NOAA FORM 76-35A

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey	HYDROGRAPHIC
Field No.	RA-10-08-09
Registry No.	H11845
	LOCALITY
State	Alaska
General Locality	Approaches to Sitka
Sublocality	Vicinity of Rakof Islands
	2008
Comm	CHIEF OF PARTY ander Donald W. Haines, NOAA
ı	LIBRARY & ARCHIVES
DATE	

NOAA FORM 77-28 (11-72)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTER NO.			
	HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET	H11845			
	The hydrographic sheet should be accompanied by this form, ely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the office.	FIELD NO. RA-10-09-08			
State	Alaska				
General Locality _	Approaches to Sitka				
Sublocality	Vicinty of Rakof Islands				
Scale	1:10,000 Date of Survey 5/22/2008 - 6	/18/2008			
Instructions Dated	4/21/2008 Project No. OPR-O112-R	A-08			
Vessel	RA3 (1021), RA1 (1101), RA4 (2801), RA-5 (2802), RA2 (1103), R	A-9 (915 Ceeducer),			
Chief of Party	RAINIER (S221) Commander Donald W. Haines, NOAA				
Surveyed by	RAINIER Personnel				
Surveyed by	RAINIER I CISOIIICI				
Soundings taken by	echo sounder Reson 8101, Tilted Reson 8125, Seabeam/Elac 1	050D MKII,			
	Reson 7125, Knudsen 320M				
Graphic record scale	ed by N/A				
Graphic record chec	cked byN/A				
Evaluation by	G. Froelich Automated plot by N/A				
Verification by	G. Froelich, P Holmberg				
Soundings in	Fathoms and Feet at MLLW				
REMARKS:	Time in UTC. UTM Projection Zone 8				
	Revisions and annotations appearing as endnotes were				
	generated during office processing.				
	As a result, page numbering may be interrupted or non-sequential				
	All separates are filed with the hydrographic data.				

Descriptive Report to Accompany Hydrographic Survey H11845

Project OPR-O112-RA-08 Approaches to Sitka, AK Vicinity of Rakof Islands Scale 1:10,000 May 22 – June 18, 2008

NOAA Ship RAINIER (s221)

Chief of Party: Commander Donald W. Haines, NOAA

A. AREA SURVEYED

This hydrographic survey was completed as specified by Hydrographic Survey Letter Instructions OPR-O112-RA-08 dated April 21, 2008 and all other applicable direction¹, with the exception of deviations noted in this report. The survey area includes the vicinity of Rakof Islands off the coast of Sitka, AK. This survey corresponds to sheet "B" in the sheet layout provided with the Letter Instructions.

This project, OPR-O112-RA-08, responds to a request from the USCG 17th District Aids to Navigation Branch. They have identified that the route south from Sitka "along a protected passage to Necker Bay and Crawfish Inlet, is seeing increased use by commercial fishing vessels, commercial charter vessels, and recreational boater." As tour companies respond to the growing numbers of visitors that are looking for the "real Alaska", this area will see increased passenger vessel traffic in the near future.

D	Hull Number with Mileage (nm)						TD 4 1	
Data Acquisition Type	S221	1021	1101	1103	2801	2802	915	Total
VBES (main scheme)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MBES (main scheme)	8.5	8.26	43.07	-	113.0	101.9	-	274.7
[MBES + SSS (main scheme)]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VBES + SSS (main scheme)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cross lines	-	-	-	19.59	-	-	-	19.59
Developments	-	-	9.04	-	-	7.54	-	
Shoreline				.74			.68	1.42
Bottom Samples	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Number of Items Investigated	-	-	-	29	-	-	10	39
Total Area Surveyed (sq. nm)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.35

Table 1: Statistics for survey H11725

Data acquisition was conducted from May 22 to June 18, 2008 (DN143 to DN170).

¹NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables (April 2008), OCS Field Procedures Manual for Hydrographic Surveying (May 2008), and all Hydrographic Surveys Technical Directives issued through the dates of data acquisition.

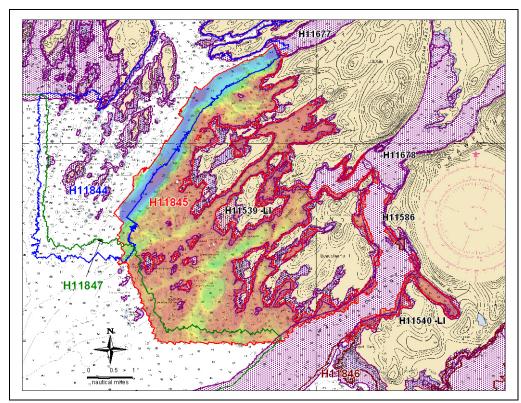


Figure 1. H11845 Survey Limits & Junction Surveys

B. DATA ACQUISTION AND PROCESSING

Refer to OPR-O112-RA-08 Data Acquisition and Processing Report (DAPR)¹ for a complete description of data acquisition and processing systems, survey vessels, quality control procedures and data processing methods. Additional information to supplement sounding and survey data, and any deviations from the DAPR are included in this descriptive report.

B 1. EQUIPMENT AND VESSELS

Data for this survey were acquired by the following vessels:

Hull Number	Name	Acquisition Type	
1101	RA-1	Reson 8125 tilted Multibeam Echo Sounder	
1103	RA-2	Vertical Beam Echo sounder	
		Detached Positions	
1021	RA-3	Reson 8101 Multibeam Echo sounder	
2801	RA-4	Reson 7125 Multibeam Echo sounder	
2802	RA-5	Reson 7125 Multibeam Echo Sounder	
915	RA-9	Ceeducer	
		Detached Positions	
S221	RAINIER	Elac1050D Multibeam Echo Sounder	

Table 2. Data Acquisition Vessels for H11845.

Sound speed profiles were measured with SEACAT 19+ profilers in accordance with the Specifications and Deliverables.

B 2. QUALITY CONTROL

B 2.1 System Certification and Calibration

Refer to OPR-O112-RA-08 DAPR and Hydrographic Systems Readiness Report (HSRR) for a complete description of system integration and initial calibration results for equipment and sensors used for this survey.

B.2.2 Sounding Coverage

Project instructions for this survey required 25 meter spaced lines coverage of either multibeam echosounder (MBES) or vertical beam echosounder (VBES) from the inshore limit to 8 meters water depth, and complete MBES in greater than 8 meters water depth. Complete multibeam coverage was acquired to further offshore of the inshore limit line or the junction survey lines, except as noted below.

B 2.3 Crosslines

The total distance of multibeam echo sounder (MBES) crosslines totaled 19.59 linear nautical miles, which is equal to 7.1% of mainscheme MBES lines. The mainscheme bathymetry was manually compared to the crossline nadir beams in CARIS subset mode. The agreement between the MBES mainscheme and MBES crossline soundings was adequate, with the majority of crossings differing by approximately 0.1 meters and not exceeding 0.5 meters. However, the Elac MBES and Reson 8101 crosslines had an error of up to 2.4 meters. This error is attributed to water depth and the quality of Elac data. Elac data were collected in water deeper then 150 meters. In all cases the Elac detected a deeper bottom then the Reson.²

A statistical Quality Control Report has been conducted on representative data acquired with each system used on this survey. Results of these tests are included in the updated 2008 RAINIER Hydrographic System Readiness Review package submitted with this survey.

B 2.4 Junctions and Prior Surveys

The following contemporary surveys junction with H11845:

Registry #	Scale	Date	Field Party	Junction side
(1) H11844	1:10,000	2008	RAINIER	Northwest
(2) H11846	1:10,000	2008	RAINIER	Southeast
(3) H11847	1:10,000	2008	RAINIER	Southwest
(4) H11586	1:10,000	2007	RAINIER	Southeast
(5) H11677	1:10,000	2007	RAINIER	North
(7) H11539	1:10,000	2006	KRL	Rakof Islands
(8) H11540	1:10,000	2006	KRL	North and South shore line
				Walker Channel &
				Jamboree Bay

Basic hydrographic surveys H11844, H11846 and H11847 were conducted along with this survey in 2008 by RAINIER. The Lidar surveys H11539 and H11540 were conducted in 2006 by contractor.

H11539 and H11540

Comparisons were conducted manually between the Lidar surveys and H11845 by comparing the surfaces in CARIS HIPS and SIPS. Although, RAINIER met the provided Lidar limit junction line, due to sparse Lidar data it was difficult to junction the surveys together in all areas. In most cases, the Lidar soundings were equal to or up to two fathoms deeper. Although, in a few cases the Lidar was shoaler by .5 fathoms. In cases where the Lidar was very sparse the Lidar soundings differed by up 7 fathoms. See figure 2 for an example of this. The Hydrographer recommends that current survey soundings supersede all areas where Lidar overlaps the survey.³

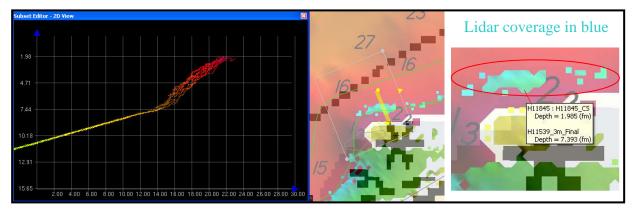


Figure 2. H11845 Comparison with Lidar survey H11539.

H11844, H11846, H11847, H11677 and H11586

Comparisons between the HDCS data were conducted manually in CARIS subset mode with H11845 and H11844, H11846, H11847, H11677 and H11586. Agreement between survey soundings were within 0.6 meters, except when comparing H11844. When comparing H11844 and H11845, a 2.5 meter error was found between the Elac soundings and the Reson soundings. See B 2.5 ELAC for more details.⁴

B 2.5 Data Quality Factors

The following data problems encountered during the survey led to data quality problems

ELAC

After conducting a crossline and junction comparison between data from the Reson 8101, Reson 7125 and the Elac is was evident that the Elac data is consistently 1.1 to 1.5 meters deeper than the Reson data in the same area. The Elac was only used in water 150 meters and deeper for updating bathymetric data and not for item investigations.

Data gaps (Holidays)

A few small holidays were found between the mainscheme data and Lidar coverage. The Lidar was sparse throughout the survey area. For the most part H11845 junctions with the Lidar Limit line except for in a few rare cases. When RAINIER first received the junction survey limits in MapInfo were used for survey planning and assessment. Near the end of acquisition it was noted

that the Notebook Lidar limit line and the MapInfo Lidar junctions lines were different, with the Notebook line generally inshore of the MapInfo line. Therefore, with the remaining time allotted for the project, some holidays were unable to be filled. See figure 3a and 3b for examples. The images on the left are from Caris with the H11845 DTM (red) and the Lidar DTM (green and yellow) overlaid on top. The images on the right are images from MapInfo, which shows the NALL Line (yellow dashed line), original MapInfo junctions limit lines (green) and the Notebook Lidar limit lines (blue).⁵

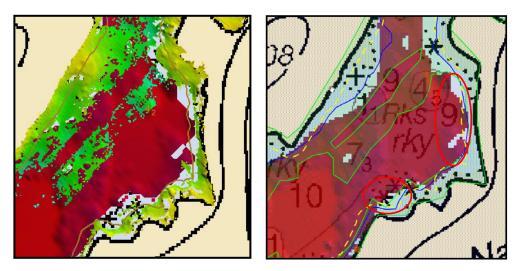


Figure 3a. Holidays northwest of Second Narrows

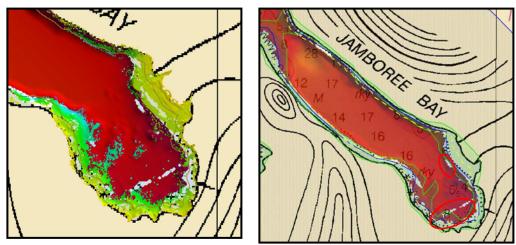


Figure 3b. Holidays in Jamboree Bay

B 3. CORRECTIONS TO ECHO SOUNDING

HDCS sounding data were reduced to mean lower-low water (MLLW) using approved tides from the primary station at Sitka, AK (945-1600) adjusted for tidal constituents and residuals provided by CO-OPS as specified in the Letter Instructions.

All other datum reduction procedures conform to those outlined in the DAPR.

All methods and instruments used for sound velocity correction were as described in the DAPR. A table detailing all sound velocity casts is located in Separate II⁶ of this Descriptive Report.

B 4. DATA PROCESSING

B 4.1 BASE Surfaces and Mosaics

Table 3 describes all BASE Surfaces submitted as part of Survey H11845. This survey was processed using the Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator (CUBE) algorithm. The CUBE configuration was set to Shallow for 1 meter resolution field sheets and Deep for the 2, 4 and 8 meter resolution field sheet for this survey. Final BASE surface resolutions and depth ranges were set in accordance with the Specification and Deliverables Complete Multibeam Coverage requirements. Field Sheets have a grid resolution of at least 10% of the depth and are smaller than 25×10^6 nodes.

Name of Fieldsheet	Resolution	Type	Purpose
H11845			
- H11845_4m	4 meter	CUBE	Cube Base surface
- H11845_8m	8 meter	CUBE	Cube Base surface
- H11845_cs	8 meter		Combined Cube surfaces
H11845_1m_east_center	1 meter	CUBE	Cube Base Surface
H11845_1m_north_west	1 meter	CUBE	Cube Base Surface
H11845_1m_south_west	1 meter	CUBE	Cube Base Surface
H11845_1m_south_east	1 meter	CUBE	Cube Base Surface
H11845_2m_north	2 meter	CUBE	Cube Base Surface
H11845_2m_south	2 meter	CUBE	Cube Base Surface

Table 3: All Mosaics and BASE Surfaces submitted as part of Survey H11845

Depth Range of Finalized Surface	Resolution
0-21.5	1m
18.5-52	2m
46-115	4m
103-450	8m

Table 4. Depth range and resolution of finalized surfaces

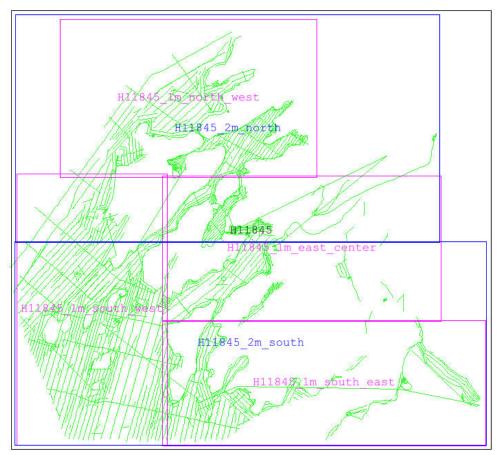


Figure 4: Layout of field sheets for BASE surfaces of H11845

Soundings and contours were generated in CARIS HIPS from the final combined BASE surface for field unit review purposes. They are included for reference only and are not intended as a deliverable.

C. VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL CONTROL

Project OPR-O112-RA-08 did not require static GPS observations or other horizontal control work, and all tide corrections were generated from CO-OPS maintained tide stations. Thus, no Horizontal and Vertical Control Report will be submitted.

C 1.1 Horizontal Control

The horizontal datum for this project is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). Differential GPS (DGPS) was the sole method of positioning. The differential corrector beacons utilized for this survey are given in Table 5.

Location	Frequency	Operator	Distance	Priority
Biorka Islands	305 KHz	USCG	12nm	Primary

Table 5: Differential Corrector Sources for H11845

C 1.2 Vertical Control

The vertical datum for this project is Mean Lower-Low Water (MLLW). The operating National Water Level Observation Network (NWLON) primary tide station at Sitka, AK (945-1600) served as control for datum determination and as the primary source for water level reducers for survey H11845.

No tertiary gauges were required.

All data were reduced to MLLW using final approved TCARI water levels using the TCARI file from O112RA2008P-TCARI.tc and stations Sitka, AK (945-1600) using the tide file 9451600 verified_thru20080630.txt.

The request for Final Approved Water Levels for H11845 was submitted to CO-OPS on June 19th 2008 and the Final Tide Note was received on June 30th 2008. This documentation is included in Appendix IV.⁷ In the Final Tide Note a statement in regards to the tide corrector was made "Note 2: Due to inaccurate shoreline around Scow Bay and Jamboree Bay, survey tracklines fall outside of the TCARI grid boundaries in some areas. TCARI will extrapolate the tide corrector to cover these soundings."

D. RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

D.1 Chart Comparison

Survey H11845 was compared with the following charts:

Chart	Edition	Edition Date	Local Notice to Mariners applied through	Scale
17326	16 th	Nov 2007	March 08, 2008	1:40,000
17328	7 th	Nov 2003	March 08, 2008	1:40,000
17320	17 th	Nov 2005	March 08, 2008	1:217,828

Table 6: Charts compared with H11845

Chart comparisons were performed in CARIS, in Pydro using survey-scale excessed soundings, and in MapInfo using survey-scale and chart-scale excessed soundings exported from Pydro. In lieu of performing an ENC comparison, the survey was compared to the composite source file. Comparison between chart 17326 and 17328 determined a number of discrepancies between both 1:40,000 scaled charts. When the hydrographer overlaid the two charts in CARIS Notebook it was noted that the soundings, shoreline and charted features were not in the same locations. However, the shift was not consistent throughout the charts: in some cases the soundings were charted in the same position and in others the position was off by approximately 60 meters. See figure 5.8

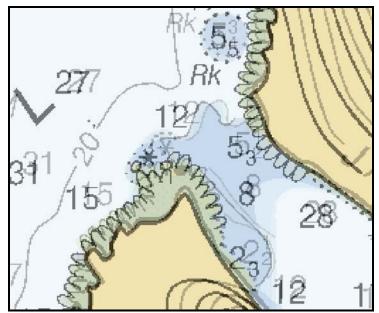


Figure 5. Comparison between chart 17326 & chart 17328.

D.1.1 Chart 17326 Comparison

The agreement between the survey soundings and the charted depths found on NOAA Chart 17326 agreed within 1 to 5 fathoms of approximately 1/2 of the currently charted depths. A number of discrepancies were seen throughout the chart, with differences of 15 to 20 fathoms. Furthermore, most of the currently charted depth curves do not agree with survey depth contours.

South of Lodge Island

In the southern cove of Lodge Island Bay, charted depths are much shoaler than survey soundings. Complete MBES was achieved in the area and no shoaling was indicated. The Hydrographer recommends charting as per the digital data.¹⁰ See figure 6.

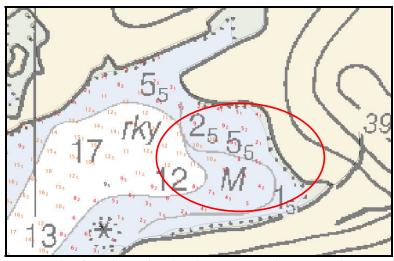
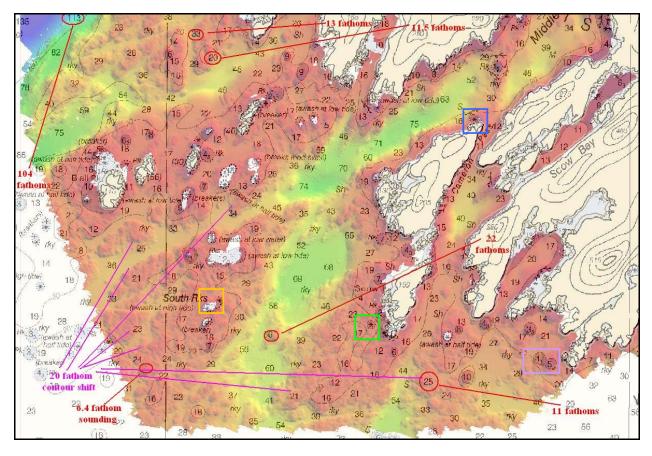


Figure 6. South of Lodge Island – discrepancy between chart and survey

Southwest extent of survey limits, west of Rakof Islands

Many charted discrepancies in the area west of Rakof Islands are highlighted in Figure 7. Survey soundings were often found to be considerably shoaler than charted depths due to modern bottom coverage techniques. Some of these discrepancies warranted immediate attention and were submitted as Dangers to navigation, see section D.3.1. There were also instances where the charted depths were significantly shoaler than survey soundings; these are possibly due to poor positioning, or old reports. Four such cases are shown in Figure 7. In all cases, complete Multibeam was achieved over the item or sounding in question and the Hydrographer recommends charting as per the digital data. Reference the submitted H11845_deleted_source.hob and H11845_Field_Verified.hob files for a comprehensive listing of features that are recommended to be modified and/or deleted from the chart.¹¹



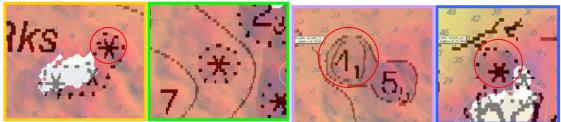


Figure 7. Chart 17328 Discrepancies

D.1.2 Chart 17328 Comparison

The agreement between the survey soundings and the charted depths found on NOAA Chart 17328 agreed within 1 to 5 fathoms. A few discrepancies were seen throughout the survey limits on the chart, some with differences of up to 10 fathoms. In some areas the survey soundings between the charted depths revealed shoaler soundings. This is attributed to increased bottom coverage using multibeam echosounder methods. See Notebook for features that are recommended to be removed, modified and / or deleted from the chart.¹²

D.1.3 Chart 17320 Comparison

The survey soundings and the charted depths found on the NOAA Chart 17320 agreed within 5 to 20 fathoms. This chart is a small scale chart, which made it difficult to compare to such a detailed survey. Most of the current charted depths were deeper than the survey soundings.

The Hydrographer recommends that current survey soundings supersede all prior survey and charted depths in the common area.¹³

D.2 Additional Results

D.2.1 Automated Wreck and Obstruction Information Service (AWOIS) Items

No AWOIS items fall within the survey limits of H11845. 14

D.2.2 Shoreline

Shoreline Source

The Pacific Hydrographic Branch provided RAINIER with a list of selected features for further investigation from LIDAR surveys H11539 and H11540. These features needed further investigation due to doubtful soundings or charted features not found in LIDAR survey data and recommended for removal from the chart. These features were placed in the "H11845_Discrepency" layer.

In addition, the source shoreline for project OPR-O112-RA-08 is a composite source file compiled from photogrammetric survey project GC10517, charted features from the digital Electronic Navigational Chart (ENC) US5AK3GM and US5AK3SM, as well as prior survey features. The composite source file was trimmed down to include only the shoreline and features that applied to each individual survey.

Shoreline Verification

Limited shoreline verification was conducted near or as close to predicted low water in accordance with the FPM section 3.5.5. Due to time constraints some shoreline was run after the predicted low water. Detached positions (DPs) acquired during shoreline verification were recorded in HYPACK and on DP forms, and processed in Pydro. These indicate revisions to features and features not found on the verified shoreline. In addition, annotations describing shoreline were recorded on hard copy plots of digital shoreline. DP forms are included in the Separates to be Included with Survey Data.¹⁵

All shoreline data is submitted in Caris Notebook .hob files. The session H11845_Notebook.wrk contains the following:

HOB File	Purpose and Contents		
H11845_CompSource.hob	Original Source Data as filtered from ENC cells US5AK3GM and		
H11843_Compsource.nob	US5AK3SM and from photogrammetric survey project GC10517		
H11845_Reference.hob	Survey outline and limit lines.		
H11845_Field_Verify.hob	Field verified source features and shoreline.		
H11845_Delete_Source.hob	Items disproved or modified.		
H11845_discrepency.hob	LIDAR disproval's or doubtful soundings.		

Table 7. List and Description of Notebook HOB files.

Source Shoreline Changes and New Features

Items for survey H11845 that require further discussion and are associated with a detached position, have been flagged "Report" in Pydro in H11845.pss. Investigation methods and recommendations are listed in the Remarks and Recommendation tabs. These features are included in the Survey Feature Report in Appendix II.¹⁶

Recommendations

The Hydrographer recommends that the shoreline as depicted in the Notebook .HOB files supersede and complement shoreline information compiled on the GC, raster charts and ENC's as described above.¹⁷

D.2.3. Aids to Navigation

Survey H11845 included two aids to navigation (ATONs). Each ATON's position was visually checked in the field against the digital raster chart. A detached position was taken on each ATON for check purposes to ensure that each were charted correctly. Each of the ATON's were found to serve their intended purpose. ¹⁸

No GPS static surveys were conducted for Survey H11845.

D.2.4 Charted Features

All other charted features and item investigations are described in detail in Appendix II of this report.¹⁹

D.2.4.1 Charted Pipelines and Cables

There are no pipelines or submarine cables within the limits of the survey.²⁰

D.2.4.2 Bridges, Ferry Routes, and Overhead Cables

There are no ferry routes, bridges, or overhead cable crossings within the limits of the survey.²¹

D.3 Dangers to Navigation and Shoals

D 3.1 Dangers to Navigation

Thirteen (13) Dangers to Navigation (DTONs) were found on survey H11845 and reported to the Marine Chart Division via email on; July 25th, 2008. A copy of each Danger to Navigation Report is included in Appendix I, and a copy of each DTON email to MCD is located in Appendix V of this Descriptive Report.²²

A number of survey soundings were detected to be shoaler than currently charted depths. The most pertinent soundings were picked as DToNs for immediate action due to the location of the soundings and vessel traffic areas.

A table of all Dangers to Navigation identified in this survey, with their submission date to MCD, is included below.

DtoN Number	Description	Latitude	Longitude	Date Submitted
1.1	Rock	56° 43' 27.7" N	135° 16' 25.1" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.2	Shoal	56° 44' 19.4" N	135° 14' 11.5" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.3	Rock	56° 41' 58.0" N	135° 15' 51.0" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.4	Shoal	56° 45' 16.3" N	135° 18' 38.8" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.5	Shoal	56° 41' 56.1" N	135° 10' 16.2" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.6	Rock	56° 46' 01.3" N	135° 16' 36.0" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.7	Rock	56° 45' 32.3" N	135° 18' 17.9" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.8	Shoal	56° 43' 21.8" N	135° 18' 35.9" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.9	Rock	56° 41' 38.3" N	135° 20' 11.8" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.10	Rock	56° 43' 16.9" N	135° 15' 12.8" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.11	Sounding	56° 44' 25.8" N	135° 16' 34.2" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.12	Rock	56° 42' 15.2" N	135° 17' 42.2" W	July 25 th , 2008
1.13	Shoal	56° 44' 14.1" N	135° 19' 49.6" W	July 25 th , 2008

Table 8: Dangers to Navigation

D.4 Miscellaneous

D. 4.1 Bottom Samples

Due to time constraints, no bottom samples were taken during survey H11845.²³

E. APPROVAL

As Chief of Party, Field Operations for hydrographic survey H11845 were conducted under my direct supervision, with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. I have reviewed the attached survey data and reports. The survey data meets or exceeds requirements as set forth in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys and Specifications Deliverables Manual (April 2008 edition), Field Procedures Manual (May 2008 edition), Standing and Letter Instructions, and all HSD Technical Directives issued through May 2008. These data are adequate to supersede charted data in their common areas. This survey is complete, with the exception of deficiencies noted in the Descriptive Report. All data and reports are respectfully submitted to N/CS34, Pacific Hydrographic Branch.

Listed below are supplemental reports submitted separately that contain additional information relevant to this survey:

TitleDate SentOfficeData Acquisition and Processing Report for OPR-O112-RA-08July 25, 2008N/CS34Coast Pilot Report for OPR- O112-RA-08TBD

Approved and Forwarded:

Chief Survey Technician:

Commander Donald W. Haines, NOAA
Commanding Officer

Digitally signed by Donald W. Haines, CDR/NOAA
DN: cn=Donald W. Haines, CDR/NOAA, c=US, o=NOAA/NMAO/
MOC-P, ou=NOAA Ship RAINIER, email=co.rainier@noaa.gov

I am the author of this document

I have reviewed this document 2008.07.25 16:59:01 -08'00'

2008.07.25 16:24:15 -08'00'

I have reviewed this document 2008.07.25 16:20:51 -08'00'

Reason: I am approving this document Date: 2008.07.25 18:31:36 -08'00'

James B Jacobson

In addition, the following individuals were also responsible for overseeing data acquisition and processing of this survey:

Survey Sheet Manager:

Ensign Caryn M. Arnold, NOAA

Cay M. audel

Junior Officer

James B. Jacobson

Chief Survey Technician, NOAA Ship RAINIER

Field Operations Officer:

Lieutenant Charles J. Yoos, NOAA

Field Operations Officer

Revisions

¹ Filed with project records.

² The Survey Acceptance Review (SAR) found all data from H11845 acceptable for charting.

³ Concur.

⁴ Areas where data was collected with the Elac system are all deeper than 100 fathoms. All data is suitable for charting.

⁵ Chart data extents as depicted in the M_QUAL layer of H11845_CS.000.

⁶ Filed with hydrographic records.

⁷ Tide note is appended to this report.

⁸ Compilation of H11845_CS.000 was performed relative to chart 17326.

⁹ Concur, chart as depicted in H11845_CS.000.

¹⁰ Concur with clarification, chart as depicted in H11845_CS.000.

¹¹ Concur with clarification. The comprehensive listing was reviewed by PHB. Chart survey data per H11845_CS.000.

¹² Concur with clarification. The notebook files were reviewed by PHB. Chart survey data per H11845_CS.000.

¹³ Concur.

¹⁴ Concur with clarification, no AWOIS items were assigned for investigation within the survey limits of H11845.

¹⁵ Filed with hydrographic records.

¹⁶ The Survey Feature Report is filed with the hydrographic records. Note: the survey feature report does not include all features from H11845. Additional features were added, some emoved, and some modified in CARIS Notebook after the feature report was generated from Pydro. All features included in the compilation of H11845 have come directly from CARIS Notebook, which is the official features deliverable for this survey.

¹⁷ Do not concur. Compile shoreline data per H11845_CS.000.

¹⁸ Chart per latest ATONIS information.

¹⁹ The Survey Feature Report is filed with the hydrographic records. Note: the survey feature report does not include all features from H11845. Additional features were added, some removed, and some modified in CARIS Notebook after the feature report was generated from Pydro. All features included in the compilation of H11845 have come directly from CARIS Notebook, which is the official features deliverable for this survey.

²⁰ Concur.

²¹ Concur.

²² DTON report is appended to this report.

²³ Five bottom samples were retained from chart 17326 in H11845 CS.000.

H11845 Dangers to Navigation

Registry Number: H11845

State: Alaska

Locality: Approaches to Sitka, AK
Sub-locality: Vicinity of Rakof Islands

Project Number: OPR-O112-RA-08

Survey Dates: 05/22/2008 - 06/18/2008

Charts Affected

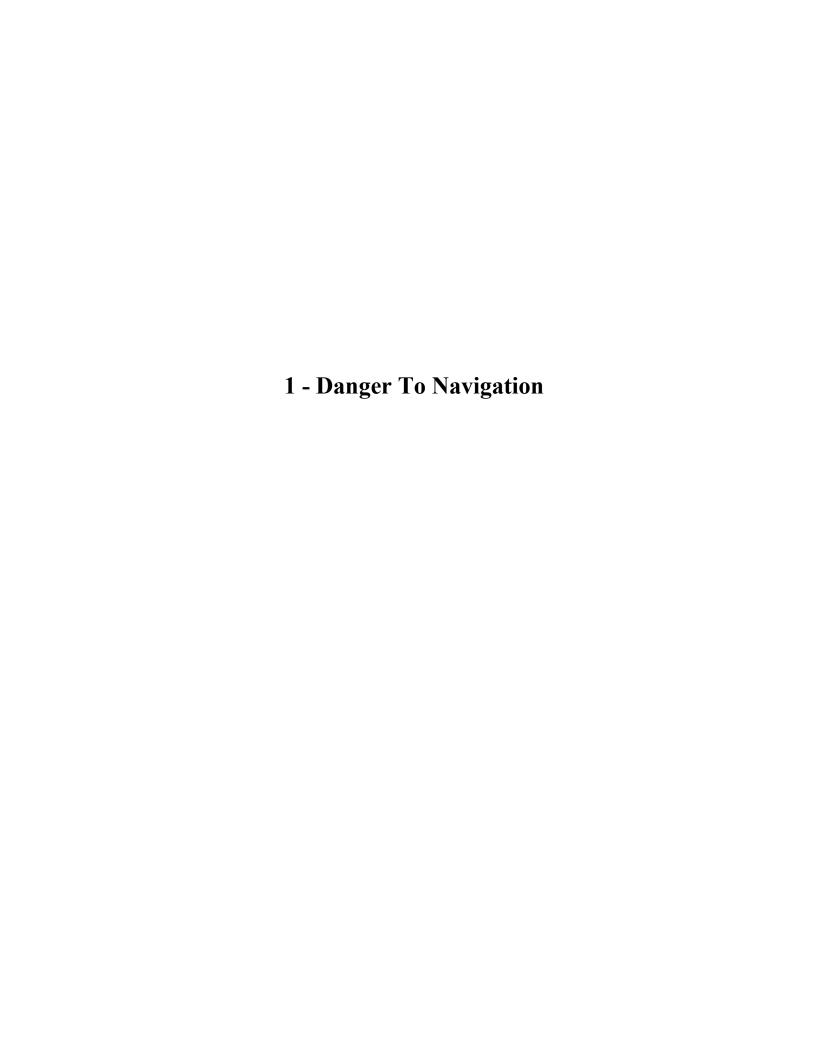
Number	Edition	Date	Scale (RNC)	RNC Correction(s)*
17328	7th	11/01/2003	1:40,000 (17328_1)	[L]NTM: ?
17326	15th	06/01/2006	1:40,000 (17326_1)	[L]NTM: ?
17320	17th	11/01/2005	1:217,828 (17320_1)	[L]NTM: ?
16016	20th	11/01/2003	1:969,756 (16016_1)	[L]NTM: ?
531	23rd	01/01/2006	1:2,100,000 (531_1)	[L]NTM: ?
500	8th	06/01/2003	1:3,500,000 (500_1)	[L]NTM: ?
530	31st	06/01/2005	1:4,860,700 (530_1)	[L]NTM: ?
50	6th	06/01/2003	1:10,000,000 (50_1)	[L]NTM: ?

^{*} Correction(s) - source: last correction applied (last correction reviewed--"cleared date")

Features

No.	Feature Type	Survey Survey Depth Latitude		Survey Longitude	AWOIS Item
1.1	Rock	0.73 m	56° 43' 27.7" N	135° 16' 25.1" W	
1.2	Shoal	3.88 m	56° 44' 19.4" N	135° 14' 11.5" W	
1.3	Rock	0.50 m	56° 41' 58.0" N	135° 15' 51.0" W	
1.4	Shoal	4.73 m	56° 45' 16.3" N	135° 18' 38.8" W	
1.5	Shoal	2.12 m	56° 41' 56.1" N	135° 10' 16.2" W	
1.6	Rock	1.03 m	56° 46' 01.3" N	135° 16' 36.0" W	
1.7	Rock	6.73 m	56° 45' 32.3" N	135° 18' 17.9" W	
1.8	Shoal	6.87 m	56° 43' 21.8" N	135° 18' 35.9" W	
1.9	Rock	12.17 m	56° 41' 38.3" N	135° 20' 11.8" W	
1.10	Rock	3.10 m	56° 43' 16.9" N	135° 15' 12.8" W	

1.11	Sounding	1.69 m	56° 44' 25.8" N	135° 16' 34.2" W	
1.12	Sounding	9.30 m	56° 42' 15.2" N	135° 17' 42.2" W	
1.13	Rock	17.73 m	56° 44' 14.1" N	135° 19' 49.6" W	



1.1) Profile/Beam - 454/238 from h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-149 / 275 2209

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 43' 27.7" N, 135° 16' 25.1" W

Least Depth: $0.73 \text{ m} = 0.398 \text{ fm} = 0 \text{ fm } 2.39 \text{ ft} = 0.398 \text{ fm} = 0 \text{ fm } 2.39 \text{ fm} = 0.398 \text{$

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 2.015 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 4.558 m

Timestamp: 2008-149.22:10:37.895 (05/28/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-149 / 275_2209

Profile/Beam: 454/238

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Currently charted rock verified with with MBES, least depth shoaler then charted.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/1101_reson8125_hvf/2008-149/275_2209	454/238	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Update chart with least depth.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

0 ¼fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 0fm 2ft (531_1) .7m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORDAT - 20080528

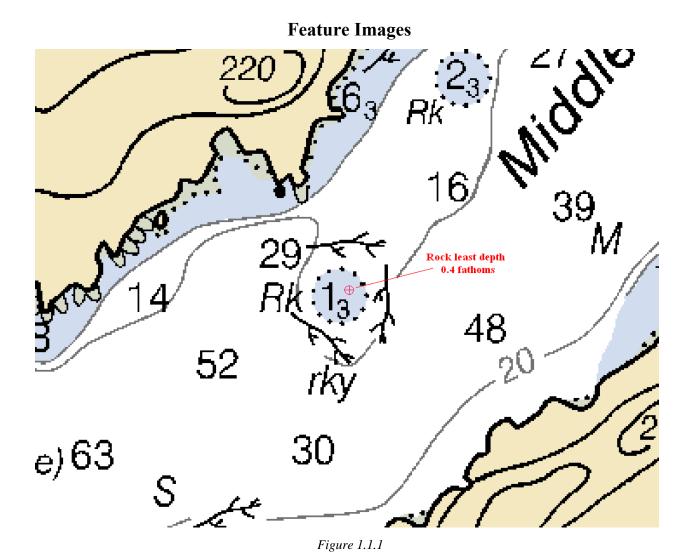
SORIND - US, US, survy, H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 0.728 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

WATLEV - 3:always under water/submerged



Page 6

1.2) Profile/Beam - 5902/200 from h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-149 / 277 2306

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 44′ 19.4″ N, 135° 14′ 11.5″ W

Least Depth: 3.88 m (= 12.75 ft = 2.124 fm = 2 fm 0.75 ft)

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.963 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.132 m

Timestamp: 2008-149.23:17:02.349 (05/28/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-149 / 277_2306

Profile/Beam: 5902/200

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Least depth of 2 fathoms determined with MBES.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status	
h11845/1101_reson8125_hvf/2008-149/277_2306	5902/200	0.00	0.000	Primary	

Hydrographer Recommendations

Update chart with least depth.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

2fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 2fm 0ft (531_1) 3.9m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)

Attributes: EXPSOU - 2:shoaler than range of depth of the surrounding depth area

QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORDAT - 20080528

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

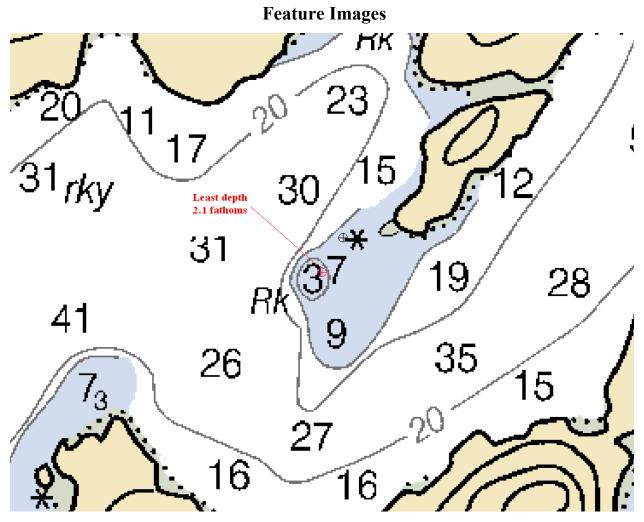


Figure 1.2.1

1.3) Profile/Beam - 3361/238 from h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-152 / 375 2156

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 41′ 58.0″ N, 135° 15′ 51.0″ W

Least Depth: 0.50 m = 1.63 ft = 0.271 fm = 0 fm = 0.63 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.978 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 2.328 m

Timestamp: 2008-152.22:18:39.188 (05/31/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-152 / 375_2156

Profile/Beam: 3361/238

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous rock initially detected via Lidar. Investigated with MBES during H11845 survey operations, rock confirmed.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/1101_reson8125_hvf/2008-152/375_2156	3361/238	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this rock based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

0 ¼fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 0fm 1ft (531_1) .5m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORDAT - 20080531

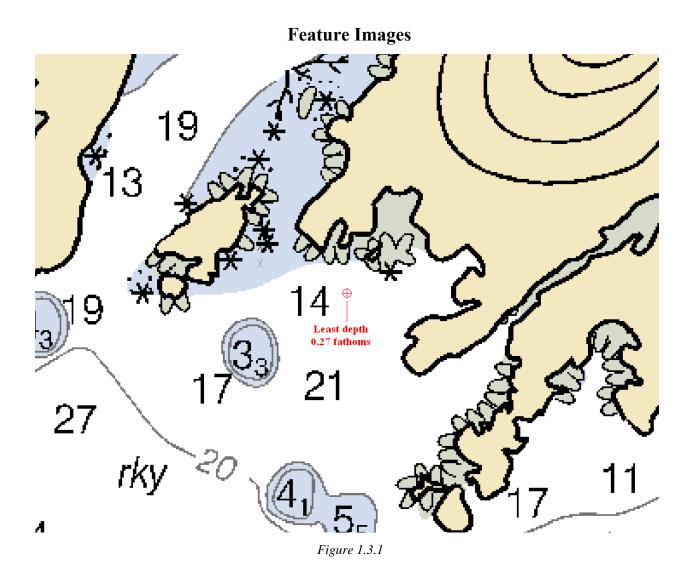
SORIND - US, US, survy, H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 0.496 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

WATLEV - 3:always under water/submerged



1.4) Profile/Beam - 558/159 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-155 / 280 1914

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 45′ 16.3″ N, 135° 18′ 38.8″ W

Least Depth: $4.73 \text{ m} = 15.53 \text{ ft} = 2.589 \text{ fm} = 2 \text{ fm} = 2.589 \text{ fm} = 2.589 \text{ fm} = 2 \text{ fm} = 2.589 \text{ f$

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.963 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.234 m

Timestamp: 2008-155.19:16:09.370 (06/03/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-155 / 280_1914

Profile/Beam: 558/159

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous shoal located during H1145 survey operations. Shoal developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 2.6 fathoms which is currently charted with surrounding depth of 13 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-155/280_1914	558/159	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this shoal based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

```
2 ½fm (17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1)
2fm 3ft (531_1)
4.7m (500_1, 50_1)
```

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)

Attributes: EXPSOU - 2:shoaler than range of depth of the surrounding depth area

QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORDAT - 20080603

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

Feature Images

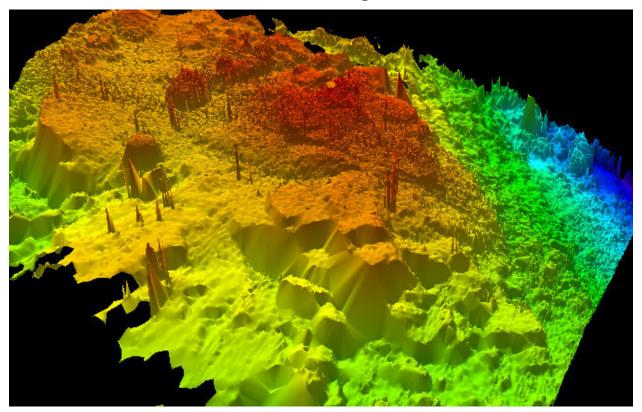


Figure 1.4.1

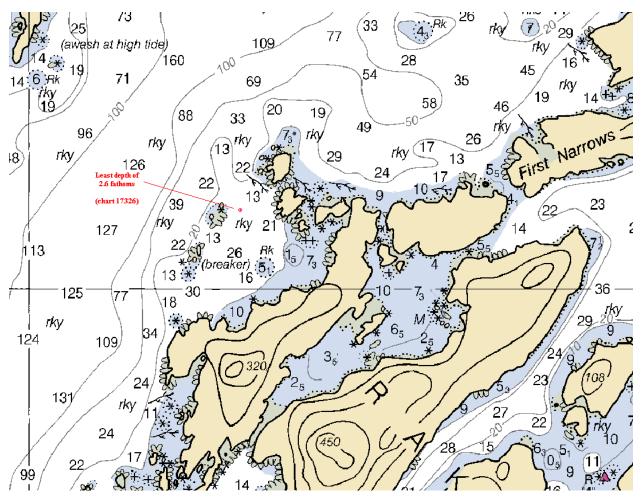


Figure 1.4.2

1.5) Profile/Beam - 523/289 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-156 / 248 2101

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 41′ 56.1″ N, 135° 10′ 16.2″ W

Least Depth: 2.12 m = 6.96 ft = 1.160 fm = 1 fm 0.96 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.962 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.243 m

Timestamp: 2008-156.21:02:18.056 (06/04/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-156 / 248_2101

Profile/Beam: 523/289

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Shoal area detected with MBES during H11845 survey operations.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-156/248_2101	523/289	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this shoal based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

```
1fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1)
1fm 1ft (531_1)
2.1m (500_1, 50_1)
```

S-57 Data

[None]

Feature Images

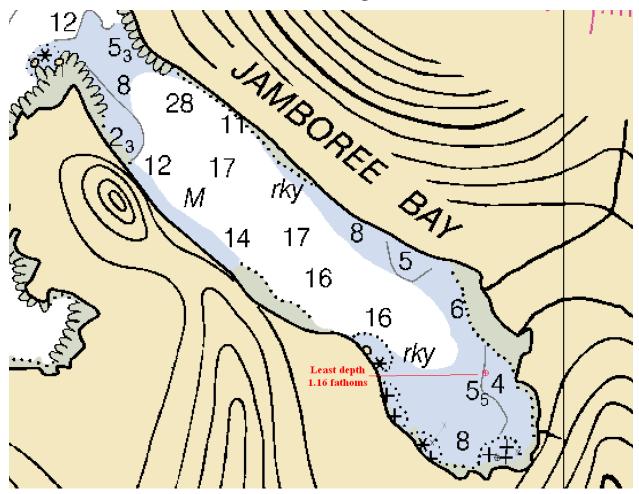


Figure 1.5.1

1.6) Profile/Beam - 151/157 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 862 0043

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 46′ 01.3" N, 135° 16′ 36.0" W

Least Depth: 1.03 m = 3.37 ft = 0.561 fm = 0 fm = 0.37 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.963 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.233 m

Timestamp: 2008-170.00:43:56.590 (06/18/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 862_0043

Profile/Beam: 151/157

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Charted Rock verified with MBES, least depth shoaler than charted.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-169/862_0043	151/157	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Update chart with least depth.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

0 ½fm (17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 0fm 3ft (531_1) 1.0m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

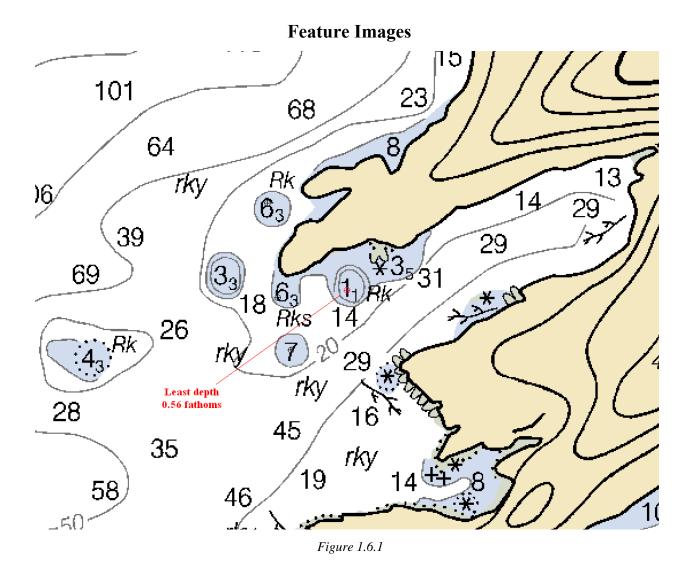
SORDAT - 20080618

SORIND - US, US, survy, H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 1.026 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water



1.7) Profile/Beam - 141/87 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 813 0112

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 45′ 32.3″ N, 135° 18′ 17.9″ W

Least Depth: $6.73 \text{ m} = 22.07 \text{ ft} = 3.679 \text{ fm} = 3 \text{ f$

TPU (\pm **1.96** σ): THU (TPEh) \pm 1.967 m; TVU (TPEv) \pm 0.204 m

Timestamp: 2008-170.01:13:19.228 (06/18/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 813_0112

Profile/Beam: 141/87

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous rock located during H11845 survey operations. Item developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 3.7 fathoms with a surrounding depth of 6.5 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address		Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status	
	h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-169/813_0112	141/87	0.00	0.000	Primary	

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this rock based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

3 ½fm (17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 3fm 4ft (531_1) 6.7m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORIND - US, US, survy, H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 6.728 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

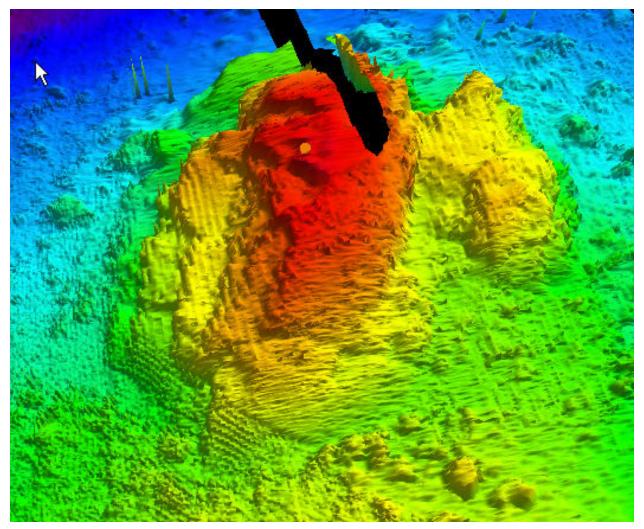


Figure 1.7.1

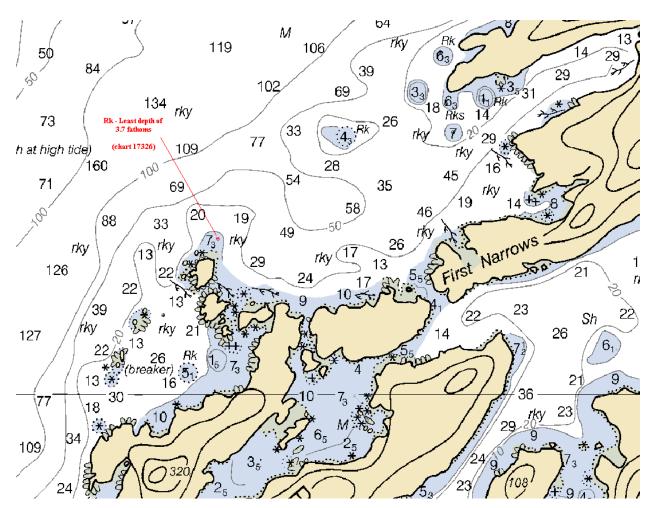


Figure 1.7.2

1.8) Profile/Beam - 772/1 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-149 / 327 2219

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 43' 21.8" N, 135° 18' 35.9" W

Least Depth: 6.87 m = 22.53 ft = 3.755 fm = 3 fm = 4.53 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.973 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.162 m

Timestamp: 2008-149.22:22:27.017 (05/28/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-149 / 327_2219

Profile/Beam: 772/1

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous shoal located during H11845 survey operations. Area was developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 3.7 fathoms with a surrounding depth of 6.6 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address		Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-149/327_2219	772/1	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this shoal area based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

3 ³/₄fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 3fm 4ft (531_1) 6.9m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORIND - US, US, survy, H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 6.868 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

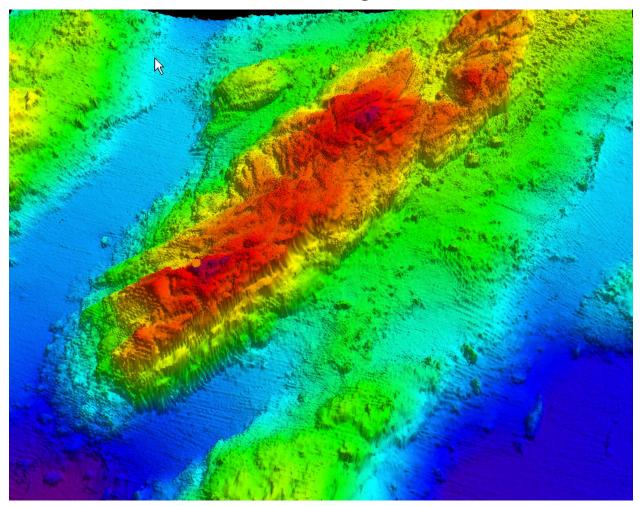
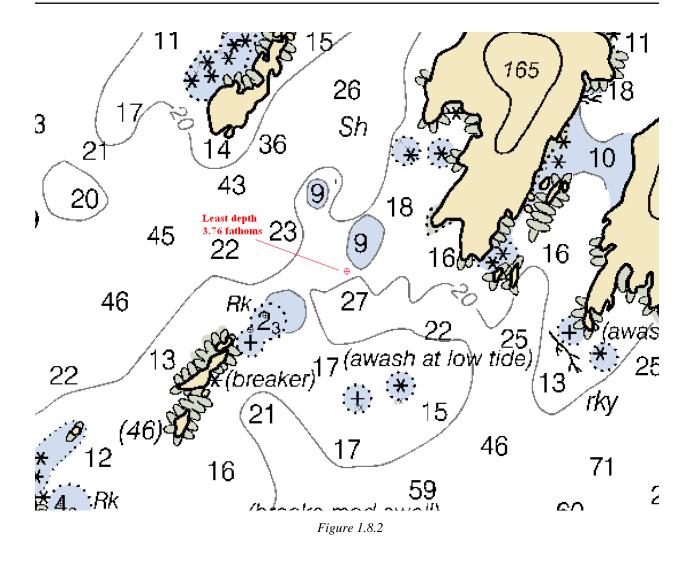


Figure 1.8.1



1.9) Profile/Beam - 456/394 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 829 2345

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 41′ 38.3″ N, 135° 20′ 11.8″ W

Least Depth: 12.17 m (= 39.92 ft = 6.654 fm = 6 fm 3.92 ft)

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.967 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.220 m

Timestamp: 2008-169.23:48:03.090 (06/17/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 829_2345

Profile/Beam: 456/394

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous rock located during H11845 survey operations. Item developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 6.6 fathoms with a surrounding depth of 8 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address		Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
]	h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-169/829_2345	456/394	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this rock based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

6 ½fm (17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 6fm 4ft (531_1) 12.2m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 12.169 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

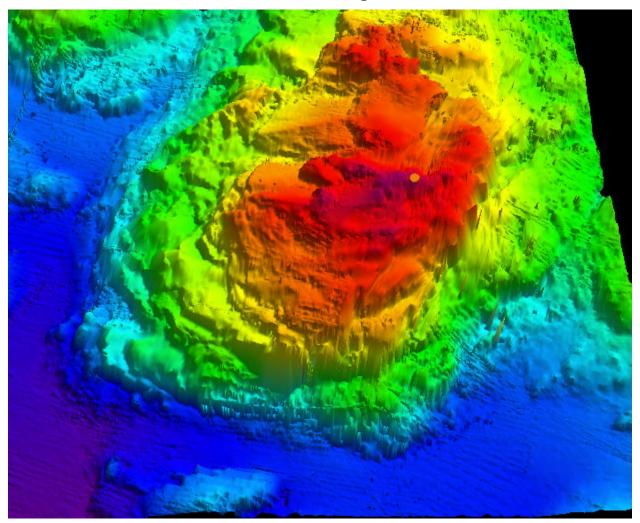
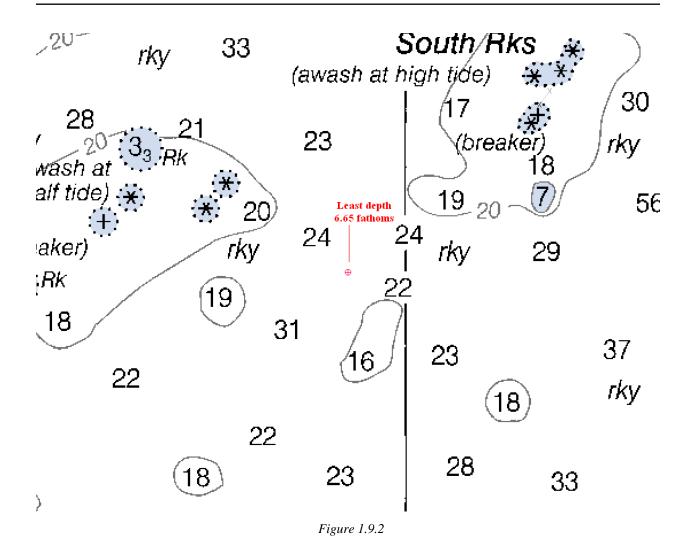


Figure 1.9.1



1.10) Profile/Beam - 175/143 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 1124a

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 43′ 16.9″ N, 135° 15′ 12.8″ W

Least Depth: 3.10 m = 1.695 fm = 1 fm 4.17 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.964 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 0.228 m

Timestamp: 2008-169.23:01:03.664 (06/17/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-169 / 1124a

Profile/Beam: 175/143

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous rock located during H11845 survey operations. Item developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 1.7 fathoms with a surrounding depth of 3.6 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-169/1124a	175/143	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this rock based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

```
1 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1)
1fm 4ft (531_1)
3.1m (500_1, 50_1)
```

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 3.099 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

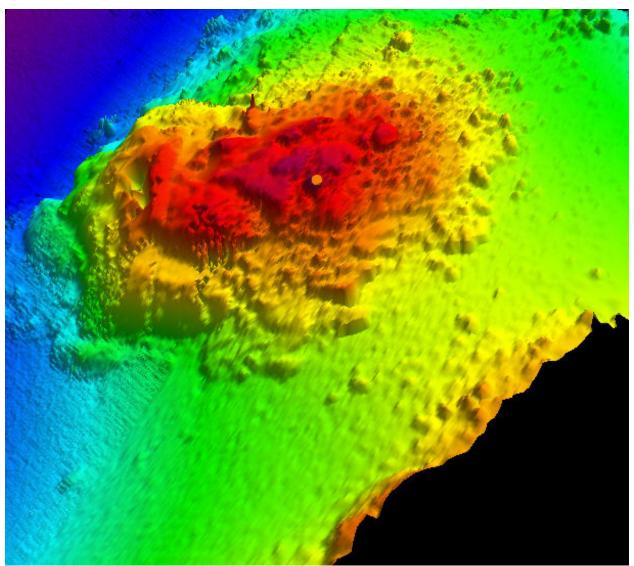


Figure 1.10.1

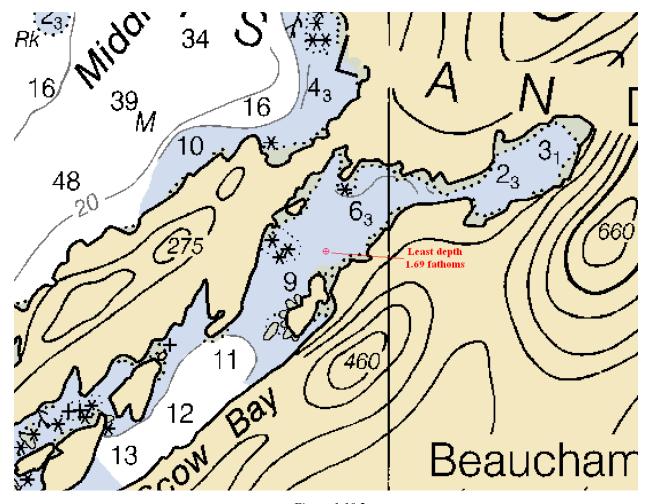


Figure 1.10.2

1.11) Profile/Beam - 3561/235 from h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-149 / 271 2046

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 44′ 25.8″ N, 135° 16′ 34.2″ W

Least Depth: 1.69 m = 5.53 ft = 0.921 fm = 0 fm = 0.53 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) ± 1.989 m; TVU (TPEv) ± 1.274 m

Timestamp: 2008-149.20:55:54.424 (05/28/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 1101_reson8125_hvf / 2008-149 / 271_2046

Profile/Beam: 3561/235

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous shoal, approximately 100 meters northeast of a charted .8 fathom feature, located during H11845 survey operations. Item developed with Reson 8125 MBES determined a least depth of 0.9 fathoms with a surrounding depth of 2.1 fathoms. However, this area is within the Lidar coverage and the least depth was detected from the MBES outer beams. The Lidar data coverage calculated a deeper least depth of 2.5 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address	Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/1101_reson8125_hvf/2008-149/271_2046	3561/235	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this shoal based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

0 ³/₄fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 0fm 5ft (531_1) 1.7m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)

Attributes: EXPSOU - 2:shoaler than range of depth of the surrounding depth area

QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORDAT - 20080528

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

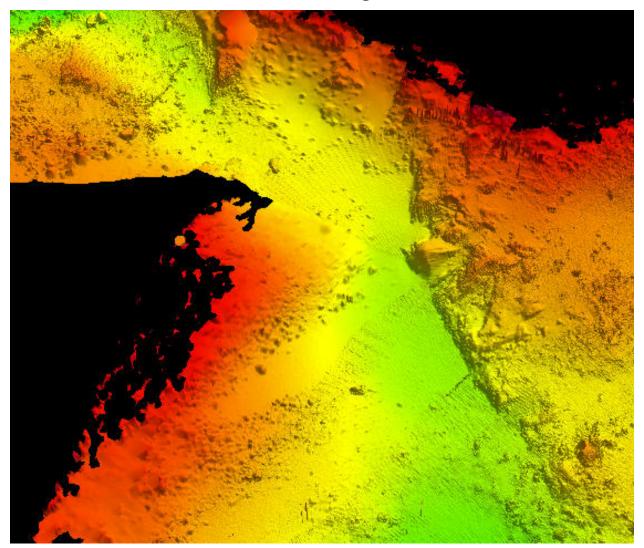


Figure 1.11.1

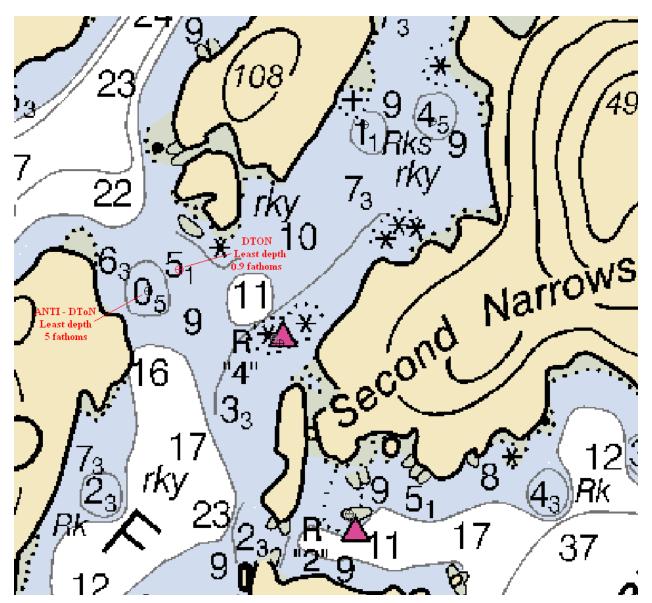


Figure 1.11.2

1.12) Profile/Beam - 279/183 from h11845 / 2801_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-152 / 335 2215

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 42' 15.2" N, 135° 17' 42.2" W

Least Depth: 9.30 m = 30.50 ft = 5.084 fm = 5 fm 0.50 ft

TPU (\pm **1.96** σ): THU (TPEh) \pm 1.966 m; TVU (TPEv) \pm 0.222 m

Timestamp: 2008-152.22:16:16.259 (05/31/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2801_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-152 / 335_2215

Profile/Beam: 279/183

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous rock located during H11845 survey operations. Item developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 5 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address		Feature	Range	Azimuth	Status
	h11845/2801_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-152/335_2215	279/183	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this rock based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

5fm (17326_1, 17328_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 5fm 0ft (531_1) 9.3m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 9.297 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

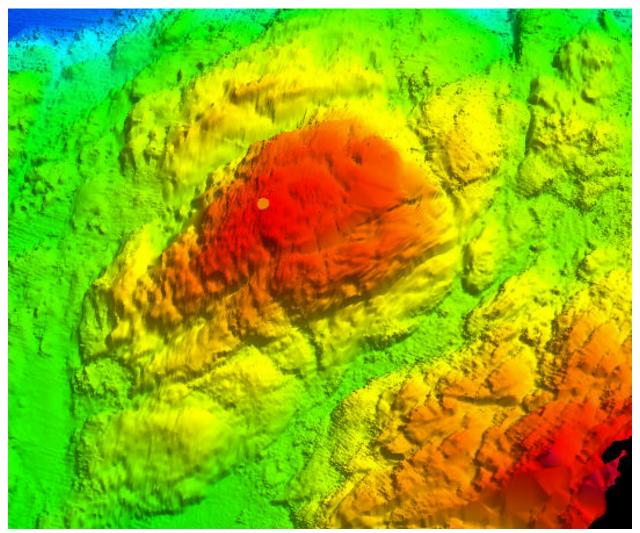


Figure 1.12.1

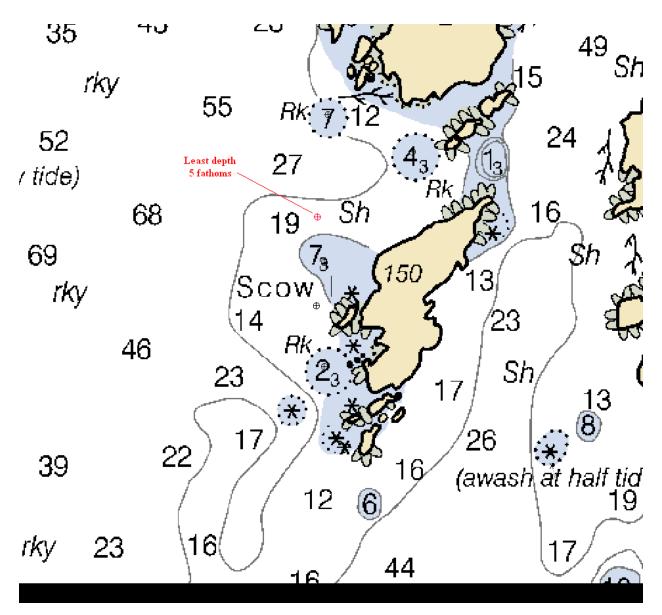


Figure 1.12.2

1.13) Profile/Beam - 58/36 from h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-155 / 291 2110

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 56° 44′ 14.1″ N, 135° 19′ 49.6″ W

Least Depth: 17.73 m = 58.16 ft = 9.693 fm = 9 fm = 4.16 ft

TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) $\pm 1.980 \text{ m}$; TVU (TPEv) $\pm 0.201 \text{ m}$

Timestamp: 2008-155.21:10:55.571 (06/03/2008)

Survey Line: h11845 / 2802_reson7125_hf_512beams / 2008-155 / 291_2110

Profile/Beam: 58/36

Charts Affected: 17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

Uncharted dangerous rock located during H11845 survey operations. Item developed with Reson 7125 MBES determined a least depth of 9.6 fathoms.

Feature Correlation

Address		Range	Azimuth	Status
h11845/2802_reson7125_hf_512beams/2008-155/291_2110	58/36	0.00	0.000	Primary

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart this rock based on the depth, position, and S-57 attribution specified in this report.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

9 ³/₄fm (17326_1, 17320_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 9fm 4ft (531_1) 17.7m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known

SORIND - US,US,survy,H11845

TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam

VALSOU - 17.726 m

VERDAT - 12:Mean lower low water

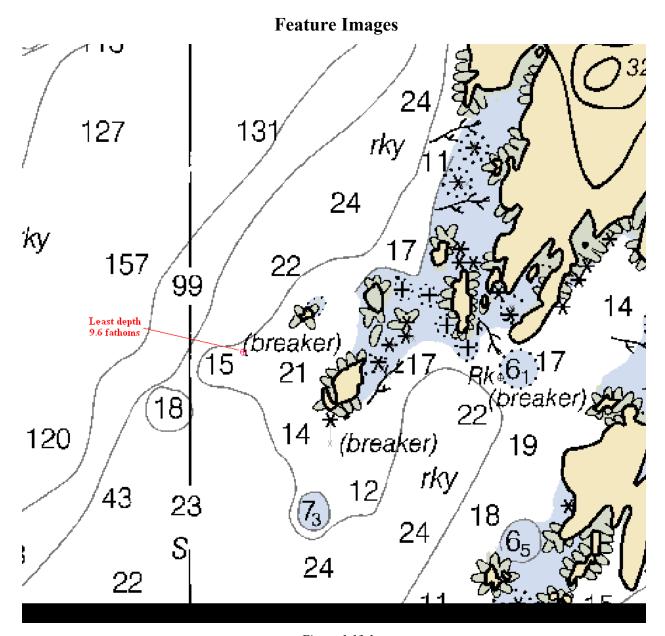


Figure 1.13.1

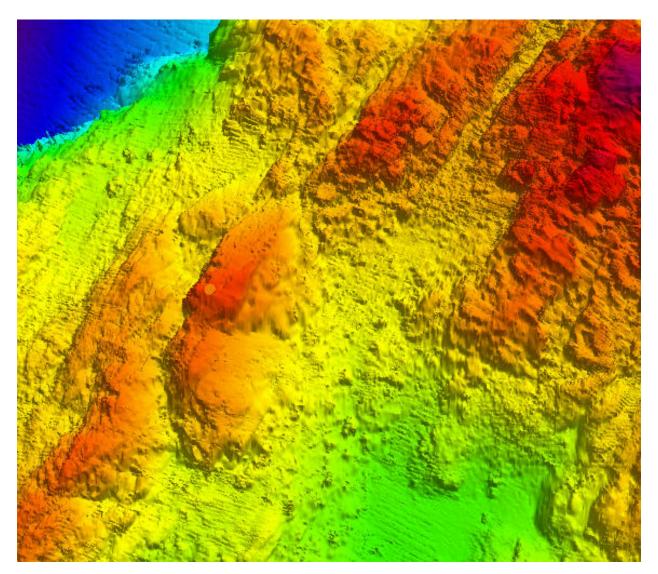


Figure 1.13.2



UNITED STATES DEPARMENT OF COMMERCE **National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration**

National Ocean Service Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

DATE: June 24, 2008

HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH: Pacific Hydrographic Branch

HYDROGRAPHIC PROJECT: OPR-0112-RA-2008

HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H11845

LOCALITY: Vicinity of Rokof Islands, Approaches to Sitka, AK

TIME PERIOD: May 20 - June 18, 2008

TIDE STATION USED: 945-1600 Sitka, AK

Lat. 57° 3.1'N Long. 135° 20.5' W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 2.791 meters

RECOMMENDED ZONING REMARKS:

Please use the TCARI grid "O112RA2008P-TCARI.tc" submitted with the project instructions as the final grid for project OPR-0112-RA-2008, H11845 during the time period between May 20 - June 18, 2008.

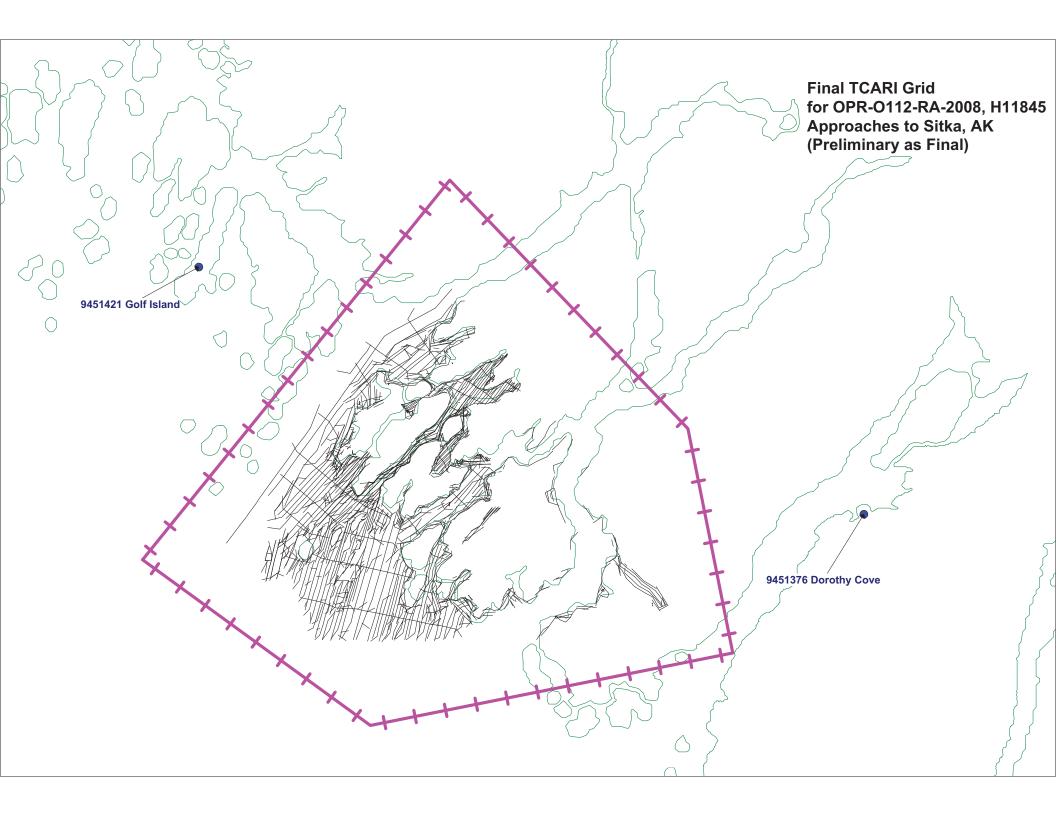
Refer to attachments for zoning information.

- Provided time series data are tabulated in metric units Note 1: (meters), relative to MLLW and on Greenwich Mean Time on the 1983-2001 National Tidal Datum Epoch (NTDE).
- Due to inaccurate shoreline around Scow Bay and Jamboree Note 2: Bay, survey tracklines fall outside of the TCARI grid boundaries in some areas. TCARI will extrapolate the tide corrector to cover these soundings.

Digitally signed by Peter J. Stone Peter J. Stone DN: cn=Peter J. Stone, o=CO-OPS, ou=NOAA/NOS, email=peter.stone@noaa.gov, c=US NOS, email=peter.stone@noaa.gov, c=US Date: 2008.06.30 15:50:08 -04'00'

CHIEF, PRODUCT AND SERVICES DIVISION





H11845 HCell Report

Peter Holmberg, Physical Scientist Pacific Hydrographic Branch

Introduction

The primary purpose of the HCell is to provide new survey information in International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) format S-57 to update the largest scale ENCs and RNCs in the region: NOAA RNCs, 17326 (1:40,000), and 17328 (1:40,000), and corresponding NOAA ENCs, US5AK3GM, and US5AK3SM. (See section 4. Meta Areas.)

In addition to two lidar surveys, H11845 also contains two large areas of multibeam data from H11586. The remaining portion of data from H11586 extends far off shore and will be compiled as a separate HCell (see figure 1 in section 4).

HCell compilation of survey H11845 utilized Office of Coast Survey DRAFT HCell Specifications Version 4.0. For additional information on the standards and protocols used for HCell Compilation, see the DRAFT A/PHB HCell Reference Guide, version 2.0, 22 February, 2010.

1. Compilation Scale

Depths and features for HCell H11845 were compiled to the largest scale chart in the region, 17326, 1:40,000. Chart 17328 covers a portion of H11845 as well, however it is also a 1:40,000 scale chart. Some differences were noted between the two charts, see Descriptive Report section D1.

2. Soundings

Survey-scale sounding (SOUNDG) feature object layers were built from two separate surfaces. A 10-meter combined surface H11845_H11586.csar from the multibeam surveys and a 3-meter combined surface H11539_H11540.csar from the lidar surveys in CARIS BASE Editor. From both surfaces, a shoal-biased selection was made at 1:10,000 survey scale using a Radius Table file with values shown in the table below. The resultant sounding layers contain a total of 25,164 depths ranging from 0 to 285.149 meters.

Shoal Limit (m)	Deep Limit (m)	Radius (mm)
0	10	3
10	20	4
20	50	4.5
50	300	5

Soundings from multibeam and lidar surfaces were generated separately in order to accurately attribute their TECSOU, SORDAT, and SORIND. As a result of generating separate sounding sets from partially overlapping surfaces, some overlap of soundings can be seen in the survey scale sounding set.

In CARIS BASE Editor soundings were manually selected from the high density sounding layers and imported into a new layer created to accommodate chart density depths. Manual selection was used to accomplish a density and distribution that closely represents the seafloor morphology.

3. Depth Contours

Depth contours at the intervals on the largest scale chart are included in the *_SS HCell for MCD raster charting division to use for guidance in creating chart contours. The metric and fathom equivalent contour values are shown in the table below.

Chart Contour Intervals in Fathoms from Chart 17326	Metric Equivalent to Chart Fathoms, Arithmetically Rounded	Metric Equivalent of Chart Fathoms, with NOAA Rounding Applied	Fathoms with NOAA Rounding Applied	Fathoms with NOAA Rounding Removed for Display on H11845_SS.000
0	0	0.000	0.000	0
3	5.4864	5.715	3.125	3
5	9.144	9.3726	5.125	5
10	18.288	18.517	10.125	10
20	36.576	37.9476	20.750	20
50	91.44	92.812	50.750	50
100	182.88	184.252	100.750	100

With the exception of the zero contours included in the *_CS file, contours have not been deconflicted against shoreline features, soundings and hydrography, as all other features in the *_CS file and soundings in the *_SS have been. This may result in conflicts between the *_SS file contours and HCell features at or near the survey limits. Conflicts with M_QUAL, COALNE and SBDARE objects, and with DEPCNT objects representing MLLW, should be expected. HCell features should be honored over *_SS.000 file contours in all cases where conflicts are found.

4. Meta Areas

The following Meta object areas are included in HCell H11845:

M QUAL

Due to the fact that data four different surveys were used in the compilation of H11845 and the varied topography of the area, there are 146 separate M_QUAL objects (see figure 1). Through correspondence with MCD it was agreed that a single \$AREAS polygon object be included in the HCell to aide in application of the HCell (see section 6).

Meta area objects were constructed on the basis of the limits of the hydrography.

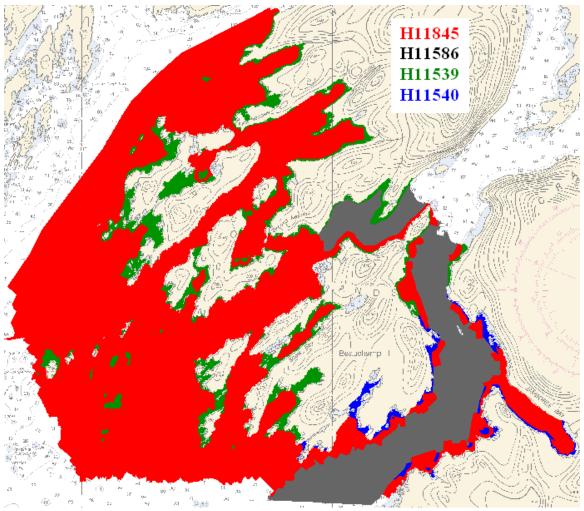


Figure 1. Data sources for H11845

5. Features

5.1 Generalization of Features to Chart Scale

Features addressed by the field units are delivered to PHB where they are deconflicted against the hydrography and the largest scale chart. These features, as well as features to be retained from the chart and features digitized from the Base surface, are included in the HCell. The geometry of these features is modified to emulate chart scale.

Feature generalization to emulate chart scale is accomplished primarily through reduction in the number of features included in the HCell, and in some cases generalizing area features to point objects. Some instances of reduction of area features to point objects is entrusted to the RNC division, for example rocky seabed areas that will display as point features on the RNC. Where line and area objects are included in the HCell, complexity of the lines and edges comprising the features have been smoothed to be commensurate with chart scale.

5.2 Compilation of Features to the HCell

Shoreline features for H11845 were delivered from the field in four different hob files defining new features, modification to GC or charted features, and disprovals. These were deconflicted against GC shoreline, the chart and hydrography during office processing.

During office processing, several submerged rocks, and numerous rocky seabeds were digitized from the high resolution BASE Surfaces.

The source of all features included in the H11845 HCell can be determined by the SORIND field.

5.2 Mean High Water Used for HCells

For the purposes of determining the height at which a rock becomes an islet, the CO-OPS "Tide Note for Hydrographic Survey", "Height of High Water Above the Plane of Reference" is used.

6. S-57 Objects and Attributes

The *_CS HCell contains the following Objects:

Single polygon covering survey extents
Blue Notes
MHW line from Lidar
From Lidar and Multibeam
Islands and islets retained from the chart
Elevations of islets and islands
Data quality Meta objects
Obstruction area objects
Ledges and reefs, bottom samples, and rocky seabed areas
Pier
Soundings at the chart scale density
Rock features
Breakers
New and retained kelp areas

The *_SS HCell contains the following Objects:

DEPCNT	Generalized contours at chart scale intervals
SOUNDG	Soundings at the survey scale density

All S-57 Feature Objects in the *_CS HCell have been attributed as fully as possible based on information provided by the Hydrographer and in accordance with current guidance and the OCS HCell Specifications.

7. Blue Notes

Notes to the RNC and ENC chart compilers are included in the HCell as \$CSYMB features. By agreement with MCD, the NINFOM field is populated with an abbreviated version of the Blue Note (30 characters or less), describing the chart disposition, to be used by MCD in generating their Chart History spreadsheet.

8. Spatial Framework

8.1 Coordinate System

All spatial map and base cell file deliverables are in an LLDG geographic coordinate system, with WGS84 horizontal, MHW vertical, and MLLW (1983-2001 NTDE) sounding datums.

8.2 Horizontal and Vertical Units

DUNI, HUNI and PUNI are used to define units for depth, height and horizontal position in the chart units HCell, as shown below.

Chart Unit Base Cell Units:

Depth Units (DUNI): Fathoms and feet

Height Units (HUNI): Feet
Positional Units (PUNI): Meters

During creation of the HCell in CARIS BASE Editor and CARIS S-57 Composer, all soundings and features are maintained in metric units with as high precision as possible. Depth units for soundings measured with sonar maintain millimeter precision. Depths on rocks above MLLW and heights on islets above MHW are typically measured with range finder, so precision is less. Units and precision are shown below.

BASE Editor and S-57 Composer Units:

Sounding Units: Meters rounded to the nearest millimeter Spot Height Units: Meters rounded to the nearest decimeter

Conversion to charting units and application of NOAA rounding is completed in the same step, at the end of the HCell compilation process.

Conversion to fathoms and feet charting units with NOAA rounding ensures that:

- All depths deeper or equal to 11 fathoms display as whole fathoms.
- All depth units between 0 fathoms (MLLW) and 11 fathoms display as fathoms and whole feet.
- All depth units above 0 fathoms (MLLW) to 2.0 feet above MHW display in feet for values that round to 5 feet or less, and in fathoms and feet above that. (This is a deviation from the traditional 'fathoms and feet' charting rule that requires that all depths above MLLW will be shown in feet. The display in fathoms and feet for depths between MLLW and 2 feet above MHW accommodates S-57 rules that require the same charting units to be used for all depth units (DUNI) in an ENC.)
- All height units (HUNI) which have been converted to charting units, and that are 2.00 feet above MHW and greater, are shown in feet.

In an ENC viewer fathoms and feet depth units (DUNI) display in the format X.YZZZ, where X is fathoms, Y is feet, and ZZZ is decimals of the foot. In an ENC viewer, heights (HUNI) display as whole feet.

9. Data Processing Notes

9.1 Junction with H11845

H11845 junctions with H11844, H11677, H11678, and H11847. An effort was made among compilers to pick soundings appropriately at adjoining edges between the five surveys during the compilation processes. However there are a few soundings on junctioning surveys that that have already been submitted should be removed due to adjacent shoaler soundings selected from H11845. Blue notes submitted with H11845 mark the positions and contain recommendations of which soundings to remove from adjoining surveys.

9.2 Conflicts between Shoreline and Hydrography

There are numerous instances of GC shoreline in conflict with hydrography. These were examined using the highest resolution Surfaces. CARIS HIPS was also used to resolve ambiguities in some cases. Conflicts were resolved by either rejecting the hydrography and adjusting the survey limits accordingly, or by making modifications to the GC shoreline.

10. QA/QC and ENC Validation Checks

H11845 was subjected to QA checks in S-57 Composer prior to exporting to the metric HCell base cell (000) file. The millimeter precision metric S-57 HCell was converted to chart units and NOAA rounding applied. dKart Inspector was then used to further check the data set for conformity with the S-58 ver. 2 standard (formerly Appendix B.1 Annex C of the S-57 standard). All tests were run and warnings and errors investigated and corrected unless they are MCD approved as inherent to and acceptable for HCells.

11. Products

11.1 HSD, MCD and CGTP Deliverables

H11845_CS.000	Base Cell File, Chart Units, Soundings and features
	compiled to 1:40,000
H11845_SS.000	Base Cell File, Chart Units, Soundings and Contours
	compiled to 1:10,000
H11845_DR.pdf	Descriptive Report including end notes compiled during
-	office processing and certification, the HCell Report, and
	supplemental items
H11845_outline.gml	Survey outline to populate SURDEX
	J

11.3 Software

CARIS HIPS Ver. 6.1	Inspection of Combined BASE Surfaces
CARIS BASE Editor Ver. 2.3	Creation of soundings and bathy-derived
	features, creation of the depth area, meta area
	objects, and Blue Notes; Survey evaluation and
	verification; Initial HCell assembly.
CARIS S-57 Composer Ver. 2.1	Final compilation of the HCell, correct
	geometry and build topology, apply final
	attributes, export the HCell, and QA.
CARIS GIS 4.4a	Setting the sounding rounding variable for
	conversion of the metric HCell to NOAA
	charting units with NOAA rounding.
CARIS HOM Ver. 3.3	Perform conversion of the metric HCell to
	NOAA charting units with NOAA rounding.
HydroService AS, dKart Inspector Ver. 5.1	Validation of the base cell file.
Newport Systems, Inc., Fugawi View ENC	Independent inspection of final HCells using a
Ver.1.0.0.3	COTS viewer.

12. Contacts

Inquiries regarding this HCell content or construction should be directed to:

Peter Holmberg Physical Scientist Pacific Hydrographic Branch Seattle, WA 206-526-6843 peter.holmberg@noaa.gov.

APPROVAL SHEET H11845

Initial Approvals:

The survey evaluation and verification has been conducted according to branch processing procedures and the HCell compiled per the latest OCS HCell Specifications.

The survey and associated records have been inspected with regard to survey coverage, delineation of the depth curves, development of critical depths, S-57 classification and attribution of soundings and features, cartographic characterization, and verification or disproval of charted data within the survey limits. The survey records and digital data comply with OCS requirements except where noted in the Descriptive Report and are adequate to supersede prior surveys and nautical charts in the common area.

I have reviewed the HCell, accompanying data, and reports. This survey and accompanying digital data meet or exceed OCS requirements and standards for products in support of nautical charting except where noted in the Descriptive Report.