| | NOAA FORM 76-35A |
|--|---|
| NATIONAL | U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE |
| DES | CRIPTIVE REPORT |
| Type of Survey | HYDROGRAPHIC |
| | 1112142 |
| Kegistry No. | H12143 |
| | LOCALITY |
| | |
| State | Alaska |
| | |
| General Locality | Northern Glacier Bay |
| General Locality | Northern Glacier Bay |
| General Lo <u>cality</u> Sublocality | Northern Glacier Bay Southern Extent of Muir Inlet |
| General Lo <u>cality</u> Sublocality Cap | Northern Glacier Bay Southern Extent of Muir Inlet 2009 CHIEF OF PARTY |
| General Locality Sublocality Cap | Northern Glacier Bay Southern Extent of Muir Inlet 2009 CHIEF OF PARTY otain David O. Neander, NOAA |

| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION | REGISTRY No | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET | H12143 | | | |
| INSTRUCTIONS – The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office. | FIELD No: | | | |
| State Alaska | | | | |
| General Locality Northern Glacier Bay | | | | |
| Sub-Locality Southern Extent of Muir Inlet | | | | |
| Scale 1:40,000 Date of Survey Octo | ber 11, 2009 - November 06, 2009 | | | |
| Instructions dated 9/2/2009 Project No. OPR | -O351-FA-09 | | | |
| Vessel(s) NOAA Ship Fairweather (S220), FA Launches 1010 & 1018, Amb | ar 2302, RA Launches 2801 & 2802 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Chief of party Captain David O. Neander, NOAA | | | | |
| Surveyed by FAIRWEATHER Personnel | | | | |
| Soundings by Reson 7111, Reson 8160, Reson 8101, Reson SeaBat 7125 | | | | |
| SAR by Toshi Wozumi Compilation by Katie Re | ser | | | |
| Soundings compiled in Fathoms | | | | |
| | | | | |
| REMARKS: All times are UTC. UTM Zone 8N. | | | | |
| The purpose of this survey is to provide contemporary surveys to | update | | | |
| National Ocean Service (NOS) nautical charts. | | | | |
| Revisions and end notes in red were generated during office processing. | | | | |
| Page numbering may be interrupted or non sequential. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| All pertinent records for this survey, including the Descriptive Report, are archived at the | | | | |
| National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) and can be retrieved v | ia http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/. | | | |
| | | | | |

I

Descriptive Report to Accompany Hydrographic Survey H12143

Project OPR-O351-FA-09 Upper Glacier Bay Scale 1:40,000 October – November 2009 **NOAA Ship Fairweather** Chief of Party: Captain David O. Neander, NOAA

A. AREA SURVEYED

The survey area was located in Glacier Bay, within the sub-locality of the Southern Extent of Muir Inlet. This survey corresponds to Sheet D in the sheet layout provided with the Project Instructions, as shown in Figure 1 below. The survey area was extended in the field with concurrence with the Chief, Operations Branch, Hydrographic Surveys Division to include Sturgess Island and Sandy Cove. Undirected additional coverage beyond the planned sheet limit in eastern Adams Inlet was also obtained.

Data acquisition was conducted from October 11 to November 6, 2009 (DN 284 to DN 310).

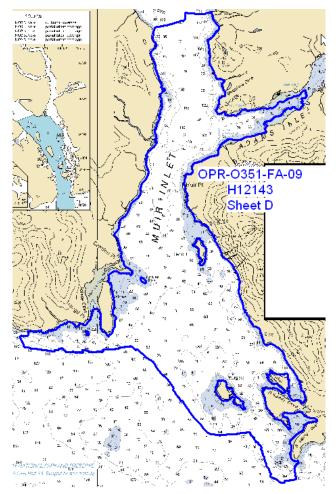


Figure 1: H12143 Survey Outline

Complete multibeam echosounder (MBES) coverage was obtained in the survey area to at least the 4meter curve, the mean high water buffer, or as close to shore as safely possible. Additional coverage was obtained in order to determine least depths over features or shoals. Where appropriate, shoreline features were given S-57 attribution and included for submission in Notebook .hob files.

Mainscheme and crossline mileage for MBES and shoreline acquisition were calculated and are displayed in Table 1 below.

| | 0 Single Beam MS |
|---------------------|--|
| | 486.16 Multibeam MS mileage |
| | 103.77 FAIRWEATHER S-220 |
| | 124.50 Launch 1010 |
| | 12.03 Launch 1018 |
| | 114.99 Launch 2801 |
| | 130.88 Launch 2802 |
| | 0 Side Scan MS |
| | 486.16 Total MS |
| | |
| CROSSLINE - Mileage | |
| | |
| | 0 Single Beam XL |
| | 25.47 Multibeam XL |
| | 9.96 FAIRWEATHER S-220 |
| | 4.01 Launch 1010 |
| | 0.00 Launch 1018 |
| | 7.65 Launch 2801 |
| | 3.85 Launch 2802 |
| | 25.47 Total XL |
| | 25.47 TOTAL AL |
| OTHER | |
| | 0.51 Developments/AWOIS - Mileage |
| | 0 Shoreline/Nearshore Investigation - Mileage |
| | |
| | 12 Total # of Investigated Items |
| | 4 Total Bottom Samples |
| | 32.45 Total SNM |
| | |
| | 0, 10/27/09, 10/28/09, 11/3/09, 11/6/09 Specific Dates of Acquisition 294, 295, 296, 300, 301, 307, 310 Specific Dn#s of Acquisition |

Table 1: H12143 Survey Statistics

B. DATA ACQUISTION AND PROCESSING

A complete description of data acquisition/processing systems and survey vessels along with quality control procedures and data processing methods are included and described in the *NOAA Ship Fairweather* 2009 *Data Acquisition and Processing Report* (DAPR), submitted under separate cover. Items specific to this survey and any deviations from the aforementioned report are discussed in the following sections. Survey H12143 was completed as specified by Hydrographic Survey Project Instructions OPR-O351-FA-09, dated Sep 2, 2009, with the exception of additional coverage south of the original sheet layout to include Sandy Cove.

B.1. Equipment and Vessels

Equipment and vessels used for data acquisition and survey operations during this survey are listed below in Table 2.

| | FAIRWEATHER | Launch 1010 | Launch 1018 | Launch 2801 | Launch 2802 | Ambar 2302 |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Hull Registration Number | S220 | 1010 | 1018 | 2801 | 2802 | 2302 |
| Builder | Aerojet-General Shipyard | Jensen | Jensen | All American Marine | All American Marine | Marine Silverships, Inc |
| Length Overall | 231 feet | 28' 10" | 28' 10" | 28' 4.25" | 28' 4.25" | 23' |
| Beam | 42 feet | 10' 8" | 10' 8" | 9' 6.25" | 9' 6.25" | 9' 4" |
| Draft, Maximum | 15' 6" | 4' 0" DWL | 4' 0" DWL | 4' 0" DWL | 4' 0" DWL | 1' 4" |
| Cruising Speed | 12.5 knots | 24 knots | 24 knots | 28 knots | 28 knots | 22 knots |
| Max Survey Speed | 6 knots | 6 knots | 6 knots | 8 knots | 8 knots | |
| Primary Echo- sounder(s) | RESON 7111 & RESON 8160 | RESON 8101 | RESON 8101 | RESON 7125 | RESON 7125 | |
| Sound Velocity Equipment | SBE 19plus, MVP 200, SVP70 | SBE 19plus | SBE19plus | SBE19plus | SBE19plus | |
| Attitude & Positioning Equipment | POS/MV V4 | POS/MV V4 | POS/MV V4 | POS/MV V4 | POS/MV V4 | |
| Type of operation | MBES | MBES | MBES | MBES | MBES | Shoreline, Shore Station |

 Table 2: Vessel Inventory

No vessel configurations used during data acquisition deviated from those described in the DAPR.

B.2. Quality Control

B.2.1. Crosslines

Multibeam crosslines for this survey totaled 25.51 linear nautical miles (lnm), comprising 5.28% of the 483.35 lnm of mainscheme MBES hydrography. Both mainscheme and crossline mileage are summarized in Table 1 above.

Surface differencing in CARIS Bathy DataBASE was used to assess crossline agreement with mainscheme lines. Figure 2 shows a visual depiction of the differences spatially. The area located around the outlet of Adams Inlet shows differences which are attributed to sound velocity artifacts in the MBES data caused by inflow of water coming from Adams Inlet and a freshwater source on the western shore.¹

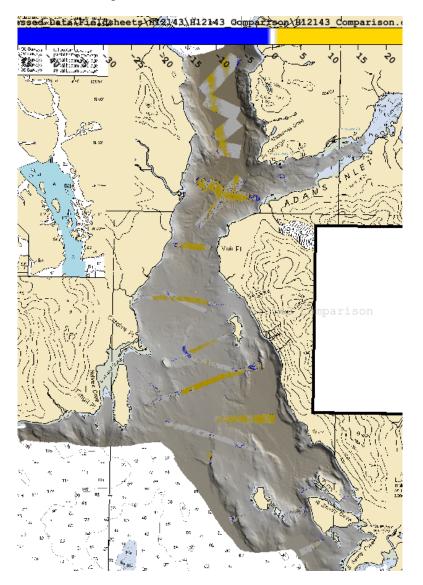


Figure 2: Crossline and main scheme differences (grey indicates agreement, warm colors indicate XLs shoaler than mainscheme and cool colors indicate XLs deeper than mainscheme).

B.2.2. Junctions

Survey H12143 junctions with H12142 (Sheet C) and H12144 (Sheet E) of the same project.² Both surveys were completed October-November 2009. The area of overlap between the sheets was reviewed in CARIS Subset Editor for consistency and data were found to be in agreement within 1-2 meters in depths shoaler than 100 meters. The greatest differences, 3-5 meters, occur in depths of 300 meters where the Reson 7111 data has sound velocity and bottom detection issues (see section B.4 of this report). The sheet limits and areas of overlap are shown in Figure 3.³

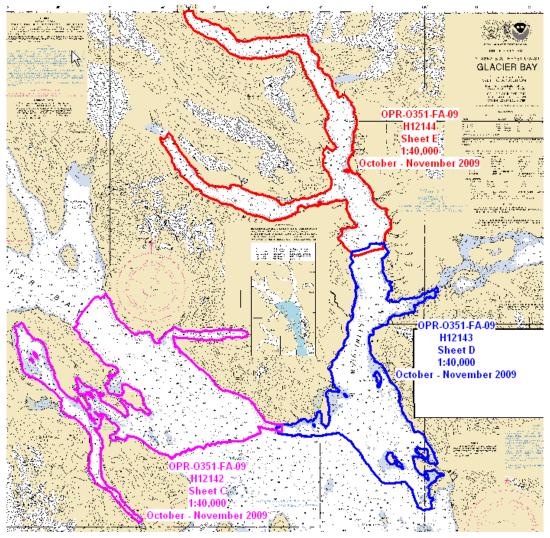


Figure 3: Junction between H12142, H12143 and H12144.

B.2.3. Quality Control Checks

MBES quality control checks were conducted as discussed in the quality control section B of the DAPR.

B.2.4. Data Quality Factors

COVERAGE ASSESSMENT:

For holidays larger than three surface nodes, the corresponding multibeam pseudo side scan data were examined in CARIS HIPS and no navigationally significant items were found; additionally, the least depths are represented. One large holiday was found during analysis after leaving the working grounds. Figure 4 below shows the location and subset views of this holiday located in South Sandy Cove, in the nearshore area approximately 40 meters from a charted rock.⁴

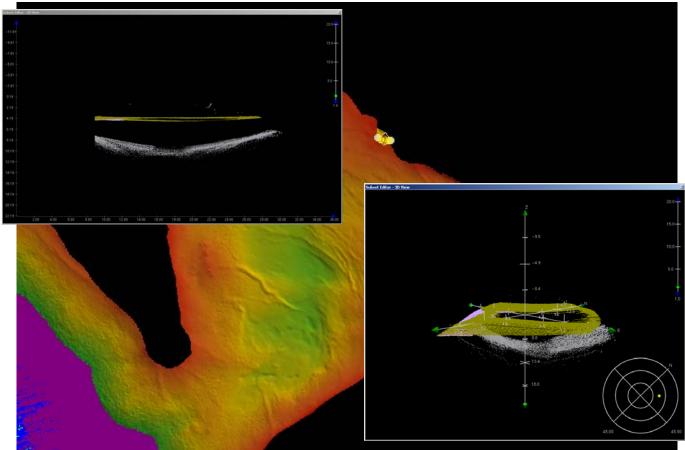


Figure 4: Holiday views in CARIS Subset editor (58°42'42"N, 135°58'55"W).

TRUEHEAVE:

To allow the application of true heave in CARIS HIPS some POS/MV true heave files were "fixed" using the *fixTrueHeave.exe* utility from CARIS. Fixed files were assigned an additional *.fixed suffix. This utility was used for the following vessel-day POS/MV .000 files⁵:

Launch 1010 days 287 and 300

Launch 2801 days 293, 295 and 300

Launch 2802 day 296

Fairweather (S220) day 295

SOUND VELOCITY:

All CARIS HDCS lines were re-SVP corrected on March 5, 2010, using CARIS HIPS 7.0 SP1 HF3. This was necessary due to application errors in prior versions of HIPS for applying sound velocity correctors.⁶ Additional information from CARIS regarding this issue is included in Appendix V Supplemental_Survey_Records_&_Correspondence.⁷

DESIGNATED SOUNDINGS:

Designation of soundings followed procedures as outlined in section 5.1.1.3 of the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables (HSSDM) dated April 2009. Seven designated soundings were selected within H12143. Five were selected to ensure surfaces represent the shoalest depth of the seafloor and two were selected for submission as dangers to navigation.⁸

UNUSUAL CONDITIONS:

Sub-aquatic vegitation thought to be kelp appears in the data around Tlingit Point, north of Garforth Island and in the vicinity of North Sandy Cove. Data in areas where kelp was positvely identified in the data were cleaned using the hydrographer's best ability to accurately depict the seafloor.⁹

B.2.5. Accuracy Standards

All data meet the accuracy specifications specified by the HSSDM.¹⁰ Figure 5 shows vertical IHO Order I child layers shown on finalized layers for all depth ranges. Green indicates that the node uncertainty is less than the allowable vertical IHO Order I tolerence for the depth of the node. Red indicates that the node undertainty is greater than the allowable vertical IHO Order I tolerence for the depth of the node.

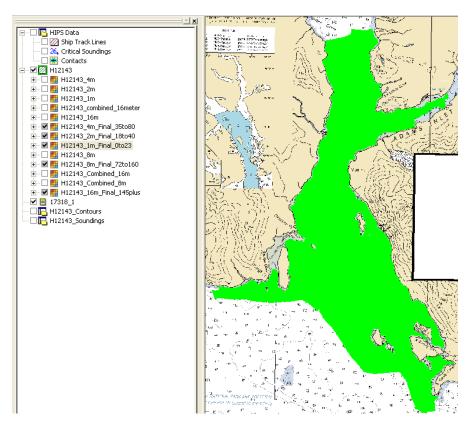


Figure 5: IHO Order 1 Pass (green) or Fail (red).

B.3. Corrections to Echo Soundings

Data reduction procedures for survey H12143 conform to those detailed in the DAPR.

B.4. Data Processing

Initial data acquisition and processing notes are included in the acquisition and processing logs. Additional processing information such as application of final tides and sound velocity are contained in the Reviewer_Qry tab of the H12143_Data_Log spreadsheet. All logs are submitted digitally in the Separates I folder.

Data processing procedures for survey H12143 conform to those detailed in the DAPR except where noted in this report. Data were processed initially using CARIS HIPS & SIPS v7.0, Hotfix 3, 5 and 6 beta. During the course of H12143, processing computers used for computing surfaces and finalizing data for submission were updated to CARIS HIPS & SIPS v7.0, Hotfix 6, Service Pack 1 beta and Service Pack 1 Hotfix 3, 4 and 5. Additional processing details regarding Total Propagated Uncertainty (TPU/TPE) and Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator (CUBE) Surfaces and Parameters utilized, along with deviations from processing procedures outlined in the DAPR are discussed below.

TPU VALUES:

The survey specific parameters used to compute TPU in CARIS for H12143 are listed in Table 3.

| Tide values: | Measured | 0.01 m | Zoning | 0.20 m |
|------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| Sound Speed Values: | Measured (8101) | 1.00 m/s | Surface (8101) | 1.00 m/s |
| | Measured (7125) | 1.00 m/s | Surface (7125) | 0.50 m/s |
| Measured (7111 & 8160) | | 0.50 m/s | Surface (7111 & 8160) | 0.50 m/s |

Table 3: Survey Specific CARIS TPU Parameters

CUBE SURFACES:

The CARIS HIPS CUBE surfaces and their associated resolutions are listed below in Table 4. All surfaces in H12143 are contained within one fieldsheet named H12143 and all finalized surfaces have been combined in a 16-meter surface.¹¹

The CUBE parameters utilized for creating CUBE surfaces are also included in Table 4. The CUBE parameters .xml file is included with digital data in the vessel configuration folder.

| Fieldsheet Name | Surface Name | Depth Ranges (m) | Resolution (m) | CUBE Parameters |
|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| H12143 | H12143_1m | All | 1 | NOAA_1m |
| | H12143_2m | All | 2 | NOAA_2m |
| | H12143_4m | All | 4 | NOAA_4m |
| | H12143_8m | All | 8 | NOAA_8m |
| | H12143_16m | All | 16 | NOAA_16m |
| | H12143_1m_Final15to23 | -15-23 | 1 | |
| | H12143_2m_Final_18to40 | 15-40 | 2 | |
| | H12143_4m_Final_35to80 | 30-80 | 4 | |
| | H12143_8m_Final_75to160 | 70-160 | 8 | |
| | H12143_16m_Final_155plus | 145plus | 16 | |

 Table 4: Depth Ranges, Resolutions, and CUBE Parameters

HIPS DEVICE MODEL FOR RESON 7111:

During initial processing of H12143 the uncertainty values associated with CUBE surfaces created with Reson 7111 data were unusually high and well outside of allowable IHO vertical tolerances. Reson and and CARIS were contacted and ultimately the device model for the CARIS HIPS device model was corrected with appropriate parameters for the Reson 7111. All Reson 7111 HIPS HDCS data have been remerged using the updated device model and affected CUBE surfaces regenerated. Additional documentation regarding this issue is included in Appendix V Supplemental Survey Records & Correspondence of this report.¹²

RESON 7111 REAL-TIME PITCH STABILIZATION:

The Reson 7111 is a pitch-stabilized system that is designed to apply real time pitch correction data sent via Ethernet from the POS/MV to the Reson 7111 to improve beam steering. However, during post acquisition data analysis of the Reson 7111 acquired on H12143 a small Hypack Hysweep .7k file was sent to LT Samuel Greenaway at the University of New Hampshire for decoding and it was determined that real-time pitch data was not applied in real-time during the acquisition of that individual file. Though *Fairweather* is not equipped with tools to determine whether all Reson 7111 files acquired on OPR-O351-FA-10 were pitch-corrected during real-time data acquisition, it is suspected that none of the files acquired were pitch stabilized. The Reson 7111 CARIS HVF used to process data acquired on OPR-O351-FA-10 is set to apply pitch during post processing. Additionally the weather during acquisition was primarily calm the pitch attitude measurements small. Though the Reson 7111 data acquired on H12143 meet IHO accuracy requirements this issue remains under investigation.¹³

RESON 7111 DATA QUALITY ISSUE AND FILTERING:

During post processing of H12143, various data quality issues with Reson 7111 data were identified, the most significant of which are apparent in the outer beams. These issues ultimately lead to a new bottom detection algorithm to be implemented in the Reson processing software. The figures below depict cases in which outer beams from the Reson 7111 do not align with adjacent lines. A 60/60-degree filter was applied to all Reson 7111 lines except on lines near shore for which the upslope beams were crucial for defining the slope. For near shore lines only the down-slope beams were filtered to 60 degrees.

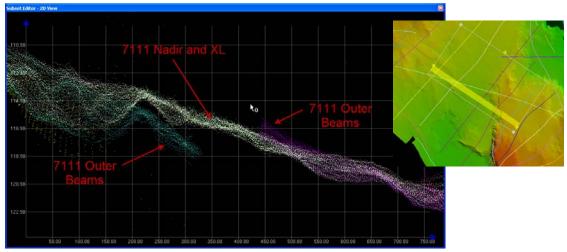


Figure 6: Location and Subset of effected data showing outer beams compared to nadir (58°44'55"N, 136°06'22"W).

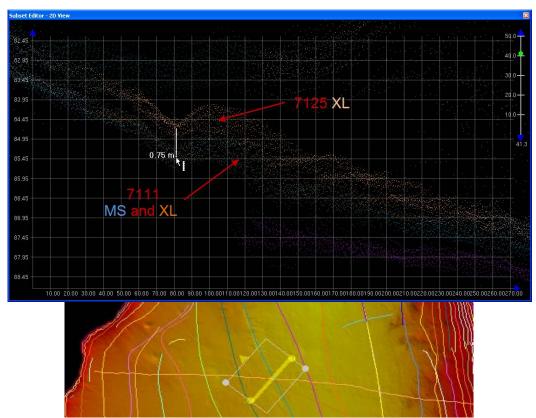


Figure 7: Location and Subset showing near nadir 7111 beams compared to 7125 beams (58°47'58"N, 136°06'57"W).

Where filtering resulted in holidays, the hydrographer reviewed the data in CARIS Subset editor and accepted data after reviewing the quality of the soundings. The figures shown on the following page depict areas where holidays were created and the hydrographer determined that soundings should not be accepted.¹⁴

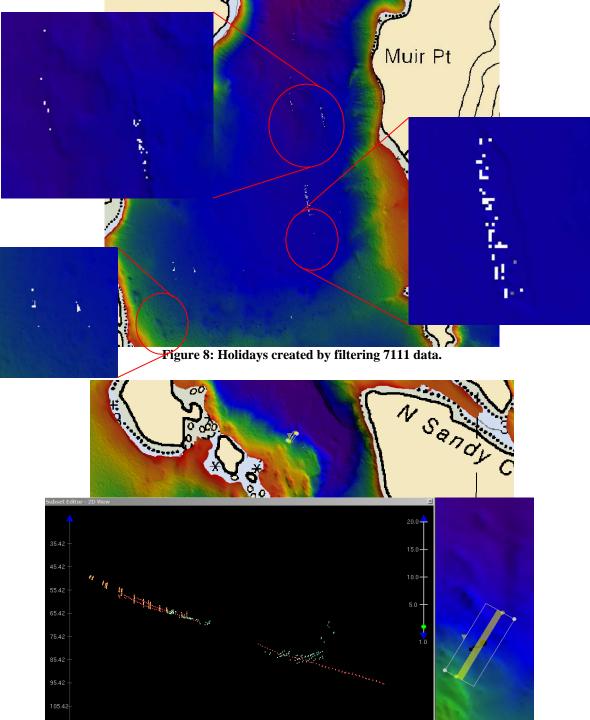


Figure 9: Holiday shown in CARIS Subset editor due to filtering 7111 data.

C. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL

A complete description of horizontal and vertical control for survey H12143 can be found in the *OPR-O351-FA-09 Horizontal and Vertical Control Report* (HVCR), submitted under separate cover. A summary of horizontal and vertical control for this survey follows.

C.1. Horizontal Control

The horizontal datum for this project is the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83). Single Base Post Processed Kinematic (PPK) was the sole method of positioning of MBES soundings on H12143. Differential correctors from the U.S. Coast Guard beacon at Gustavus (288 kHz) were used during real-time acquisition when not otherwise noted in the acquisition logs, and were the sole method of positioning of detached positions (DP) and bottom samples as there is currently no functionality for applying Single Best Estimated Trajectory (SBET) files to these types of data. For the duration of data acquisition on H12143 the base station "SOG 1970" was used with the exception of DN 307 when base station "LAST No1 1940" was used. Vessel POS/MV files were post processed into SBET files using Applanix POSPac software and applied to the MBES data along with their associated error files (smrmsg files) in CARIS HIPS for increased kinematic accuracy. For further detail see the Acquisition and Processing logs for the particular days located in the Separates I folder. All raw base station files are submitted with the HVCR digital data for this project.

C.2. Vertical Control

The vertical datum for this project is Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) as specified in the Project Instructions. The operating National Water Level Observation Network (NWLON) primary tide station at Elfin Cove, AK (945-2634) served as control for datum determination and as the preliminary source for water level correctors for survey H12143.

Fairweather personnel installed Sutron 8210 "bubbler" tide gauges at the tertiary stations listed below in Table 5. The gauges were installed in order to provide information to the Center for Operational Oceanographic Products and Services (CO-OPS N/OPS1) for the determination of time and height correctors, in accordance with the Project Instructions.

| Station Name | Station Number | Type of Gauge | Date of Installation | Date of Removal | Gauge # | S/N |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| Composite Island | 945-2682 | Tertiary 30 Day | September 25, 2009 | Nov 6, 2009 | 12 | 85173 |
| Muir Inlet | 945-2584 | Tertiary 30 Day | September 26, 2009 | Nov 7, 2009 | 10 | 97043 |
| Wachusett Inlet | 945-2632 | Tertiary 30 Day | October 12, 2009 | Nov 11, 2009 | 17 | 79049 |
| Tarr Inlet | 945-2749 | Tertiary 30 Day | October 8, 2009 | Nov 8, 2009 | 14 | 86002 |

Refer to the *OPR-O351-FA-09 Horizontal and Vertical Control Report* for further information about the tide stations.

A request for delivery of final approved (smooth) tides for survey H12143 was forwarded to N/OPS1 on November 12, 2009 in accordance with the Field Procedures Manual (FPM), dated April 2009. A copy of the request is included in Appendix IV. Final tides were received on April 6, 2010.

As per the final Tide Note, all data were reduced to MLLW using the final approved water levels (smooth tides) from the Muir Inlet, AK, station (945-2584) by applying tide file 9452584.tid and time and height correctors through the zone corrector file H12143CORF.zdf.¹⁵ It will not be necessary for the Atlantic Hydrographic Branch to reapply the final approved water levels (smooth tides) to the survey data during final processing.¹⁶

D. RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

D.1. Chart Comparison

Chart comparison procedures were followed as outlined in section 4.5 of the FPM and section 8.1.3-D.1 of the HSSDM, utilizing CARIS HIPS 7.0 software program.

| NOAA Chart | Chart | Edition | Edition Date | Updated with Notice to |
|------------|----------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Number | Scale | Number | | Mariners through |
| 17318 | 1:80,000 | 7 th Ed. | March, 2009 | August 25, 2007 (34/07) |

Survey H12143 was compared with the following charts listed in Table 6.

 Table 6: NOAA Charts compared with Survey H12143

D.1.1. Chart 17318

Depths from survey H12143 generally agree within one to three fathoms with depths on chart 17318.¹⁷ Some of the shoaler depths represented on the chart near the shoreline appear to have been pulled off shore for cartographic representation, but remain accurate within the scale of the chart.¹⁸

Note B on chart 17318 states: "Due to tidal zoning differences between Muir Inlet and Adams Inlet tide gauges, a possible error may exist in some of the charted soundings in this area. The greatest portion of the error would probably occur in the narrow passages leading to the upper portion of Adams Inlet. The average error is 7 feet." The data acquired in Adams Inlet, especially the coverage obtained outside of the planned sheet limit, shows differences in soundings and shoal areas. Due to the highly dynamic bottom with likely frequent changes and without adequate tidal information for Adams Inlet careful consideration should be taken in using those data to supersede charted depths.¹⁹

The Hydrographer has determined that bottom coverage requirements have been met and data accuracy meets requirements specified by the *HSSDM* except where noted in this report. The surveyed soundings are adequate to supersede prior surveys in their common areas.²⁰

D.2. Automated Wreck and Obstruction Information System (AWOIS) Investigations

There is one AWOIS item located within the limits of H12143 for background information only on a shoal sounding southeast of Garforth Island.²¹ Development lines where run over the feature to be sure the least depth was acquired. The least depth on the rock feature was submitted at a danger to navigation.²²

No AWOIS items were located within H12143 for full investigation.²³

D.3. Dangers to Navigation

Two dangers to navigation (DTON) were found and reported to the Marine Chart Division (MCD) for verification and final submission on June 11, 2010.²⁴ A copy of the preliminary DTON Report is included in Appendix I.²⁵

D.4. Additional Results

D.4.1. Shoreline Source

A composite source file (CSF) in .000 format from HSD's Operations Branch was provided with the Project Instructions. The original file was imported into CARIS Notebook, converted to a .hob file, clipped to the sheet limits, and named H12143_Original_Composite_Source.hob to be included with the deliverables. This file was copied and named H12143_Feature_File.hob to be utilized during field verification. Shoreline sources that were included in the composite source file for survey H12143 included Geographic Cell (GC) and charted features from chart 17318, see Table 7.

D.4.2. Shoreline Verification

Fairweather personnel were unable to conduct limited shoreline verification at times near predicted low water, as directed in the Project Instructions and section 3.5.5.3 of the FPM. Areas that required feature investigations were visited at the lowest stage of tide that was available which corresponded to approximately 4 feet of positive tide on DN 310. Detached positions were acquired and edits to the daily field H12143_Feature_File_TR2_Dn310.hob were recorded in CARIS Notebook and on paper DP forms and boat sheets. Scanned copies of the DP forms and boat sheets with field annotations are included in the digital Separates I folder.

Charts 17318 (1:80,000) was the largest scale chart for the project area. A Mean High Water (MHW) Buffer line, offset 64 meters (0.8 mm at scale of 1:80,000) from the composite source MHW, was used during data acquisiton to determine the Navigable Area Limit Line (NALL). The NALL, that defines the inshore limit of multibeam acquisition, was determined in the field as the farthest off-shore of either the MHW buffer listed above, the 4-meter depth contour, or the inshore limit of safe navigation.

D.4.3. Shoreline Data Processing

Acquired and edited positions during shoreline verification operations were processed in CARIS Notebook. Features that required tide correction were processed using the Load Tide function in CARIS Notebook. Approved water levels were applied to tide correct features where appropriate.

Numerous charted ledges and MLLW lines are in conflict with hydrography. After discussion with Physical Scientists from both the Pacific Hydrographic Branch and the Atlantic Hydrographic Branch, the ledge area features have not been adjusted and instead left for shore side personnel to make the appropriate changes.

New features and features requiring revision were given S-57 attribution. As outlined in section 4.4.10 of the FPM, features were delineated, attributed and placed on either the survey edited H12143_Final_Feature_File.hob (compiled from the field daily files) or H12143_Disprovals.hob. Features not in the disprovals layer nor labeled with the survey source indication (SORIND) that were of an ambiguous nature or that required a field remark were flagged with a marker note for further clarification.

Source features collected or edited by the field have SORIND and source date (SORDAT) attribute fields populated to reflect the survey number (US,US,survy,H12143) and final survey date 20091106. Unmodified source shoreline features were left with their original SORIND and SORDAT values. The SORIND/SORDAT information for shoreline features included in the final Notebook .hob files is included in Table 7.

| Shoreline Source | SORIND | SORDAT |
|---------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| RSD | US,US,graph,GC10779 | 20040600 |
| Chart | US,US,graph,chart 17318 | 20010113 |
| Survey | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 |
| <i>J</i> | | 4 |

Table 7: SORIND/SORDAT Shoreline Features

D.5. Source Shoreline Changes, New Features and Charted Features

In accordance with section 4.4.10 of the FPM, feature field notes made by the Hydrographer are provided in the Remarks field and when appropriate, recommendations to the cartographer are included in the Recommendations field.

Disproved features were moved from the H12143_Final_Feature_File.hob to the H12143_Disprovals.hob file.²⁶

D.5.1. Shoreline Recommendations

The Hydrographer recommends that the shoreline depicted in the CARIS Notebook files and final sounding files supersede and complement shoreline information compiled on the CSF and charts.²⁷

D.6. Aids to Navigation

There were no aids to navigation within the survey limits of H12143.²⁸

D.7. Bottom Samples

Bottom samples were acquired on November 6, 2009 (DN 310) and are included as seabed classifications along with the other S-57 features in the Notebook H12143_Final_Feature_File.hob file.²⁹

D.8. Supplemental Reports

Listed below are supplemental reports submitted separately that contain additional information relevant to this survey:

| Hydrographic Systems Readiness Review 2009May 15, 2009N/CS34Data Acquisition and Processing Report 2009Dec. 18, 2009N/CS34Horizontal and Vertical Control Report for OPR-O351-FA-09May 28, 2010N/CS34Tides and Water Levels Package for OPR-O351-FA-09Nov. 20, 2009N/OPS1 | <u>Title</u> | Date Sent | Office |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Coast Pilot Report for OPR-O351-FA-09 TBD N/CS26 | Data Acquisition and Processing Report 2009 | Dec. 18, 2009 | N/CS34 |
| | Horizontal and Vertical Control Report for OPR-O351-FA-09 | May 28, 2010 | N/CS34 |



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration NOAA Marine and Aviation Operations NOAA Ship FAIRWEATHER S-220 1010 Stedman Street Ketchikan, AK 99901

June 10, 2010

| MEMORANDUM FOR: | LCDR Richard T. Brennan, NOAA Chief, Atlantic Hydrographic Bran | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------|--|
| FROM: | CAPT David O. Neander, NOAA Commanding Officer | Dan 20. Nex | David O. Neander 2010.06.12 10:01:55 -07'00' |
| TITLE: | Approval of Hydrographic Survey OPR-O351-FA-09 | H12143, | |

As Chief of Party, I have ensured that standard field surveying and processing procedures were adhered to during acquisition and processing of hydrographic survey H12143 in accordance with the Hydrographic Manual, Fourth Edition; Field Procedures Manual, April 2009; and the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, as updated for April 2009. Additional guidance was provided by applicable Hydrographic Technical Directives. These data are adequate to supersede charted data in their common areas. This survey is complete and no additional work is required. All data and reports are respectfully submitted to N/CS33, Atlantic Hydrographic Branch.

I acknowledge that all of the information contained in this report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

In addition, the following individuals were responsible for oversight of acquisition and processing of this survey:

David Moehl 2010.06.10 21:56:35 0 Ζ AST David T. Moehl Survey Manager Briana Welton I attest to the accuracy and Briana g. Welton integrity of this document 2010.06.12 14:42:38 Z LT Briana J. Welton Field Operations Officer Briana Welton I have reviewed this Briana 9. Welton document 2010.06.12 20:31:47 Z CST Lynnette V. Morgan Chief Survey Technician



Attachment

Revisions and Corrections Compiled During Office Processing and Certification

³ Concur with clarification. The SAR reviewer noted depth differences of up to 9 m in the Reson 7111 data. The differences due to bottom detection and sound speed errors in 300m of water are not navigationally significant and therefore acceptable.

- ⁴ Due to the fact the holiday is within 40m of a charted rock, it was determined that it was not navigationally significant at chart scale.
- ⁵ The data from the lines with "fixed" TrueHeave files applied are acceptable and show no evidence of heave errors.

⁶ The data meets specification after the SVP was re-applied. See attached correspondence.

⁷ Do not concur. Correspondence with CARIS regarding the SVP correction issue in HIPS was not included in Appendix V or in the Project Correspondence folder.

⁸ Concur. All DTONs have been applied to the chart and all are included in the HCell.

⁹ Concur. The seafloor is adequately represented and the data is adequate for charting.

¹⁰ Concur.

¹¹ A 16-meter combined surface created during the SAR was used as the basis for compilation.

¹² See attached correspondence.

¹³ Concur. The data from the Reson 7111 are adequate to supersede charted data in the common area.

¹⁴ Concur. The holidays are located in deep water and are not navigationally significant. The holidays were not preserved in the HCell coverage.

¹⁵ See attached Tide Note dated March 25, 2010.

¹⁶ H12143 was submitted to Pacific Hydrographic Branch for review and compilation.

¹⁷ Concur.

¹⁸ Concur with clarification. Cartographic generalization of depths offshore is no longer an accepted practice. Chart depths and features as depicted in the HCell.

¹⁹ Concur with clarification. The tide zoning was expanded to cover the data outside the planned sheet limit. The poor tidal information on the chart should be updated with the latest information from the tide data collected during this survey. Chart depths and features as depicted in the HCell.

²⁰ Concur.

²¹ Concur with clarification. There are two AWOIS items within the limits of H12143. Only one was included as reference for this survey.

²² Concur. The DTON has been applied to the chart and is included in the HCell. It is noted in the HCell as both a DTON and AWOIS 51001.

²³ Concur.

²⁴ Concur with clarification. An additional DTON was found during the SAR and was submitted to MCD. All three DTONs have been applied to the charts and all are included in the HCell.

²⁵ See attached DTON reports.

²⁶ The submitted hob files were used in the compilation of HCell H12143.

²⁷ Concur with clarification. The shoreline files were applied as appropriate to chart scale. Chart features as depicted in the HCell.

²⁸ Concur.

²⁹ Four bottom samples were collected during H12143 and are included in the HCell. Two charted bottom samples were imported from the ENC to be retained. Two rocky bottom types were blue noted to be removed because it was clear from the BASE surface that the general bottom relief in the area of the bottom types was not rocky in nature.

¹ Concur. Higher differences are expected in areas of freshwater outflow. The data has been inspected and deemed adequate for charting.

 $^{^{2}}$ A common junction was made with H12144 which has already been compiled. A common coverage junction was made with H12142. A common junction with the bathymetry and features will be made when that survey is compiled.

H12143 Danger to Navigation Report

| Registry Number: | H12143 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| State: | Alaska |
| Locality: | Northern Glacier Bay |
| Sub-locality: | Southern Extent of Muir Inlet |
| Project Number: | OPR-O351-FA-09 |
| Survey Dates: | 10/12/2009 - 10/27/2009 |

Two shoal soundings identified north and south of Garforth Island in Glacier Bay, AK.

| Number | Edition | Date | Scale (RNC) | RNC Correction(s)* |
|--------|---------|------------|---------------------|---|
| | | | | USCG LNM: 05/19/2009 (08/18/2009) CHS NTM: None (07/31/2009) |
| 17318 | 7th | 03/01/2009 | 1:80,000 (17318_1) | NGA NTM: 07/14/2001 (08/29/2009) |
| 17300 | 31st | 09/01/2005 | 1:209,978 (17300_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 16016 | 21st | 10/01/2007 | 1:969,756 (16016_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 531 | 24th | 07/01/2007 | 1:2,100,000 (531_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 500 | 8th | 06/01/2003 | 1:3,500,000 (500_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 530 | 32nd | 06/01/2007 | 1:4,860,700 (530_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 50 | 6th | 06/01/2003 | 1:10,000,000 (50_1) | [L]NTM: ? |

Charts Affected

* Correction(s) - source: last correction applied (last correction reviewed--"cleared date")

Features

| No. | Feature Type | Survey Depth | Survey Latitude | Survey Longitude | AWOIS Item |
|-----|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1.1 | Rock | 5.61 m | 58° 46' 42.3" N | 136° 03' 17.0" W | |
| 1.2 | Shoal | 4.25 m | 58° 48' 06.0" N | 136° 04' 59.3" W | |

1 - Danger To Navigation

1.1) Profile/Beam - 178/169 from h12143 / 2801_rsn7125_400khz_512bms_2009 / 2009-285 / 2009d_2852122

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

| Survey Position: | 58° 46' 42.3" N, 136° 03' 17.0" W |
|----------------------|--|
| Least Depth: | 5.61 m (= 18.41 ft = 3.068 fm = 3 fm 0.41 ft) |
| TPU (±1.96σ): | THU (TPEh) ±0.079 m ; TVU (TPEv) ±0.399 m |
| Timestamp: | 2009-285.21:23:55.187 (10/12/2009) |
| Survey Line: | $h12143\ /\ 2801_rsn7125_400 khz_512 bms_2009\ /\ 2009-285\ /\ 2009d_2852122$ |
| Profile/Beam: | 178/169 |
| Charts Affected: | 17318_1, 17300_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1 |

Remarks:

Shoal sounding corresponds to AWOIS #13296 (charted sounding) provided with Project Instructions for information only.

Feature Correlation

| Address | Feature | Range | Azimuth | Status |
|---|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| h12143/2801_rsn7125_400khz_512bms_2009/2009-285/2009d_2852122 | 178/169 | 0.00 | 000.0 | Primary |

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart shoal sounding.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

3fm (17300_1, 16016_1, 530_1) 3fm 0ft (17318_1, 531_1)

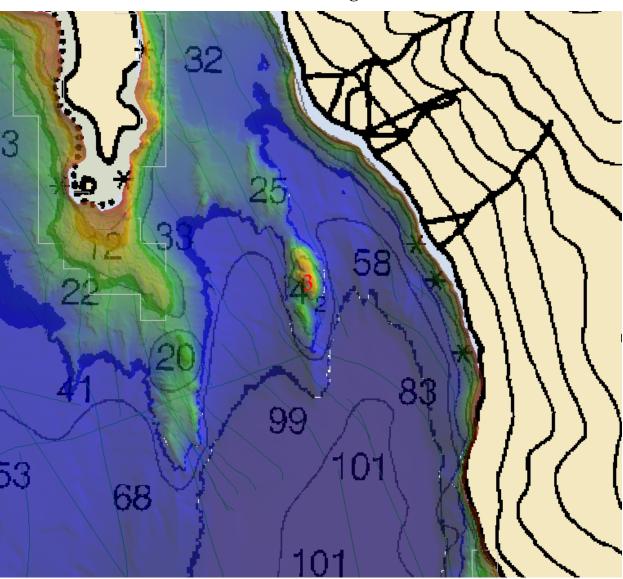
5.6m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)

Attributes: QUASOU - 1:depth known SORDAT - 20091106

| | SORIND - US,US,survy,H12143 |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| | STATUS - 1:permanent |
| | TECSOU - 3: found by multi-beam |
| Geo object 2: | Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC) |
| Attributes: | VALSOU - 5.611 m |



Feature Images

Figure 1.1.1

1.2) Profile/Beam - 740/101 from h12143 / fa_1010_reson8101_2009 / 2009-300 / 2009d_3002027

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

| Survey Position: | 58° 48' 06.0" N, 136° 04' 59.3" W |
|----------------------|---|
| Least Depth: | 4.25 m (= 13.94 ft = 2.323 fm = 2 fm 1.94 ft) |
| TPU (±1.96σ): | THU (TPEh) $\pm 0.100 \text{ m}$; TVU (TPEv) $\pm 0.432 \text{ m}$ |
| Timestamp: | 2009-300.20:28:15.999 (10/27/2009) |
| Survey Line: | h12143 / fa_1010_reson8101_2009 / 2009-300 / 2009d_3002027 |
| Profile/Beam: | 740/101 |
| Charts Affected: | 17318_1, 17300_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1 |

Remarks:

Shoal sounding found within complete multibeam echosounder coverage.

Feature Correlation

| Address | | Range | Azimuth | Status |
|--|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| h12143/fa_1010_reson8101_2009/2009-300/2009d_3002027 | 740/101 | 0.00 | 000.0 | Primary |

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart shoal sounding.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

2 ¼fm (17300_1, 16016_1, 530_1)

2fm 2ft (17318_1, 531_1)

4.2m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)

Attributes: QUASOU - 1:depth known SORDAT - 20091106 SORIND - US,US,survy,H12143 STATUS - 1:permanent TECSOU - 3:found by multi-beam

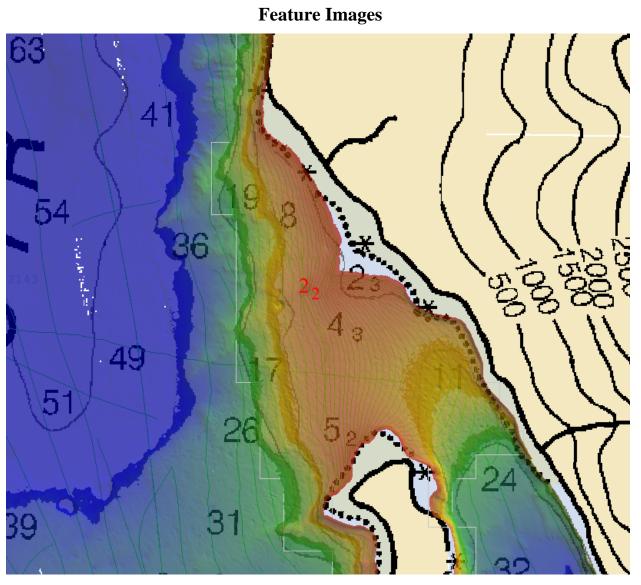


Figure 1.2.1

Dton Report for Survey H12143

| Registry Number: | H12143 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| State: | Alaska |
| Locality: | Nothern Glacier Bay |
| Sub-locality: | Southern Extent of Muir Inlet |
| Project Number: | OPR-O351-RA-09 |
| Survey Dates: | 10/11/2009 - 11/06/2009 |

Charts Affected

| Number | Edition | Date | Scale (RNC) | RNC Correction(s)* |
|--------|---------|------------|---------------------|---|
| 17318 | 7th | 03/01/2009 | 1:80,000 (17318_1) | USCG LNM: 7/6/2010 (4/19/2011) CHS NTM: None (3/25/2011) NGA NTM: 7/14/2001 (4/30/2011) |
| 17300 | 31st | 09/01/2005 | 1:209,978 (17300_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 16016 | 21st | 10/01/2007 | 1:969,756 (16016_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 531 | 24th | 07/01/2007 | 1:2,100,000 (531_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 500 | 8th | 06/01/2003 | 1:3,500,000 (500_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 530 | 32nd | 06/01/2007 | 1:4,860,700 (530_1) | [L]NTM: ? |
| 50 | 6th | 06/01/2003 | 1:10,000,000 (50_1) | [L]NTM: ? |

* Correction(s) - source: last correction applied (last correction reviewed--"cleared date")

Features

| | Feature | Survey | Survey | Survey |
|-----|---------|--------|-----------------|------------------|
| No. | Type | Depth | Latitude | Longitude |
| 1.1 | Rock | 3.50 m | 58° 42' 47.5" N | 136° 01' 56.6" W |

1 - Danger To Navigation

1.1) Profile/Beam - 966/295 from h12143 / 2801_rsn7125_400khz_512bms_2009 / 2009-293 / 2009d_2932015

DANGER TO NAVIGATION

Survey Summary

| Survey Position: | 58° 42' 47.5" N, 136° 01' 56.6" W |
|------------------|---|
| Least Depth: | 3.50 m (= 11.47 ft = 1.912 fm = 1 fm 5.47 ft) |
| TPU (±1.96σ): | THU (TPEh) ±0.080 m ; TVU (TPEv) ±0.399 m |
| Timestamp: | 2009-293.20:18:49.395 (10/20/2009) |
| Survey Line: | h12143 / 2801_rsn7125_400khz_512bms_2009 / 2009-293 / 2009d_2932015 |
| Profile/Beam: | 966/295 |
| Charts Affected: | 17318_1, 17300_1, 16016_1, 531_1, 500_1, 530_1, 50_1 |

Remarks:

New rock found during office processing.

Feature Correlation

| Address | Feature | Range | Azimuth | Status |
|---|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| h12143/2801_rsn7125_400khz_512bms_2009/2009-293/2009d_2932015 | 966/295 | 0.00 | 000.0 | Primary |

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart new rock as surveyed.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

1 ³/₄fm (17300_1, 16016_1, 530_1)

1fm 5ft (17318_1, 531_1)

3.5m (500_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Underwater rock / awash rock (UWTROC)

Attributes: QUASOU - 6:least depth known SORDAT - 20091106 SORIND - US,US,graph,H12143 TECSOU - 3:found by multi-beam VALSOU - 3.497 m WATLEV - 3:always under water/submerged

| FOID | Type Latitude | Longitude | Depth Acronym obstim | userid remrks | SORIND | SORDAT | NATQUA | NATSUR COL | OUR ob | sdpt VA | LSOU tid | ladj tidfil | TECSOU QUAS | OU WATL | EV RECDAT | SCAMIN ELEVAT |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|----------|--------|------------|--------|---------|----------|---|-------------|---------|------------|---------------|
| US 000000511 00001 | Point 58-50.95N | 136-01.83W | SBDARE 20091106T221551 | 231112 fne gy Silt | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | 1 | 3 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| US 0000000412 00001 | Point 58-41.38N | 136-00.27W | UWTROC 20091106T180025 | 231101 new pos Chd (17318) rk | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | | | -3 | -4.6 | 1.6 I:\2009_Processed_Data\Tide\OPR_O351_FA_09\Final_Tides\H12143\9452584_Muir_In | ıl 12 | 1 | 4 | |
| US 000000460 00001 | Point 58-46.45N | 136-08.91W | SBDARE 20091106T204658 | 231111 stk gy Cl med P brk Sh | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | 5,2,4 | 2,7,17 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| 0_1252010553 00052 | Point 58-46.63N | 136-08.23W | UWTROC 20091106T200119 | 231109 GC (10779)/Chd (17318) rk vfd, DP for ht | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | -1.3 | -3.6 | 2.3 I:\2009_Processed_Data\Tide\OPR_O351_FA_09\Final_Tides\H12143\9452584_Muir_In | ıl 12 | 1 | 4 | |
| US 0000000425 00001 | Point 58-42.43N | 135-59.23W | SBDARE 20091106T184512 | 231105 stk gy M Cl brk Sh | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | 5,0,4 | 1,2,17 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| US 0000000420 00001 | Point 58-41.42N | 136-00.21W | UWTROC 20091106T181617 | 231103 new rk | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | | | 0 | -1.5 | 1.5 I:\2009 Processed Data\Tide\OPR O351 FA 09\Final Tides\H12143\9452584 Muir In | 12 | 1 | 4 | |
| US 000002459 00001 | Line | | SBDARE | new extent GC (10779) ldg | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | | | | | | 4 | |
| US 000002462 00001 | Point 58-41.47N | 136-00.08W | UWTROC 23:49.1 | new pos chd (17318) rk | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | | | | -0.5 | | 3 | 6 | 5 2009-294 | |
| 0 1252010552 00024 | Point 58-44.94N | 136-10.48W | UWTROC 20091106T192851 | 231107 Chd (17318) rk vfd, DP for ht | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | -0.3 | -2.1 | 1.8 I:\2009 Processed Data\Tide\OPR O351 FA 09\Final Tides\H12143\9452584 Muir In | 12 | 1 | 4 | 239999 |
| US 0000003524 00001 | Line | | SBDARE | Chd (17318) ldg extents modified | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | | | | | | 4 | |
| 0 1252010551 00114 | Point 58-42.30N | 135-59.69W | UWTROC 20091106T183227 | 231104 Chd (17318) rk vfd, DP for ht | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | -2.1 | -3.6 | 1.5 I:\2009 Processed Data\Tide\OPR O351 FA 09\Final Tides\H12143\9452584 Muir In | 12 | 1 | 4 | 239999 |
| 0 1252010551 00106 | Point 58-41.40N | 136-00.17W | UWTROC 20091106T181055 | 231102 Chd (17318) rk vfd, DP for ht | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | 3 | 1.5 | 1.5 I:\2009 Processed Data\Tide\OPR O351 FA 09\Final Tides\H12143\9452584 Muir In | ıl 5 | 1 | 3 | 239999 |
| US 0000000442 00001 | Point 58-46.53N | 136-07.64W | OBSTRN 20091106T200815 | 231110 hp reef, not sig | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 9 | | -3 | -5.4 | 2.4 I:\2009 Processed Data\Tide\OPR O351 FA 09\Final Tides\H12143\9452584 Muir In | 12 | 1 | 4 | |
| US 000002429 00001 | Point 58-44.94N | 136-09.45W | LNDARE | Chd (17318) rk is islet, hp ldg | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | | | | | | | | | |
| US 000002430 00001 | Point 58-44.94N | 136-09.45W | LNDELV | Chd (17318) rk is islet, see DP #231108 | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | | | | | | | | | 1.2 |
| US 000000428 00001 | Point 58-44.16N | 136-03.25W | SBDARE 20091106T190319 | 231106 stk gy M Cl fne/med P | US,US,survy,H12143 | 20091106 | | 1,2,7 | 7 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Subject: Re: Reson 7111 device model From: Corey Collins <corey.collins@caris.com> Date: Thu, 21 Jan 2010 14:41:14 -0400 To: Eric Maillard <Eric.Maillard@reson.com> CC: foo fairweather <FOO.Fairweather@noaa.gov>, "glen.rice" <Glen.Rice@noaa.gov>, Brett Evans <Brett.Evans@reson.com>, Michael Mutschler <Michael.Mutschler@reson.com>, chiefst Fairweather <ChiefST.Fairweather@noaa.gov>, Jack Riley <Jack.Riley@noaa.gov>, Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov, Olivia Hauser <Olivia.Hauser@noaa.gov>, "caryn.arnold" <Caryn.Arnold@noaa.gov>, LCDR Rick Brennan NOAA <Richard.T.Brennan@noaa.gov>, Jeremy Nicholson <jeremy.nicholson@caris.com>

Hi Eric,

Thanks for the prompt replay and I will go ahead and get this fixed up in our software as soon as possible.

Regards, Corey

----- Original Message ------Subject: Re: Reson 7111 device model From: Eric Maillard < Eric.Maillard@reson.com> To: Corey Collins <corey.collins@caris.com>, foo fairweather <FOO.Fairweather@noaa.gov> Cc: "glen.rice" <Glen.Rice@noaa.gov>, "Brett Evans" <Brett.Evans@reson.com>, "Michael Mutschler" <Michael.Mutschler@reson.com>, "chiefst Fairweather" <ChiefST.Fairweather@noaa.gov>, "Jack Riley" <Jack.Riley@noaa.gov>, Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov, "Olivia Hauser" <Olivia.Hauser@noaa.gov>, "caryn.arnold" <Caryn.Arnold@noaa.gov>, "LCDR Rick Brennan NOAA" <Richard.T.Brennan@noaa.gov>, "Jeremy Nicholson" < jeremy.nicholson@caris.com> Date: Thursday, January 21, 2010 2:39:31 PM >> Hi Corey, >>>> Yes, you should be using the same algorithm for 8111 and 7111. >>>> Thanks for looking into that, > > Eric >>>> From: Corey Collins [mailto:corey.collins@caris.com] > Sent: Thursday, January 21, 2010 8:24 AM > To: foo fairweather; Eric Maillard > Cc: glen.rice; Brett Evans; Michael Mutschler; chiefst Fairweather; Jack Riley; Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov; Olivia Hauser; caryn.arnold; LCDR Rick Brennan NOAA; Jeremy Nicholson > Subject: Re: Reson 7111 device model

> > >

>

> All,

> I think we have quickly gotten to the bottom of this. First a little background information on how the TPU algorithms are implemented in HIPS and SIPS. We initially received from UNH a list of devices that specific algorithms had been developed for. We implemented those and tagged specific device models from the devicemodels.xml file in HIPS to the pertinent TPU algorithms provided from UNH. Since receiving these algorithms a lot of clients have requested to be able to compute TPU for sonars not contained in the group of sonars as tested and studied by UNH. So what we have done in order to accommodate these clients, as we do not have access to specific sonars to test and develop algorithms for, we have added device models to the devicemodels.xml file and then used a set of generic TPU algorithms for those sonars. So after digging in regards to this situation with the 8111 and the 7111 on our end this is what we have discovered.

>

> The 8111 was indeed part of the original TPU algorithms provided to us by UNH and therefore it has specific algorithms that are being called and used. The 7111 was not in that list so we are using the generic TPU algorithms as described for Swath Sonars. So with that said, my question to Reson is, should we be using the same algorithms for the 7111 as we are using for the 8111?

>

> I apologize for not thinking of this beforehand, but if Reson confirms that we should be using the same algorithms as with the 8111 then we can have this fixed up very quickly.

> > Regards,

> Corey

>

> ----- Original Message ------

> Subject: Re: Reson 7111 device model

> From: Corey Collins <corey.collins@caris.com>

> To: foo fairweather <FOO.Fairweather@noaa.gov>

> Cc: Eric Maillard < Eric.Maillard@reson.com>, "glen.rice" < Glen.Rice@noaa.gov>, Brett Evans

<Brett.Evans@reson.com>, Michael Mutschler <Michael.Mutschler@reson.com>, chiefst Fairweather

<ChiefST.Fairweather@noaa.gov>, Jack Riley <Jack.Riley@noaa.gov>, "Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov"

<Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov>, Olivia Hauser <Olivia.Hauser@noaa.gov>, "caryn.arnold"

<Caryn.Arnold@noaa.gov>, LCDR Rick Brennan NOAA <Richard.T.Brennan@noaa.gov>

> Date: Thursday, January 21, 2010 12:05:23 PM

>

> Hi Bri,

>

> We are looking now on our end as I think there is something amiss in our software. I hope to have feedback to provide on this next week at FPW. So as you put it below, I think this may be something silly and should be easy to fix on our end.

>

> Corey

>

> ----- Original Message ------

> Subject: Re: Reson 7111 device model

> From: foo fairweather <FOO.Fairweather@noaa.gov>

> To: Eric Maillard < Eric.Maillard@reson.com>

> Cc: "glen.rice" <Glen.Rice@noaa.gov>, Brett Evans <Brett.Evans@reson.com>, Michael Mutschler

<Michael.Mutschler@reson.com>, Corey Collins <corey.collins@caris.com>, chiefst Fairweather

<ChiefST.Fairweather@noaa.gov>, Jack Riley <Jack.Riley@noaa.gov>, "Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov"

<Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov>, Olivia Hauser <Olivia.Hauser@noaa.gov>, "caryn.arnold"

<Caryn.Arnold@noaa.gov>, LCDR Rick Brennan NOAA <Richard.T.Brennan@noaa.gov>

```
> Date: Wednesday, January 20, 2010 4:25:08 PM
```

>

```
> Hi Eric,
>
```

> I tried these values and the uncertainty actually increased slightly.

>

>

>

> Jack, >

> I've attached our device model file with the values Eric suggested and our 7111 hvf for your review.

> > All (HSTP, Reson, Caris),

> I'm at a loss as to what is going on with the 7111 uncertainty. Glen sent me some theoretical background material on device model creation but I honestly don't have time to digest it. Jack has agreed to come over to the ship on Monday while he's here in Seattle for FPW to noodle around. In the meantime, let us know if you think of something. Hopefully this is something simple and silly that can be fixed easily.

```
> Many thanks,
>
> Bri
>
>
>
>
> On 1/15/2010 10:43 AM, Eric Maillard wrote:
>
> Hi Bri,
>
>
>
> I cannot figure out the problem with the model except in 301 beam mode.
>
> <Steering_Angle value="0" /> should be <Steering_Angle value="90" /> because it is a cylindrical array so the
steering in equi-distant does not affect the beam width much.
>
>
>
>
>
> The other point I am not so sure about anymore is:
>
> <Range_Sampling_Distance value="0.124" />
>
>
>
> I compare this value to that of other systems and it seems that the relationship between this value and the sampling
rate is not always as I would expect. If this parameter is supposed to represent the bottom detection sampling rate then
a value similar to the 8111 is more accurate. It should read:
>
> <Range_Sampling_Distance value="0.031" />
>
> For all version of the 7111.
>
>
```

```
>
> If the above mentioned changes don't bring the uncertainty to a level compatible with the true performances of the
system, we will have to start questioning the model itself.
>
>
>
> Hope this helps,
>
> Eric
>
>
>
> From: foo fairweather [mailto:FOO.Fairweather@noaa.gov]
> Sent: Tuesday, January 12, 2010 3:08 PM
> To: Eric Maillard
> Cc: glen.rice; Brett Evans; Michael Mutschler; Corey Collins; chiefst Fairweather
> Subject: Reson 7111 device model
>
>
>
> Hi Eric,
>
> Attached is the current device model that we're using. I believe this is the second iteration of it. We're still seeing
relatively high uncertainty values with the 7111 (outside of IHO tolerances) The attached color maps is:
> 0-2 meters is green
> 2-4 meters is yellow
> 4-10 meters is red
> and the yellow lines that are selected are 7111 lines.
>
> Thanks,
>
> Bri
>
>
>
>
>
> ----- Original Message ------
>
> Subject:
>
>
> [Fwd: Re: Reson 8125 and 7111 manuals]
>
> Date:
>
>
> Tue, 03 Nov 2009 09:01:01 -0900
>
> From:
>
>
> foo.fairweather <foo.fairweather@noaa.gov>
>
```

```
> To:
>
>
> Brett Evans < Brett.Evans@reson.com>
>
>
> Hi Brett,
>
> This is the original email thread. I didn't originally type your
> correct email address.
>
> Thanks,
>
> Bri
>
> --
> LT Briana Welton
> Field Operations Officer
> NOAA Ship Fairweather
> 1010 Stedman St
> Ketchikan, AK 99901
> 907-254-2842 (ship's cell)
> 808-659-0054 (ship's sat)
>
>
>
>
>
>
>
> --
> LT Briana Welton
> Field Operations Officer
> NOAA Ship Fairweather
> 1010 Stedman St
> Ketchikan, AK 99901
> 907-254-2842 (ship's cell)
> 808-659-0054 (ship's sat)
>
> Fairweather communications are often unreliable. If you suspect email is not going to or from the foo.fairweather
> email account, try emailing briana.welton@noaa.gov or calling me on my personal cell at 520-227-9269.
>
>
>
>
>
> --
>
> Corey M. Collins
> CARIS HIPS/SIPS/Notebook Product Manager
> CARIS
> 115 Waggoners Lane, Fredericton, New Brunswick, Canada, E3B 2L4
> Tel: +1.506.458.8533 Fax: +1.506.459.3849
```

>

> Join us for CARIS 2010

- > Stronger Together People, Products, Infrastructure
- > March 22-25, 2010, Miami, Florida, United States
- > Visit www.caris.com/caris2010 for details today

> _

> This email and any files transmitted with it are confidential and intended only for the addressee(s). If you are not the intended recipient(s) please notify us by email reply. You should not use, disclose, distribute or copy this communication if received in error.

>

> Any views or opinions expressed in this email are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent those of the company. No binding contract will result from this email until such time as a written document is signed on behalf of the company.

- >
- > >
- > --

, >

- > Corey M. Collins
- > CARIS HIPS/SIPS/Notebook Product Manager
- > CARIS
- > 115 Waggoners Lane, Fredericton, New Brunswick, Canada, E3B 2L4
- > Tel: +1.506.458.8533 Fax: +1.506.459.3849
- > ____
- > Join us for CARIS 2010
- > Stronger Together People, Products, Infrastructure
- > March 22-25, 2010, Miami, Florida, United States
- > Visit www.caris.com/caris2010 for details today
- This email and any files transmitted with it are confidential and intended only for the addressee(s). If you are not the intended recipient(s) please notify us by email reply. You should not use, disclose, distribute or copy this communication if received in error.
- >

> Any views or opinions expressed in this email are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent those of the company. No binding contract will result from this email until such time as a written document is signed on behalf of the company.

--

Corey M. Collins CARIS HIPS/SIPS/Notebook Product Manager CARIS 115 Waggoners Lane, Fredericton, New Brunswick, Canada, E3B 2L4 Tel: +1.506.458.8533 Fax: +1.506.459.3849

Join us for CARIS 2010 Stronger Together – People, Products, Infrastructure March 22-25, 2010, Miami, Florida, United States Visit www.caris.com/caris2010 for details today

This email and any files transmitted with it are confidential and intended only for the addressee(s). If you are not the intended recipient(s) please notify us by email reply. You should not use, disclose, distribute or copy this communication if received in error.

Any views or opinions expressed in this email are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent those of

the company. No binding contract will result from this email until such time as a written document is signed on behalf of the company.

Subject: RE: RMA#502584: Reson 7111 transceiver
From: Brett Evans <Brett.Evans@reson.com>
Date: Fri, 21 May 2010 16:13:54 -0700
To: Caryn Arnold <Caryn.Arnold@noaa.gov>, "ops.fairweather" <ops.fairweather@noaa.gov>, Larry
Loewen <Larry.Loewen@noaa.gov>
CC: Jim Lynn <Jim.Lynn@noaa.gov>, Olivia Hauser <Olivia.Hauser@noaa.gov>, chiefet fairweather
<chiefet.fairweather@noaa.gov>, Matthew Jaskoski <matthew.jaskoski@noaa.gov>,
Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov, _NMAO MOP XO Fairweather <xo.fairweather@noaa.gov>, Todd Irby
<Todd.Irby@noaa.gov>, co fairweather <co.fairweather@noaa.gov>, Michael Mutschler

Subject: Schug@reson.com>, Justin Friesner

<

Dear Caryn, Bri and All,

We plan to send Eric Schug to Ketchikan this weekend. His contact info is as follows:

Eric Schug Direct: +1-805-964-6271 ex 550 Cell: +1-805-708-0097 E-mail: <u>eric.schug@reson.com</u>

He plans to travel on Sunday May 23 with the repaired 7111 Txcvr, spare parts and tools. He is scheduled to arrive in Ketchikan at approximately 4PM.

He was able to get in a have the PPD Test started this afternoon.

As he is only going to be able to travel with one large item (the 7111 Txcvr) we will send the 7125-SV Processor (RMA#502555) and large white ship case for 7111 Txcvr Box to Larry Loewen's attention in Seattle before May 27.

Re: faults on 7111 Txcvr Box - we found the reported faults to be related to the following:

"Two of the Receiver Cards were faulty. The problem with the Transceiver was that one of the Receiver Boards was overloading the Gain control signal therefore limiting the Gain range. The reduced Gain range made it appear as though the Transmit Power was too low. When the Gain set to 83dB in the UI the effective gain was ~15dB. The Gain control is an analog signal that sets the Gain in all channels in parallel.

The Transceiver, running with our test wet-end and 7111 Processor Box for the last 24 hours, is working now."

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Regards, Brett Evans RESON Support ----Original Message-----From: Brett Evans Sent: Thursday, May 20, 2010 1:33 PM To: 'Caryn Arnold'; 'ops.fairweather'; 'Larry Loewen' Cc: 'Jim Lynn'; 'Olivia Hauser'; 'chiefet fairweather'; 'Matthew Jaskoski'; 'Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov'; '_NMAO MOP XO Fairweather'; 'Todd Irby'; 'co fairweather'; Michael Mutschler; Justin Friesner; Eric Schug Subject: RE: RMA#502584: Reson 7111 transceiver Dear Caryn and All,

FYI, we received the Fairweather's 7111 Txcvr Box this morning.

We are working on it now and will send some more info on our findings shortly.

Regards, Brett Evans RESON Support

-----Original Message-----From: Brett Evans Sent: Wednesday, May 19, 2010 5:26 PM To: 'Caryn Arnold'; ops.fairweather; 'Larry Loewen' Cc: Jim Lynn; Olivia Hauser; chiefet fairweather; Matthew Jaskoski; <u>Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov</u>; _NMAO MOP XO Fairweather; 'Todd Irby'; co fairweather; Michael Mutschler; Justin Friesner Subject: RE: RMA#502584: Reson 7111 transceiver

Dear Caryn, Bri and All,

Thanks for your email.

I just spoke with Caryn, and this is the plan:

1. We understand that the "loaner" 7111 Txcvr Box did not work upon receipt. At this point, we don't know what else can be done to troubleshoot it by telephone. (see #4 below)

2. The Fairweather 7111 Txcvr is due (per FedEx website) at RESON by 10:30am tomorrow. We will test it immediately upon receipt.

3. The Fairweather 7125-SV Processor (RMA#502555) has been tested but no fault found to date. We will continue to test it non-stop for the next 1-2 days. If still no fault found, we will ship it back to either Ketchikan or Seattle for scheduled in-port.

4. Tentatively, we plan to send a Sr. Level Engineer to the Fairweather with the 7111 Tx Box and 7125-SV Processor. We will try to get him and the equipment up there by Sunday, May 23rd as "Plan A". I will meet with our shipping manager tomorrow to discuss the logistics of getting the two boxes of equipment up to Ketchikan on short notice, assuming we have to ship it on Thursday or Friday.

5. "Plan B" is that our Engineer will meet the Fairweather in Seattle on May 27th.

6. Regardless, we will start to put together spare parts and tools for this trip. We will be prepared to test and repair either the 7111 Processor Box or the 7111 Txcvr Box.

Yes, both of these cases will be treated as Warranty RMA's.

Please let me know if you have any further questions. I can be reached by email or cell phone (805)701-6697 as main POC for this field visit.

Regards, Brett Evans RESON Support

----Original Message-----From: Caryn Arnold [mailto:Caryn.Arnold@noaa.gov] Sent: Wednesday, May 19, 2010 11:49 AM To: ops.fairweather Cc: Brett Evans; Jim Lynn; Justin Friesner; Olivia Hauser; chiefet fairweather; Matthew Jaskoski; Larry Loewen; Edward.J.Vandenameele@noaa.gov; _NMAO MOP XO Fairweather; 'Todd Irby'; co fairweather Subject: Re: Reson 7111 transceiver Hello All, This is a critical piece of equipment for the upcoming projects. Since we still have Reson Support days I think this is a time to utilize some of them. If Reson can get the Fairweather transceiver working, will they be able to send a Rep, along with the 7111 transceiver, to Ketchikan, AK before the ship heads south on Sunday, May 23rd? At this time the Reson Rep could also return Launch 2806's 7125SV Processor. Reson hasn't been able to reproduce the power issue, however, the loaner from Reson that was installed is not having any problems. If a Reson Rep is going to the ship then they could observe the 7125 in the field. v/r, Caryn ops.fairweather wrote: Hi Brett, Does Eric have any more things for us to try to get the loaner 7111 transceiver working? The 7111 is the primary system we plan to use for June- Sept and we haven't even patch tested it yet. It's critical that we get that system back up before we in-port in Seattle May 27 so that we can patch test it before the start of the upcoming ship projects, especially since we'll be operating in very remote areas over the next four months. Many thanks, Bri PS/FYI Our schedule for the next few weeks/months: ~May 23/24: Start transit from Behm Canal (Ketchika, AK) to Seattle, doing a 1000-ftm contour survey for the Canadian Government on the way south with the Reson 8160 May 27 -June 1: In port in Seattle June 1 - July 2: Olympic Coast National Marine Sanctuary Survey July 7 - Sept 8: Bering Strait Survey

```
On 5/18/2010 9:09 PM, Brett Evans wrote:
  Hi Bri,
  One of our engineers, Eric Schug, will call you shortly about the
7111.
  Regards,
  Brett Evans
  RESON Support
  *From:* Justin Friesner
  *Sent:* Tuesday, May 18, 2010 1:52 PM
  *To:* Brett Evans
  *Subject:* Bri on fairweather
  Brett,
  Bri's number is 907-254-0032
  justin
  Justin P. Friesner
  Senior Field Engineer
  Reson Inc.
  100 Lopez Road
  Goleta
  CA 93117
  USA
  Tel: +1 805 964 6260
  Fax: +1 805 964 7537
  Cell: +1 805 708 5059
 _ _
 LT Briana Welton
 Field Operations Officer
 NOAA Ship Fairweather
 1010 Stedman St
 Ketchikan, AK 99901
 907-254-2842 (ship's cell)
 808-659-0054 (ship's sat)
 Fairweather communications can be unreliable. If you suspect email is
not going to or from the ops.fairweather
 email account, try emailing <a href="mailton@noaa.gov">briana.welton@noaa.gov</a> or calling
```

907-254-0032.



UNITED STATES DEPARMENT OF COMMERCE **National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration** National Ocean Service Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

TIDE NOTE FOR HYDROGRAPHIC SURVEY

DATE : March 25, 2010

HYDROGRAPHIC BRANCH: Pacific HYDROGRAPHIC PROJECT: OPR-0351-FA-2009 HYDROGRAPHIC SHEET: H12143

LOCALITY: Southern Extend of Muir Inlet, Northern Glacier Bay, AK TIME PERIOD: October 11 - November 6, 2009

TIDE STATION USED: 945-2584 Muir Inlet, AK Lat. 58° 54.8'N Long. 136° 06.8' W

PLANE OF REFERENCE (MEAN LOWER LOW WATER): 0.000 meters HEIGHT OF HIGH WATER ABOVE PLANE OF REFERENCE: 4.788 meters

REMARKS: RECOMMENDED ZONING Use zone(s) identified as: SEA310, SEA311, SEA312, SEA312A, SEA312B and SEA314

Refer to attachments for zoning information.

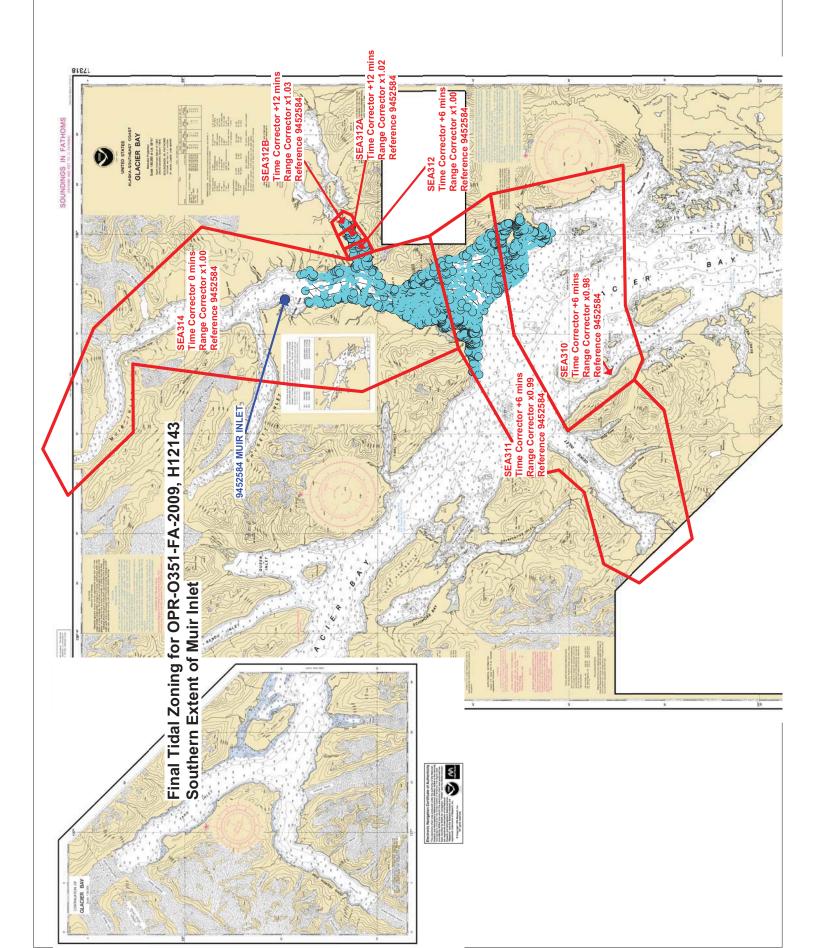
Note 1: Provided time series data are tabulated in metric units (meters), relative to MLLW and on Greenwich Mean Time on the 1983-2001 National Tidal Datum Epoch (NTDE).



Digitally signed by Peter J. Stone NOS, email=peter.stone@noaa.gov, c=US Date: 2010.04.06 07:13:40 -04'00'

CHIEF, OCEANOGRAPHIC DIVISION





H12143 HCell Report

Katie Reser, Physical Scientist Pacific Hydrographic Branch

1. Specifications, Standards and Guidance Used in HCell Compilation

HCell compilation of survey H12143 used:

Office of Coast Survey HCell Specifications: Draft, Version: 4.0, 17 March, 2010. HCell Reference Guide: Version 2.0, 22 February, 2010.

2. Compilation Scale

Depths and features for HCell H12143 were compiled to the largest scale raster chart(s) shown below:

| Chart | Scale | Edition | Edition Date | NTM Date |
|-------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| 17318 | 1:80,000 | 7 th | 03/01/2009 | 07/02/2011 |

The following ENC(s) were also used during compilation:

| Chart | Scale |
|----------|----------|
| US4AK3DM | 1:80,000 |

3. Soundings

A survey-scale sounding (SOUNDG) feature object layer was built from a 16-meter multibeam combined surface in CARIS BASE Editor. A shoal-biased selection was made at 1:15,000 survey scale using a Radius Table file with values shown in the table, below.

| Shoal Limit (m) | Deep Limit (m) | Radius (mm) |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|
| -5 | 10 | 3 |
| 10 | 20 | 4 |
| 20 | 50 | 4.5 |
| 50 | 500 | 5 |

In CARIS BASE Editor soundings were manually selected from the high density sounding layer (SS) and imported into a new layer (CS) created to accommodate chart density depths. Manual selection was used to accomplish a density and distribution that closely represents the seafloor morphology.

4. Depth Contours

Depth contours at the intervals on the largest scale chart are included in the *_SS HCell for MCD raster charting division to use for guidance in creating chart contours. The metric and fathom equivalent contour values are shown in the table below.

| Chart Contour Intervals in Fathoms | Metric Equivalent to Chart Fathoms, Arithmetically Rounded | Metric Equivalent of Chart Fathoms, with NOAA Rounding Applied | Fathoms with NOAA Rounding Applied | Fathoms with NOAA Rounding Removed for Display on H12143_SS.000 |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0.000 | 0.2286 | 0.125 | 0 |
| 3 | 5.4864 | 5.715 | 3.125 | 3 |
| 5 | 9.144 | 9.3726 | 5.125 | 5 |
| 10 | 18.288 | 18.5166 | 10.125 | 10 |
| 20 | 36.576 | 37.9476 | 20.750 | 20 |
| 30 | 54.864 | 56.2356 | 30.750 | 30 |
| 50 | 91.44 | 92.8116 | 50.750 | 50 |
| 100 | 182.88 | 184.2516 | 100.750 | 100 |

With the exception of the zero contours included in the *_CS file, contours have not been deconflicted against shoreline features, soundings and hydrography, as all other features in the *_CS file and soundings in the *_SS have been. This may result in conflicts between the *_SS file contours and HCell features at or near the survey limits. Conflicts with M_QUAL and SBDARE objects, and with DEPCNT objects representing MLLW, should be expected. HCell features should be honored over *_SS.000 file contours in all cases where conflicts are found.

5. Meta Areas

The following Meta object areas are included in HCell H12143:

M_QUAL

The Meta area objects were constructed on the basis of the limits of the hydrography.

6. Features

Features addressed by the field units are delivered to PHB where they are deconflicted against the hydrography and the largest scale chart. These features, as well as features to be retained from the chart and features digitized from the Base Surface, are included in the HCell. The geometry of these features may be modified to emulate chart scale per the HCell Reference Guide on compiling features to the chart scale HCell.

7. S-57 Objects and Attributes

The *_CS HCell contains the following Objects:

| \$CSYMB | Blue notes |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| DEPCNT | Zero contours |
| *LNDARE | Islet |
| *LNDELV | Height on islet |
| M_QUAL | Data quality meta object |
| SBDARE | Bottom types and reef |
| SOUNDG | Soundings at the chart scale density |
| UNSARE | Unsurveyed area |
| *UWTROC | Rocks |

* The M_QUAL is adequate for NDB product searches except for features in these object classes which reside outside the M_QUAL limits.

The *_SS HCell contains the following Objects:

| DEPCNT | Generalized contours at chart scale intervals |
|--------|---|
| SOUNDG | Soundings at the survey scale density |

8. Spatial Framework

8.1 Coordinate System

All spatial map and base cell file deliverables are in an LLDG geographic coordinate system, with WGS84 horizontal, MHW vertical, and MLLW (1983-2001 NTDE) sounding datums.

8.2 Horizontal and Vertical Units

DUNI, HUNI and PUNI are used to define units for depth, height and horizontal position in the chart units HCell, as shown below.

Chart Unit Base Cell Units:

| Depth Units (DUNI): | Fathoms and feet |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| Height Units (HUNI): | Feet |
| Positional Units (PUNI): | Meters |

During creation of the HCell in CARIS BASE Editor and CARIS S-57 Composer, all soundings and features are maintained in metric units with as high precision as possible. Depth units for soundings measured with sonar maintain millimeter precision. Depths on rocks above MLLW and heights on islets above MHW are typically measured with range finder, so precision is less. Units and precision are shown below.

BASE Editor and S-57 Composer Units:

| Sounding Units: | Meters rounded to the nearest millimeter |
|--------------------|--|
| Spot Height Units: | Meters rounded to the nearest decimeter |

See the HCell Reference Guide for details of conversion from metric to charting units, and application of NOAA rounding.

9. Data Processing Notes

There were no significant deviations from the standards and protocols given in the HCell Specification and HCell Reference Guide.

10. QA/QC and ENC Validation Checks

H12143 was subjected to QA checks in S-57 Composer prior to exporting to the metric HCell base cell (000) file. The millimeter precision metric S-57 HCell was converted to chart units and NOAA rounding applied. dKart Inspector was then used to further check the data set for conformity with the S-58 ver. 2 standard (formerly Appendix B.1 Annex C of the S-57 standard). All tests were run and warnings and errors investigated and corrected unless they are MCD approved as inherent to and acceptable for HCells.

11. Products

11.1 HSD, MCD and CGTP Deliverables

| Base Cell File, Chart Units, Soundings and features compiled to 1:80,000 |
|--|
| Base Cell File, Chart Units, Soundings and |
| Contours compiled to 1:15,000 |
| Descriptive Report including end notes compiled |
| during office processing and certification, the HCell |
| Report, and supplemental items |
| Survey outline |
| Survey outline |
| |

11.2 Software

| CARIS HIPS Ver. 7.0 | Inspection of Combined BASE Surfaces |
|---|--|
| CARIS BASE Editor Ver. 3.2 | Creation of soundings and bathy-derived |
| | features, meta area objects, and blue notes; |
| | Survey evaluation and verification; Initial |
| | HCell assembly. |
| CARIS S-57 Composer Ver. 2.2 | Final compilation of the HCell, correct |
| | geometry and build topology, apply final |
| | attributes, export the HCell, and QA. |
| CARIS GIS 4.4a | Setting the sounding rounding variable for |
| | conversion of the metric HCell to NOAA |
| | charting units with NOAA rounding. |
| CARIS HOM Ver. 3.3 | Perform conversion of the metric HCell to |
| | NOAA charting units with NOAA |
| | rounding. |
| HydroService AS, dKart Inspector Ver. 5.1 | Validation of the base cell file. |
| Northport Systems, Inc., Fugawi Marine | Independent inspection of final HCells |
| ENC Ver.3.1.0.435 | using a COTS viewer. |

12. Contacts

Inquiries regarding this HCell content or construction should be directed to:

Katie Reser Physical Scientist Pacific Hydrographic Branch Seattle, WA 206-526-6864 <u>katie.reser@noaa.gov</u>

APPROVAL SHEET H12143

The survey evaluation and verification has been conducted according to branch processing procedures and the HCell compiled per the latest OCS HCell Specifications.

The survey and associated records have been inspected with regard to survey coverage, delineation of the depth curves, development of critical depths, S-57 classification and attribution of soundings and features, cartographic characterization, and verification or disproval of charted data within the survey limits. The survey records and digital data comply with OCS requirements except where noted in the Descriptive Report and are adequate to supersede prior surveys and nautical charts in the common area.

I have reviewed the HCell, accompanying data, and reports. This survey and accompanying digital data meet or exceed OCS requirements and standards for products in support of nautical charting except where noted in the Descriptive Report.