U.S. Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Ocean Service		
	DESCRIPTIVE REPORT	
Type of Survey:	Navigable Area	
Registry Number:	H13548	
	LOCALITY	
State(s):	Florida	
General Locality:	Florida Keys	
Sub-locality:	Brewster Reef to Tennessee Reef	
	2021	
CHIEF OF PARTY James L. Kirkpatrick		
	LIBRARY & ARCHIVES	
Date:		

NATION	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTRY NUMBER:	
HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEETH13548			
INSTRUCTIONS: The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.			
State(s):	Florida		
General Locality:	Florida Keys		
Sub-Locality:	Brewster Reef to Tennessee Reef		
Scale:	20000		
Dates of Survey:	10/05/2021 to 10/17/2021	10/05/2021 to 10/17/2021	
Instructions Dated:	10/21/2021		
Project Number:	S-H902-NRTFB-21		
Field Unit:	NOAA Navigation Response Team - Fernandina		
Chief of Party:	James L. Kirkpatrick		
Soundings by:	Multibeam Echo Sounder		
Imagery by:			
Verification by:	Pacific Hydrographic Branch		
Soundings Acquired in:	meters at Mean Lower Low Water		

Remarks:

Any revisions to the Descriptive Report (DR) applied during office processing are shown in red italic text. The DR is maintained as a field unit product, therefore all information and recommendations within this report are considered preliminary unless otherwise noted. The final disposition of survey data is represented in the NOAA nautical chart products. All pertinent records for this survey are archived at the National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) and can be retrieved via https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/. Products created during office processing were generated in NAD83 UTM 17N, MLLW. All references to other horizontal or vertical datums in this report are applicable to the processed hydrographic data provided by the field unit.

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Descriptive Report to Accompany Survey H13548

Project: S-H902-NRTFB-21 Locality: Florida Keys Sublocality: Brewster Reef to Tennessee Reef Scale: 1:20000 October 2021 - October 2021

NOAA Navigation Response Team - Fernandina

Chief of Party: James L. Kirkpatrick

A. Area Surveyed

H13548 consists of an approximately one nautical mile wide area extending offshore from the Florida Keys barrier reef. The southwestern extent is near Duck Key and the northeastern extent is near Islamorada. The full assigned area was not completed due to time constraints and weather. Navigation Response Team-Fernandina Beach (NRTFB) and a Mobile Integrated Survey Team (MIST) were intended to split the area as evenly as possible. The southern area was split into 7 sections approximately 3.5 miles long and 1 mile wide with the intent of NRTFB completing sections 1,3,5 and 7, while the MIST would complete 2,4 and 6. Each section could be completed in 3 full survey days. NRTFB delivered the MIST equipment to the Southeast Fisheries Center in Miami on the way to Marathon Key. The MIST was installed onto a vessel of opportunity provided by Marine Sanctuaries. NRTFB arrived in Marathon on October 4th and began survey operations on October 5th. The MIST team intended to begin survey operations on October 7th but experienced some equipment integration issues that persisted until October 16th. This issue caused the assumed schedule and expected progress to diminish significantly. The MIST was unable to complete section 2 leaving a large gap and numerous holidays in coverage. NRTFB was able to complete Sections 1,3 and 5. NRTFB also collected one day of survey data in section 4 but due to a week long weather system that moved into the area we were unable to fill holidays from that day. The Navigation Response Branch and NCCOS are planning to return to the area in 2022 or 2023 to complete the area.

A.1 Survey Limits

Data were acquired within the following survey limits:

Northwest Limit	Southeast Limit
24° 52' 23.86" N	24° 41' 40.78" N
80° 34' 29.8" W	80° 50' 51.17" W

Table 1: Survey Limits

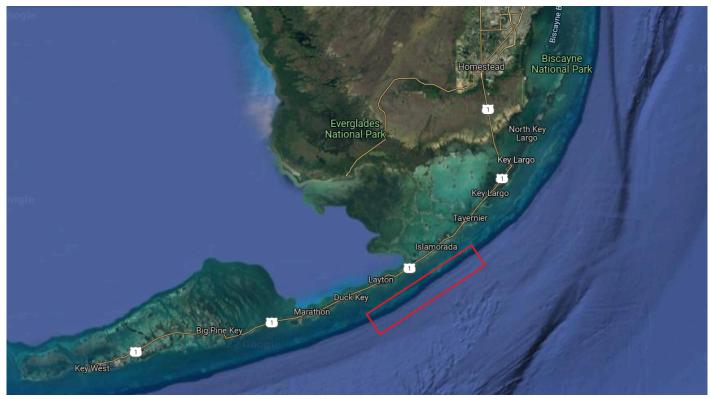


Figure 1: Overview of survey area.

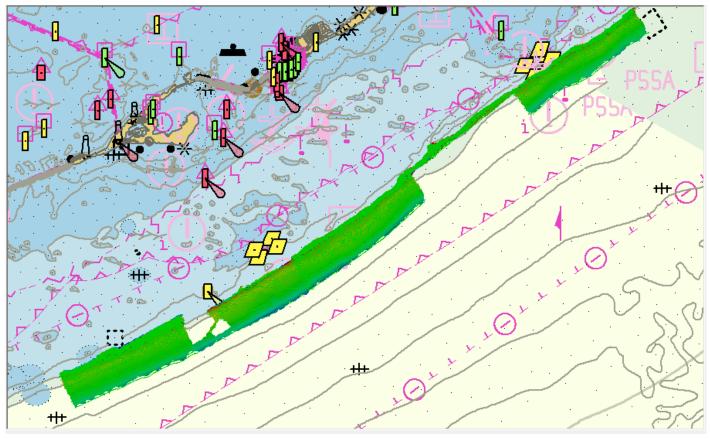


Figure 2: H13548 survey area.

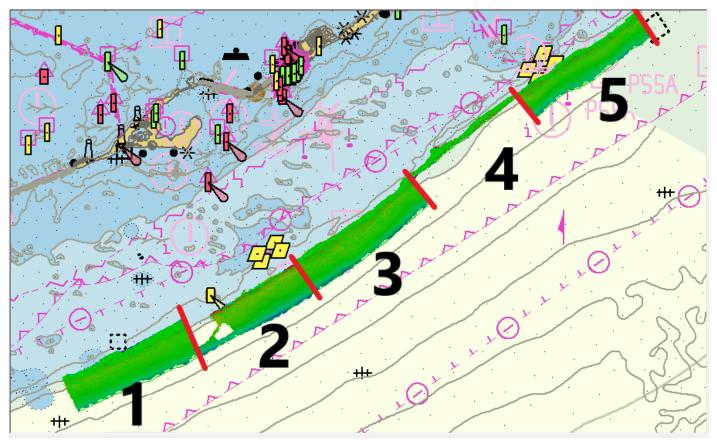


Figure 3: Breakdown of H13548 sections.

The GIS files for H13548 were not received until survey operations were already underway. NRTFB used a shapefile provided by NMFS to cover the exact areas that they required. When we did receive the project GIS files the prf survey limits were not as precise as the NMFS shapefile, hence there are some areas where the prf limits are not surveyed.

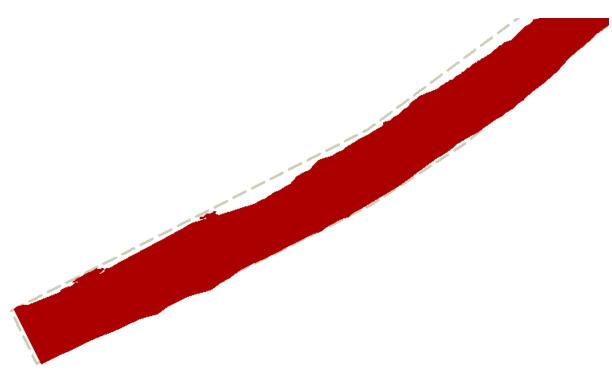


Figure 4: PRF and NMFS Shapefile difference.

A.2 Survey Purpose

The NCCOS and NMFS Southeast Fisheries Science Center request support by NRB to assist with hydrographic surveys (bathymetry and backscatter acquisition) to fill critical gaps in bathymetric survey coverage to support expansion of habitat maps and dive surveys of fishery resources. Additional stakeholders for this request include the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary and Florida Fish and Wildlife Commission. Survey data from this project is intended to supersede all prior survey data in the common area.

A.3 Survey Quality

The entire survey is adequate to supersede previous data.

With the exception of small areas with holidays noted in this report.

A.4 Survey Coverage

The following table lists the coverage requirements for this survey as assigned in the project instructions:

Water Depth	Coverage Required
Inshore limit to 20 meters water depth	Object Detection Coverage (Refer to HSSD Section 5.2.2.2)
Greater than 20 meters water depth	Complete Coverage (Refer to HSSD Section 5.2.2.3)
All waters in survey area	Acquire backscatter data during all multibeam data acquisition (Refer to HSSD Section 6.2)

Table 2: Survey Coverage

Holidays are present in the 50cm object detection surface. As a part of our nightly processing NRTFB created a Calder-Rice VR surface with a minimum resolution of 50cm to find holidays that were picked up on the next survey day. It was assumed that this surface truly was achieving 50cm resolution but was not verified in the field. After leaving the survey area it was realized that, although data density seemed sufficient, for an unknown reason the Calder-Rice surface did not achieve 50cm in depths less than 20m. This issue led to several holidays not being developed. Additionally, Area 2 and Area 4 have holidays due to time and weather constraints. NRTFB had one day to collect as much as possible of the inshore section of Area 4. Every attempt was made to limit holidays in real time but a few persisted. MIST also did not have an extra day to address holidays in Area 2 with bad weather moving in. Complete coverage was achieved in depths greater than 20m with no issues.

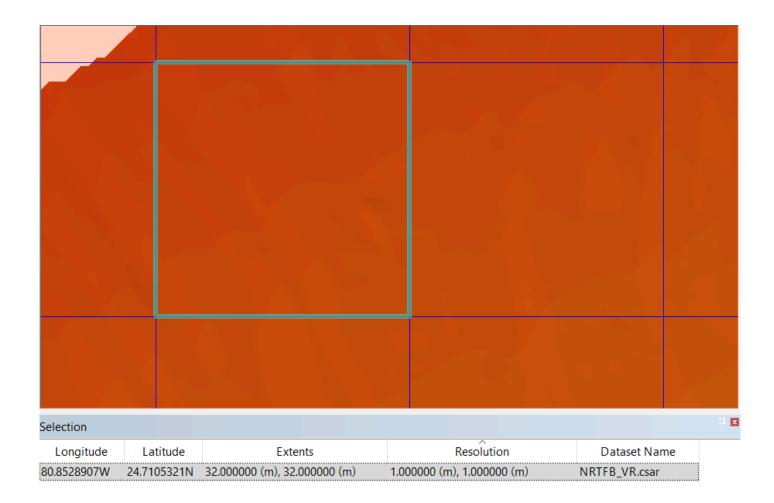


Figure 5: No holiday in Calder-Rice VR surface.

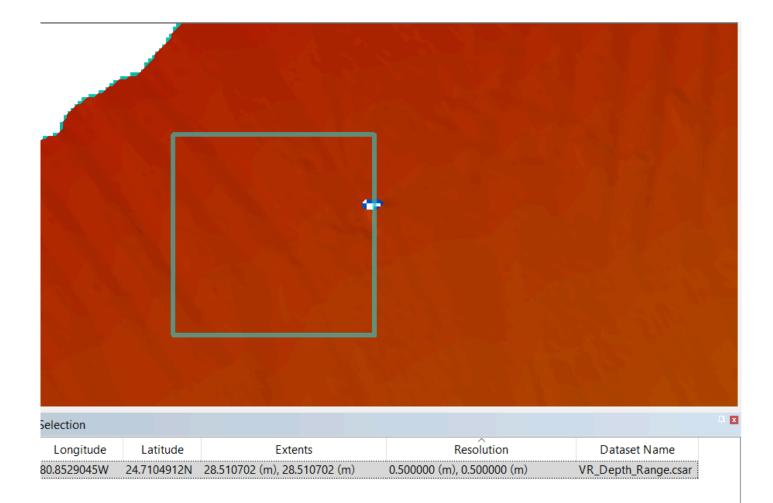


Figure 6: Holiday in Depth Range VR surface.

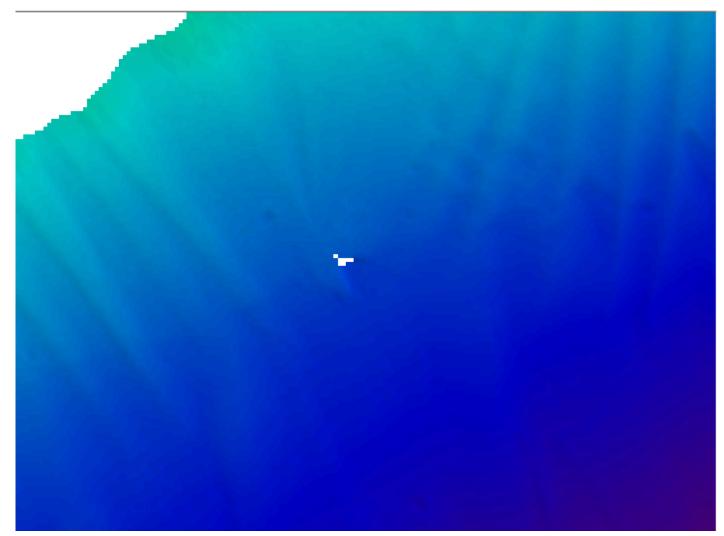


Figure 7: Holiday in 50cm SR surface.

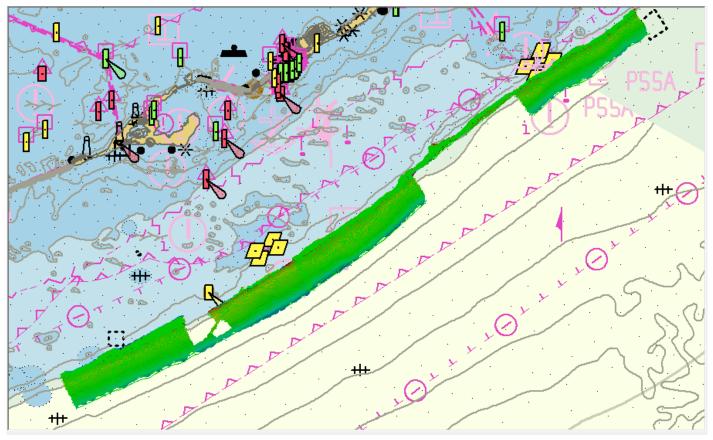


Figure 8: H13548 Coverage Graphic.

A.6 Survey Statistics

The following table lists the mainscheme and crossline acquisition mileage for this survey:

	HULL ID	S3009	MIST	Total
	SBES Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0
	MBES Mainscheme	388.928	50.307	439.236
	Lidar Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0
LNM	SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0
	SBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0
	MBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0
	SBES/MBES Crosslines	15.107	3.905	19.091
	Lidar Crosslines	0.0	0.0	0.0
Numb Bottor	er of n Samples			0
	er Maritime lary Points igated			0
Numb	er of DPs			0
	er of Items igated by Ops			0
Total S	SNM			14.149

Table 3: Hydrographic Survey Statistics

The following table lists the specific dates of data acquisition for this survey:

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
10/05/2021	278
10/06/2021	279

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
10/07/2021	280
10/08/2021	281
10/11/2021	284
10/12/2021	285
10/13/2021	286
10/14/2021	287
10/15/2021	288
10/16/2021	289
10/17/2021	290

Table 4: Dates of Hydrography

NRTFB surveyed October 5th though October 16th and MIST surveyed on October 16th and 17th.

B. Data Acquisition and Processing

B.1 Equipment and Vessels

Refer to the Data Acquisition and Processing Report (DAPR) for a complete description of data acquisition and processing systems, survey vessels, quality control procedures and data processing methods. Additional information to supplement sounding and survey data, and any deviations from the DAPR are discussed in the following sections.

B.1.1 Vessels

The following vessels were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Hull ID	S3009	MIST
LOA	10.0 meters	9.0 meters
Draft	0.5 meters	0.5 meters

Table 5: Vessels Used



Figure 9: S3009



Figure 10: MIST

B.1.2 Equipment

The following major systems were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Manufacturer	Model	Туре
Applanix	POS MV 320 v5	Positioning and Attitude System
AML Oceanographic	MicroX SV	Sound Speed System
SonTek	CastAway-CTD	Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth Sensor
Kongsberg Maritime	EM 2040C	MBES
Teledyne RESON	SeaBat T20-P	MBES

Table 6: Major Systems Used

B.2 Quality Control

B.2.1 Crosslines

Crosslines totaled 4.35% of the mainscheme acquisition. 556,476 comparison points yielded a mean difference of 0.02 meters and standard deviation of 0.16 meters.

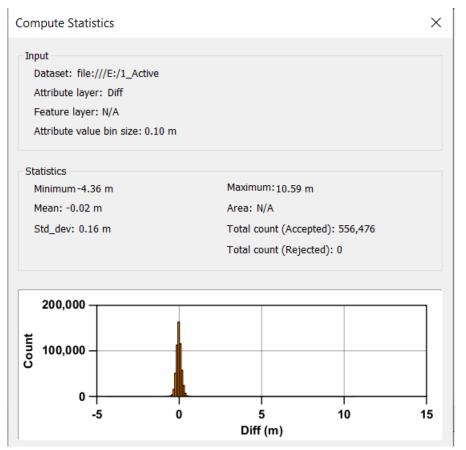


Figure 11: H13548 Crossline statistics.

B.2.2 Uncertainty

The following survey specific parameters were used for this survey:

Method	Measured	Zoning
ERS via VDATUM	0.0 meters	9.4 centimeters

Table 7: Survey Specific Tide TPU Values.

Hull ID	Measured - CTD	Measured - MVP	Measured - XBT	Surface
S3009	2 meters/second	0 meters/second	0 meters/second	0.5 meters/second
MIST	2 meters/second	0 meters/second	0 meters/second	0.5 meters/second

Table 8: Survey Specific Sound Speed TPU Values.

Sound speed uncertainty from manufacturers specs and cast frequency.

B.2.3 Junctions

No junctions were assigned.

There are no contemporary surveys that junction with this survey.

B.2.4 Sonar QC Checks

Sonar system quality control checks were conducted as detailed in the quality control section of the DAPR.

B.2.5 Equipment Effectiveness

There were no conditions or deficiencies that affected equipment operational effectiveness.

B.2.6 Factors Affecting Soundings

Sea State

Sea state throughout the survey was challenging with larger than ideal waves and steep chop.



Figure 12: NRTFB sea state.



Figure 13: NRTFB sea state.

B.2.7 Sound Speed Methods

Sound Speed Cast Frequency: Efforts were made to take a cast every 2 hours.

A total of 47 casts were taken by NRTFB. MIST took a total of 5 casts. Sound speed was generally consistent across the survey area.

B.2.8 Coverage Equipment and Methods

100% MBES was used meet the requirements for Object Detection and Complete Coverage with the exceptions of the holidays discussed above.

B.3 Echo Sounding Corrections

B.3.1 Corrections to Echo Soundings

All data reduction procedures conform to those detailed in the DAPR.

B.3.2 Calibrations

All sounding systems were calibrated as detailed in the DAPR.

B.4 Backscatter

Backscatter was collected and delivered to NMFS for processing.

During office review, GSF files and a mosaic were created for the backscatter data acquired by S3009. The backscatter data acquired by MIST was submitted in a format that was not able to be processed during office review.

B.5 Data Processing

B.5.1 Primary Data Processing Software

The following Feature Object Catalog was used: NOAA Profile Version 2022.

B.5.2 Surfaces

Surface Name	Surface Type	Resolution	Depth Range	Surface Parameter	Purpose
H13548_MB_50cm_MLLW	CARIS Raster Surface (CUBE)	0.5 meters	10.56 meters - 20.0 meters	NOAA_0.5m	Object Detection
H13548_MB_50cm_MLLW_Final	CARIS Raster Surface (CUBE)	0.5 meters	10.56 meters - 20.0 meters	NOAA_0.5m	Object Detection
H13548_MB_VR_MLLW	CARIS VR Surface (CUBE)	Variable Resolution	19.0 meters - 55.12 meters	NOAA_VR	Complete MBES
H13548_MB_VR_MLLW_Final	CARIS VR Surface (CUBE)	Variable Resolution	19.0 meters - 55.12 meters	NOAA_VR	Complete MBES

The following surfaces and/or BAGs were submitted to the Processing Branch:

Table 9: Submitted Surfaces

Two Caris CUBE surfaces were created to represent the bathymetry collected for Object Detection standards in depths less than 20 meters and Complete Coverage in depths greater than 20 meters. The Complete Coverage surface was created to include depths 19 meters and deeper to ensure sufficient overlap. Both surfaces were analyzed using QCTools and met TVU and Density specs.

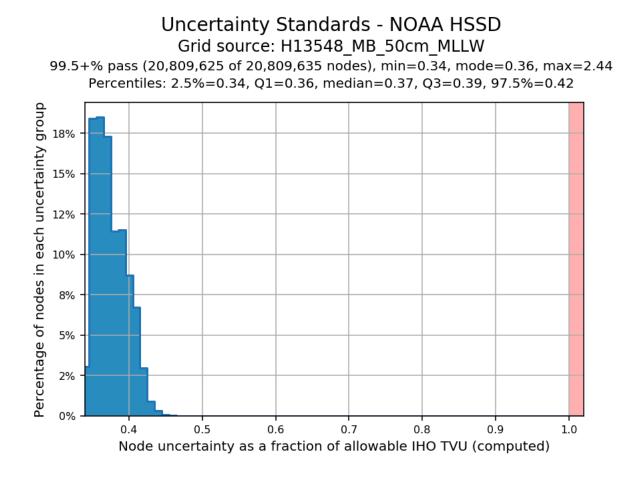


Figure 14: MBES Object Detection uncertainty standards.

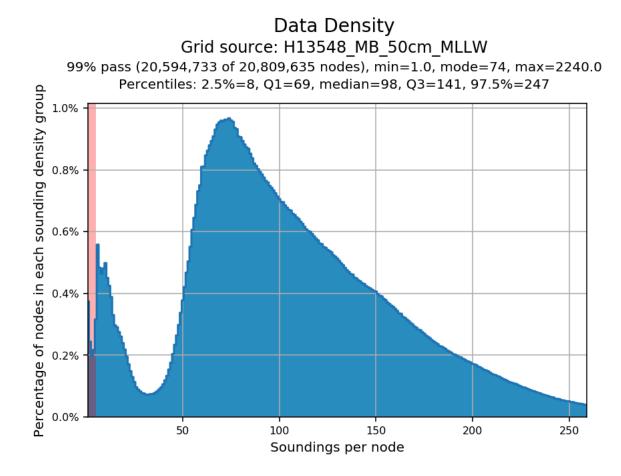


Figure 15: MBES Object Detection data density.

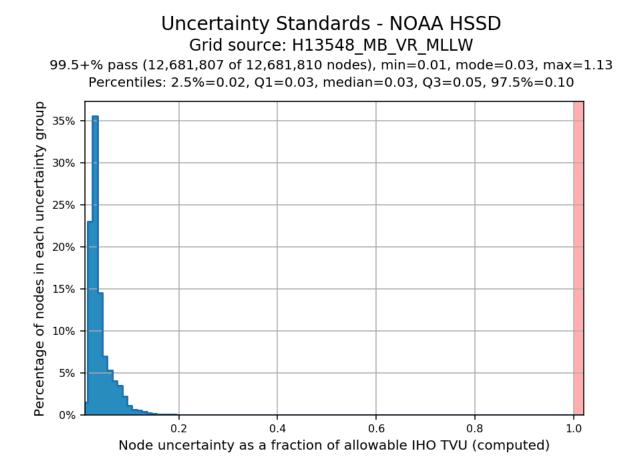


Figure 16: MBES Complete Coverage uncertainty standards.

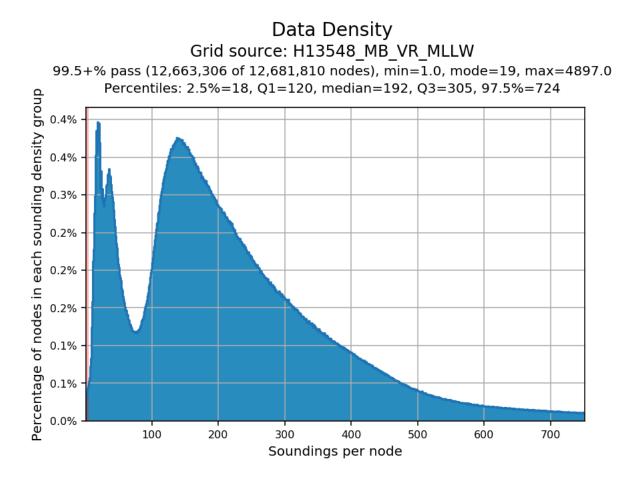


Figure 17: MBES Complete Coverage data density.

During office review, a single variable resolution surface was generated and finalized using object detection parameters and has a final depth range of 10.527 m to 55.145 m. The final grid is fully compliant with uncertainty and data density requirements.

C. Vertical and Horizontal Control

Horizontal and vertical control stations were not established during the project.

C.1 Vertical Control

The vertical datum for this project is Mean Lower Low Water.

ERS Datum Transformation

The following ellipsoid-to-chart vertical datum transformation was used:

Method	Ellipsoid to Chart Datum Separation File	
ERS via ERTDM	OCS_NRT2_FY21_UpperKeys_100m_NAD83- MLLW_geoid12b.csar	

Table 10: ERS method and SEP file

C.2 Horizontal Control

The horizontal datum for this project is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).

The projection used for this project is Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 17.

The following PPK methods were used for horizontal control:

• RTX

WAAS

The Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) was used for real-time horizontal control during data acquisition.

D. Results and Recommendations

D.1 Chart Comparison

A sounding layer was created and compared to chart data. H13548 soundings are in good agreement with charted depths.

D.1.1 Electronic Navigational Charts

The following are the largest scale ENCs, which cover the survey area:

ENC	Scale	Edition	Update Application Date	Issue Date
US4FL26M	1:80000	13	12/14/2021	12/14/2021
US5FL25M	1:40000	15	12/12/2018	04/20/2021
US5FL29M	1:40000	20	12/14/2021	12/14/2021

Table 11: Largest Scale ENCs

D.1.2 Shoal and Hazardous Features

No shoals or potentially hazardous features exist for this survey.

D.1.3 Charted Features

No charted features exist for this survey.

Two charted features exist for this survey. Neither feature was formally addressed by the survey and have been recommended to be retained.

D.1.4 Uncharted Features

No uncharted features exist for this survey.

D.1.5 Channels

No channels exist for this survey. There are no designated anchorages, precautionary areas, safety fairways, traffic separation schemes, pilot boarding areas, or channel and range lines within the survey limits.

D.2 Additional Results

D.2.1 Aids to Navigation

No Aids to navigation (ATONs) exist for this survey.

One ATON exists within the limits of survey coverage but was not formally addressed by the survey. It has been recommended to be retained.

D.2.2 Maritime Boundary Points

No Maritime Boundary Points were assigned for this survey.

D.2.3 Bottom Samples

No bottom samples were required for this survey.

D.2.4 Overhead Features

No overhead features exist for this survey.

D.2.5 Submarine Features

No submarine features exist for this survey.

D.2.6 Platforms

No platforms exist for this survey.

D.2.7 Ferry Routes and Terminals

No ferry routes or terminals exist for this survey.

D.2.8 Abnormal Seafloor or Environmental Conditions

No abnormal seafloor or environmental conditions exist for this survey.

D.2.9 Construction and Dredging

No present or planned construction or dredging exist within the survey limits.

D.2.10 New Survey Recommendations

Additional surveys are planned to complete the original project extents.

D.2.11 ENC Scale Recommendations

No new ENC scales are recommended for this area.

E. Approval Sheet

As Chief of Party, field operations for this hydrographic survey were conducted under my direct supervision, with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. I have reviewed the attached survey data and reports.

All field sheets, this Descriptive Report, and all accompanying records and data are approved. All records are forwarded for final review and processing to the Processing Branch.

The survey data meets or exceeds requirements as set forth in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, Field Procedures Manual, Letter Instructions, and all HSD Technical Directives. These data are adequate to supersede charted data in their common areas. This survey is complete and no additional work is required with the exception of deficiencies noted in the Descriptive Report.

Approver Name	Approver Name Approver Title		Signature
KIRKPATRICK.JA EROY.IV.140048	7398 487398	ned by K.JAMES.LEROY.IV 2.08 16:00:47 -05'	

F. Table of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AHB	Atlantic Hydrographic Branch
AST	Assistant Survey Technician
ATON	Aid to Navigation
AWOIS	Automated Wreck and Obstruction Information System
BAG	Bathymetric Attributed Grid
BASE	Bathymetry Associated with Statistical Error
СО	Commanding Officer
CO-OPS	Center for Operational Products and Services
CORS	Continuously Operating Reference Station
CTD	Conductivity Temperature Depth
CEF	Chart Evaluation File
CSF	Composite Source File
CST	Chief Survey Technician
CUBE	Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator
DAPR	Data Acquisition and Processing Report
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System
DP	Detached Position
DR	Descriptive Report
DTON	Danger to Navigation
ENC	Electronic Navigational Chart
ERS	Ellipsoidal Referenced Survey
ERTDM	Ellipsoidally Referenced Tidal Datum Model
ERZT	Ellipsoidally Referenced Zoned Tides
FFF	Final Feature File
FOO	Field Operations Officer
FPM	Field Procedures Manual
GAMS	GPS Azimuth Measurement Subsystem
GC	Geographic Cell
GPS	Global Positioning System
HIPS	Hydrographic Information Processing System
HSD	Hydrographic Surveys Division

Acronym	Definition
HSSD	Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables
HSTB	Hydrographic Systems Technology Branch
HSX	Hypack Hysweep File Format
HTD	Hydrographic Surveys Technical Directive
HVCR	Horizontal and Vertical Control Report
HVF	HIPS Vessel File
ІНО	International Hydrographic Organization
IMU	Inertial Motion Unit
ITRF	International Terrestrial Reference Frame
LNM	Linear Nautical Miles
MBAB	Multibeam Echosounder Acoustic Backscatter
MCD	Marine Chart Division
MHW	Mean High Water
MLLW	Mean Lower Low Water
NAD 83	North American Datum of 1983
NALL	Navigable Area Limit Line
NTM	Notice to Mariners
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NOS	National Ocean Service
NRT	Navigation Response Team
NSD	Navigation Services Division
OCS	Office of Coast Survey
OMAO	Office of Marine and Aviation Operations (NOAA)
OPS	Operations Branch
MBES	Multibeam Echosounder
NWLON	National Water Level Observation Network
PDBS	Phase Differencing Bathymetric Sonar
РНВ	Pacific Hydrographic Branch
POS/MV	Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels
РРК	Post Processed Kinematic
PPP	Precise Point Positioning
PPS	Pulse per second

Acronym	Definition
PRF	Project Reference File
PS	Physical Scientist
RNC	Raster Navigational Chart
RTK	Real Time Kinematic
RTX	Real Time Extended
SBES	Singlebeam Echosounder
SBET	Smooth Best Estimate and Trajectory
SNM	Square Nautical Miles
SSS	Side Scan Sonar
SSSAB	Side Scan Sonar Acoustic Backscatter
ST	Survey Technician
SVP	Sound Velocity Profiler
TCARI	Tidal Constituent And Residual Interpolation
TPU	Total Propagated Uncertainty
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USCG	United States Coast Guard
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
XO	Executive Officer
ZDF	Zone Definition File