

H12443

NOAA Form 76-35A

U.S. Department of Commerce
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Ocean Survey

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey: Navigable Area

Registry Number: H12443

LOCALITY

State: Alaska

General Locality: Krenitzin Islands

Sub-locality: Rootok Island

2012

CHIEF OF PARTY
Dean Moyles

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

Date:

NOAA FORM 77-28 (11-72)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTRY NUMBER:
HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET			H12443
INSTRUCTIONS: The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.			
State:	Alaska		
General Locality:	Krenitzin Islands		
Sub-Locality:	Rootok Island		
Scale:	1: 40,000		
Dates of Survey:	06/17/2012 to 07/09/2012		
Instructions Dated:	06/2012		
Project Number:	OPR-Q191-KR-12		
Field Unit:	Fugro Pelagos		
Chief of Party:	Dean Moyles		
Soundings by:	Multibeam Echo Sounder		
Imagery by:			
Verification by:	Pacific Hydrographic Branch		
Soundings Acquired in:	meters at Mean Lower Low Water		
H-Cell Compilation Units:	<i>meters at Mean Lower Low Water</i>		
Remarks:	<p><i>The purpose of this survey is to provide contemporary surveys to update National Ocean Service (NOS) nautical charts. All separates are filed with the hydrographic data. Notes in red were generated during office processing. The processing branch concurs with all information and recommendations in the DR unless otherwise noted. Page numbering may be interrupted or non-sequential. All pertinent records for this survey, including the Descriptive Report, are archived at the National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) and can be retrieved via http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/.</i></p>		

A. Area Surveyed

H12443 is located around Rootok Island.

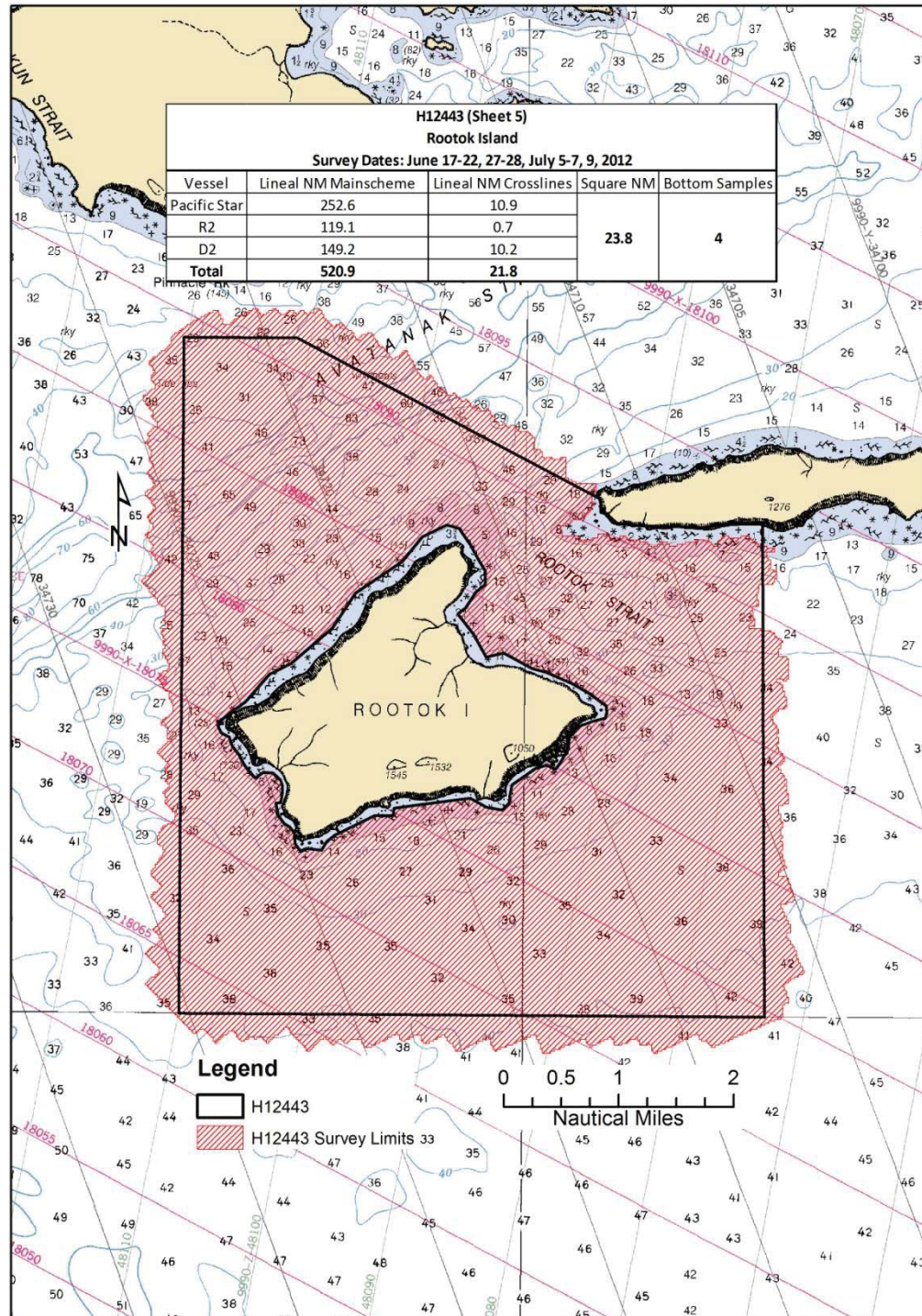


Figure 1 H12443 Area Surveyed

B. Data Acquisition and Processing

Refer to the OPR-Q191-KR-12 Data Acquisition and Processing Report for a detailed description of all equipment, survey vessels, processing procedures, and quality control features. Items specific to this survey and any deviations from the Data Acquisition and Processing Report are discussed in the following sections.

B.1 Equipment & Vessels

The F/V Pacific Star, the survey launch R/V R2, and the survey launch R/V D2 acquired all sounding data for H12443.

F/V Pacific Star, 162 feet in length with a draft of 16 feet, was equipped with a hull mounted Reson SeaBat 7111 multibeam echosounder system for the OPR-Q191-KR-12 project. The Reson 7111 system operates at a frequency of 100 kHz and forms 301 beams at a 1.5° spacing (across-track), with maximum swath coverage of 150°. Operating modes such as range scale, gain, power level, ping rates, etc. were a function of water depth and data quality and were noted on the survey line logs (see the Descriptive Report Separate 1). All 7111 multibeam data files were logged in the s7k format using WinFrog Multibeam v3.09.21. The vessel was equipped with an OCEANSCIENCE underway CTD (UCTD) deploying a Sea-Bird probe. Together, the system measures conductivity, temperature, and pressure to derive a sound velocity profile.

Vessel attitude and position were measured using an Applanix Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels (POS MV) 320 V4. WaterLOG H3611 (Radar Water Level Sensors) were installed on the port and starboard gunwales of F/V Pacific Star to obtain a more precise static draft measurement. Samples were taken over a 10 minute period and averaged to determine the vessel's draft. Traditional static draft measurement techniques were also employed as a substitute to the WaterLOG H3611 measurements when required.

R/V R2, a Pacific Star launch, is 29 feet in length with a draft of 3 feet. For this survey, R2 was equipped with a hull mounted Reson SeaBat 7101 multibeam echosounder, fitted with a stick projector and operated at a frequency of 240 kHz. The system forms either 239 or 511 beams across a 150° swath width. All 7101 multibeam data files were logged in the s7k format using WinFrog Multibeam v3.09.21. R2 was equipped with two AML sound velocity and pressure sensors (SV&P) for sound velocity profiles. Vessel attitude and position were measured using an Applanix Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels (POS MV) 320 V4.

R/V D2, a Pacific Star launch, is 29 feet in length with a draft of 3 feet. For this survey, D2 was equipped with a hull mounted Reson SeaBat 7101 multibeam echosounder, fitted with a stick projector and operated at a frequency of 240 kHz. The system forms either 239 or 511 beams across a 150° swath width. All 7101 multibeam data files were logged in the s7k format using WinFrog Multibeam v3.09.21. D2 was equipped with two AML sound velocity and pressure sensors (SV&P) for sound velocity profiles. Vessel attitude and position were measured using an Applanix Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels (POS MV) 320 V4.

B.2 Quality Control

Crosslines

Crosslines were planned and well distributed throughout the survey to ensure adequate quality control. Total crossline length surveyed was 21.8 nautical miles or 4.2 percent of the total mainscheme line length. Each crossline was compared to the entire mainscheme line plan through a 2m CUBE surface using the CARIS HIPS QC report routine. If the crossline covered an area with significantly rocky topography, the crossline was compared to a 1m CUBE surface of the entire mainscheme line plan.

The majority of QC Reports fall well within the required accuracy specifications. However, several crosslines run by R/V D2 nearshore around Rootok Island contain beams in the QC report that fall below the 95% confidence level due to significantly rocky topography as illustrated in **Figure 2** below. Good conformity was still seen between the mainscheme lines and crosslines. Mainscheme lines are shown in green and crosslines in purple. Quality Control Results are located in Separate II.

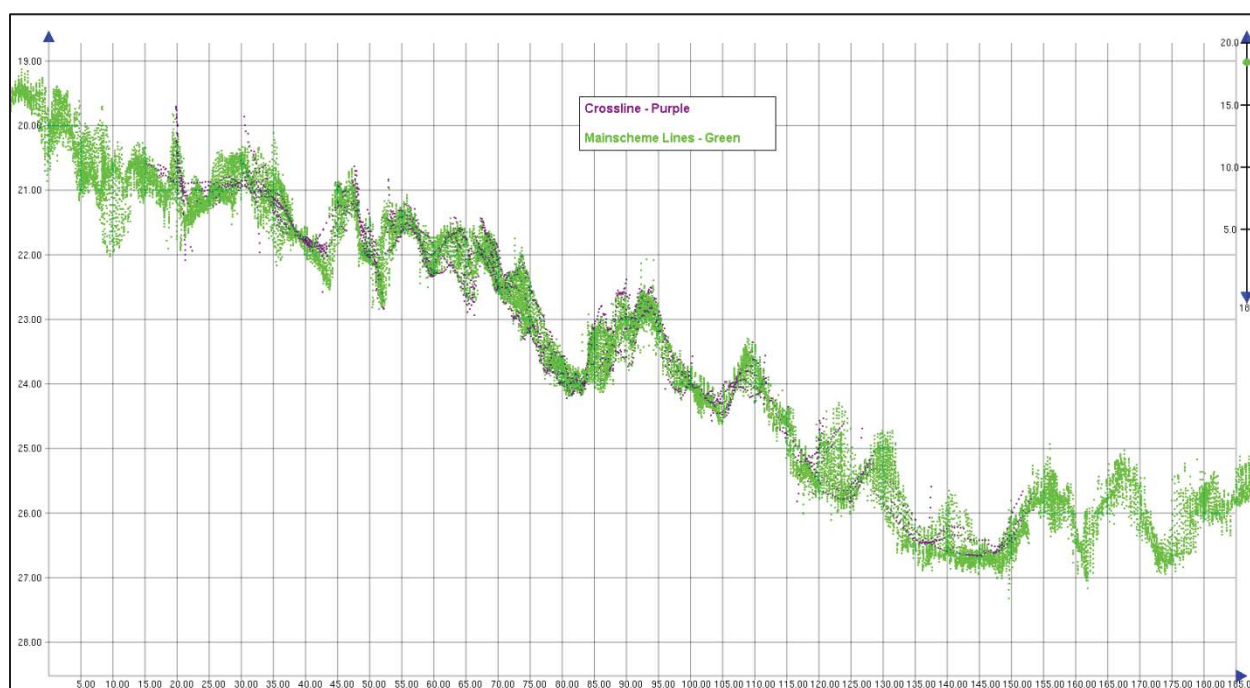


Figure 2 Profile of 3P507-TIE04

Note: The QC reports were generated based on the IHO Order 1a accuracy specification:

$$\pm\sqrt{a^2 + (b * d)^2}$$

Where, a=0.5 and b=0.013, d=depth

Data adequate for charting.

Uncertainty Values

The Majority of the data fell within IHO Order 1a accuracy specifications (refer to **Table 1**). Nodes that exceeded the allowable specifications were located in rough or rapidly changing topography or in areas where the outer beams of the coverage boundaries were the single contributor to the surface (refer to **Figure 3** and **Figure 4**). Despite the higher uncertainty values in these areas, agreement between adjacent lines and colinearity between soundings was good.

Table 1 BASE Surface QC Report

BASE Surface QC Report		
Surface	Depth Range (m)	% of nodes within IHO Order 1a
H12443-1m	0 - 20	88.54%
H12443-2m	18 - 40	92.30%
H12443-4m	36 - 80	98.16%
H12443-8m	72 - 160	97.83%

Note: The percentage of nodes within IHO Order 1a were computed by CARIS using the Surface QC Report utility.

As seen in the uncertainty surface graphic (**Figure 4**), uncertainty is generally lowest near the sonar nadir beams and increases toward the outside of each swath. This is expected and primarily a result of the sonar's device model used within CARIS HIPS for TPU calculations. In general, total propagated uncertainty varies proportionally to water depth. Outer beams also have higher uncertainty values as a function of the bottom-detection algorithms within the sonar.

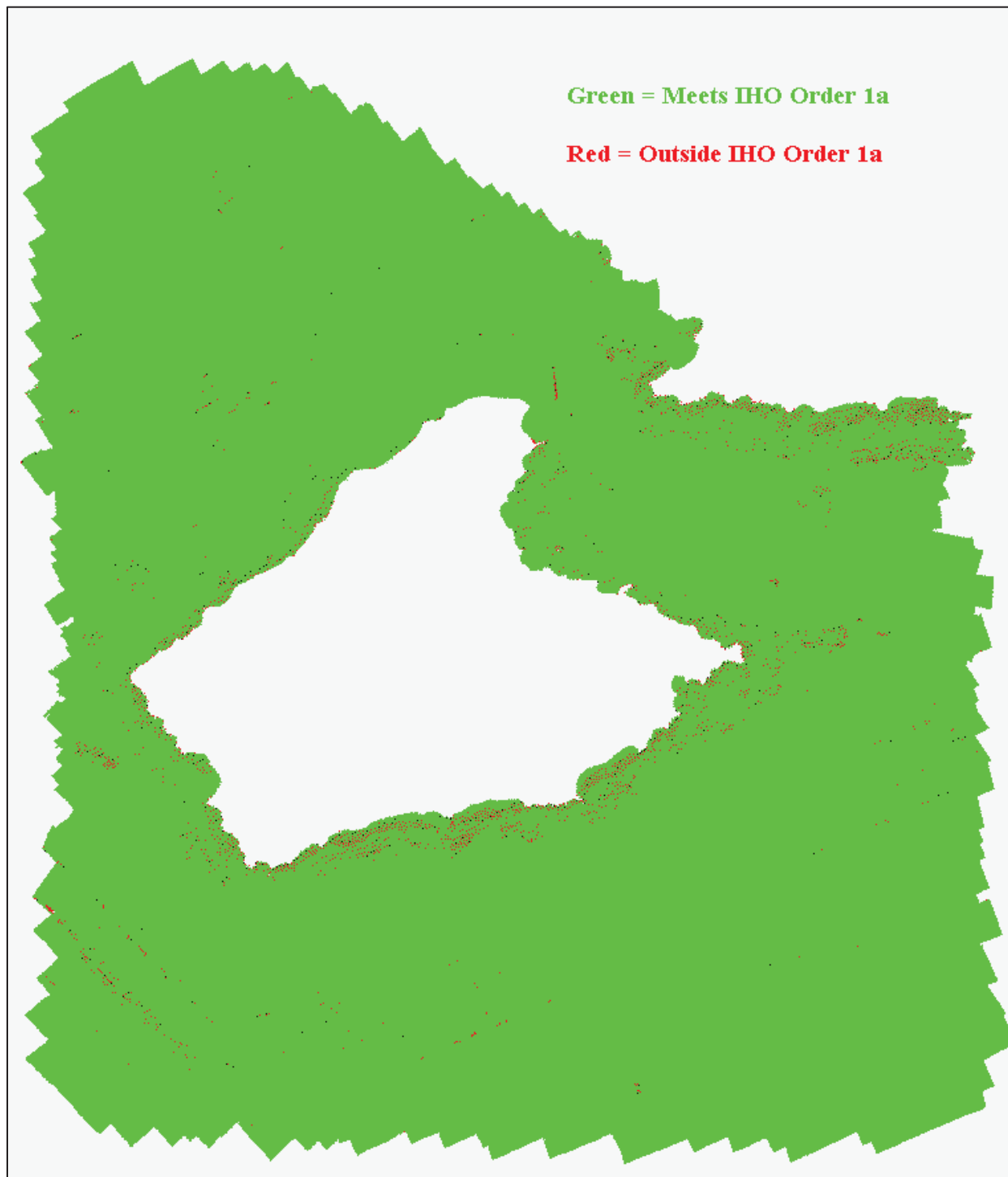


Figure 3 Uncertainty DTM

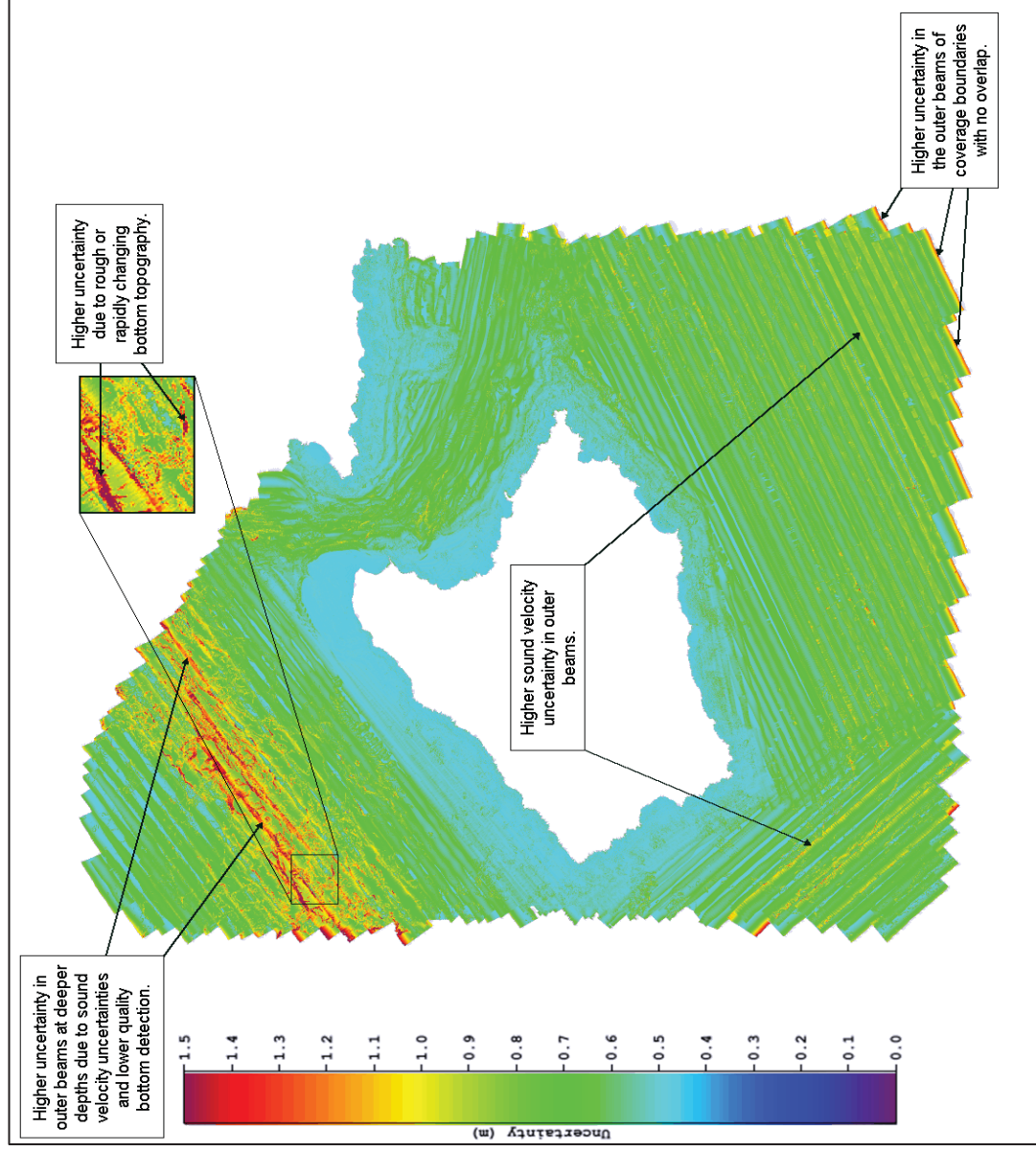


Figure 4 Uncertainty DTM

Data Density

The NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, April 2011, require 95% of all nodes to be populated with at least five soundings. Survey H12443 met these project specifications (**Figure 5**).

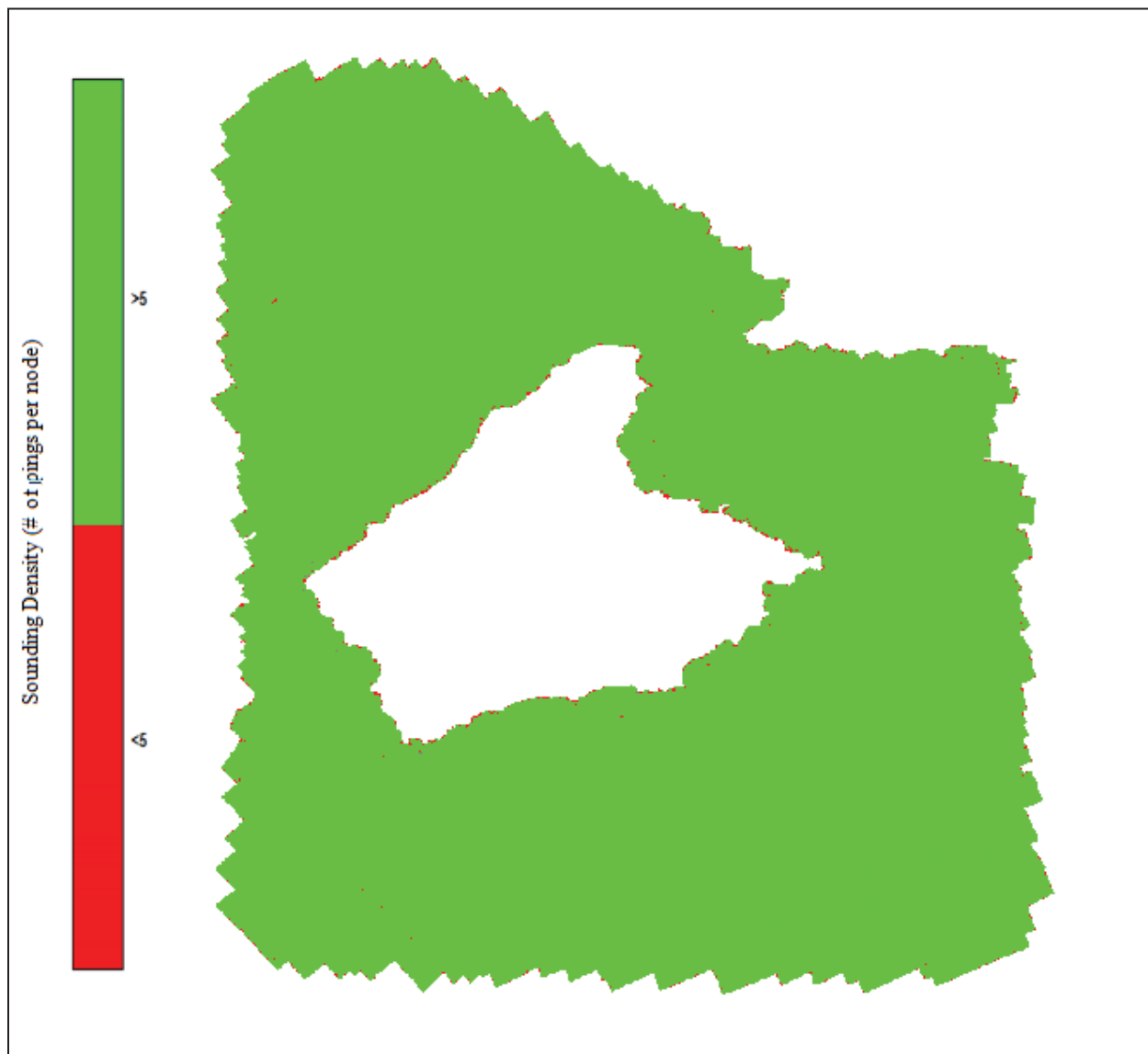


Figure 5 Density DTM

It should be noted however, that during routine processing in CARIS HIPS Swath Editor, survey lines from the F/V Pacific Star's Reson 7111 were found that contained noise due to poor bottom tracking in areas of soft sediment. The bottom detect algorithm in the Reson 7111 may have been affected by the time spreading of the signal return due to sediment penetration close to nadir (**Figure 6**). To mitigate the effects of this sediment penetration, the sonar pulse length was kept low during data acquisition. However, as a result of this bottom detect issue and the rejection of some noisy data, data density dropped below the 5-pings-per-cell requirement in localized areas. Although some localized areas did not meet the 5 pings-per-cell requirement, the overall sheet did meet the 95% requirement for data density, and the CUBE BASE surfaces met IHO Order 1a specifications.

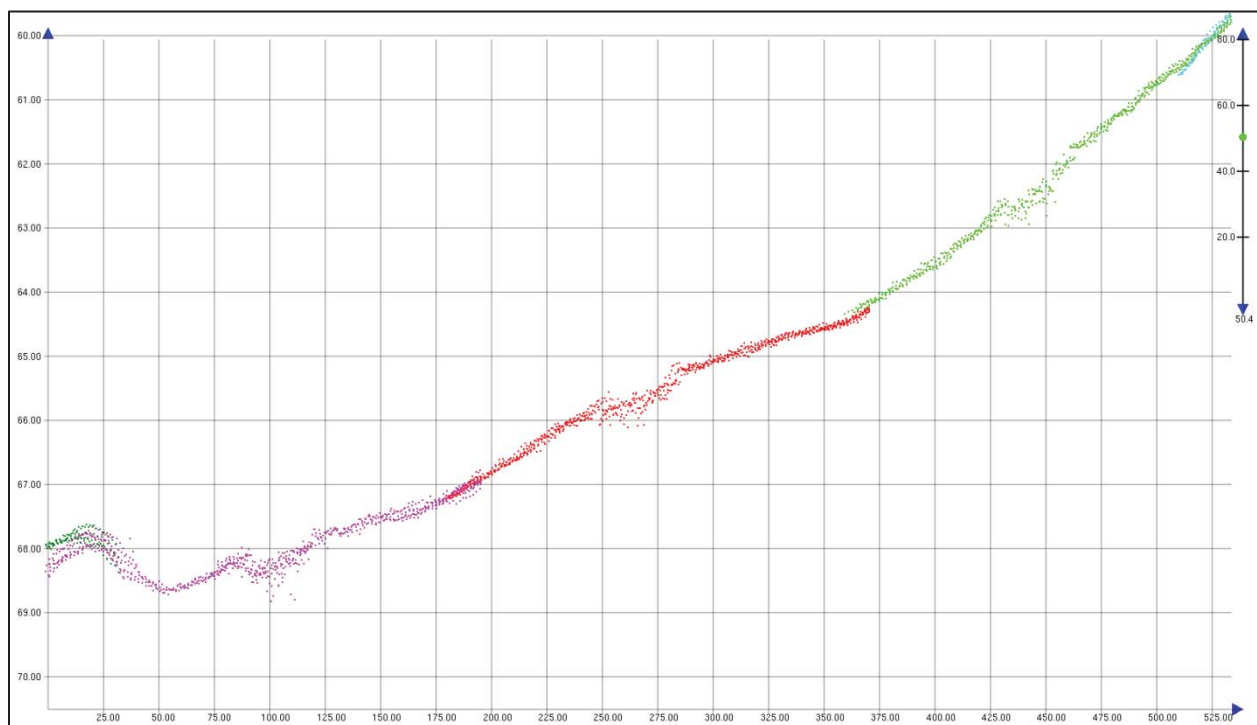


Figure 6 Bottom Detection Artifacts Near Nadir of Reson 7111

Detection requirements were met by minimizing vessel speed when necessary, using sonar range scales appropriate to the water depth to maximize ping rates, and maximizing swath overlap. These variables were adjusted in real-time by the online acquisition crew based on the WinFrog QC and coverage displays. The shipboard processing crew provided feedback after preliminary processing and coverage creation in CARIS HIPS. Infill lines were run as necessary.

Data adequate for charting.

Survey Junctions

H12443 junctions with:

Registry #	Date	Junction Side
H12442	2012	Northeast
H12444	2012	East
H12445	2012	West
H12360	2011	Northwest

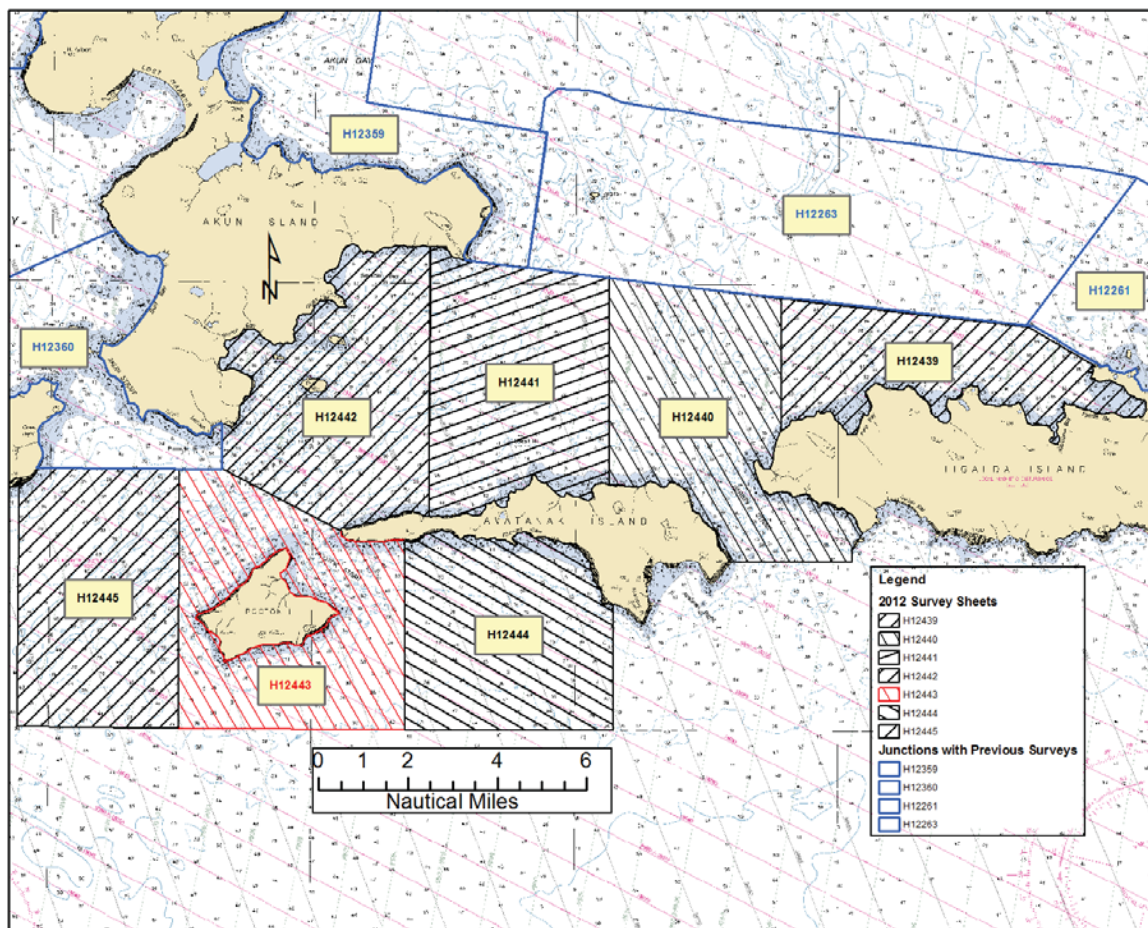


Figure 7 H12443 Survey Junctions

The surveys are in agreement along their common borders. The conformity between H12443 and the bordering survey areas (H12442, H12444, H12445, and H12360) was inspected during processing using CARIS HIPS Subset Editor routine and the finalized BASE Surfaces. Difference surfaces were also created between H12443 and the bordering survey areas and confirmed that approximately 85.9% of the nodes agree to within 0.35m or less. The other

14.1%, which were in the deeper portions of the sheet, agree to within 0.4m to 0.9m. These differences were usually on the outer edges of the swath and can be attributed to sound speed error. There is also a noticeable difference in areas with irregular bottom topography. These differences were usually on the nadir portion of the swath and can be attributed to the bottom detect issue with the Reson 7111. All data were well within the IHO Order 1a allowable error.

Quality Control Checks

Positioning system confidence checks were conducted on a daily basis using the (POS MV) controller software. The controller software had numerous real-time displays that were monitored throughout the survey to ensure the positional accuracies specified in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables were achieved. These include, but are not limited to the following: GPS Status, Position Accuracy, Receiver Status (which included HDOP & PDOP), and Satellite Status. During periods of high HDOP and/or a low number of available satellites, survey operations were suspended.

Sonar system confidence checks were performed weekly by comparing post processed depth information collected by multiple vessels surveying over a common area. In addition, bar checks were performed to maintain a high confidence level. Sound Velocity Probe confidence checks were conducted weekly by producing comparable sound velocity data between all vessels. This check was carried out by having all sound velocity profiling equipment perform a cast in close proximity to each other in a near-simultaneous time period.

Data Quality

In general, the multibeam data quality for H12443 was good. Five notable problems follow:

1. Along coastal regions of the survey, an abundance of kelp was observed during data acquisition. Due to data quality and safety issues, there may be some areas where survey operations were halted, thus not achieving the 4 fathom survey limit. In addition to this, during data processing every effort was made to flag the kelp as rejected data wherever the CUBE BASE surface included the kelp as part of the seafloor.
2. The Reson SeaBat 7111 sonar system displayed bottom-detection artifacts near nadir of the multibeam swath. The bottom detection algorithm in the Reson 7111 may have been affected by the time spreading of the signal return due to sediment penetration close to nadir. To mitigate these effects, the sonar pulse length was kept at low settings during acquisition and the artifacts were monitored closely during data processing to ensure all data met IHO Order 1a specifications. See **Figure 6** above.

3. Sound speed refraction errors were seen in the outer beams of the swaths of survey lines that were run in deeper water. However, line overlap was sufficient, and the affected soundings were rejected in CARIS HIPS Subset Editor routine to ensure the CUBE surface met IHO Order 1a specifications.
4. An area of dynamic bottom was observed at the base of a 20m outcrop at the southern mouth of Rootok Strait. Soundings were inspected using CARIS HIPS Subset Editor routine and the deeper soundings were rejected so that the final CUBE BASE surface reflected the shoaler depths.
5. A vertical bust up to 0.50 m was found at approximately 54° 04' 09" N, 165° 31' 14" W, at the northwest mouth of Rootok Strait. It measures 200 m in length, running east to west. The vertical misalignment may be due to local effects and could not be adequately modeled with discrete tidal zoning (**Figure 8**).

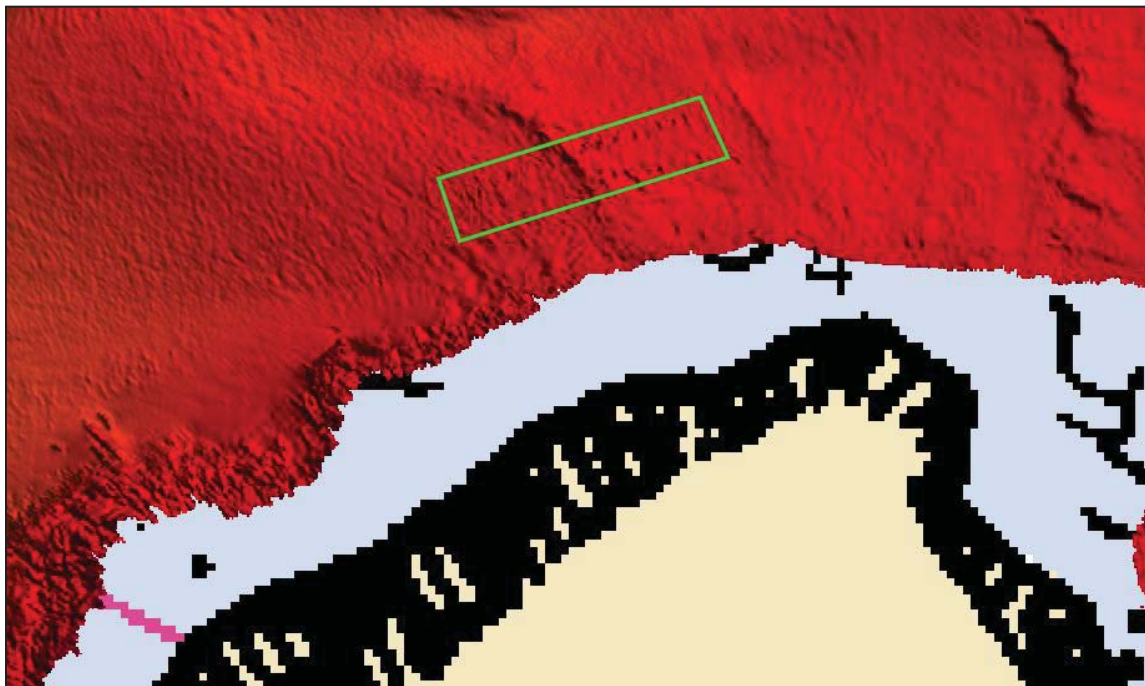


Figure 8 Vertical Bust Near Rootok Strait (Image at 10X Exaggeration)

Refer to the OPR-Q191-KR-12 Data Acquisition and Processing Report for a detailed description of the survey equipment and methodology used over the course of this survey.

Data is adequate for charting.

B.3 Corrections to Echo Soundings

Refer to the OPR-Q191-KR-12 Data Acquisition and Processing Report for a detailed description of all corrections to echo soundings. No deviations from the report occurred.

B.4 Data Processing

Refer to the OPR-Q191-KR-12 Data Acquisition and Processing Report for a detailed description of the processing flow.

The final fieldsheet for H12443 is called “H12443”, and it contains eight CUBE surfaces. The following parameters were used:

Entire depth range: 1 m resolution, name “1m”
Entire depth range: 2 m resolution, name “2m”
Entire depth range: 4 m resolution, name “4m”
Entire depth range: 8 m resolution, name “8m”
0-20 meters: 1 m resolution, name “H12443_1m_Final”
18-40 meters: 2 m resolution, name “H12443_2m_Final”
36-80 meters: 4 m resolution, name “H12443_4m_Final”
72-160 meters: 8 m resolution, name “H12443_8m_Final”

Notes:

- Maximum depth was approximately 150m; therefore, resolutions coarser than 8m were not computed.
- Final CUBE surfaces were created with CARIS v 7.1 in the CARIS Spatial Archive (CSAR) format. These surfaces are located under the “H12443\CARIS\Fieldsheets” directory.

The final S-57 file for this project is called “H12443_Field_Features.000”. This file contains the object and metadata S-57 objects as required in the Specifications and Deliverables.

An 8-meter combined surface, H12443_8m_Office_Combined.csar, was created during office processing and was used as the basis for compilation of the chart update product.

C. Horizontal and Vertical Control

Refer to the OPR-Q191-KR-12 Horizontal and Vertical Control Report for a detailed description of the horizontal and vertical control used on this survey. No deviations from the report occurred. A summary of the project's horizontal and vertical control follows.

Horizontal Control

The horizontal control datum for this survey was the North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83).

For real-time DGPS corrections, a CSI MBX-3 unit was tuned to the Cold Bay, Alaska USCG DGPS site. The unit output differentially corrected positions at 1 Hz to the (POS MV) 320 V4 where it was integrated with inertial data, and a position for the top-center of the IMU was generated. This position was logged concurrently with the bathymetry from WinFrog and the POS file using Fugro Pelagos PosMvLogger. It was later corrected for offsets to the multibeam echosounder (MBES) by CARIS HIPS in post processing.

Final positioning was done using post-processed kinematic (PPK) methods. Applanix POSPac MMS v5.4 software was used in conjunction with the POS files and local 1Hz base station data to generate a higher accuracy position, which was applied in processing to replace the real-time position records.

See OPR-Q191-KR-12 Horizontal and Vertical Control Report for a more detailed description of PPK positioning methods used.

Vertical Control

All sounding data were initially reduced to MLLW based on Preliminary Zoning provided by CO-OPS and modified by John Oswald and Associates (JOA) to use gauges located in Trident Bay, Rootok Island, and Tigalda Bay. Tidal data for a twenty-four hour period UTC, (Alaska Daylight Time to UTC was +8 hours) was assembled by JOA and uploaded to their ftp site at the end of every Julian Day. A cumulative file for the gauges was updated each day by appending the new data. It should be noted that these unverified tides were used in the field for preliminary processing only.

Between June and August, Sea-Bird pressure data was collected at two locations around Derbin Strait. The Sea-Bird data, along with PPK derived vessel altitude data, was used in developing final tide zones. The tidal zoning was modified by JOA, providing a more elaborate zoning scheme than the preliminary NOAA CO-OPS zones issued in the Statement of Work.

On October 13, 2012, JOA issued verified tidal data and final zoning for OPR-Q191-KR-12. All sounding data was then re-merged using CARIS HIPS and SIPS tide routine. Verified tidal data were used for all final Navigation BASE surfaces and S-57 Feature files.



For additional information, refer to the OPR-Q191-KR-12 Horizontal and Vertical Control Report.

Table 2 Tide Gauges

Gauge	Model	Gauge Type	Location	Latitude	Longitude	Operational
946-2721	H350XL/355	Digital Bubbler	Trident Bay, AK	54°08'20"N	165°31'34" W	June - Aug
946-2723	H350XL/355	Digital Bubbler	Rootok Island, AK	54°03'07"N	165°30'50" W	June - Aug
946-2782	H350XL/355	Digital Bubbler	Tigalda Bay, AK	54°07'05"N	164°58'35W	June - Aug

D. Results and Recommendations

D.1 Chart Comparison

H12443 survey was compared with charts shown in **Table 3**.

Table 3 Chart Comparisons

Chart Number	Type	Scale	Edition	Edition Date
16531	Raster	1:80,000	7	February-2002
US4AK6FM	ENC	n/a	8	October-2011

Comparison of Soundings

A comparison of soundings was accomplished by overlaying the latest edition of NOAA charts and ENC's onto the final BASE surfaces in CARIS HIPS and SIPS. The general agreement between the charted soundings and H12443 soundings is noted. A more detailed comparison was undertaken for any charted shoals or other dangerous features.

Agreement between the H12443 BASE surface depths and the charted soundings for all applicable ENC and Raster charts was within +/- 4 fathoms. Since the survey area was ensonified with 100% multibeam coverage, discrepancies between charted and surveyed depths were discovered and are summarized in **Table 4** and also presented in **Figure 9** and **Figure 10**. Special attention was given to soundings with greater than 2 fathoms difference.

Table 4 Coordinates of Shoaler Soundings

Item Number	Nearest Charted Sounding (in fm)	Surveyed Sounding (in fm)	Latitude	Longitude
1	41	38.23	54°04'51.53" N	165°34'57.90" W
2	41	38.02	54°04'56.52" N	165°34'24.05" W
3	22,26,29	28.09	54°05'51.25" N	165°34'23.56" W
4	22	27.37	54°05'48.55" N	165°34'08.98" W
5	31	29.65	54°05'48.76" N	165°34'04.00" W
6	26,36	27.02	54°05'46.24" N	165°33'22.58" W
7	36,47	38.93	54°05'39.05" N	165°32'47.60" W
8	36,47	37.98	54°05'41.02" N	165°32'33.22" W
9	42	36.29	54°03'59.33" N	165°35'10.56" W
10	29,48	35.21	54°03'59.92" N	165°34'12.57" W
11	15,23	11.28	54°02'42.43" N	165°34'53.22" W

Item Number	Nearest Charted Sounding (in fm)	Surveyed Sounding (in fm)	Latitude	Longitude
12	26	14.11	54°03'20.53" N	165°33'57.99" W
13	5	4.25	54°02'51.60" N	165°33'55.87" W
14	5,14	3.07	54°03'02.91" N	165°33'39.91" W
15	7	2.83	54°03'07.64" N	165°33'17.69" W
16	15,12	6.34	54°03'20.53" N	165°33'03.23" W
17	12	5.92	54°03'51.06" N	165°32'03.20" W
18	29	28.42	54°04'54.74" N	165°30'17.92" W
19	46	30.9	54°04'47.29" N	165°30'02.49" W
20	29	21.36	54°04'26.63" N	165°30'13.34" W
21	18	5.81	54°04'23.94" N	165°29'25.62" W
22	16	5.94	54°04'00.38" N	165°29'12.26" W
23	4.5	3.17	54°03'57.39" N	165°28'09.64" W
24	7	3.94	54°03'56.34" N	165°25'40.02" W
25	15	8.92	54°03'52.46" N	165°26'31.04" W
26	15	3.13	54°03'43.55" N	165°30'40.97" W
27	2.75	1.19	54°03'03.33" N	165°30'48.45" W
28	2.75,7	0.75	54°03'18.95" N	165°30'46.67" W
29	7	1	54°03'13.34" N	165°30'42.82" W
30	1.75	2.09	54°03'04.62" N	165°30'08.71" W
31	1.75	2.47	54°03'01.89" N	165°29'54.99" W
32	16	1.82	54°03'59.15" N	165°29'36.20" W
33	16	3.73	54°02'58.60" N	165°29'21.87" W
34	33	10.42	54°03'02.49" N	165°28'14.34" W
35	29,35	22.7	54°01'48.41" N	165°35'11.67" W
36	34	32.39	54°05'42.42" N	165°34'40.99" W
37	35	29.99	54°01'32.55" N	165°34'42.22" W
38	17,29	10.42	54°01'58.01" N	165°34'43.88" W
39	16	3.41	54°02'22.30" N	165°34'32.19" W
40	17	11.4	54°02'00.55" N	165°34'29.88" W
41	17	2.4	54°01'059.64" N	165°33'38.73" W
42	6,17	3.31	54°02'00.39" N	165°34'09.03" W
43	38	32.68	54°00'17.94" N	165°34'02.33" W
44	35	30.47	54°00'55.30" N	165°33'47.75" W
45	35,38	30.62	54°00'40.43" N	165°33'25.61" W
46	16	3.4	54°01'28.16" N	165°33'37.49" W
47	14,23	11.77	54°01'17.38" N	165°32'55.99" W

Item Number	Nearest Charted Sounding (in fm)	Surveyed Sounding (in fm)	Latitude	Longitude
48	15	11.04	54°01'29.86" N	165°32'09.93" W
49	18,27	23.21	54°01'18.62" N	165°31'21.65" W
50	32,34	32.2	54°00'29.73" N	165°31'18.00" W
51	6.75,15	9.55	54°01'40.65" N	165°30'27.94" W
52	15	9.31	54°01'40.30" N	165°30'02.24" W
53	11,15	4.73	54°01'41.51" N	165°30'58.69" W
54	11	6.15	54°01'51.63" N	165°29'46.97" W
55	18	12.23	54°02'24.04" N	165°28'19.36" W
56	16,18	8.94	54°02'33.68" N	165°28'19.73" W
57	33,34,36	30.7	54°01'55.52" N	165°27'32.89" W
58	13	9.46	54°02'43.70" N	165°27'37.77" W
59	33,34,36	30.29	54°02'23.56" N	165°27'19.23" W
60	19	14.06	54°02'45.00" N	165°27'11.39" W
61	36	31.06	54°01'58.64" N	165°27'15.80" W
62	34,36	48.06	54°02'09.71" N	165°26'32.45" W

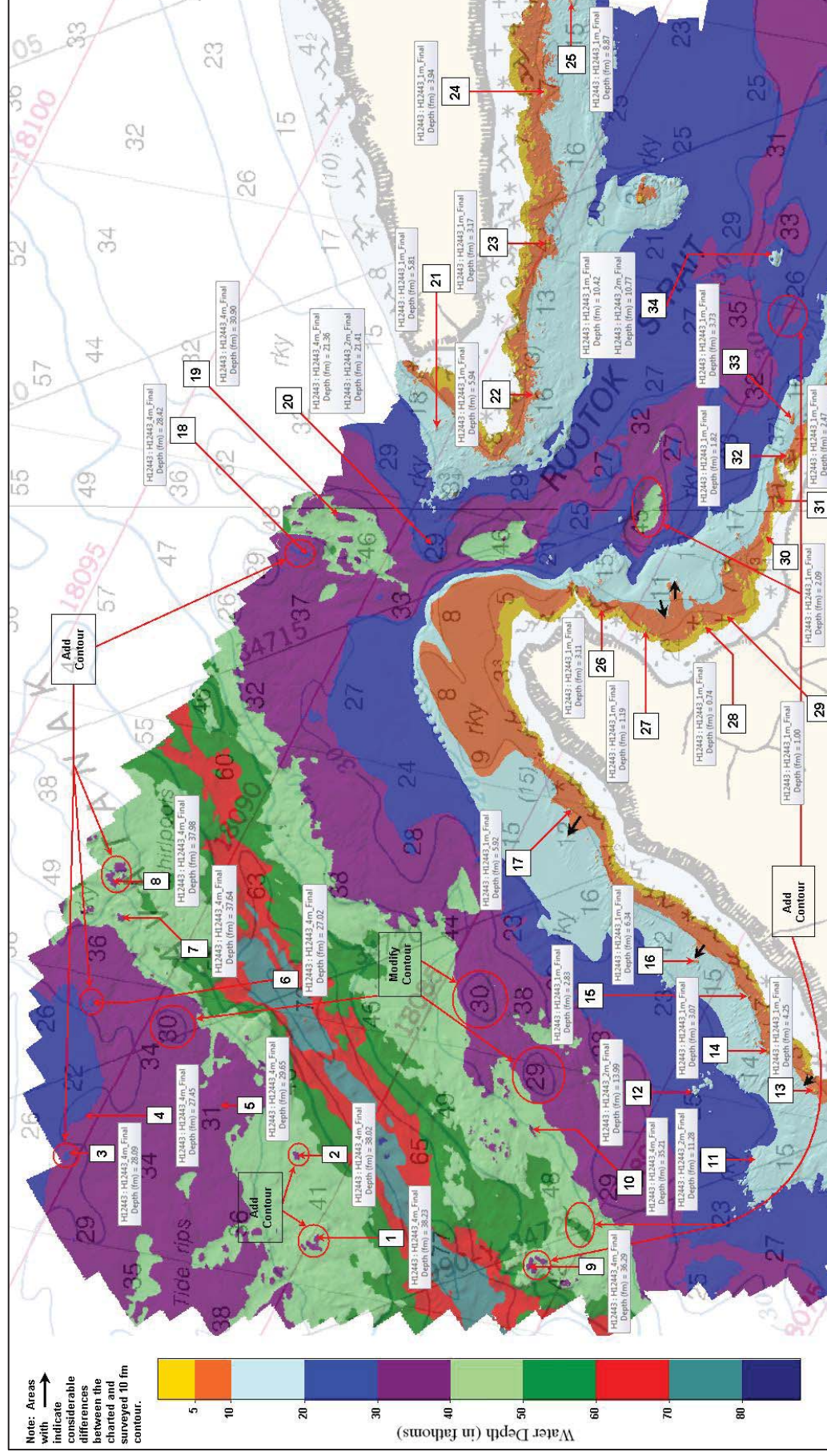


Figure 9 Contours and Charted Soundings to be Modified in the ENC and RNC

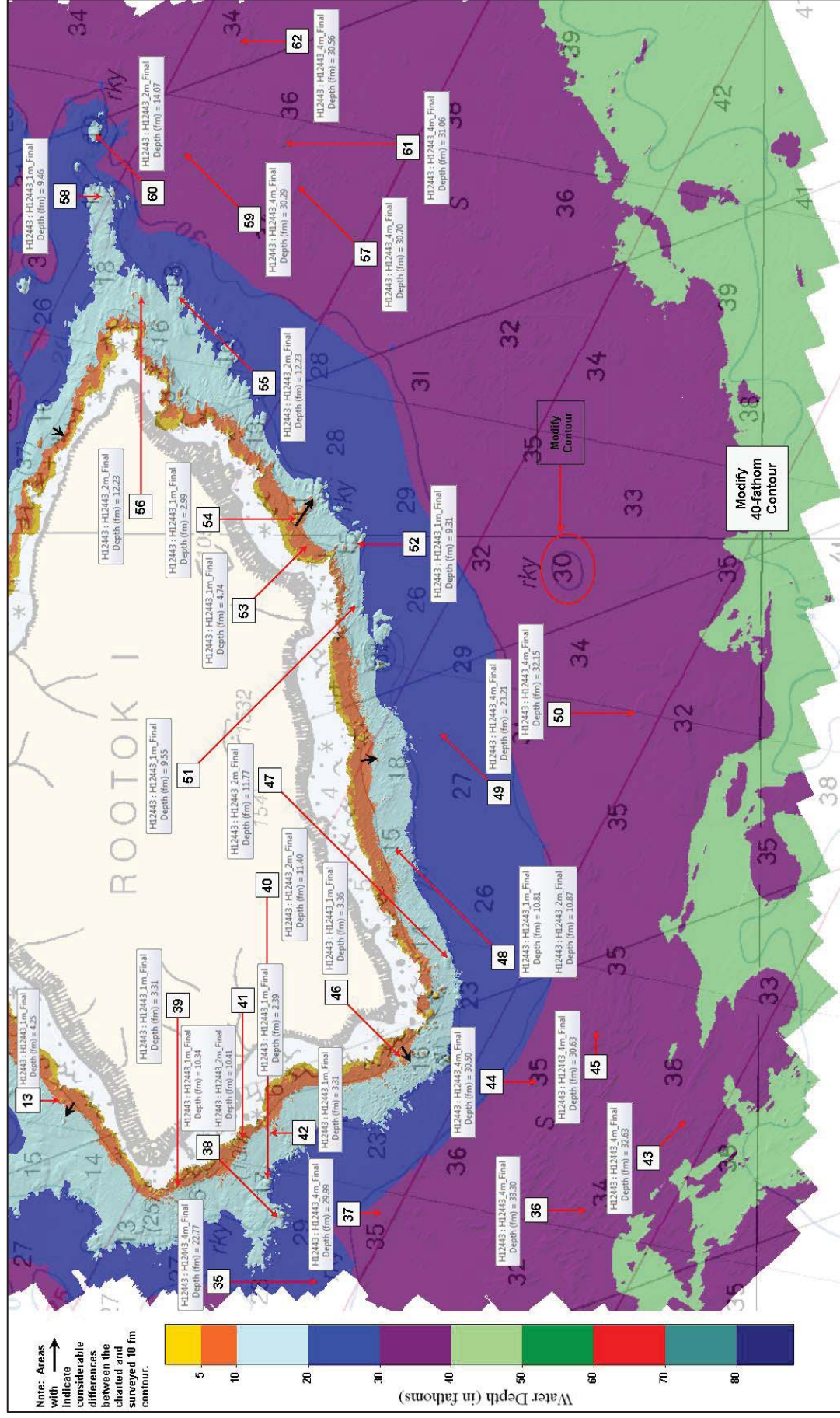


Figure 10 Contours and Charted Soundings to be Modified in the ENC and RNC

Contours in the area were adequate, but require revision from the high resolution data. In these areas, when necessary, the sounding was designated to ensure its inclusion in the finalized BASE surface. Exceptions follow:

1. Overall, the 100% multibeam coverage established discrepancies between charted and observed contours. Several new contours were discovered throughout the survey area and specifically around items 1-3, 6, 8-9, and 18. These new contours and their locations are identified with arrows stating “Add Contour,” as shown in **Figure 11**.

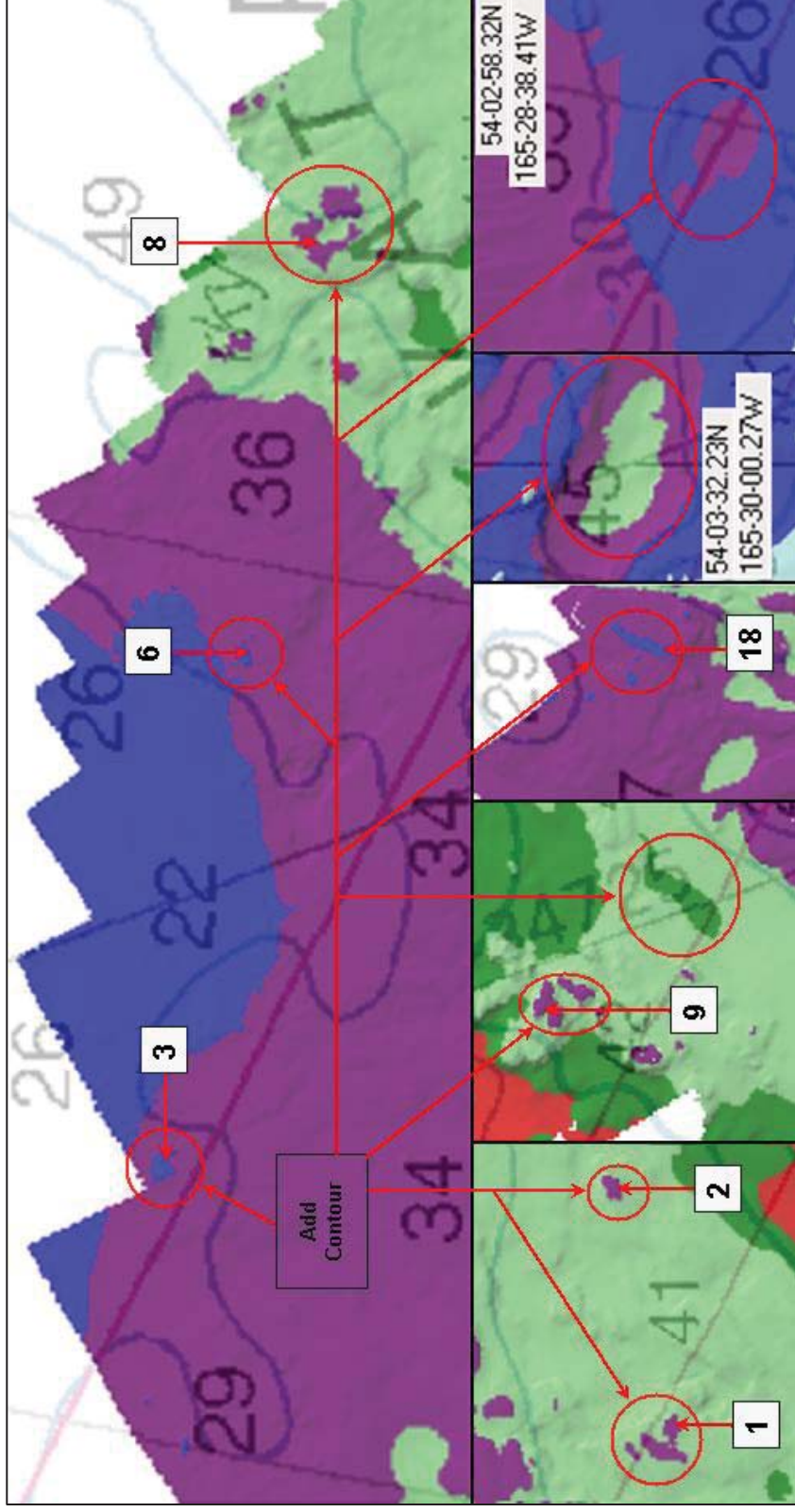


Figure 11 Proposed Modifications to Contours

Four 30-fathom contours were found to no longer agree with the surveyed depth in the area. These contours and their locations are identified with arrows stating “Modify Contour” in **Figure 12**.

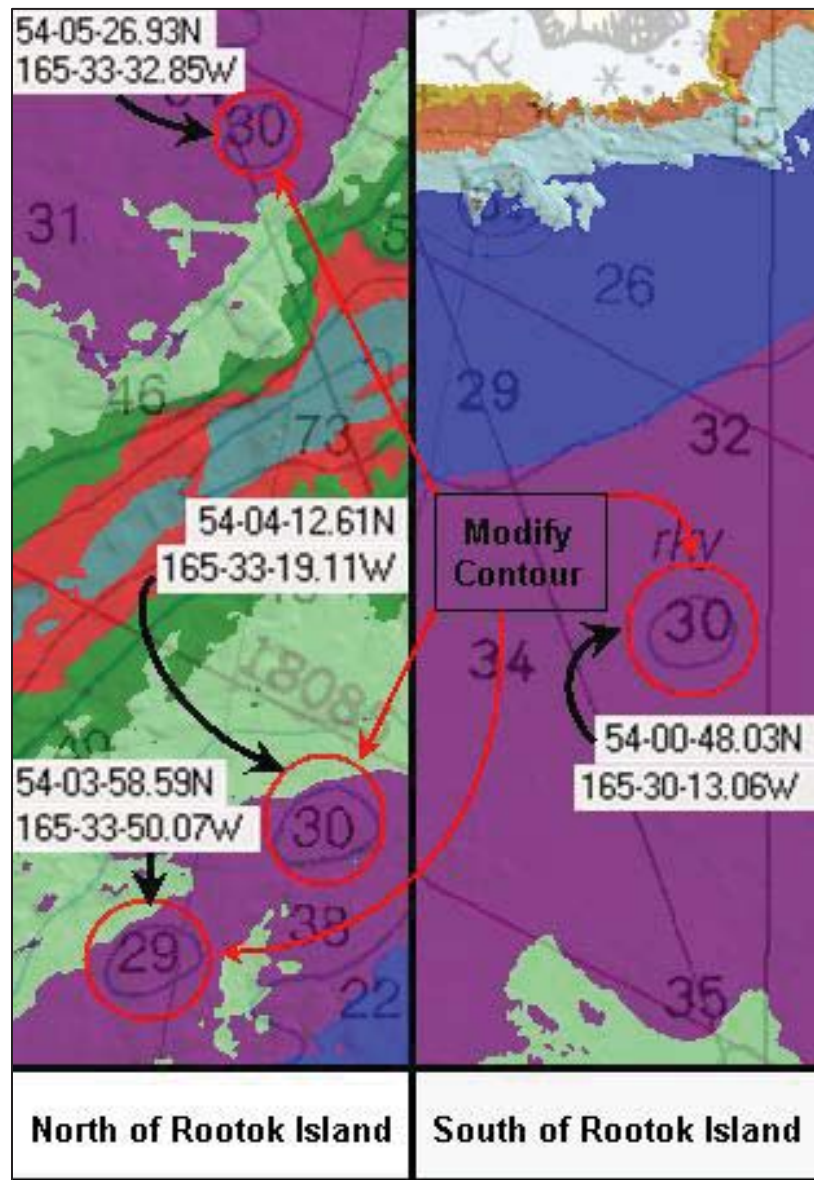


Figure 12 Proposed Modifications to Contours

Black arrows were positioned where the charted 10-fathom contour was considerably different from the surveyed depth, specifically located near items 13, 16, 17, 22, 28, 46, and the central South-facing shoreline of Rootok Island, as shown in **Figure 13**.

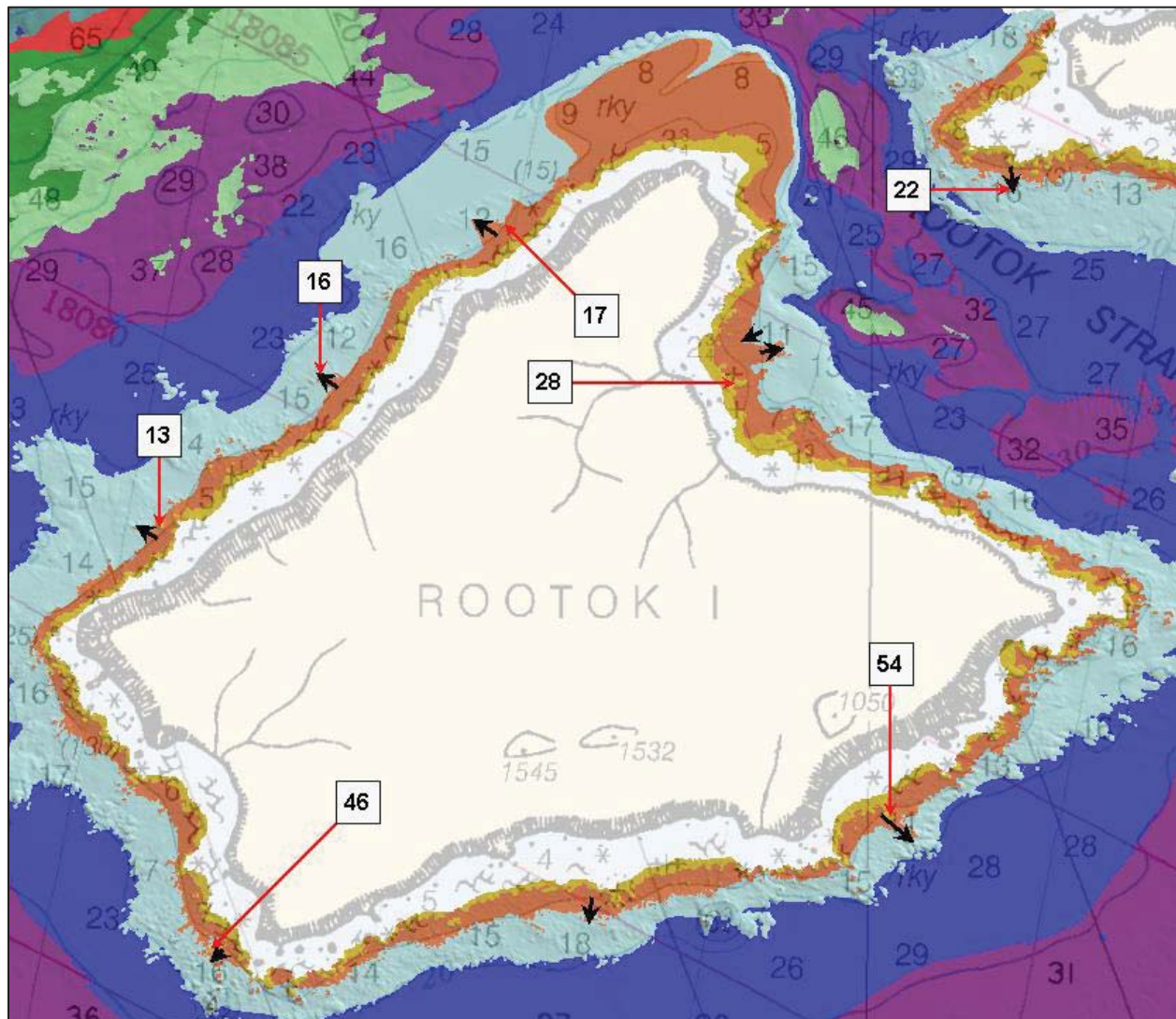


Figure 13 Proposed Modifications to the 10-fathom Contour

Within the survey area, there were considerable variances of the 40-fathom charted contours from the surveyed soundings. Hydrographer recommends contours and soundings be modified to agree with the H12443 survey.

2. Shoreline features on charts listed in **Table 3** need to be updated to agree with this survey and the Final Features File (FFF). The Hydrographer, during the S-57 compilation inserted detailed remarks and recommendations in the extended attributes to aid in final chart compilation.

The Hydrographer recommends that soundings within the survey limits of H12443 supersede all prior survey and charted depths.

Automated Wreck and Observation Information System (AWOIS)

There were no AWOIS items assigned for investigation.

Charted Features

There were no charted features labeled ED, PD, PA, or Rep within the limits of H12443.

Dangers to Navigation

In addition to the chart comparison items noted in this report, three dangers to navigation were found and reported during this survey.

Note: In the DtoN report submitted for H12443 on June 25, 2012; Feature 1, (3.9 fathoms) was submitted during survey operations. At a later date, additional infill lines were run over the area and found that the sounding that was selected for Feature 1 was determined to be noise; and was flagged as rejected after the DtoN report was submitted. The least depth in the area is now 5.3 fathoms.

DTON is feature 1.3 in attached DTON Report.

Assigned Feature File

Charted features that fell inshore of the 4 fathom contour (NALL) were not investigated and have been noted with a “Not Addressed” comment in the “descrp” attribute of the final features file. Features that fell within the survey limits were addressed and attributed appropriately. This file contains the object and meta data with extended attributes as required in the Specifications and Deliverables (April 2012).

All features, including ones from the NOAA assigned feature file, that were within the geographical bounds of H12443 are included in the “H12443_Field_Features.000” file.

Note: Since CARIS Notebook and Bathy DataBase were unable to export to S-57 with the parameters outlined in section 8.2 of the HSSD 2012, an additional text file with the required meta information was sent to accompany the S-57 file. Refer to Appendix II for additional information.

D.2 Additional Results

Aids to Navigation

No aids to navigation exist on the charts (listed in **Table 3**) for the H12443.

No uncharted aids to navigation were found in the survey area.

Shoreline Features

Traditional shoreline verification was not a requirement in this task order, but positions were collected on a number of shoreline features. FPI's effort should not be considered a complete feature verification (verify or disprove rocks, islets, shoreline, etc); our intent was only to identify holes within our MBES coverage and to provide feedback on charted features within the survey limits.

Bottom Samples

The F/V Pacific Star was fitted to obtain bottom samples as specified in the Statement of Work. Four samples were obtained in survey H12443.

Samples were taken with a Van Veen grab sampler and positions were recorded with WinFrog Multibeam v3.09.21. Samples retrieved were analyzed and then encoded with the appropriate S-57 attributes. Positions and descriptions of bottom samples for survey H12443 are found in the "H12443_Field_Features.000" file.

Five bottom samples were delivered in the feature file. Two were recommended for charting in the chart update product as well as several new rocky seabed areas.

Sand Waves

An area of unusually large sand waves, with up to 5 fathom depth difference, was discovered approximately 2.0 km West of the most Northern point of Rootok Island (**Figure 14**).

Two additional areas of sand waves were noted and included in the chart update product.

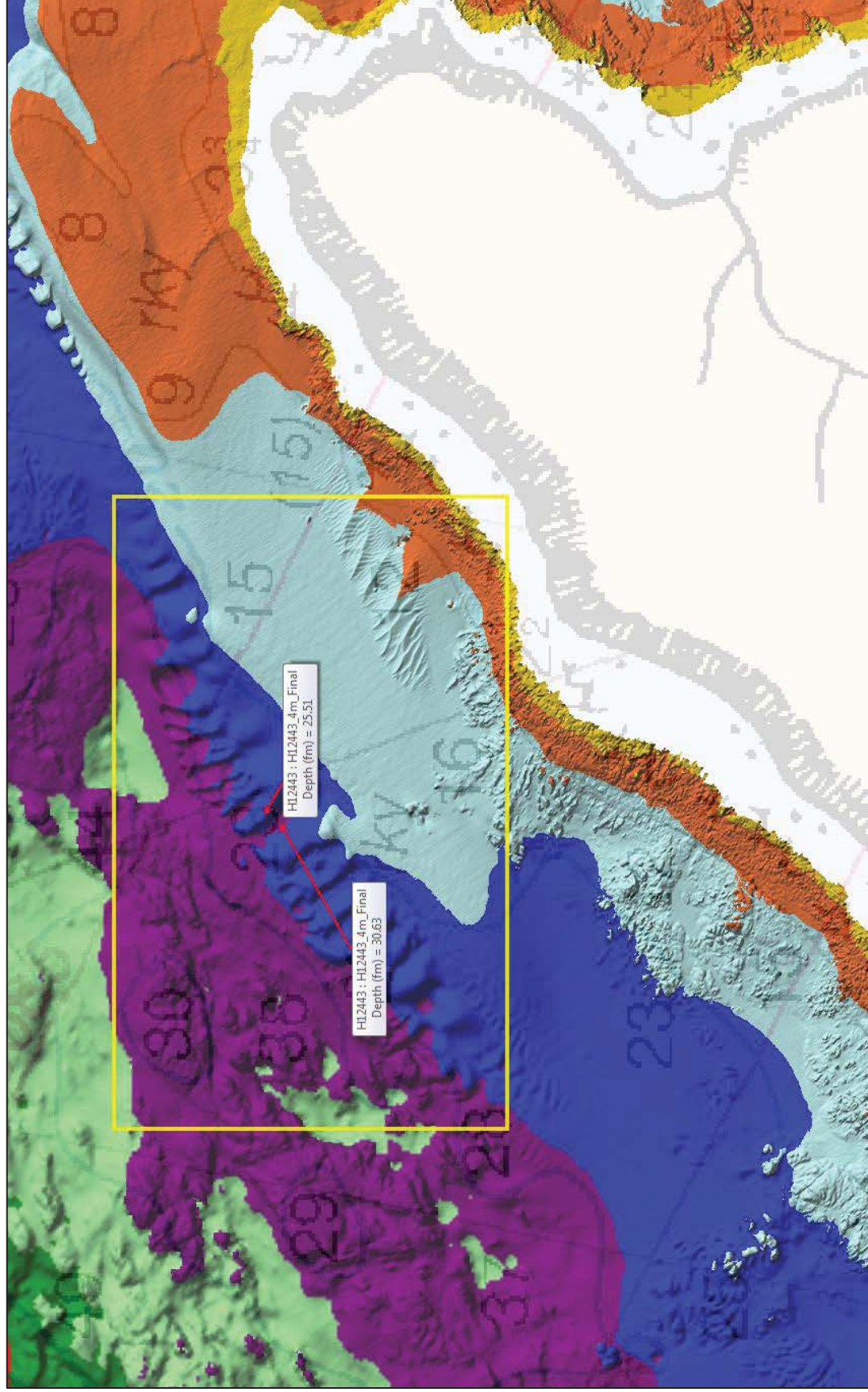


Figure 14 Sand Waves



E. Approval Sheet

Approval Sheet

For

H12443

Standard field surveying and processing procedures were followed in producing this survey in accordance with the following documents:

OPR-Q191-KR-12 Statement of Work

NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, April 2011 Edition

Fugro Pelagos, Inc. Acquisition Procedures (2012-MBES_Acquisition_Procedures_April 2012 R0)

Fugro Pelagos, Inc. Processing Procedures (2012-MBES_Processing_Procedures_April 2012 R0)

The data were reviewed daily during acquisition and processing, and the survey is complete and adequate for its intended purpose.

This report has been reviewed and approved. All records are forwarded for final review and processing to the Chief, Pacific Hydrographic Branch.

Approved and forwarded,

Dean Moyles, (ACSM Cert. No. 226)

Senior Hydrographer

Fugro Pelagos, Inc.

February 1, 2013

Dean
X Moyles

Digitally signed by Dean Moyles
DN: cn=Dean Moyles, o=Fugro
Pelagos, Inc., ou,
email=dmoyles@fugro.com, c=US
Date: 2013.01.31 15:31:30 -08'00'

Dean Moyles

ACSM Cert. No. 226



APPENDIX I – TIDES AND WATER LEVELS

Abstract of Times of Hydrography for Smooth Tides

Project Number: OPR-Q191-KR-12 Registry Number: H12443

Contractor Name: Fugro Pelagos Inc. Date: February 1, 2013

Sheet Letter: n/a

Inclusive Dates: June 17, 22, 27, 28, 2012; July 5-7, 9, 2012.

Fieldwork is complete and Final Verified Zoned tides were applied for the production of the final combined BASE surfaces and S-57 feature file.

Note: Field Tide Note, transmittal letter, and other tide information can be found under the following directory: [Appendix I \(Tides and Water Levels\)](#).

Table 5 Abstract of Times of Hydrography for F/V Pacific Star

YEAR	DAY	START TIME (UTC)	END TIME (UTC)
2012	170	8:40:16	13:16:07
2012	170	15:06:02	23:59:59
2012	171	0:00:00	1:28:20
2012	171	3:35:08	7:29:05
2012	171	8:47:53	9:06:32
2012	171	15:05:27	22:01:31
2012	172	16:11:51	23:59:59
2012	173	0:00:00	1:35:02
2012	173	16:20:58	23:59:59
2012	174	0:00:00	0:46:30
2012	179	15:21:47	15:28:55
2012	179	17:17:52	18:45:36
2012	179	23:41:05	23:59:59
2012	180	0:00:00	0:16:09
2012	180	4:42:56	6:53:25
2012	187	7:40:05	9:13:10

Table 6 Abstract of Times of Hydrography for R/V R2

YEAR	DAY	START TIME (UTC)	END TIME (UTC)
2012	169	15:31:36	0:34:28
2012	170	0:50:05	1:33:02
2012	170	3:30:50	7:53:55
2012	170	15:10:25	23:59:59
2012	171	0:00:00	1:23:59
2012	171	3:16:51	7:46:47
2012	171	14:51:29	16:27:23
2012	179	14:48:25	16:22:00
2012	187	23:04:39	23:59:59
2012	188	0:00:00	0:49:45
2012	189	15:56:18	16:11:02
2012	191	0:35:03	1:26:58
2012	191	2:48:46	3:03:00

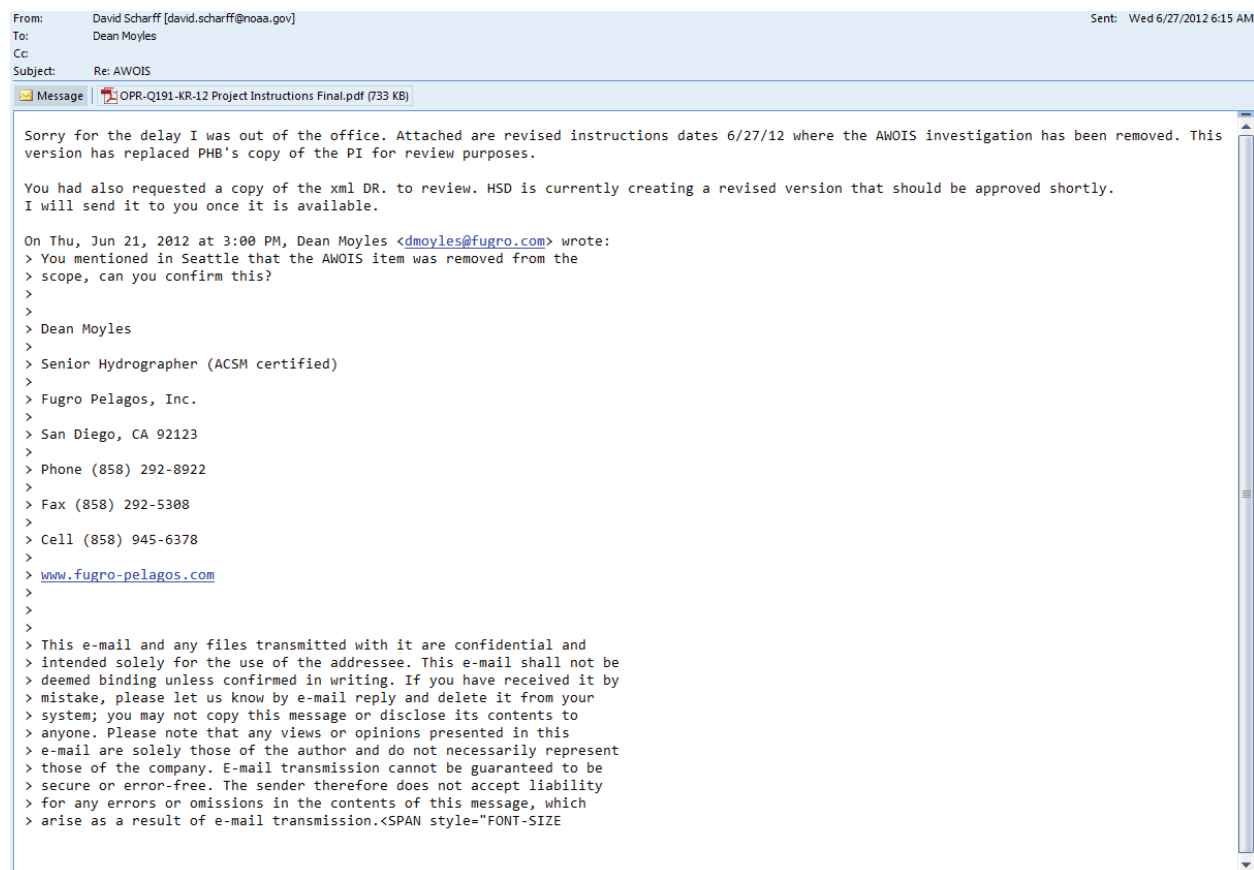
Table 7 Abstract of Times of Hydrography for R/V D2

YEAR	DAY	START TIME (UTC)	END TIME (UTC)
2012	169	20:43:49	23:42:18
2012	170	15:28:44	23:59:59
2012	171	0:00:00	0:45:25
2012	171	14:38:30	22:33:02
2012	173	14:54:53	17:41:50
2012	173	18:50:34	22:22:11
2012	173	23:44:27	0:03:39
2012	174	0:42:30	1:34:06
2012	179	14:47:12	23:59:59
2012	180	0:00:00	0:22:40
2012	187	15:44:07	17:27:23
2012	187	20:38:53	21:42:31
2012	187	23:13:02	16:27:58
2012	189	14:57:29	16:17:21
2012	189	18:19:09	19:07:28
2012	191	0:05:40	2:02:15



APPENDIX II – SUPPLEMENTAL SURVEY RECORDS AND CORRESPONDENCE

The following emails are included as they are recommendations or directives from NOAA that affected the survey.





From: David Scharff [david.scharff@noaa.gov]
To: Dean Moyles
Cc:
Subject: Re: UCTD Probes (Calibrations)

Sent: Mon 6/18/2012 1:21 PM

You may continue to use the two UCTD probes calibrated 7 months prior to deployment. As you mentioned below please calibrate these following completion of the project and note any discrepancies in the DR/DAPR.

On Mon, Jun 18, 2012 at 3:22 PM, Dean Moyles <dmoyles@fugro.com> wrote:

- > I left you a voice mail, but I will follow up with this email; the two
- > UCTD probes we have on board were calibrated 7 months prior to
- > deployment (the
- > 2011 spec & Deli specifies 6 months).
- >
- > They are performing excellent and compare very well with the other
- > SV&P sensors on the two launches. The probes will be calibrated after
- > the project and all calibration values will be compared with the last
- > calibration, will this pose any problems?
- >
- >
- >
- > Dean Moyles
- >
- > Senior Hydrographer (ACSM certified)
- >
- > Fugro Pelagos, Inc.
- >
- > San Diego, CA 92123
- >
- > Phone (858) 292-8922
- >
- > Fax (858) 292-5308
- >
- > Cell (858) 945-6378
- >
- > www.fugro-pelagos.com
- >
- >
- >
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- > secure or error-free. The sender therefore does not accept liability
- > for any errors or omissions in the contents of this message, which
- > arise as a result of a e-mail transmission.

From: David Scharff [david.scharff@noaa.gov]
To: Dean Moyles
Cc:
Subject: Re: Permits

Sent: Fri 4/20/2012 11:41 AM

Lisa Rotterman
NMFS/AKR PROTECTED RESOURCES DIVISION
Steller Sea Lion Coordinator
907-271-1692
lisa.rotterman@noaa.gov

On Thu, Apr 19, 2012 at 3:53 PM, Dean Moyles <dmoyles@fugro.com> wrote:

Do you have a contact number for Lisa?

From: David Scharff [mailto:david.scharff@noaa.gov]
Sent: Thursday, April 19, 2012 10:59 AM
To: Dean Moyles
Subject: Fwd: Permits

Please see Kathleen's comments below. As she mentioned we are past the window for any kind of permit to be issued. We provided Lisa Rotterman with Fugro's operating procedures last year regarding operations in designated sea lion haul-out areas which were found to be consistent with NMFS recommendations regarding best practices. Let me know if you have any questions.



----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Kathleen Jamison** <kathleen.jamison@noaa.gov>
Date: Wed, Apr 18, 2012 at 3:53 PM
Subject: Re: Permits
To: David Scharff <david.scharff@noaa.gov>

Hey Dave,

The survey area is in a steller sea lion ESA-designated critical habitat area but not a sanctuary or wildlife refuge (the sea area, not land area - land area is separate and I think JOA is dealing with that). Which means that this survey is part of a larger ongoing programmatic consultation with NMFS' Office of Protected Resources on a national level; however, Fugro would not be seeking a permit in this instance. Instead, if they would like to consult with NMFS then they should contact Lisa Rotterman, who is based in Alaska's NMFS regional office and is a steller sea lion expert.

The information she would provide would probably be what we discussed last year. The area includes a couple rookeries and haulout areas for steller sea lions. The danger is if the vessel noise disturbs the gigantic male sea lions (while hauled out) such that they get scared and storm into the water, trampling the newborn pups along the way. The best mitigating measure is to observe the shoreline to see if there is a colony of sea lions. If not, go forth and survey at the usual slow survey speed. If there are hauled out sea lions on a given day, the field could survey the offshore areas while waiting for the nearshore areas to become free of sea lion hauled-out colonies. That was the advice we were given last year and it should still apply.

But please let Fugro know that the permit situation is precarious - JOA regularly has to obtain permits for installing gauges on land in wildlife refuges, sanctuaries, etc. But in the water, even if an area includes ESA-listed critical habitat, you won't be getting a permit, even if Fugro speaks with Lisa - there isn't enough time for the permit to come through in time to survey (there never is - contracts are awarded too late in the year). So it would just be an informal discussion with a sea lion expert on best practices (which I've outlined above).

-Kathleen

On Wed, Apr 18, 2012 at 12:40 PM, David Scharff <david.scharff@noaa.gov> wrote:

Hi Kathleen,

Is Viki the contact Fugro should use regarding permitting in Alaska, I was thinking it might be Lisa Rotterman?

Thanks,

Dave

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Dean Moyles** <dmoyles@fugro.com>
Date: Tue, Apr 17, 2012 at 12:23 PM
Subject: Permits
To: David Scharff <david.scharff@noaa.gov>

David,

As per our conversation yesterday, I found this contact, would this be a good starting point or did you find out who we contacted last season?

Error! Filename not specified.

Dean Moyles

Senior Hydrographer (ACSM cert. No. 226)

Fugro Pelagos, Inc.

San Diego, CA 92123

Phone (858) 292-8922

Fax (858) 292-5308

Cell (858) 945-6378

www.fugro-pelagos.com

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You forwarded this message on 10/30/2012 5:28 PM.

From: Crescent Moegling [crescent.moegling@noaa.gov]
To: Dean Moyles
Cc:
Subject: RE: H12443_DTON__Fugro__06-25-12

Sent: Tue 10/30/2012 3:56 PM

Just mention it in the DR and it will be updated once the survey is compiled.
Thanks!

Crescent Moegling
Hydrographic Team Lead
Northwest Navigation Manager
Pacific Hydrographic Branch
206.526.6840

From: Dean Moyles [mailto:dmoyles@fugro.com]
Sent: Wednesday, October 24, 2012 4:30 PM
To: Crescent Moegling
Subject: H12443_DTON__Fugro__06-25-12

In the DtoN report submitted for H12443 on June 25, Feature 1 (3.9 fathoms) was submitted during survey operations, but additional in-fills were conducted over the area on a later date. The sounding that was selected for Feature 1 was determined to be noise and was flagged as rejected after the DtoN report was submitted. The least depth in the area now is 5.3 fathoms, do you want me to re-submit the report or mention it in the DR?

Dean Moyles
Project Manager/Senior Hydrographer (ACSM cert. No. 226)
Fugro Pelagos, Inc.
San Diego, CA 92123
Phone (858) 292-8922
Fax (858) 292-5308
Cell (858) 945-6378
www.fugro-pelagos.com

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Dean Moyles

From: David Scharff - NOAA Federal [david.scharff@noaa.gov]
Sent: Monday, November 19, 2012 8:46 AM
To: Dean Moyles
Subject: Re: S-57 deliverables question

That is correct. I apologize for the confusion, the CSF/PRF for this project was created back in 2011 when details regarding the FFF were still being worked. Hopefully when I send the .000 file for your next project it will be less ambiguous. That's my goal anyway :).

On Thu, Nov 15, 2012 at 6:03 PM, Dean Moyles <dmoyles@fugro.com> wrote:

> To summarize our phone conversation a few days ago; I will remove the coastline and any other shoreline features that don't fall within the survey limits. I will also break down the FFF's into the individual surveys and only include the features that pertain to that survey.

>

> -----Original Message-----

> From: David Scharff [mailto:david.scharff@noaa.gov]

> Sent: Thursday, November 08, 2012 1:47 PM

> To: Dean Moyles

> Subject: Re: S-57 deliverables question

>

> My apologies for the delay Dean, your email got pushed to the second page of my inbox. You just popped back up on my radar...blame the 100 people that sent emails after you :).

>

> Did I "Assign" the coastline features in the CSF that was sent? If I did not you can create the FFF from the CSF you received.

>

>

> On Fri, Nov 2, 2012 at 11:48 AM, Dean Moyles <dmoyles@fugro.com> wrote:

>> Thanks, Megan stated below that we should have a FFF for each survey with only features that are within the survey limits. Can you provide us with those updated FFF's or do you want me to create them from the one that you sent?

>>

>> -----Original Message-----

>> From: David Scharff [mailto:david.scharff@noaa.gov]

>> Sent: Thursday, November 01, 2012 1:43 PM

>> To: Dean Moyles

>> Subject: Fwd: S-57 deliverables question

>>

>> Dean,

>>

>> Megan and I had a detailed discussion regarding your S-57 deliverables today. Below is her response to some of the questions you had asked. I will be back in the office Monday morning if you have any questions.

>>

>> Dave

>>

>>

>> ----- Forwarded message -----

>> From: Megan Greenaway <megan.greenaway@noaa.gov>

>> Date: Thu, Nov 1, 2012 at 12:14 PM

>> Subject: RE: shoreline deliverables question

>> To: David Scharff <david.scharff@noaa.gov>

>>



```
>>
>> Dave,
>>
>> Yes, they should be delivering a .000 S-57 feature file again this year.
>>
>> No they should not include the shoreline in the Final Feature File (FFF). Only the
>> "Assigned" features (and new features) should be included in the FFF. Reference pages 132-133
>> of HSSD. I've highlighted a couple sentences below. Make sure you did not "Assign" the
>> coastline features in the CSF you sent to them with the project instructions. To do this
>> check "assignment" attribute in CSF.000 file.
>>
>> "All "Assigned" CSF features shall be delivered in a Final Feature
>> File (FFF) in S-57 .000
>>
>> format. Each FFF shall be broken down according to surveys. Only
>> the features within the
>>
>> survey limits shall reside in each survey deliverable (i.e.
>> HXXXXX.FFF.000, not the entire
>>
>> project feature data). The FFF shall contain attributed information
>> on specific objects that
>>
>> cannot be portrayed in a simple depth grid. Features to include in the FFF include; all
>> "Assigned"
>>
>> features from the Composite Source File (CSF) and any new features
>> found within the survey
>>
>> area. The FFF shall be in the WGS84 datum, unprojected and have the
>> following parameters set;
>>
>> * Producing Agency = US Office of Coast Survey
>>
>> * Navigational Purpose = 1 thru 5 according to chart compilation
>> scale
>>
>> * Individual Cell Code = H number of survey, H12345 becomes '12345'
>>
>> * Horizontal Datum = WGS84 (datum of S-57 file)
>>
>> * Vertical Datum (for heights) = MHW
>>
>> * Sounding Datum = MLLW
>>
>> * Units = metric
>>
>> * Compilation Scale = survey
>>
>> The FFF shall include shoreline data only if the hydrographer
>> conducted shoreline ver-
>>
>> ification. New features and changes to the source shoreline shall
>> be portrayed in the
>>
>> FFF and be as fully attributed as possible using S-57 encoding rules.
>>
```



```
>> U.S. Coast Guard maintained aids to navigation shall NOT be
>> included in the FFF. The
>>
>> hydrographer shall investigate all aids to navigation and report
>> results as required in section
>>
>> 7.2. Privately maintained aids and/or mooring buoys shall be
>> included in the FFF, unless they
>>
>> are temporary in nature or are repositioned frequently.
>>
>> General soundings, contours and depth areas will NOT be included
>> in the FFF since these
>>
>> objects will be derived from Caris surfaces or final BAGs during
>> chart compilation. In rare
>>
>> cases, an isolated sounding may be part of the FFF if it is a
>> navigational
>>
>> significant shoal and/or needs additional attribution.
>>
>> Megan
>>
>> -----Original Message-----
>> From: David Scharff [mailto:david.scharff@noaa.gov]
>> Sent: Thursday, November 01, 2012 10:27 AM
>> To: Megan Greenaway
>> Subject: shoreline deliverables question
>>
>> Hi Megan,
>>
>> Last year Fugro delivered an S-57 files which included all the "Assigned" (and possibly
non-Assigned") shoreline features within Q191-11's limits along with bottom samples, meta
data, etc. I assume these deliverable requirements are the same for this year?
>>
>> The CSF/PRF I provided Fugro included the coastline, which they said
>> may be difficult to break up according to specific sheet limits. If
>> the inshore limit cuts off at the null (or 4 fathoms I believe for
>> this
>> project) do they need to submit the shoreline? They also asked if we knew how split the
shoreline file along the sheet limits. I actually don't know exactly how to perform this
myself, but this doesn't seem to be something that should be too difficult. Do we have a
procedure for this?
>>
>> Thanks,
>> Dave
```



Dean Moyles

From: Crescent Moegling - NOAA Federal [crescent.moegling@noaa.gov]
Sent: Thursday, December 13, 2012 1:49 PM
To: Dean Moyles
Subject: Re: H12439 Feature File

Dean,
I wasn't able to figure out a way from Notebook or BDB to export to .000 and include this metadata. I'm suggesting you submit a separate text file for each survey which includes this information.
Crescent

On Thu, Dec 13, 2012 at 1:23 PM, Dean Moyles <dmoyles@fugro.com> wrote:

I have one final question for you, when I go to export to an S-57 in notebook I don't get the options that are outlined in the HSSD 2012 on pages 132 and 133 would you know why?

From: Crescent Moegling - NOAA Federal [mailto:crescent.moegling@noaa.gov]
Sent: Tuesday, December 11, 2012 3:02 PM
To: Dean Moyles
Subject: RE: H12439 Feature File

Dean,

See attached feature HOB file with comments in the "office notes" section. One general comment: "All real world features in the Final Feature File shall be '1-Primary'" See page 166 in Specs.

Crescent Moegling

Hydrographic Team Lead

Northwest Navigation Manager

Pacific Hydrographic Branch

[206.526.6840](tel:206.526.6840)

From: Dean Moyles [mailto:dmoyles@fugro.com]
Sent: Tuesday, December 11, 2012 9:47 AM
To: Crescent Moegling (Crescent.Moegling@noaa.gov)
Subject: H12439 Feature File



Here is the feature file for Priority 1 (H12439) for you to review, I'm still working on the DR, but I should be done by lunch.

Dean Moyles

Project Manager/Senior Hydrographer (ACSM cert. No. 226)

Fugro Pelagos, Inc.

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--

Crescent Moegling
Hydrographic Team Lead
Northwest Navigation Manager
Pacific Hydrographic Branch
206.526.6840



H12443 Dangers To Navigation

Registry Number: H12443
State: Alaska
Locality: Krenitzin Islands
Sub-locality: Rootok Island
Project Number: OPR-Q191-KRL-12
Survey Date: 06/25/2012

Charts Affected

Number	Edition	Date	Scale (RNC)	RNC Correction(s)*
16531	7th	02/16/2002	1:80,000 (16531_1)	USCG LNM: 6/19/2012 (7/17/2012) CHS NTM: None (6/29/2012) NGA NTM: None (7/28/2012)
16520	23rd	08/01/2008	1:300,000 (16520_1)	USCG LNM: 4/17/2012 (7/17/2012) CHS NTM: None (6/29/2012) NGA NTM: 1/11/2003 (7/28/2012)
16011	37th	11/01/2007	1:1,023,188 (16011_1)	[L]NTM: ?
16006	35th	04/01/2008	1:1,534,076 (16006_1)	[L]NTM: ?
513	7th	06/01/2004	1:3,500,000 (513_1)	[L]NTM: ?
500	8th	06/01/2003	1:3,500,000 (500_1)	[L]NTM: ?
530	32nd	06/01/2007	1:4,860,700 (530_1)	[L]NTM: ?
50	6th	06/01/2003	1:10,000,000 (50_1)	[L]NTM: ?

* Correction(s) - source: last correction applied (last correction reviewed--"cleared date")

Features

No.	Feature Type	Survey Depth	Survey Latitude	Survey Longitude
1.1	Shoal	8.41 m	54° 01' 16.9" N	165° 33' 38.0" W
1.2	Shoal	12.25 m	54° 01' 34.1" N	165° 30' 51.9" W
1.3	Shoal	7.13 m	54° 04' 20.5" N	165° 29' 51.4" W

1 - Dangers To Navigation

1.1) US 0000000417 00001 / H12443_DTONs.000**DANGER TO NAVIGATION****Survey Summary**

Survey Position: 54° 01' 16.9" N, 165° 33' 38.0" W
Least Depth: 8.41 m (= 27.60 ft = 4.600 fm = 4 fm 3.60 ft)
TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) [None] ; TVU (TPEv) [None]
Timestamp: 2012-177.00:00:00.000 (06/25/2012)
Dataset: H12443_DTONs.000
FOID: US 0000000417 00001(0226000001A10001/1)
Charts Affected: 16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 500_1, 513_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

4.6 fathom sounding seaward of 20 fathom contour.

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart as surveyed.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

4 ½fm (16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 530_1)

8.4m (500_1, 513_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)
Attributes: SORDAT - 20120625
SORIND - US,US,graph,H12443
TECSOU - 3:found by multi-beam

Office notes: Concur.

Feature Images

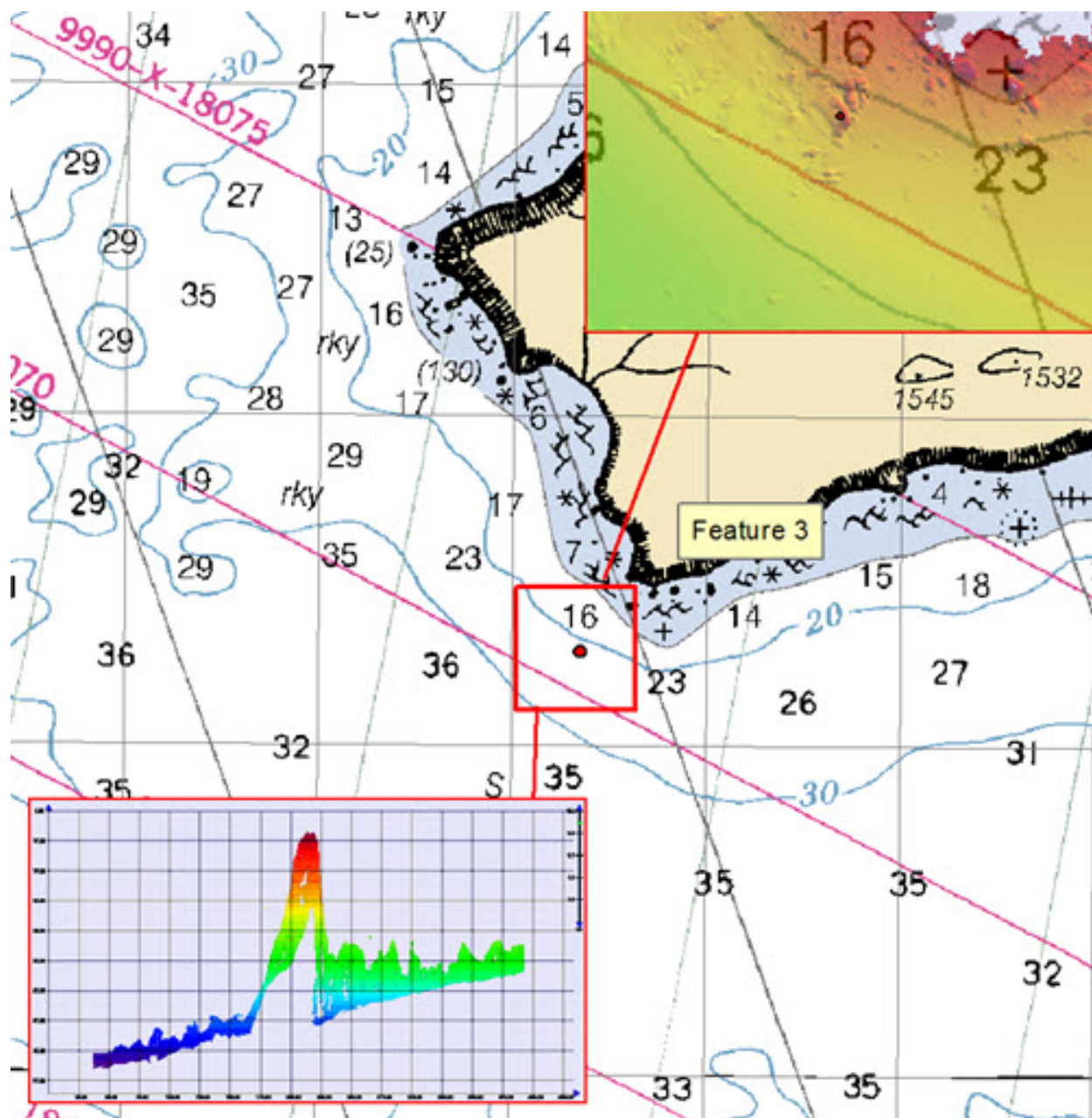


Figure 1.1.1

1.2) US 0000000415 00001 / H12443_DTONs.000**DANGER TO NAVIGATION****Survey Summary**

Survey Position: 54° 01' 34.1" N, 165° 30' 51.9" W
Least Depth: 12.25 m (= 40.20 ft = 6.700 fm = 6 fm 4.20 ft)
TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) [None] ; TVU (TPEv) [None]
Timestamp: 2012-177.00:00:00.000 (06/25/2012)
Dataset: H12443_DTONs.000
FOID: US 0000000415 00001(02260000019F0001/1)
Charts Affected: 16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 500_1, 513_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

6.7 fathom sounding seaward of 20 fathom contour.

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart as surveyed.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

6 $\frac{3}{4}$ fm (16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 530_1)

12.3m (500_1, 513_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)
Attributes: SORDAT - 20120625
SORIND - US,US,graph,H12443
TECSOU - 3:found by multi-beam

Office Note: Concur

Feature Images

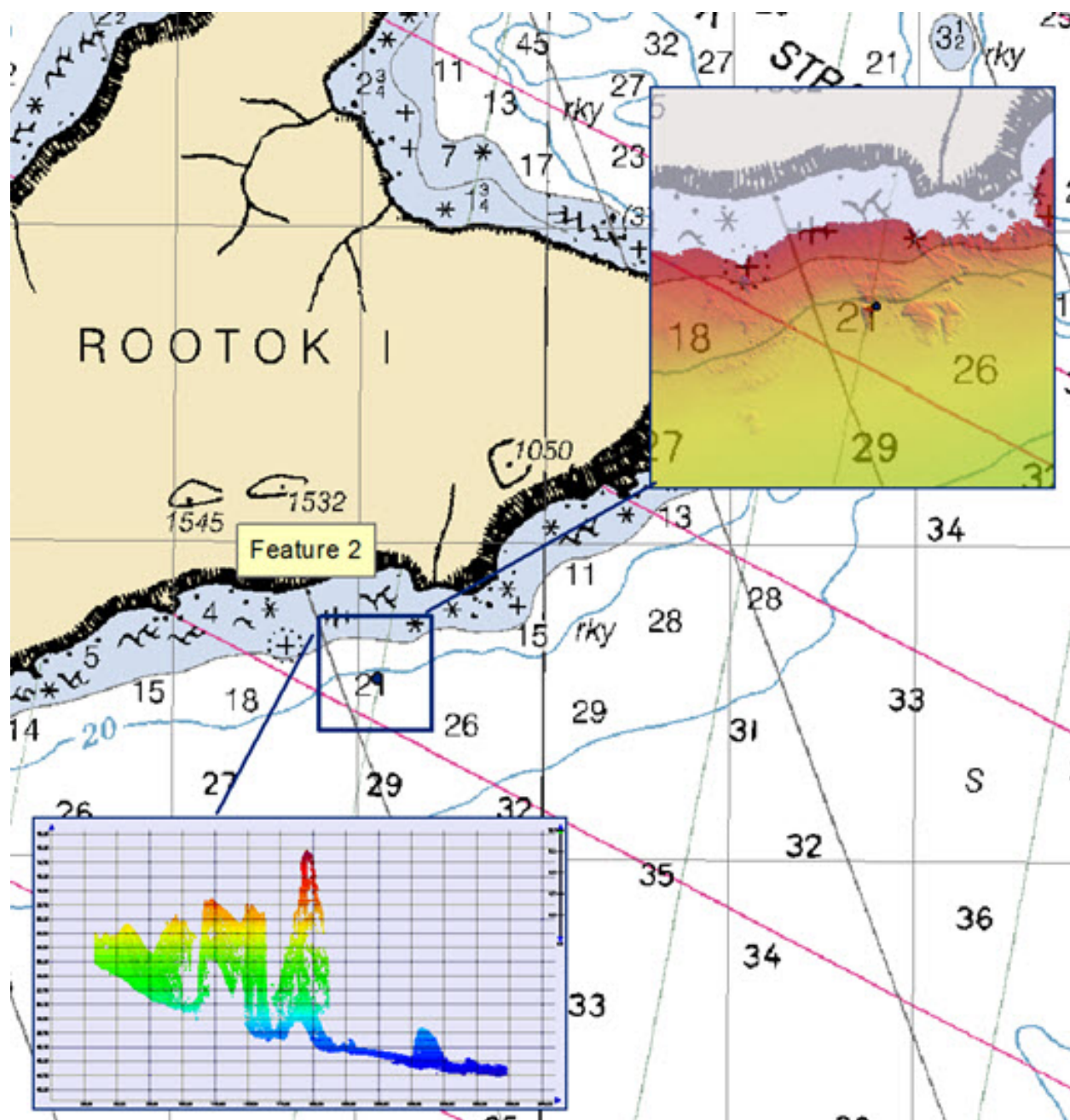


Figure 1.2.1

1.3) US 0000000414 00001 / H12443_DTOns.000**DANGER TO NAVIGATION****Survey Summary**

Survey Position: 54° 04' 20.5" N, 165° 29' 51.4" W
Least Depth: 7.13 m (= 23.40 ft = 3.900 fm = 3 fm 5.40 ft)
TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) [None] ; TVU (TPEv) [None]
Timestamp: 2012-177.00:00:00.000 (06/25/2012)
Dataset: H12443_DTOns.000
FOID: US 0000000414 00001(02260000019E0001/1)
Charts Affected: 16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 500_1, 513_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

3.9 fathom sounding seaward of 10 fathom contour and adjacent to charted 12 fathom sounding.

Hydrographer Recommendations

Chart as surveyed.

Cartographically-Rounded Depth (Affected Charts):

3 ¾fm (16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 530_1)

7.1m (500_1, 513_1, 50_1)

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Sounding (SOUNDG)
Attributes: SORDAT - 20120625
SORIND - US,US,graph,H12443
TECSOU - 3:found by multi-beam

Office Note: This feature was submitted during survey operations. At a later date, additional infill lines were run over the area and found that the sounding that was selected for Feature 1 was determined to be noise; and was flagged as rejected after the DtoN report was submitted. The least depth in the area should be charted as 5.36 fathoms.

Feature Images

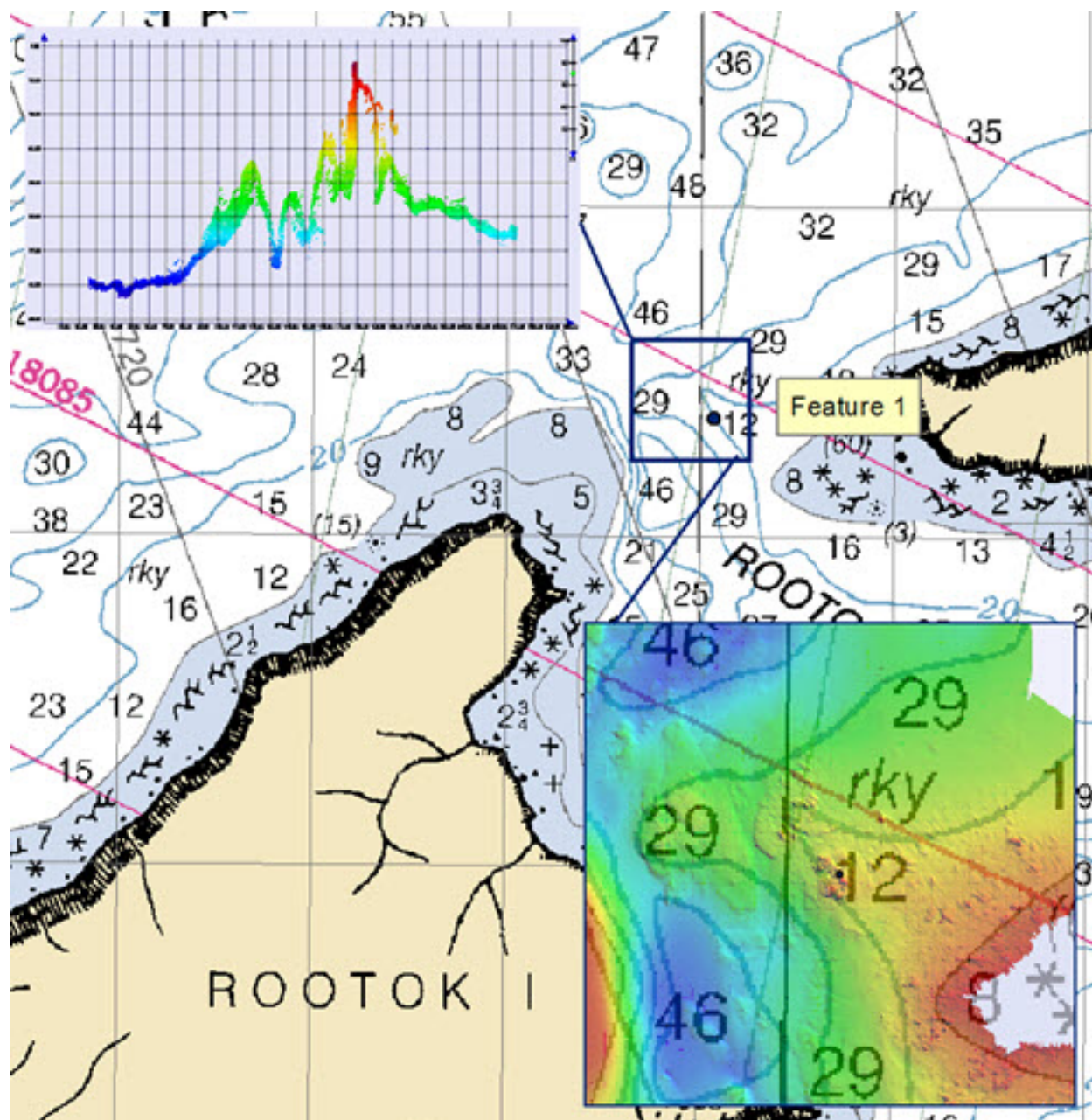


Figure 1.3.1

H12443 Feature Report

Registry Number: H12443
State: Alaska
Locality: Krenitzin Islands
Sub-locality: Rootok Island
Project Number: OPR-Q191-KR-12
Survey Dates: June 17th, 2012 - July 9th, 2012

Charts Affected

Number	Edition	Date	Scale (RNC)	RNC Correction(s)*
16531	7th	02/16/2002	1:80,000 (16531_1)	USCG LNM: 1/8/2013 (2/5/2013) CHS NTM: None (10/26/2012) NGA NTM: None (2/23/2013)
16520	23rd	08/01/2008	1:300,000 (16520_1)	[L]NTM: ?
16011	37th	11/01/2007	1:1,023,188 (16011_1)	[L]NTM: ?
16006	35th	04/01/2008	1:1,534,076 (16006_1)	[L]NTM: ?
513	7th	06/01/2004	1:3,500,000 (513_1)	[L]NTM: ?
500	8th	06/01/2003	1:3,500,000 (500_1)	[L]NTM: ?
530	32nd	06/01/2007	1:4,860,700 (530_1)	[L]NTM: ?
50	6th	06/01/2003	1:10,000,000 (50_1)	[L]NTM: ?

* Correction(s) - source: last correction applied (last correction reviewed--"cleared date")

Features

Feature Type	Survey Depth	Survey Latitude	Survey Longitude
Wreck	[None]	54° 01' 45.3" N	165° 31' 07.9" W

1 - Charted Features

1.1) 0_0000001599 00001 / Feature_Report_Office.000

Survey Summary

Survey Position: 54° 01' 45.3" N, 165° 31' 07.9" W
Least Depth: [None]
TPU ($\pm 1.96\sigma$): THU (TPEh) [None] ; TVU (TPEv) [None]
Timestamp: 2002-047.00:00:00.000 (02/16/2002)
Dataset: Feature_Report_Office.000
FOID: 0_0000001599 00001(FFFE0000063F0001)
Charts Affected: 16531_1, 16520_1, 16011_1, 16006_1, 500_1, 513_1, 530_1, 50_1

Remarks:

WRECKS/remrks: This was initially issued as an AWOIS item, but was removed from the task order, therefore not addressed.

Hydrographer Recommendations

None to Note.

S-57 Data

Geo object 1: Wreck (WRECKS)
Attributes: CATWRK - 1:non-dangerous wreck
SORDAT - 20020216
SORIND - US,US,graph,chart 16531
WATLEV - 3:always under water/submerged

Office Notes

Office Note: partial MBES coverage, recommend retain

APPROVAL PAGE

H12443

Data meet or exceed current specifications as certified by the OCS survey acceptance review process. Descriptive Report and survey data except where noted are adequate to supersede prior surveys and nautical charts in the common area.

The following products will be sent to NGDC for archive

- H12443_DR.pdf
- Collection of depth varied resolution BAGS
- Processed survey data and records
- H12443_GeoImage.pdf

The survey evaluation and verification has been conducted according current OCS Specifications.

Approved: _____

Pete Holmberg

Cartographic Team Lead, Pacific Hydrographic Branch

The survey has been approved for dissemination and usage of updating NOAA's suite of nautical charts.

Approved: _____

LCDR Ben Evans, NOAA

Chief, Pacific Hydrographic Branch