

C –Vertical & Horizontal Control

Refer to the OPR-P182-KR-06 Horizontal and Vertical Control Report¹² for a detailed description of the horizontal and vertical control used on this survey. A summary of the project’s horizontal and vertical control follows. No deviations from the report occurred.

Horizontal Control

The horizontal control datum for this survey was the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). All raw positions were originally collected in WGS84 and transformed to NAD83 during the post-processed kinematic GPS (KGPS) routine.

It was necessary to acquire dual frequency GPS data at a known location/s on the ground so that a KGPS solution could be used for final positioning. JOA established two local control points: station “SITE 1” was located on the USCGS station MIT (UW0401) and station “SITE 2”, was located on a piece of pipe off of “SITE 1”. Refer to the Appendix II of the Vertical & Horizontal Control Report for results and procedures.

Vessel position was determined in real time using a Trimble Zephyr L1/L2 GPS antenna, which was connected to a Trimble BD950 L1/L2 GPS card residing in the POS MV. The POS MV was setup via the Com 2 to accept USCG differential corrections, which were output from a CSI MBX-3S Coast Guard beacon receiver. Note: since the pseudorange corrections received by the POS MV are based on the NAD 83 position of the reference station antenna position, all positions were NAD 83. However, final positions were determined using a post-processed KGPS solution using the POSpac 4.3 processing software (Refer to the “2006-NOAAProcessingProcedures” document for KGPS processing procedure).

Table 2 – DGPS Stations

Station	ID	Latitude	Longitude	Freq.	Tx. Rate	Rx. No.	Wt.
Cold Bay, USCG	296	55°05'30"N	162°31'54" W	289	100BPS	1	1
Kodiak, USCG	295	57°37'06"N	152°11'36"W	313	100BPS	2	1

Positioning system confidence checks were conducted on a daily basis using the POS MV controller software. The controller software has numerous real time displays that were monitored throughout the survey to ensure the positional accuracies specified in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables (version June 2006) were achieved. These include, but are not limited to the following: GPS Status, Position accuracy, Receiver Status (which included HDOP) and Satellite Status. During periods of high HDOP and/or low number of available satellites survey operations were suspended.

Vertical Control

All sounding data were initially reduced to mean lower low water (MLLW) using unverified tidal data from one tide station located on Mitrofanian Island, AK. A sub-contractor, John Oswald & Associates LLC (JOA), operated the gauge.

Table 3 – Tide Gauges

Gauge	Model	Gauge Type	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Operational
9459016	H350/355	Digital Bubbler	Mitrofanian Island, AK	55°53'22"N	158°49'11" W	May-July

Table 4 – Final Tide Zones

Zone	Primary			
	Site	Number	Time	Range Ratio
JOA001	Mitrofanian Island, AK	9459016	0	1.00
JOA002	Mitrofanian Island, AK	9459016	-6	1.00
JOA003	Mitrofanian Island, AK	9459016	-6	1.07
JOA004	Mitrofanian Island, AK	9459016	-12	1.00
JOA005	Mitrofanian Island, AK	9459016	-12	1.07
JOA006	Mitrofanian Island, AK	9459016	-12	1.14