110827

NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey Hydrographic/Side Scan Sonar
Field No. WH-10-10-98
Registry No. H10827
LOCALITY
State North Carolina
General Locality Onslow Bay
Sublocality Approaches to Morehead City
19 98
CHIEF OF PARTY LCDR John W. Humphrey, NOAA
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MAR 2.9 1999

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NOAA	FORM	77-28
(11.72)		

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

REGISTRY NUMBER:

H10827

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

INSTRUCTIONS: The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.	FIELD NUMBER:	WH-10-10-98
State: North Carolina General locality: North Atlantic Ocean ONSLOW BAY Locality: Approaches to Morehead City Scale: 1: 10,000 Date of survey: July 8 - September 19, 1998		
Instructions dated: February 20, 1998 Project Number: OPR-F344-WH Vessel: NOAA Ship WHITING Chief of Party: LCDR John W. Humphrey Surveyed by: LCDR J.W. Humphrey, LT T. Haupt, Ltjg L. Krepp, MJ. Annis, R. Corson, F.R. Cruz, U.L. Gardner, dings taken by echo sounder, hand lead-line, or pole: DSF 6000N fathometer	P.G. Lewit, K.B. Shaver	
Craphic record checked by: WHITING Personnel Protracted by: N/A Automated plot by: HP 750C (FRLD) Verification by: Hydrographic Surveys Branch Soundings in: Feet: Fathoms: Meters: (*) at MLW: MLLW: (*):		
Remarks: Time Zone Used, 18 (UTC) Basic Hydrographic and 200% Side Scan Sonar		
+ Notes in the Descriptive Report were made in processing.	Red duri	ng office

AWOIS V & SURF V 3-16-99 by MBH * U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: \$76-665-661/1222 REGION NO.6

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A. PROJECT

- A.1 This survey was conducted in accordance with Hydrographic Project Instructions OPR-F344-WH, basic hydrographic/survey, Atlantic Ocean, Approaches to Morehead City, North Carolina.
- A.2 The original instructions are dated February 20, 1998.
- A.3 There have been two changes to the original project instructions dated June 30, 1998 and September 2, 1998.
- A.4 This Descriptive Report covers H10827 (sheet "A") of OPR-F344-WH. H108272 lies 2.5 nautical miles southwest of Ft. Macon, North Carolina. See section B.2 for exact survey boundaries. H10287 1100 South of Bogue Banks.
- A.5 Project OPR-F344-WH responds to a request from the Fifth U.S. Coast Guard District. The USCG is conducting a Port Access Route Study for Morehead City, North Carolina. The study will determine the need for fairways and/or traffic separation schemes for the area. The port of Morehead City is the primary embarkation point for the 2nd Division, U.S. Marine Corps. The area is also host to commercial vessels transporting hazardous cargoes such as petroleum products and fertilizers.

B. AREA SURVEYED

- B.1 This survey covers the navigable area of the Approaches to Morehead City, North Carolina. It is bounded on the west by approximate longitude 76°56'W, and to the east by 76°47'30"W. It is bounded by Cape Lookout shoals at the north end, and longitude 76°20'W to the southeast. The southern limit is latitude 34°18'N.
- B.2 The survey comprises one sheet with the following boundaries, starting at the SW corner and proceeding clockwise:

Sheet "A":

Starting at position 34°37'55"N 076°47'28"W, due north to the 18' curve, following the 18' curve east along Bogue Banks across the Beaufort Inlet Channel to longitude 76°39'24"W, south to position 34°37'55"N 076°39'24"W, then west to the starting position.

B.3 Data collection for this survey began on July 8, 1998

(DN 189). Data collection ended on September 19, 1998 (DN 262).

C. SURVEY VESSELS

C.1 The following vessels were used during this survey:

Vessel	EDP Number	Primary Function
NOAA Ship Whiting	2930 (WTEW)	Bottom Samples
NOAA Launch WH-2	2932 (1014)	Hydrography and Side Scan Operations
NOAA Launch WH-1	2931 (1015)	Hydrography and Side Scan Operations

C.2 No unusual vessel configurations were used during this survey.

D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING - Second Evaluation

D.1 All software used for data acquisition and processing are contained on the HYDROSOFT 8.2 (plus updates as of 4/22/98) compact disc provided by Atlantic Hydrographic Branch (N/CS33). The following is a list of software used from this disc:

HYPACK for Windows version 7.1a

HSD Utilities

Hydrographic Processing System HPTools

D.2 The SEABIRD SBE-19 Profiler (CTD) unit was utilized with SEASOFT 3.3M and SEACAT 2.0 software. The program VELOCITY (Version 3.1, February 1998) was used to process the collected data and calculate velocity corrections.

E. SONAR EQUIPMENT

- E.1 Whiting launches 1014 and 1015 conducted all side scan sonar operations using an EG&G Model 260 image-corrected side scan sonar recorder and a 100 kHz Model 272-T towfish.
- E.2 The towfish was configured with a 20° beam depression, which is the normal setting and yields the optimum beam correction.
- E.3 The 100 kHz frequency was used throughout the survey.

- E.4 a. During survey preparation, it was determined that the depth of water in the survey area would require 80 meter line spacing to accommodate a 100 meter side scan sonar range scale and 60 meter line spacing to accommodate a 75 meter side scan sonar range scale. These line spacing and range scale combinations were used to obtain complete (200%) area coverage and provided optimal contact resolution. The line spacing is in accordance with the value specified in section 7.3.2.1 of the Field Procedures Manual (FPM). Data collected with an EPE of 30 or greater was rejected or smoothed during post-processing, so the maximum line spacing was never exceeded.
- E.4 b. Confidence checks were obtained during passes by bottom features such as sand waves, scours, substrate density changes and buoy anchors. These features were annotated on the sonargram.
- E.4 c. Any holidays with a length of 200 meters or less not covered with 200% side scan sonar were covered with 100% side scan sonar. In all other areas, two hundred percent side scan coverage was completed. All side scan coverage was checked with swath plots to ensure proper overlap between adjoining lines.
- E.4 d. There were no degraded data returns collected during this survey.
- E.4 e. On Whiting launches 1014 and 1015 the SSS towfish was deployed using a Superwinch in conjunction with an adjustable davit arm on the stern. The SSS towfish was towed with a vinyl-coated Kevlar cable and was connected to the recorder by a slip-ring assembly.
- E.5 Singlebeam echosounder was utilized for contact investigation. Development survey lines were routinely run with line spacing of 10 meters. Detailed descriptions of all AWOIS items and investigated contacts falling within the Navigable Area are addressed in the ITEM INVESTIGATION REPORTS found in section N.
- E.6 All overlap was checked and holidays identified during post processing using HPS_MI, a MapBasic program provided by Hydrographic Surveys Division (N/CS32) to accompany MapInfo software version 4.5.

F. SOUNDING EQUIPMENT

F.1 All hydrographic depths were acquired using a Raytheon Model 6000N Digital Survey Echosounder.

- F.2 No other sounding equipment was used.
- F.3 There were no faults in sounding equipment that affected the accuracy or quality of the data.
- F.4 Both high (100 kHz) and low (24 kHz) frequency sounding data were recorded during data acquisition. Only high frequency soundings were plotted.

G. CORRECTIONS TO SOUNDINGS

G.1 a. Sound Velocity Correctors

The velocity of sound through water was calculated using measurements taken from a Sea-Bird SBE 19 Seacat Profiler (CTD) (s/n 196093-1060). Seacat Data Quality Assurance Tests were conducted after each respective velocity cast to ensure that the unit was operating within tolerance.

All sound velocity data were processed using program **VELOCITY**. Computed velocity correctors were entered into the HPS sound velocity table and re-applied during post-processing to both high and low frequency soundings.

The following is a list of sound velocity casts performed for H10827:

Table (Cast)	DOY	Vessels	Cast L	ocation	Days
Number		Covered	Latitude	Longitude	Covered
2 (1)	188	Launches 1014/1015	34°39'12" N	076°44'12" W	189-196
11 (6)	208	Launches 1014/1015	34°39'50" N	076°42'08" W	208-211
16 (9)	217	Launch 1015	34°39'07" N	076°44'07"W	217-223
23 (14)	229	Launch 1014	34°39'11" N	076°44'02"W	228-229
32 (18)	259	Launches 1014/1015	34°39'30" N	076°44'06"W	259-262

d. Leadline Comparison

A leadline comparison was performed for the Whiting launches on:

DN 191 at 34°41'58"N and 076°40'52"W (25 ft depths)
DN 191 at 34°40'13"N and 076°39'01"W (17 ft depths)

Weather and sea conditions were fair and proved satisfactory for performing the and leadline comparisons. No corrections to soundings were needed. Copies of the leadline check data are included in the Separates, Section IV.*

f. Static Draft

The static draft correction for launches 1014 and 1015 is 0.55 meters, and was measured on July 28, 1993. The corrector was entered into HPS Offset Tables 2 and 1, respectively. Static draft correctors were applied during data processing for each survey platform.

g. Dynamic Draft (Settlement and Squat Correctors)

Settlement and squat values for launch 1014 were determined on March 16, 1998, and were entered into HPS Offset Table 2. Settlement and squat values for launch 1015 were determined on March 16, 1998, and were entered into HPS Offset Table 1. The settlement and squat correctors were applied to the sounding data in real time for each survey platform. Refer to Separate IV for data records.*

h. Heave, Roll, and Pitch Correctors

Heave correctors for data acquired by Whiting launches were determined by a TSS Dynamic Motion Sensor DMS-05. Heave correctors were collected during data acquisition and applied to raw data during the **HPTools** conversion process. Serial numbers for these sensors were as follows:

Vessel	Serial Number
2930	2066
2931	2062
2932	2068

G.2 Whiting launches employed no unusual or unique methods or instruments to correct echo soundings.

G.6 <u>Tide Correctors</u>

- a. The tidal datums for this project are Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) and Mean High Water (MHW). Soundings are referenced to MLLW. Heights of bridges and cables are referenced to MHW. The operating tide station at Duke Marine Laboratory, Beaufort, North Carolina (865-6483) served as control for datum determination.
- b. Tidal zones are controlled by the Duke Marine Laboratory, gauge (865-6483). Due to the limitations of HPS and for ease

* Data filed with field records.

of data processing, zone SEC86 correctors were applied to all H10827 data using unverified actual tides provided by the Atlantic Hydrographic Branch and entered using the DPAS tide utilities in HPS. All proper zones will be applied through HPS upon receipt of smooth tides from N/OES234. Approved the and Zones were applied during office processing:

Smooth tides for H10827 were requested from N/OES234 in a letter mailed and dated September 20, 1998

All sounding correctors were applied to both the narrow (100 kHz) and wide (24 kHz) DSF-6000N beams. Zoning for this project is consistent with the project instructions.

H. CONTROL STATIONS - See also Evaluation Report -

The horizontal datum for this survey is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). No horizontal control stations were established for this survey.

I. HYDROGRAPHIC POSITION CONTROL

- I.1 This survey was conducted using the Global Positioning System (GPS) corrected by the U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) Differential GPS reference station network. The launches used an Ashtech Sensor GPS receiver with a CSI MBX1 beacon receiver supplying USCG correctors for DGPS navigation. Ashtech receivers were automatically initialized by HSDutils and the CSI MBX1 units were preset to the appropriate station and frequency.
- I.2 Accuracy requirements were met as specified by the Hydrographic Manual and Field Procedures Manual (FPM). The Horizontal Dilution of Precision (HDOP) and Expected Position Error (EPE) specified by the FPM were monitored during online data collection. If the positioning degraded beyond the acceptable limits while on-line, the data were either smoothed or rejected.

I.3 Differential GPS Equipment:

The serial numbers of the Ashtech Sensor and CSI MBX1 receivers on the data acquisition platforms are as follows:

Vessel	Device Serial Num	
2930 (WTEW)	Ashtech Sensors	700417B1203 (system A) 700417B1191 (system B)
	CSI MBX1	X-1318 (system A) X-1081 (system B)

2931 (1015)	Ashtech Sensor	700417B1194
	CSI MBX1	X-1088
2932 (1016)	Ashtech Sensor	700417B1055
	CSI MBX1	X-1079

- I.4 Correctors were received from the Fort Macon, NC and Charleston, SC radiobeacons.
- I.5 a. DGPS performance checks on NOAA Ship WHITING and its launches were determined by using the "P"-Check program from the Hydrosoft version 8.2 disk. DGPS positions from the Whiting, launch 1014 and launch 1015 were taken while secured in the WHITING davits using correctors from the Fort Macon, NC DGPS beacon. Simultaneous HYPACK positions were compared with WHITING. An offset in distance and azimuth was then calculated between the ship and launch system. A summary of the DGPS performance checks is included in the Separates, section III. All DGPS performance checks confirmed that the equipment was working properly.
- I.7 a. There were no unusual methods used to operate or calibrate electronic positioning equipment.
- I.7 b. There were no equipment malfunctions.
- I.7 c. No unusual atmospheric conditions affected data quality.
- I.7 d. No systematic errors were detected which required adjustments.
- I.7 e. The maximum allowed HDOP value of 4.0 was never exceeded.
- I.8 f. The DGPS antennae were installed on launches 1014 and 1015 on April 2, 1996, directly over the echosounder transducer. Antenna height was also measured on the same date shown above, using the water line as the reference. Correctors were entered into Offset Table 14 for launch 1015 and Table 2 for launch 1014. A minimum of four satellites were used during survey H10827 providing altitude unconstrained positioning.
- I.9.g. Offset, layback and height corrections for the launches aft towing boom were measured on July 28, 1993, verified on April 5, 1994, and applied by HPS during post processing. Correctors were entered into Offset Table 1 for launch 1015 and Table 2 for launch 1014.

These offsets, along with the cable length, towfish height, and depth of water, were used by the HPS system to compute

the position of the towfish. Copies of HPS Offset Tables 1 \P and 2 are contained in Separate III. \P

J. SHORELINE

Shoreline verification was not required as per project instructions. No shoreline is contained within the assigned survey limits of hydrography of this survey.

K. CROSSLINES

A combined total of 46.3 linear nautical miles of crosslines were acquired for this survey representing 12.8% of the 360.8 computed linear nautical miles of mainscheme hydrography.

A plot of all main scheme soundings in feet, superimposed with cross lines, was used to conduct main scheme-to-cross line comparisons. Depths at intersections were compared to all other depths within a 5-mm (50-meter) radius. Based on this procedure, agreement between main scheme and cross line depths was found to be excellent. The majority of compared depths fell within 1 foot of each other.

L. JUNCTIONS - See also Evaluation Report

L.1 This survey (H10827) junctions with survey H10832, sheet "B" to the east and survey H10825, sheet "C" to the south. All of these surveys are 1:10,000 scale. A comparison of data collected on H10832 and H10825 to that on H10827 proved no significant differences between soundings exist. Generally agreement was excellent, with occasional 1 to 2 foot differences observed.

M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS - See celou Evaluation Report

Full bottom coverage, 200% side scan sonar, was completed in all waters deeper than the 30' curve. A comparison with prior surveys is not required for this area of the survey, due to completion of 200% side scan sonar coverage. Basic hydrography was completed in the area between the 18' and 30' curve as per project instructions. Prior survey H09432, a 1:5000 scale survey completed in June of 1974 was used for comparison against H10832. In general correlation of soundings was good with average differences of two to three feet observed. However, both sides of the Beaufort Inlet channel (just south of Ft. Macon to the west and just south of Shackleford Point to the east) showed significant deepening. This area near the entrance is constantly shifting and therefore would explain the differences recorded between survey depths and charted soundings.

N. ITEM INVESTIGATION REPORTS

AWOIS #: 607

Item Description: Wreck (PARKINS)

Source: AWOIS Listing

AWOIS Position: 34°41'09.2"N 076°43'17.7"W

Required Investigation: ES,MD,S2,BD,DI,SD

Radius: 250m

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 16 September 1998 (DN 259)

Position Numbers: 14280

Investigation Used: S2, DI

Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°41'09.759"N Lon. 076°43'17.710"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, AWOIS 607 was found. Contact 7115.75 was logged and investigated by divers to find the deteriorated remains of the wreck PARKINS resting in 31 feet of water. Rusted deck machinery and portions of the anchor chain were the only recognizable items in the debris. A least depth of 29.52 feet (9.0 meters), with unverified actual tides applied was taken on the tallest pile of debris.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends deleting charted "dangerous wreck, least depth known" with a least depth of 17 feet at lat. 34°41'09.18"N, lon. 076°43'17.53"W. Also recommend charting a "dangerous wreck, least depth known" with a least depth of 29.5 feet at the surveyed position. Conco

Delete (17, WK Chart (Add) (29, WK AWOIS #: 9955

Item Description: Wreck (THEODORE PARKER)

Source: AWOIS Listing

AWOIS Position: 34°40'18.05"N 076°44'41.27"W

Required Investigation: ES, MB, S2, BD, DI, SD

Radius: 150 m

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 16 September 1998 (DN 259)

Position Numbers: 14279 33042+1

Investigation Used: S2, ES, DI

20.088 Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°40'19.260"N Lon. 076°44'40.476"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, AWOIS 9955 was found. Many contacts were logged as AWOIS 9955. AWOIS 9955 matches the description and position of a wreck listed in the NORTH CAROLINA ARTIFICIAL REEF GUIDE as the 440' Navy Liberty Ship THEODORE PARKER. The ship is one of many items purposely sunk to make North Carolina Artificial Reef AR315 and marked by an unlit yellow buoy labeled as AR315. Contact #4150.9P was investigated by divers which confirmed AWOIS 9955 as the steel ship THEODORE PARKER resting in 50 feet of water. This diver investigation yielded a least depth of 24.8 feet (7.5 meters) with unverified actual tides applied. However, due to the limited visibility conditions and size of the ship, it was uncertain whether this was the absolute least depth or not. Therefore, an echosounder development of the item was conducted utilizing 5 meter line spacing. This investigation yielded the same least depth as the diver investigation, but 37 meters to the northwest. Neither of these investigations yielded a least depth equal to or less than the charted 17 foot least depth.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends no charting changes for this item. Depiction of this item is incorrect on chart 11545.

NOTE: Recommend changing solid line depth curve around 17 foot WK sounding to a 17 foot "dangerous wreck, least depth known" symbol. Concur with condition.

Delete (17; WK

AWOIS #: 9958

Item Description: Wreck

Source: AWOIS Listing

AWOIS Position: 34°40'34.58"N 076°40'14.74"W

Required Investigation: ES,MB,S2,BD,DI,SD

Radius: 250

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11544, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 30 July, 5,7-8 September 1998 (DN 211,217,219-220)

Position Numbers:

Investigation Used: S2

Surveyed Position:

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, AWOIS 9958 was covered with 200% side scan sonar. No contacts were found that were associated with this AWOIS.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends no charting changes. Also, recommend updating the AWOIS listing to reflect AWOIS 9958 as DISPROVED. Concur with condition,

Delete (H) PA

Contact #: 4149.2S

Item Description: F-4 aircraft

Source: North Carolina Artificial Reef Guide (NC ARG)

NC ARG Position: 34°40'21"N 076°44'39"W

Required Investigation: None Radius: None

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 16 August 1998 (DN 228)

Position Numbers: 12433

Investigation Used: S2, DI

Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°40'20.734"N Lon. 076°44'38.366"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, contact 4149.2S was found. During an investigation, divers found the remains of the center section of an F-4 fighter aircraft fuselage resting on a sandy bottom in 50 feet of water. The least depth was taken on the east end of the section. This investigation yielded a least depth of 46.5% feet (14.% meters) with preverified actual tides applied. This aircraft section matches the description and position of an aircraft section listed in the NORTH CAROLINA ARTIFICIAL REEF GUIDE. The aircraft section is one of many items purposely sunk to make North Carolina Artificial Reef AR315 and marked by an unlit yellow buoy labeled as AR315.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends charting an "obstruction, least depth known" with a least depth (corrected with waverified, actual tides) of 46.8 feet at the surveyed position. Concur

Add (46; Obstr

Contact #: 4321.0

Item Description: Barge

Source: North Carolina Artificial Reef Guide (NC ARG)

NC ARG Position: 34°40'24"N 076°44'29"W

Required Investigation: None Radius: None

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 10 August 1998 (DN 222)

Position Numbers: 32288

Investigation Used: S2, DI

Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°40'24.496"N Lon. 076°44'27.954"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, contact 4321.0 was found. During an investigation, divers found a 60'x30'x10' steel barge sitting upright and filled with concrete slabs in 50 feet of water. The least depth was taken on one of the towing bits. This investigation yielded a least depth of 38:38 feet (11.75meters) with waverified actual tides applied. This barge matches the description and position of a barge listed in the NORTH CAROLINA ARTIFICIAL REEF GUIDE. The barge is one of many items purposely sunk to make North Carolina Artificial Reef AR315 and marked by an unlit yellow buoy labeled as AR315.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends charting a "dangerous wreck, least depth known" with a least depth (corrected with waverified, actual tides) of 38.4 feet at the surveyed position.

Add (37) WK

Contact #: 3773.3P

Item Description: Barge

Source: North Carolina Artificial Reef Guide (NC ARG)

NC ARG Position: 34°39'22"N 076°43'39"W

Required Investigation: None Radius: None

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 10 August 1998 (DN 222)

Position Numbers: 32289

Investigation Used: S2, DI

Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°40'14.292"N Lon. 076°44'35.598"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, contact 3773.3P was found. During an investigation, divers found a 60'x30'x10' steel barge sitting upright and filled with concrete slabs in 50 feet of water. The least depth was taken on one of the towing bits. This investigation yielded a least depth of 37.72 feet (11.56 meters) with verified actual tides applied. This barge matches the description and position of a barge listed in the NORTH CAROLINA ARTIFICIAL REEF GUIDE. The barge is one of many items purposely sunk to make North Carolina Artificial Reef AR315 and marked by a yellow buoy labeled as AR315.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends charting a "dangerous wreck, least depth known" with a least depth (corrected with wreified, actual tides) of 37.7 feet at the surveyed position.

Add (38) WK

Contact #: 30554.4P

Item Description: Contact #30554.4P

Source: H10827

AWOIS Position: N/A

Required Investigation: None Radius: None

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11544, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 16 September 1998 (DN 259)

Position Numbers: 14282

Investigation Used: S2, DI

Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°40'09.566"N Lon. 076°40'48.625"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, contact 30554.4P was found. During an investigation, divers found an extensive debris field in 24 feet of water. The debris consisted of metal cylinders, pipes and flat pieces scattered over an approximate area of 120'x30'. The least depth was taken on a piece of sheet metal. This investigation yielded a least depth of 24.93 feet (7.6 meters) with experified actual tides applied.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends charting an "obstruction, least depth known" with a least depth (corrected with enverified, actual tides) of 24.9 feet at the surveyed position. This recommendation is based on the large volume of commercial net fishing activity in the area. Do not concur, obstruction least depth is 25ft, surrounding soundings are 23feet. No change in It is recommended that the area be updated with present survey depths?

Contact #: 30986.3P

Item Description: Contact #30986.3P

Source: H10827

AWOIS Position: N/A

Required Investigation: None Radius: None

Charts Affected: 11520, 11543, 11544, 11545, 11547

INVESTIGATION

Date(s): 16 September 1998 (DN 259)

Position Numbers: 14281

Investigation Used: S2, DI

Surveyed Position: Lat. 34°40'30.694"N Lon. 076°40'23.603"W

Position Determined By: Differential GPS

Investigation Summary: During mainscheme hydrography, contact 30986.3P was found. During an investigation, divers found a pile of rubble consisting of large boulders and a portion of anchor chain resting in 17 feet of water. The least depth was taken on a rock on top of the pile. This investigation yielded a least depth of 14.10 feet (4.12 meters) with waverified actual tides applied.

CHARTING RECOMMENDATION

Recommendation: Based on the results of this survey, the hydrographer recommends charting an "obstruction, least depth known" with a least depth (corrected with exverified, actual tides) of 14.1 feet at the surveyed position.

Add (14) Obsta

O. COMPARISON WITH THE CHART GLE CLOS E valuation Report

O.1 Five charts are affected by this survey (H10827):

Chart 11520
"Cape Hatteras to Charleston"
37th Ed. 20 Dec 1997
Scale: 1:432,720

Chart 11543
"Cape Lookout to New River"
20th Ed. 11 July 1992
Scale: 1:80,000

Chart 11544
"Portsmouth Island to Beaufort"
34th Ed. 11 May 1996
Scale: 1:80,000

Chart 11545
"Beaufort Inlet and Part of Core Sound"
57th Ed. 18 Jan 1997
Scale: 1:40,000

Chart 11547
"Morehead City Harbor"
32nd Ed. 07 Feb 1998
Scale: 1:12,500

- O.3 a. Overall, the depths collected for this survey correlated well with charted soundings. Survey depths were converted from meters to feet and overlaid on the largest scale chart of the area using MapInfo software. Depending on geographic area, depths generally showed minor shoaling and deepening when compared to charted soundings. Survey depths deeper than charted soundings by 4 feet or greater were investigated by splitting the 60 to 80 meter line spacing mainscheme hydrography. This resulted in 30 to 40 meter line spacing in these areas, respectfully.
- O.3 b. In general, survey depths correlated well with charted soundings within the area with occasional differences of 1 to 2 feet, except near the Beaufort Inlet Channel. Both sides of the channel (just south of Ft. Macon to the west and just south of Shakelford Point to the east) showed significant deepening. These areas were developed with hydro at a line spacing of 20 meters. This area near the entrance is constantly shifting and therefore would explain the differences recorded between survey depths and charted soundings.

O.3 g. The Beaufort Inlet Channel is a maintained channel. Survey depths were compared to the controlling and tabulated soundings from Chart 11547. Survey depths correlated well with the tabulated soundings with occasional differences of 1 to 2 feet.

P. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY - See also Evaluation Report

This survey is complete and fully adequate to supersede prior survey data within common areas.

Q. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

Q.2 There are nine floating aids to navigation within the survey limits of H01827.

Aid	Charted Position		Surveyed	Position	DP#
	Latitude	Longitude	Latitude	Longitude	
G"7" F1 G 2.5s	34°38'53.4"N	076°40'38.1"W	34°38'53.2"N	076 ⁰ 40'38.3"W	23204
R"8" F1 R 2.5s	34 ⁰ 38'52.3"N	076 ⁰ 40'31.8"W	34°38'52.1"N	076°40'31.7"W	23203
G"9" Fl G 4s	34°39'46.3"N	076°40'25.4"W	34°39'46.4"N	076°40'25.4"W	14276
R"10" Fl R 4s	34°39'45.4"N	076°40'19.0"W	34 ⁰ 39'45.6"N	076°40'18.7"W	14277
G"11" Fl G 2.5s	34°40'35.1"N	076°40'13.7"W	34°40'30.4"N	076°40'14.7"W	14274
R"12" Fl R 2.5s	34°40'29.2"N	076°40'08.3"W	34 ⁰ 40'28.0"N	076°40'09.1"W	14275
R"14" Fl R 4s	34°40'48"N	076°40'01"W	34°40'47.0"N	076°40'01.0"W	14273
G"15" Fl G 4s	34°41'00'N	076°40'22"W	34 ⁰ 41'00.7"N	076 ⁰ 40'07.9"W	14272
Y"AR315"	N/A	N/A	34° 38'52.1 "N	076°40131.7"W	14278

The Y"AR315" floating aid is an unlit yellow ball buoy marking an artificial reef set by the state of North Carolina. This floating aid is not listed in the Light List or charted.

9×4/00

R. STATISTICS

R.1	a.	Number of Non-Rejected Positions	27685
	b.	Linear Nautical Miles of Sounding Lines:	
		Nautical Miles of Side Scan Sonar	503.84
		Nautical Miles Hydrography	175.04
R.2	a.	Square Nautical Miles of Hydrography	19.68
	b.	Days of Production	21
	c.	Detached Positions	16
	d.	Bottom Samples	15
	e.	Tide Stations	1
	g.	Velocity Casts	5

s. MISCELLANEOUS. See also Evaluation Report

- S.1 Bottom samples were taken at 2000-meter intervals. Samples were examined for composition and consistency, then stored in plastic bags and sent to the Smithsonian Institution.
- S.2 During the course of work on H10832, operations were suspended due to hurricane Bonnie making landfall near the survey area. A series of hydrographic cross lines were run when WHITING resumed operations after Bonnie made landfall. A comparison between soundings collected before and after hurricane Bonnie passed through the area revealed no change in depth occurred as a result of the hurricane.

Nacerory

T. RECOMMENDATIONS

T.1 No further survey work is recommended.

U. REFERRAL TO REPORTS

No reports or data are referred to in this Descriptive Report that are not included with this survey. This report and the accompanying field sheets are respectfully submitted.

Todd A. Haupt, LT, NOAA Operations Officer NOAA Ship Whiting

APPENDIX III

LIST OF HORIZONTAL CONTROL STATIONS

No horizontal control stations were needed for this survey since differential GPS employed exclusively for all positioning control. The geographic positions for the two differential GPS radio beacons used during this survey are as follows:

Fort Macon, NC	Lat. 36° 55.5' N
289 KHZ	Long. 076° 00.4' W
Charleston, SC	Lat. 32° 45.5' N
298 KHz	Long. 079° 50.6' W

APPENDIX VII

APPROVAL SHEET

LETTER OF APPROVAL

REGISTRY NO. H10827

Field operations contributing to the accomplishment of this basic hydrographic survey were conducted under my direct supervision with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. All field sheets and reports were reviewed in their entirety and all supporting records were checked as well.

This survey is more than adequate to supersede ALL prior surveys in common areas. This survey is considered complete and adequate for nautical charting.

John W. Humphrey, LCDR, NOAA

Commanding Officer NOAA Ship WHITING



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

DATE: January 21, 1999

HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH: Atlantic

HYDROGRAPHIC PROJECT: OPR-F344-WH

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H-10827

LOCALITY: North Carolina, Atlantic Ocean Approaches

To Morehead City

TIME PERIOD: July 8, 1998 - September 19, 1998

TIDE STATION USED: 865-6590 Atlantic Beach, Triple "S" Pier, NC

Lat. $34^{\circ} 41.9'N$ Lon. $76^{\circ} 42.7'W$

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 1.207 meters

TIDE STATION USED: 865-6483 Duke Marine Lab, Beaufort Inlet, NC

Lat. 34° 43.2′N Lon. 76° 40.2′W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 0.966 meters

REMARKS: RECOMMENDED ZONING Use zone(s) identified as: SEC86.

Refer to attachments for zoning information.

- Note 1: Provided time series data are tabulated in metric units (meters), relative to MLLW and on Greenwich Mean Time.
- Note 2: Use tide data from the appropriate station with applicable zoning correctors for each zone according to the order in which they are listed in the Tidezone corrector files. For example, tide station one (TS1) would be the first choice for an applicable zone followed by TS2, etc. when data are not available.
- Note 3: Atlantic Beach, Triple "S" Pier (865-6590) is the preferred tide data set for hydrography offshore, Atlantic Ocean Approaches to Morehead City. Unfortunately, a significant portion of the collected data was declared invalid do to unresolved gauge problems. Data collected at this station starting October 28, 1998 are valid based on data analyses. However, due

to pier construction, vertical stability verification through SOP differential leveling could not be conducted either at the maintenance activity or at the end of data collection for this project. As a result, uncertainty still exists, however, the accuracy is within the requirement for NOS hydrographic surveying operations. Therefore data from the Atlantic Beach station (TS1) should be used when available. The second choice station for this project is Duke Marine Lab 865-6483

CHIEF, REQUIREMENTS AND ENGINEERING BRANCH

Final tide zone node point locations for OPR-F344-WH-98, Sheet H-10827.

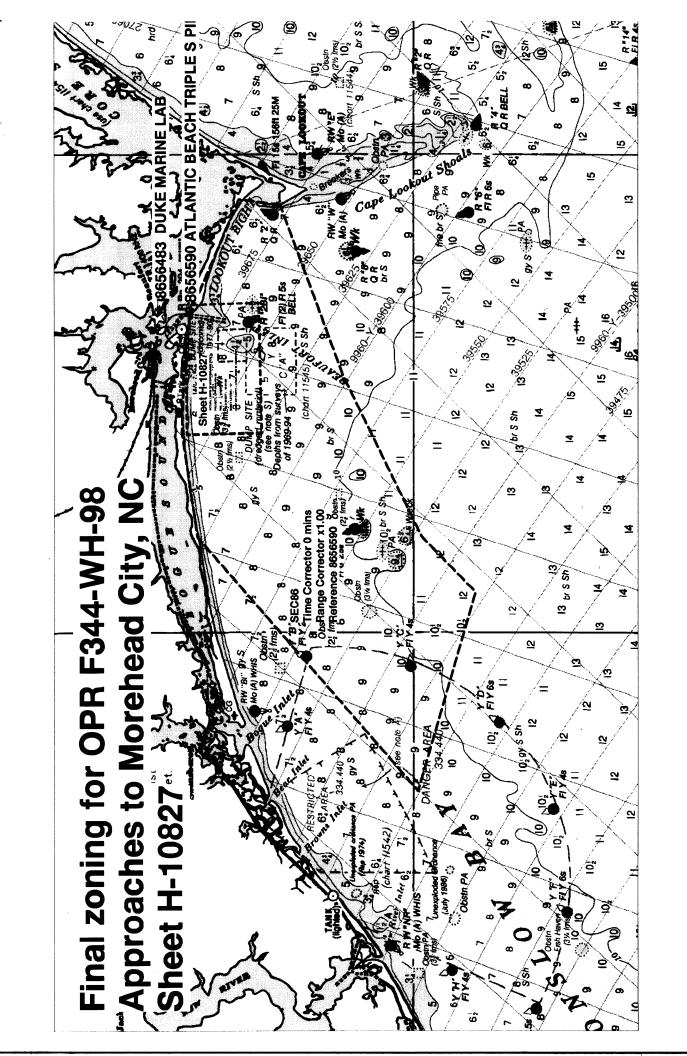
Format:

Longitude in decimal degrees (negative value denotes

Longitude West),

Latitude in decimal degrees
Tide Station (in recommended order of use)
Average Time Correction (in minutes)
Range Correction

	Tide Station	AVG Time	Range
	Order	Correction	Correction
Zone SEC86 -76.553316 34.614162 -76.54751 34.649844 -76.657373 34.688497 -76.695358 34.696226 -76.790541 34.698624 -76.900257 34.685349 -77.16484 34.496165 -76.957503 34.446746 -76.89935 34.493201 -76.730339 34.560916 -76.553316 34.614162	865-6590 865-6483	0 -54	1.00



NOAA FORM 61-29 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (12-71) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REFERENCE NO.			
(12-71) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	N/0023 15 00			
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CHIEF, DATA CONTROL GROUP, N/CS3x1	GBL (Give number)			
NOAA/NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE	due (over number)			
STATION 6815, SSMC3				
1315 EAST-WEST HIGHWAY	DATE FORWARDED			
SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20910-3282	MADCH 12 1000			
	MARCH 12, 1999			
· ·	NUMBER OF PACKAGES			
	ONE TUBE			
NOTE: A separate transmittal letter is to be used for each type of detc. State the number of packages and include an executed copy of the ition the original and one copy of the letter should be sent under separate. This form should not be used for correspondence or transmitted.	parate cover. The copy will be returned as a			
H10827				
NORTH CAROLINA, ONSLOW BAY, APPROACHES TO MOREH	EAD CITY			
(ONE) TUBE CONTAINING THE FOLLOWING:				
SMOOTH SHEET FOR SURVEY H10827 ORIGINAL DESCRIPTIVE REPORT 2 DRAWING HISTORY FORMS (NOAA FORM #76-71) 1 EACH FOR 1 RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHART FORM (NOAA FORM #75-1 H-DRAWING FOR NOS CHART 11547 1 H-DRAWING FOR NOS CHART 11545 1 COMPOSITE DRAWING FOR NOS CHART 11547 1 COMPOSITE DRAWING FOR NOS CHART 11545	96) FOR SURVEY H10827			
FROM: (Signature)	RECEIVED THE ABOVE (Name, Division, Date)			
DEBORAH A. BLAND Delical a- Blance	,,			
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Return receipted copy to:				
ATLANTIC HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH				
N/CS33				
439 WEST YORK STREET				
NORFOLK, VA 23510-1114				

HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY STATISTICS REGISTRY NUMBER: H10827

NUMBER OF CONTROL STATIONS			2
NUMBER OF POSITIONS			28744
NUMBER OF SOUNDINGS			28744
	TIME-HOURS	DATE	COMPLETED
PREPROCESSING EXAMINATION	20		10/30/98
VERIFICATION OF FIELD DATA	74		02/17/99
EVALUATION AND ANALYSIS	11.50	1	
FINAL INSPECTION	1		02/17/99
COMPILATION	58		03/03/99
TOTAL TIME	179		
ATLANTIC HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH	APPROVAL		03/03/99

ATLANTIC HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH EVALUATION REPORT FOR H10827 (1998)

This Evaluation Report has been written to supplement and/or clarify the original Descriptive Report. Sections in this report refer to the corresponding sections of the Descriptive Report.

D. AUTOMATED DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING

The following software was used to process data at the Atlantic Hydrographic Branch:

Hydrographic Processing System NADCON, version 2.10 Siteworks, version 2.01 MicroStation 95, version 5.05 I/RAS B, version 5.01

The smooth sheet was plotted using an Hewlett Packard DesignJet 2500CP plotter.

H. CONTROL STATIONS

Horizontal control used for this survey during data acquisition is based upon the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83). Office processing of this survey is based on these values. The smooth sheet has been annotated with ticks showing the computed mean shift between the NAD 83 and the North American Datum of 1927 (NAD 27).

To place this survey on the NAD 27, move the projection lines 0.585 seconds (18.017 meters or 1.80 mm at the scale of the survey) north in latitude, and 1.245 seconds (31.700 meters or 3.17 mm at the scale of the survey) east in longitude.

J. SHORELINE

Brown shoreline originates with NOS chart 11543, 20th edition, dated July 11, 1992, and is for orientation purposes only.

Shoreline changes are apparent from the limits of hydro in the vicinity of Shackleford Point. The field did not indicate the limits of the changes. The shoreline in the area in question has been omitted from the smooth sheet.

L. JUNCTIONS

H10825 (1998) to the South H10832 (1998) to the East Standard junctions were effected between the present survey and survey H10825 (1998), H10832 (1998). There are no junctional surveys to the North, or to the West. Present survey depths are in harmony with the charted hydrography to the north and to the west.

M. COMPARISON WITH PRIOR SURVEYS

A comparison with prior surveys was not done during office processing in accordance with section 4. of the memorandum titled "Changes to Hydrographic Survey Processing", dated May 24, 1995.

O. <u>COMPARISON WITH CHART 11543 (20th Edition, July 11/92)</u>

11545 (57th Edition, Jan 18/97)

11547 (32nd Edition, Feb 07/98)

Hydrography

The charted hydrography originates with the prior surveys and requires no further consideration. The hydrographer makes adequate chart comparisons in sections N. and O. of the Descriptive Report. The following should be noted:

- 1) A charted <u>submerged pile</u>, originating with an unknown source, in the vicinity of Latitude 34°40'32.6"N, Longitude 76°39'42.8"W was disproved by the present survey and junctional survey H10832 combined. It is recommended that the <u>submerged pile</u> be deleted from the chart and that the area be updated with present survey depths.
- 2) AWOIS ITEM #9959, a charted <u>dangerous submerged wreck (PA)</u>, originating with Local Notice to Mariners 11 of 1993 (LNM11/93), in Latitude 34°38'18.0"N, Longitude 76°39'24.0"W was salvaged prior to the present survey, but remains charted. This wreck was further disproved by the present survey and junctional survey H10832 combined. It is recommended that the dangerous submerged wreck (PA) be deleted from the chart and that the area be updated with present survey depths.

Controlling Depths

There are no conflicts between the tabulation shown on the above listed charts and the present survey depths.

The present survey is adequate to supersede the charted hydrography within the common area.

P. ADEQUACY OF SURVEY

This is an adequate hydrographic/side scan sonar survey. No additional work is recommended.

S. MISCELLANEOUS

Chart compilation was done by Atlantic Hydrographic Branch personnel, in Norfolk, Virginia. Compilation data will be forwarded to Marine Chart Division, Silver Spring, Maryland.

The following NOS Charts are used for compilation of the present survey:

11545	(57 th	Ed.,	January	18/97)	1:40,000
11547	(32 nd	Ed.,	February	07/98)	1:12,500

Robert Snow

Cartographic Technician Verification of Field Data Evaluation and Analysis

APPROVAL SHEET H10827

<u>Initial Approvals</u>:

The completed survey has been inspected with regard to survey coverage, delineation of depth curves, development of critical depths, cartographic symbolization, and verification or disproval of charted data. The digital data have been completed and all revisions and additions made to the smooth sheet during survey processing have been entered in the digital data for this survey. The survey records and digital data comply with NOS requirements except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

Durah a Bland	Date: 2-5-99
Deborah A. Bland	
Cartographer,	
Atlantic Hydrographic Branch	

I have reviewed the smooth sheet, accompanying data, and reports. This survey and accompanying digital data meet or exceed NOS requirements and standards for products in support of nautical charting except where noted in the Evaluation Report.

when I force Date: 3/15/99 Andrew L. Beaver Lieutenant Commander, NOAA

Chief, Atlantic Hydrographic Branch

Final Approval:

Samuel P. Lellow 17. Date: 3/26/99

Samuel P. De Bow, Jr. Commander, NOAA Chief, Hydrographic Surveys Division

MARINE CHART BRANCH RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

RECORD OF APPLICATION TO CHARTS

IM	CTDI	ICT	ONG

A basic hydrographic or topographic survey supersedes all information of like nature on the uncorrected chart.

- 1. Letter all information.
- 2. In "Remarks" column cross out words that do not apply.
- 3. Give reasons for deviations, if any, from recommendations made under "Comparison with Charts" in the Review.

FILE WITH DESCRIPTIVE REPORT OF SURVEY NO. _

CHART	DATE	CARTOGRAPHER	REMARKS
11547	2-8-99	D.A. Bland	Full American After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
			Drawing No.
11545	211-99	D.A. Bland	Full After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
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			Full Part Before After Marine Center Approval Signed Via
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