ii u	58 ° 05' 06.97625" N 134 ° 46' 27.17407" W	Hawk Inlet Range Front Light	24112
11, 14	58° 04' 55.15472" N 134° 46' 26.52906" W	- Range Rear Light	24113
u ų	58° 05' 56.95615" N 134° 46' 23.34618" W	Light 6	24114
] 4 u	58° 06' 11.83946" N 134° 46' 22.36006" W	- East Shoal Light 8	24115
и ц	58° 06' 31.87726" N 134° 46' 30.96867 " W	- Entrance Light	24117



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Office of NOAA Corps Operations
Pacific Marine Center
1801 Fairview Avenue East
Seattle, Washington 98102-3767

NOAA Ship RAINIER May 22, 1997

Commander (mon)
Seventeenth Coast Guard District
Post Office Box 25517
Juneau, Alaska 99802-5517

ADVANCE INFORMATION

Dear Sir:

A danger to navigation has been discovered by NOAA SHIP RAINIER while conducting hydrographic survey H-10737 in Northern Stephens Passage. This danger affects the following charts:

<u>Number</u>	<u>Edition</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Datum</u>
17300	27TH ED.	93/08	1:209,978	NAD 83
17315	21ST ED.	91/08	1:40,000	NAD 83

It is recommended that this danger to navigation be included in the Local Notice to Mariners. A chartlet showing the position of this danger relative to other hydrographic features at the largest charted scale is enclosed along with a listing of the position and depth.

NOAA Ship RAINIER performed a side scan sonar and echosounder investigation of a shoal reported in August 1996 in the vicinity of Indian Rock, near Haines, Alaska: Least depth was found at 59/16/07.0N, 135/23/14.0W of 10 3/4 fathoms at Mean Lower Low Water. No other shoals exist within 1/4 nautical mile radius of this position. Refer to the enclosed 1:80,000 scale 17617 chartlet of the area.

Does Not performed in August 1996 in the vicinity of Indian Rock, near Haines, Alaska: Least depth was found at 59/16/07.0N, 195/23/14.0W of 10 3/4 fathoms at Mean Lower Low Water. No other shoals exist within 1/4 nautical mile radius of this position. Refer to the enclosed 1:80,000 scale 17617 chartlet of the area.

The letter of May 15 listing the Third Order Class I positions of navigational aids in the Juneau area contained inaccurate positions; these have been corrected in the attached listing.

Questions concerning this report should be directed to the Pacific Hydrographic Branch at (206) 526-6835.

Sincerely,

Alan D. Anderson

Captain, NOAA

Commanding Officer

Enclosures Attachment

cc:

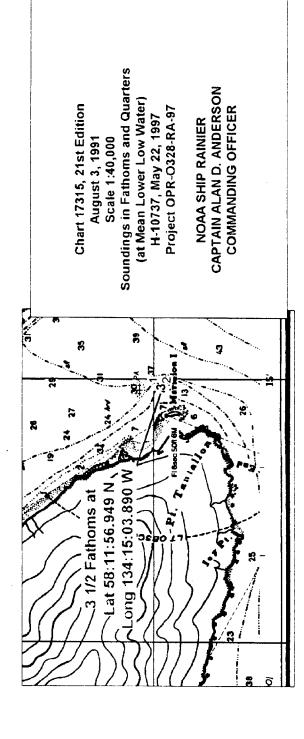
NIMA

PMC

N/CS34



ADVANCE INFORMATION



ADVANCE INFORMATION

DANGERS TO NAVIGATION

OPR-0328-97

NORTHERN STEPHENS PASSAGE

MESSAGE #: RA-03-1997

REGISTRY NUMBER

H-10737

LOCALITY VICINITY OF POINT ARDEN

AFFECTED CHARTS:

 CHART
 EDITION NUMBER
 DATE
 SCALE

 17315
 21 ST ED.
 91/08
 1:40,000

 17300
 27 TH ED.
 93/08
 1:209,978

 ITEM
 DANGER
 DEPTH
 LATITUDE (N)
 LONGITUDE (W)

 A
 ROCK
 3 1/2 fm
 058:11:56.949
 134:15:03.890

Limited Shoreline Verification: The New Rules

First, understand that the fundamental difference between last year and this year is that the amount of shoreline we must verify is determined by US, not strictly specified in the Project Instructions.

Procedures:

- Determine distance from shore that is the MINIMUM working distance necessary for the survey. Take into account likely vessel traffic, bathymetry, complexity of the shoreline from prior surveys and the chart, and weather (sea) conditions experienced in the area. Use greater distances if shallow depths prevail, or if swell is severe. Even in steep foreshore bathymetry, do not go closer than 3 launch lengths (30 meters), unless vessel usage indicates that the area is used (e.g. a landing ramp is on shore, or an extremely narrow passage is used by fishing vessels to reach a certain bay.)
- 2) Draw the inshore limit determined in (1) on the boat sheet. Collecting data along this line may or may not be feasible, due to tides and project logistics, but the boat sheet line may be used to delimit mainscheme and development hydrography until such a "buffer" line is or may be needed.
- 3) Search for and develop all features seaward of the line drawn in (2). Use low water for this search, if possible. Combining this search with the acquisition of the data along the "buffer" line may be possible in areas which are not too complex. Detached positions are required only if a feature is found offshore of the NALL line and either more than 1 mm away from any manuscript feature or is mis-represented by the manuscript. If a charted or manuscript feature located offshore of the line is NOT found, a full disproval is required.
- Annotate the field copies of the boat sheet (which by definition includes the charted, manuscript, and significant prior survey features) showing that the shoreline features offshore of the NALL each have a full disposition. These copies are bound and used to create the final field sheet, and submitted as official survey records.

Shoreline Decision Tree

Propured by Mark S. Lacien

APPROVAL SHEET

FOR

H-10737

RA-10-06-97

Standard procedures were followed in accordance with the Hydrographic Manual, Fourth Edition; the Hydrographic Guidelines; and the 1994 version of the Field Procedures Manual in producing this survey. The data were examined daily during data acquisition and processing.

The field sheet and accompanying records have been examined by me, are considered complete and adequate for charting purposes, and are approved.

Alan D. Anderson
Captain, NOAA
Commanding Officer



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
Office of Ocean and Earth Sciences
Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

DATE: September 11, 1997

HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH: Pacific

HYDROGRAPHIC PROJECT: OPR-0328-RA

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H-10737

LOCALITY: Northern Stephens Passage, AK. (Sheet K)

TIME PERIOD: April 5 - April 26, 1997

TIDE STATION USED: 945-2249 Young Bay, AK.

Lat. 58° 11.0'N Lon. 134° 35.2'W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 4.690 meters

TIDE STATION USED: 945-2210 Juneau, AK.

Lat. 58° 17.9'N Lon. 134° 24.7'W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 4.674 meters

REMARKS: RECOMMENDED ZONING

Use zone(s) identified as: SEA4, SEA4D & SEA8 Refer to attachments for zoning information.

Note 1: Provided time series data are tabulated in metric units (Meters), relative to MLLW and on Greenwich Mean Time.

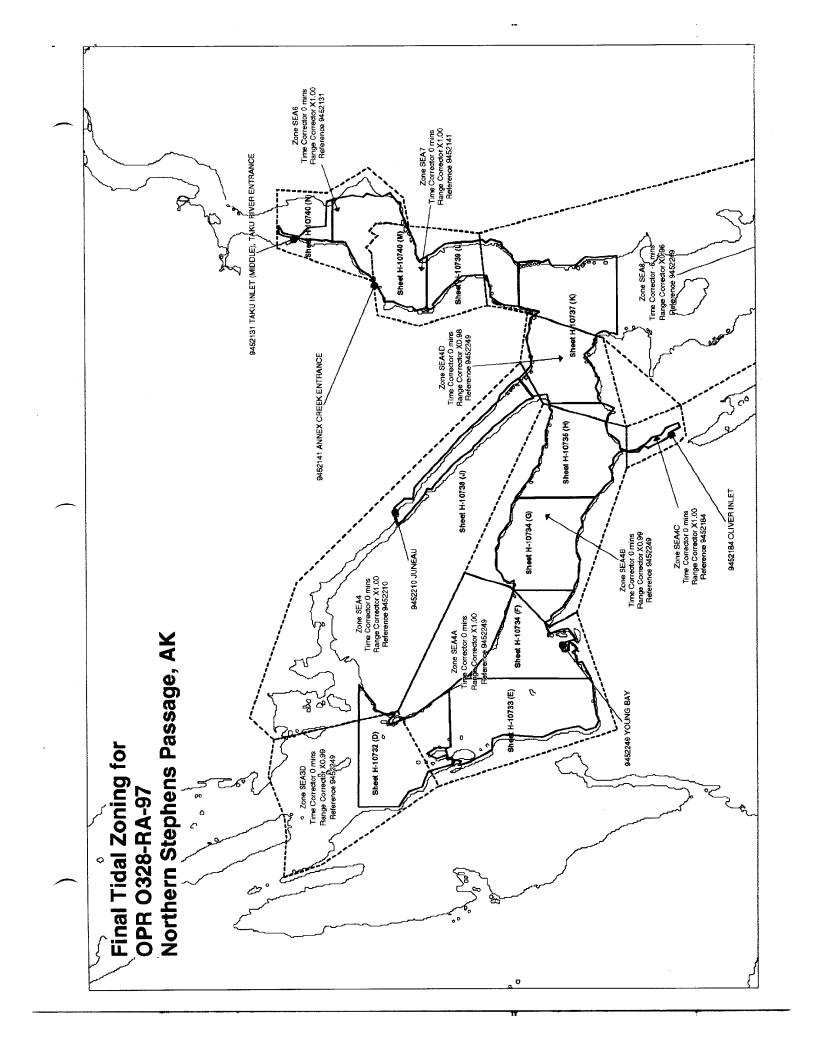
Note 2:

Juneau, AK was used as control for datum determination for all subordinate tide stations for this survey. Relative sea level trends show that the areas of Juneau Alaska are undergoing continual uplift. The relative sea level trend observed at Juneau for the time period 1950 through 1993 is -0.0114 m/yr. with a standard error of 0.0005 m/yr. As a result of high rate of sea level change, the 1960 to 1978 Tidal Epoch value of Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) used as chart datum and reference datum for NOS tidal predictions does not reflect present conditions. The data are under review to determine an updated value of MLLW. An interim value was computed for Juneau, based on the series of data from 1989 to 1991 and controlled by the 1960-1978 Epoch datums at Ketchikan which is more stable. The provided values adjust the chart datum to a more realistic level and in a direction that is more conservative for navigation purposes.

CHIEF, TIDAL ANALYSIS BRANCH

ROAR

1



Final tide zone node point locations for OPR 0328-RA-97, Sheet H-10737 (K).

Longitude in decimal degrees (negative value denotes Format:

Longitude West), Latitude in decimal degrees

Tide Station (in recommended order of use)
Average Time Correction (in minutes)

Range Correction

	Tide Station Order	AVG Time Correction	Range Correction
Zone SEA4 -134.269583 58.196589 -134.215162 58.212147 -134.504596 58.366223 -134.681627 58.398836 -134.710781 58.382241	945-2210	0	1.00
-134.673853 58.297194 -134.49203 58.251071 -134.269583 58.196589			
Zone SEA4D -134.15 58.207113 -134.215162 58.212147 -134.269583 58.196589 -134.300514 58.139749 -134.183573 58.155284 -134.15 58.207113	945-2249 945-2210	0 0	0.98 0.98
Zone SEA8 -134.04478 58.239803 -133.929274 58.010814 -133.765896 57.91308 -133.663784 57.798637 -133.629746 57.702608 -133.917108 57.704177 -134.080082 57.896614 -134.132552 57.972586 -134.272032 58.10242 -134.183573 58.155284 -134.15 58.207113 -134.140172 58.234618 -134.04478 58.239803	945-2249 945-2210	-6 0	0.96 0.97

NOAA FORM 76-155 (11-72)	NATIONAL OCEAN		TMENT OF COMMERCE ERIC ADMINISTRATION	SURVEY NUM	BER
	GEOGRAPHIC N			H-10737	
Name on Survey	A 314 5378	THO TO CHUS SURVE	PEROMICE F	O GUIDE OR MAP HO DE STANLEY U.S.	Light List
ALASKA (title)	X	Х			1
ARDEN POINT	Х	X			2
BISHOP POINT	Х	X			3
DOUGLAS ISLAND	Х	Х			4
FALSE ARDEN (cape)	Х	Х			5
MARMION ISLAND	Х	Х			6
SALISBURY, POINT	Х	Х			7
SOUTHEAST END	Х	Х			8
STEPHENS PASSAGE	X	Х			9
TANTALLON POINT	Х	Х			10
					11
					12
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NOAA FORM 76-155 SUPERSEDES C&GS 197

NOAA	FORM 77-27(H)	
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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE REGISTRY NUMBER

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY STATISTICS RECORDS ACCOMPANYING SURVEY: To be completed when survey is processed.				H-10737			
				en survey is processed.			
	RD DESCRIPTION		MOUNT		RECORD DESCRIP		AMOUNT
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DESCRIPTIVE	E REPORT	<u> </u>	1	FIELD SHEE	ETS AND OTHER OV		
DESCRIP- TION	DEPTH/POS RECORDS	HORIZ. C	-	SONAR- GRAMS	PRINTOUTS	ABSTRACTS/ SOURCE DOCUMENTS	
ACCORDION FILES	1						
ENVELOPES							
VOLUMES							
CAHIERS							
BOXES					1		
NOTES TO THE SPECIAL REF	APS (List): METRIC MAPS (List): E HYDROGRAPHER (List): PORTS (List):	NA NA NA		10046, DM-10	0304 gust 3, 1991		
NAUTICAL CI	HAHTS (LIST):	CHAIL I		FICE PROCESSING AC			
		The following s			artographer's report on the s	urvey	
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OSITIONS REVI	SED						
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EVALUATION OF WIRE DRAGS AND SWEEPS					0.0	- 00	
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GEOGRAPHIC NA	AMES						
OTHER.				6.1	20	0.1	
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М. В	igelow				Beginning Date 9/25/97	Ending Da 9/3	
Verification of Field Data by				Time (Hours) Ending Date 10/2/		nte 2/97	
R. Mayor, R. Davies Verification Checkby B. O'Imstead				Time (Hours) Ending Pate 10/2			
Evaluation and An R. D	avies				Time (Hours) Ending Date 10/9/97		
Inspection by Olmstead					Time (Hours)	Ending D.	

EVALUATION REPORT

H-10737

A. PROJECT

The hydrographer's report contains a complete discussion of the Project information.

B. AREA SURVEYED

An adequate discussion of the survey area is found in the hydrographer's report.

The hydrographer has determined the inshore limits of safe navigation by defining a Navigable Area Limit Line throughout the survey area. Charted features and soundings inshore of this limit line have not been specifically addressed during survey operations and should be retained as charted. A page-size plot of the charted area depicting the limits of supersession accompanies this report as Attachment 1.

The bottom consists mainly of green mud. Green silt was also prevalent. Fine broken shells and broken shingles were common components throughout the sampling area. Depths range from zero to 116 fathoms.

C. SURVEY VESSELS

The hydrographer's report contains information relating to survey vessels.

D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

Survey data were processed using the same Hydrographic Data Acquisition/Processing System (HDAPS) software used by the hydrographer, the Hydrographic Processing System (HPS), and MicroStation 95.

At the time of the survey certification the format for transmission of digital data had not been formally approved. In the interim, digital data for this survey exists in the standard HPS format that is a database format using the .dbf extension. In addition, the plot is filed both in the AutoCad drawing format, i.e., dwg (extension), and in the more universally recognized graphics transfer format, .dxf (extension). Copies of these files will be retained at PHB until data transfer protocols are developed and approved.

The drawing files necessarily contain information that is not part of the HPS data set such as geographic names text, line-type data, and minor symbolization. In addition, those soundings deleted from the drawing for clarity purposes remain unrevised in the HPS digital files to preserve the integrity of the original hydrographic data set. Cartographic codes used to describe the digital data are those authorized by Hydrographic Survey Guideline No. 35 and No. 75.

The field sheet parameters have been revised to center the hydrography on the office plot. The data is plotted using a Modified Transverse Mercator projection and are depicted on a single sheet.

E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

Side Scan Sonar equipment was used on survey H-10737. The data can be found in the raw survey records for survey H-10738.

F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

The hydrographer's report contains a discussion on sounding equipment.

G. CORRECTIONS TO SOUNDINGS

The sounding data have been reduced to Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW). The reducers include corrections for an actual tide, dynamic draft, and sound velocity. These reducers have been reviewed and are consistent with NOS specifications.

Predicted tides were used for reduction of soundings during field processing. During office processing, tide reductions were derived from approved hourly heights zoned direct from the following tide gages: Young Bay, Alaska and Juneau, Alaska, gages 945-2249 and 945-2210.

H. CONTROL STATIONS

Section H and I of the hydrographer's report contain adequate discussions of horizontal control and hydrographic positioning.

The positions of horizontal control stations used during hydrographic operations are published values based on NAD 83. The geographic positions of all survey data are based on NAD 83. The smooth sheet is annotated with an NAD 27 adjustment tick based on values determined with the NGS program NADCON. Geographic positions based on NAD 27 may be plotted on the smooth sheet utilizing the NAD 83 projection by applying the following corrections:

Latitude: -1.185 seconds (-36.654 meters)

Longitude: 6.320 seconds (103.304 meters)

The year of establishment of control stations originate with the horizontal control records for this survey.

I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

Differential GPS (DGPS) was used to control this survey. A horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) not to exceed 3.75 was computed for survey operations. The quality of several positions exceeds limits in terms of horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP). These positions are isolated and occur randomly throughout the survey area. A review of the data, however, suggests that none of these fixes are used to position dangers to navigation. The features or soundings located by these fixes are consistent with the surrounding information. These fixes are considered acceptable. DGPS performance checks were conducted in the field and found adequate.

NAD 83 is used as the horizontal datum for plotting and position computations.

Additional information concerning calibrations and system checks can be found in the hydrographer's report and in the separates related to horizontal position control and corrections to position data.

J. SHORELINE

Shoreline maps DM-10304, DM-10046 and DM-10051, scale 1:20,000 were compiled on NAD 83 and apply to this survey. Shoreline drawn on the smooth sheet originates from 1:20,000 scale digital files provided by the Coastal Mapping Program. The digitized files and the survey file were merged during MicroStation processing.

There were no MHW revisions on this survey.

K. CROSSLINES

Crosslines are discussed in the hydrographer's report.

L. JUNCTIONS

Survey H-10737 junctions with the following surveys:

Survey	Year	Scale	Area
H-10735	1997	1:10,000	West
H-10738	1997	1:10,000	Northwest
H-10739	1997	1:10,000	Northeast
H-10742	1997	1:20,000	South
F00432	1997	1:10,000	Southwest

The junction with surveys H-10735, H-10738 and H-10739 are complete; soundings and depth curves are in good agreement within the common area. A "Joins" note has been shown on the survey.

The junction with surveys H-10742 and F00432 were not formally completed since these surveys are in office processing. There is good agreement between depth curves and sounding within the common area between this survey and the final field sheets. An adjoins has been shown on this survey for the above surveys.

M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

H-1897(1888)	1:80,000
H-1920(1888)	1:80,000
H-2058(1890)	1:20,000
H-4147(1921)	1:40,000
H-4771(1927)	1:10,000
H-4964(1929)	1:10,000
H-8785(1964)	1:10,000

The above prior surveys cover the entire area of the present survey. There is no consistent pattern in the depth changes between the prior surveys and the present survey. Differences in depths range between 2 to 5 fathoms. These differences may be attributed to greater sounding coverage, improved positioning and sounding methods and relative accuracy of the data acquisition techniques.

Survey H-10737 is adequate to supersede the above prior surveys within the common area.

T-3847(1921)	1:20,000
T-3849(1921)	1:20,000
T-4487(1929)	1:10,000
T-6582(1937)	1:10,000

Prior shoreline maps cover the entire area common to survey H-10737. The shoreline has remained relatively stable and survey H-10737 compares very well with the prior's shoreline maps.

Survey H-10737 is adequate to supersede the prior shoreline maps within the common area.

H-4201WD(1921)	1:20,000
H-4147aWD(1921)	1:40,000
H-4147(1921)	1:40,000

The above wire-drag surveys cover the entire area of the present survey. All wire-drag soundings and clearance depths were investigated. Adequate sounding development was accomplished to remove the 4 ³/₄ fathoms (29ft) depth charted at 58/11/56N, longitude 134/15/05W. The 51 fathom (306ft) depth charted at latitude 58/09/32N, longitude 134/10/00W originates as a leadline depth from H-4147a WD(1921). Although the prior 51-fathom leadline depth was not adequately developed, bottom coverage in the area revealed no significant changes in bottom relief. Depths on the present survey are generally 103-112 fathoms with no indication of significant shoaling. The present survey found similar depths approximately 300 hundred meters west of the charted 51-fathom sounding. The evaluator recommends the prior sounding be removed from the chart based on either an erroneous leadline measurement and or incorrect positioning.

Survey H-10737 is adequate to supersede the prior wire-drag surveys within the common area.

N. ITEM INVESTIGATIONS

AWOIS item #52276, submerged wreck, falls within the present survey area. However, it was found during survey operations on survey H-10738, a junctional survey located on the northwestern boundary of the present survey. This item does not plot within the survey limits of the present survey and has been addressed in the descriptive report for H-10738. Refer to H-10738 for graphic portrayal of this feature.

One unassigned AWOIS item (informational), #52291, an unexploded depth charge, charted in 570 feet of water was not investigated by the hydrographer and should be retained as charted.

O. COMPARISON WITH CHART

Survey H-10737 was compared with the following charts:

Chart	Edition	Date	Scale	Datum
17300 17315	27th 21st	Aug. 14, 1993	1:209,978	NAD83
1/313	21 S t	Aug. 3, 1991	1:40,000	NAD83

a. Hydrography

Charted hydrography originates with the previously discussed prior surveys and miscellaneous source data. The prior surveys have been adequately addressed in section M and require no further discussion. Charted miscellaneous source data has been satisfactorily addressed during survey operations.

The charted green tint represents wire-drag areas from surveys conducted in 1917 – 1922. The evaluator recommends removing the charted green tint based on more modern data acquisition techniques.

Except for AWOIS item 52291, survey H-10737 is adequate to supersede charted hydrography within the charted area.

b. Dangers To Navigation

One danger to navigation was discovered during survey operations and reported to the USCG on May 22, 1997. A copy of this report is attached. No additional dangers to navigation were found during office processing.

P. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

Hydrography contained on survey H-10737 is adequate to:

- a. Delineate the bottom configuration, determine least depths, and draw the required depth curves;
- Reveal there are no significant discrepancies or anomalies requiring further investigation;
 and
- c. Show the survey was properly controlled and soundings are correctly plotted.

The hydrographic records and reports received for processing are adequate and conform to the requirements of the Hydrographic Manual, 4th Edition, revised through Change No. 3, the Hydrographic Survey Guidelines, and the Field Procedures Manual, April 1994 Edition.

Q. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

Two fixed aids to navigation exist within the survey area. Point Arden Light and Marmion Island Light was located during survey operations and adequately marks the features intended. Additional information can be found in section Q of the hydrographer's report and on NOAA Form 76-40 which is attached to the hydrographer's report. The NOAA Form 76-40 for Marmion Point Light can be found in the descriptive report for survey H-10738.

There were no floating aids to navigation and no features of landmark value located within the area of this survey.

R. STATISTICS

Statistics are itemized in the hydrographer's report.

S. MISCELLANEOUS

Miscellaneous information is discussed in the hydrographer's report. No additional miscellaneous items were noted during office processing.

T. RECOMMENDATIONS

This is a good hydrographic survey. Additional work is recommended on a low priority basis to verify or disprove AWOIS item 52291.

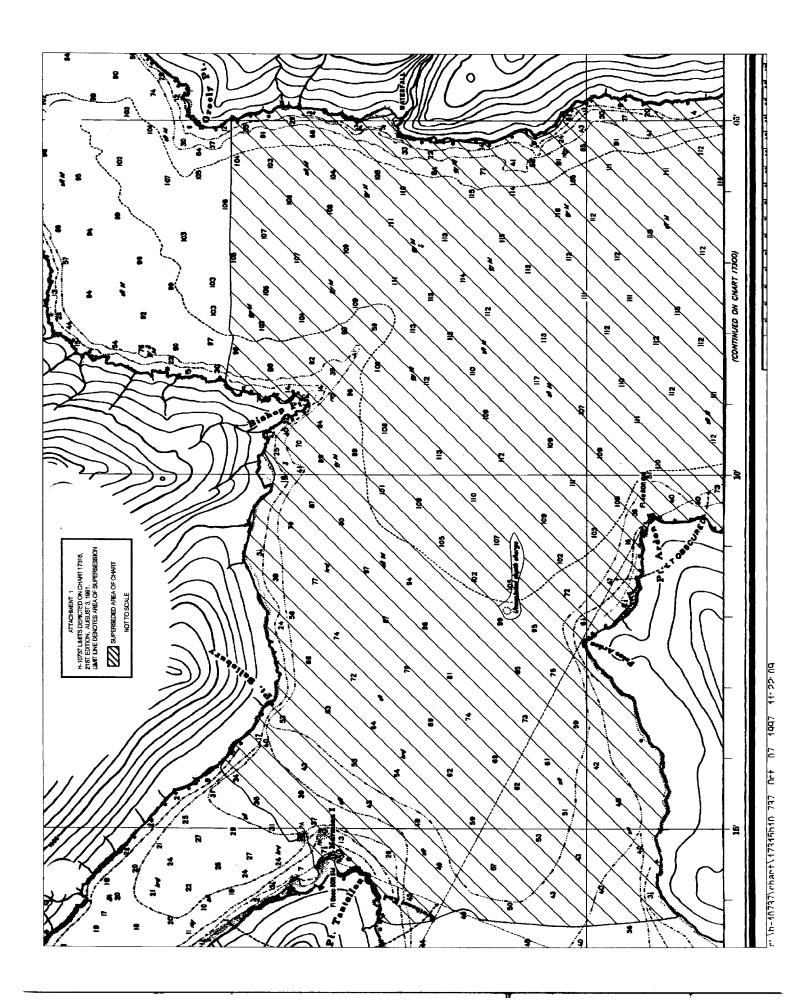
U. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

Referral to reports is discussed in the hydrographer's report.

C. R. Davies Cartographer

Numerous charted rocks awash along shore line from 4-10737 originate from ledge as shown on the smooth short.

G.E. Myors



11

APPROVAL SHEET H-10737

Initial Approvals:

The completed survey has been inspected with regard to survey coverage, delineation of the depth curves, development of critical depths, cartographic symbolization, comparison with prior surveys and verification or disproval of charted data. The survey records and digital data comply with NOS requirements except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Bruce A. Olmstead
Senior Cartographer, Cartographic Section
Pacific Hydrographic Branch

I have reviewed the smooth sheet, accompanying data, and reports. This survey and accompanying digital data meet or exceed NOS requirements and standards for products in support of nautical charting except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Kathy Timmons
Commander, NOAA
Chief, Pacific Hydrographic Branch

Final Approval

Approved:

Andrew A. Armstrong III Captain, NOAA

Chief Hydrographic Surveys Division

Date: Jan 8, 1998

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

NOAA FORM 75-96 (10-83)

MARINE CHART BRANCH

RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. .

INSTRUCTIONS

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

- 1. Letter all information.
- 2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.

 3. Give reasons for deviations if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

ART [DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
15 10	0/6/97	Russ Davis	Full Part Before After Marine Center Approval Signed Via Fuce Application of
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