

H13616

U.S. Department of Commerce
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Ocean Service

DESCRIPTIVE REPORT

Type of Survey: Navigable Area

Registry Number: H13616

LOCALITY

State(s): Ohio

General Locality: Lake Erie, OH

Sub-locality: 9 NM Northwest of Cleveland

2022

CHIEF OF PARTY
Matthew J. Jaskoski, CDR/NOAA

LIBRARY & ARCHIVES

Date:

HYDROGRAPHIC TITLE SHEET

H13616

INSTRUCTIONS: The Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possible, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.

State(s): **Ohio**

General Locality: **Lake Erie, OH**

Sub-Locality: **9 NM Northwest of Cleveland**

Scale: **5000**

Dates of Survey: **05/03/2022 to 06/21/2022**

Instructions Dated: **04/19/2022**

Project Number: **OPR-W386-TJ-22**

Field Unit: **NOAA Ship *Thomas Jefferson***

Chief of Party: **Matthew J. Jaskoski, CDR/NOAA**

Soundings by: **Multibeam Echo Sounder**

Imagery by: **Multibeam Echo Sounder Backscatter**

Verification by: **Atlantic Hydrographic Branch**

Soundings Acquired in: **meters at Low Water Datum IGLD-1985**

Remarks:

Any revisions to the Descriptive Report (DR) applied during office processing are shown in red italic text. The DR is maintained as a field unit product, therefore all information and recommendations within this report are considered preliminary unless otherwise noted. The final disposition of survey data is represented in the NOAA nautical chart products. All pertinent records for this survey are archived at the National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) and can be retrieved via <https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/>. Products created during office processing were generated in NAD83 UTM 17N, LWD - IGLD 1985. All references to other horizontal or vertical datums in this report are applicable to the processed hydrographic data provided by the field unit.

Table of Contents

A. Area Surveyed	1
A.1 Survey Limits.....	1
A.2 Survey Purpose.....	2
A.3 Survey Quality.....	3
A.4 Survey Coverage.....	3
A.6 Survey Statistics.....	3
B. Data Acquisition and Processing	5
B.1 Equipment and Vessels.....	5
B.1.1 Vessels.....	5
B.1.2 Equipment.....	9
B.2 Quality Control.....	9
B.2.1 Crosslines.....	9
B.2.2 Uncertainty.....	12
B.2.3 Junctions.....	14
B.2.4 Sonar QC Checks.....	14
B.2.5 Equipment Effectiveness.....	15
B.2.6 Factors Affecting Soundings.....	15
B.2.7 Sound Speed Methods.....	15
B.2.8 Coverage Equipment and Methods.....	16
B.3 Echo Sounding Corrections.....	16
B.3.1 Corrections to Echo Soundings.....	16
B.3.2 Calibrations.....	16
B.4 Backscatter.....	17
B.5 Data Processing.....	18
B.5.1 Primary Data Processing Software.....	18
B.5.2 Surfaces.....	19
C. Vertical and Horizontal Control	20
C.1 Vertical Control.....	21
C.2 Horizontal Control.....	21
D. Results and Recommendations	21
D.1 Chart Comparison.....	21
D.1.1 Electronic Navigational Charts.....	22
D.1.2 Shoal and Hazardous Features.....	22
D.1.3 Charted Features.....	22
D.1.4 Uncharted Features.....	22
D.1.5 Channels.....	22
D.2 Additional Results.....	23
D.2.1 Aids to Navigation.....	23
D.2.2 Maritime Boundary Points.....	23
D.2.3 Bottom Samples.....	23
D.2.4 Overhead Features.....	25
D.2.5 Submarine Features.....	25
D.2.6 Platforms.....	25

D.2.7 Ferry Routes and Terminals.....	25
D.2.8 Abnormal Seafloor or Environmental Conditions.....	26
D.2.9 Construction and Dredging.....	26
D.2.10 New Survey Recommendations.....	26
D.2.11 ENC Scale Recommendations.....	26
E. Approval Sheet.....	27
F. Table of Acronyms.....	28

List of Tables

Table 1: Survey Limits.....	1
Table 2: Survey Coverage.....	3
Table 3: Hydrographic Survey Statistics.....	4
Table 4: Dates of Hydrography.....	5
Table 5: Vessels Used.....	5
Table 6: Major Systems Used.....	9
Table 7: Survey Specific Tide TPU Values.....	12
Table 8: Survey Specific Sound Speed TPU Values.....	13
Table 9: Junctioning Surveys.....	14
Table 10: Submitted Surfaces.....	19
Table 11: ERS method and SEP file.....	21
Table 12: Largest Scale ENCs.....	22

List of Figures

Figure 1: Survey layout for H13616, plotted over ENC US4OH01M. The dotted black line represents the survey limits set forth by the Project Instructions.....	2
Figure 2: NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson (S222).....	6
Figure 3: NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson Launches 2903 and 2904.....	7
Figure 4: NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson (S222) after deploying a launch in Lake Erie.....	8
Figure 5: Overview of H13616 crossline distribution shown in color overlaid on mainscheme data shown in greyscale.....	10
Figure 6: H13616 crossline/mainscheme comparison statistics.....	11
Figure 7: H13616 fraction of allowable error results.....	12
Figure 8: H13616 uncertainty standards.....	13
Figure 9: Overview of all CTD casts collected on H13616. Cast locations shown as blue targets overlaid on greyscale MBES.....	16
Figure 10: S222 300kHz backscatter mosaic data acquired on H13616.....	17
Figure 11: Prominent line shown in backscatter mosaic data of H13616.....	18
Figure 12: H13616 data density.....	20
Figure 13: At the time of the survey, marked ATON was not seen by the survey field party.....	23
Figure 14: Example of typical H13616 bottom sample.....	24
Figure 15: H13616 bottom sample locations overlaid on the backscatter mosaic.....	25

Descriptive Report to Accompany Survey H13616

Project: OPR-W386-TJ-22

Locality: Lake Erie, OH

Sublocality: 9 NM Northwest of Cleveland

Scale: 1:5000

May 2022 - June 2022

NOAA Ship *Thomas Jefferson*

Chief of Party: Matthew J. Jaskoski, CDR/NOAA

A. Area Surveyed

Survey H13616, located in Lake Erie, OH within the sub locality of Cleveland, was conducted in accordance with coverage requirements set forth in the Project Instructions (PI) OPR-W386-TJ-22, Approaches to Cleveland.

A.1 Survey Limits

Data were acquired within the following survey limits:

Northwest Limit	Southeast Limit
41° 35' 28.46" N 82° 0' 3.41" W	41° 32' 29.74" N 81° 45' 47.95" W

Table 1: Survey Limits

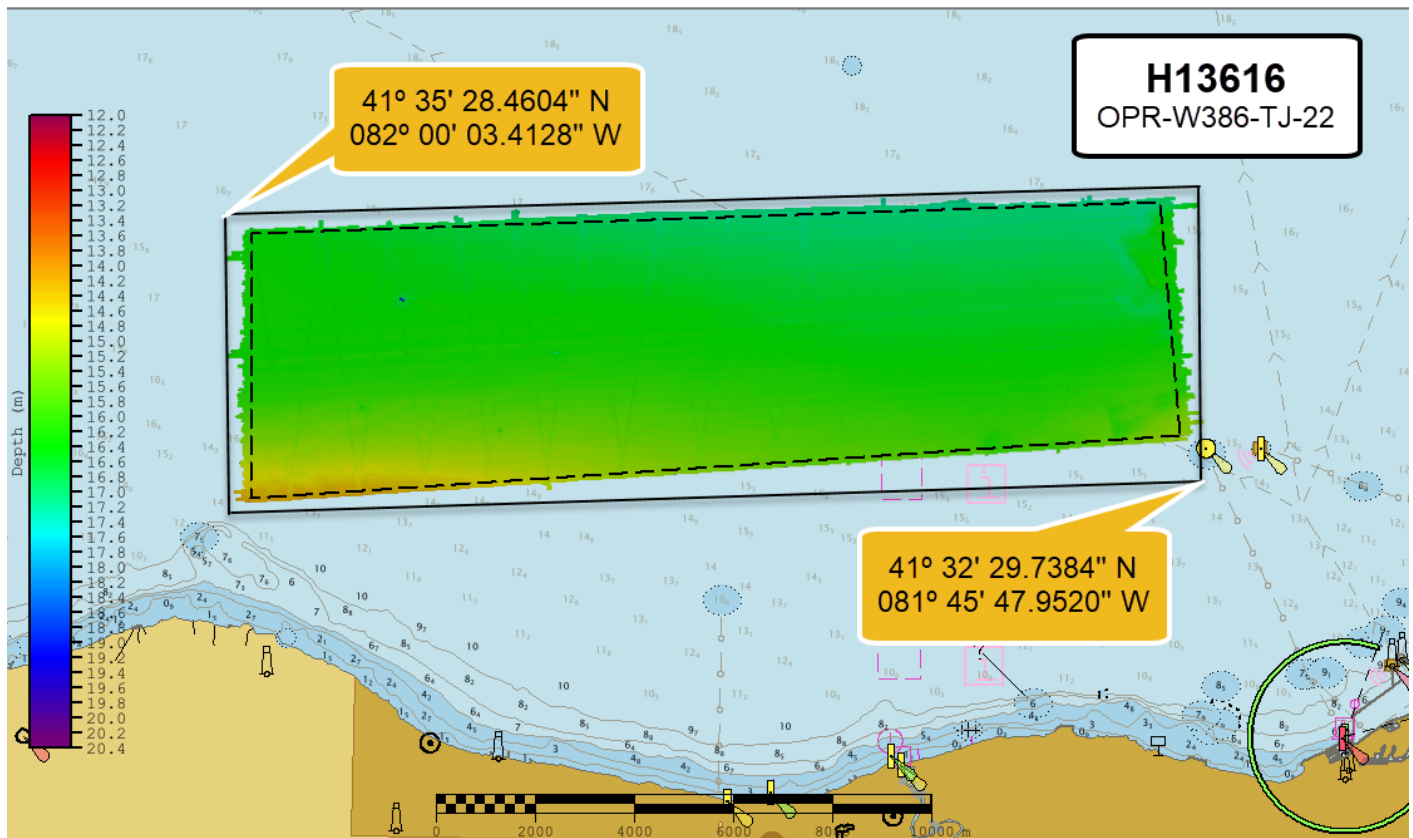


Figure 1: Survey layout for H13616, plotted over ENC US40H01M. The dotted black line represents the survey limits set forth by the Project Instructions.

Survey data were acquired in accordance with the requirements set forth by the Project Instructions (PI) and the Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables (HSSD) dated March 2022. The survey area is approximately 28 square nautical miles.

A.2 Survey Purpose

The Port of Cleveland is one of the largest ports on the Great Lakes and ranks within the top 50 ports in the United States. Roughly 13 million tons of cargo are transported through Cleveland Harbor each year supporting over 20,000 jobs and \$3.5 billion in annual economic activity. This project will provide modern bathymetric data for the Cleveland area as well as the vicinity of South Bass Island and Presque Isle, Erie, PA. The project area was identified as a statistically significant hot spot within the 2018 Hydrographic Health Model, a risk model that Coast Survey uses for evaluating priorities based upon navigational risks and the necessary quality of data to support modern traffic. Most of this area has not been surveyed since the 1940s and experiences significant vessel traffic.

Conducting a modern bathymetric survey in this area will identify hazards and changes to the seafloor, provide critical data for updating National Ocean Service (NOS) nautical charting products, and improve

maritime safety. Survey data from this project is intended to supersede all prior survey data in the common area.

1. <https://www.portofcleveland.com/>

A.3 Survey Quality

The entire survey is adequate to supersede previous data.

Complete coverage requirements were met utilizing 100% Multibeam Echo Sounder (MBES) coverage as specified by the 2022 HSSD. Data acquired in H13616 meet survey quality standards specified in the 2022 HSSD, including crosslines (see Section B.2.1), NOAA allowable uncertainty (see Section B.2.2), and density requirements (see Section B.5.2).

A.4 Survey Coverage

The following table lists the coverage requirements for this survey as assigned in the project instructions:

Water Depth	Coverage Required
All waters in survey area	Complete Coverage (Refer to 2022 HSSD Section 5.2.2.3)
All waters in the survey area	Acquire backscatter data during all multibeam data acquisition (Refer to HSSD Section 6.2)

Table 2: Survey Coverage

Survey coverage is in accordance with requirements listed in Table 2 and in the 2022 HSSD. These requirements were met with 100% Multibeam Echo Sounder (MBES) coverage.

A.6 Survey Statistics

The following table lists the mainscheme and crossline acquisition mileage for this survey:

	HULL ID	<i>S222</i>	<i>2903</i>	<i>2904</i>	<i>Total</i>
LNM	SBES Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	MBES Mainscheme	1262.49	4.56	1.1	1268.16
	Lidar Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	SSS Mainscheme	0.0	2.34	0.0	2.34
	SBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	MBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	SBES/MBES Crosslines	21.67	0.0	52.35	74.03
	Lidar Crosslines	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Number of Bottom Samples				5	
Number Maritime Boundary Points Investigated				0	
Number of DPs				0	
Number of Items Investigated by Dive Ops				0	
Total SNM				28.82	

Table 3: Hydrographic Survey Statistics

The following table lists the specific dates of data acquisition for this survey:

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
05/03/2022	123
05/04/2022	124

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
05/05/2022	125
05/06/2022	126
05/07/2022	127
05/08/2022	128
05/09/2022	129
05/10/2022	130
05/12/2022	132
05/13/2022	133
05/21/2022	141
05/27/2022	147
06/21/2022	172

Table 4: Dates of Hydrography

B. Data Acquisition and Processing

B.1 Equipment and Vessels

Refer to the Data Acquisition and Processing Report (DAPR) for a complete description of data acquisition and processing systems, survey vessels, quality control procedures and data processing methods. Additional information to supplement sounding and survey data, and any deviations from the DAPR are discussed in the following sections.

B.1.1 Vessels

The following vessels were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Hull ID	S222	2903	2904
LOA	63.4 meters	8.5 meters	8.5 meters
Draft	4.6 meters	1.2 meters	1.2 meters

Table 5: Vessels Used



Figure 2: NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson (S222).



Figure 3: NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson Launches 2903 and 2904.



Figure 4: NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson (S222) after deploying a launch in Lake Erie.

B.1.2 Equipment

The following major systems were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Manufacturer	Model	Type
Applanix	POS MV 320 v5	Positioning and Attitude System
EdgeTech	4200	SSS
Kongsberg Maritime	EM 2040	MBES
Sea-Bird Scientific	SBE 19plus V2	Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth Sensor
Teledyne RESON	SVP 70	Sound Speed System
Valeport	Thru-Hull SVS	Sound Speed System
AML Oceanographic	MVP-X	Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth Sensor

Table 6: Major Systems Used

Vessel configurations, equipment operations, data acquisition, and processing were consistent with specifications described in the DAPR.

B.2 Quality Control

B.2.1 Crosslines

S222 and Hydrographic Survey Launch (HSL) 2904 collected MBES crosslines amounting to 5.8% of mainscheme MBES data (see Table 3). The crosslines acquired represent good spatial and depth diversity for this survey area (Figure 5). A variable resolution (VR) Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator (CUBE) surface of mainscheme data and a VR CUBE surface of crossline data were differenced, the resulting mean was 0.06 m with a standard deviation of 0.06 m (Figure 6). Over 99.5% of nodes are compliant with fraction of allowable error standards (Figure 7). Visual inspection of the difference surface indicated no systematic issues.

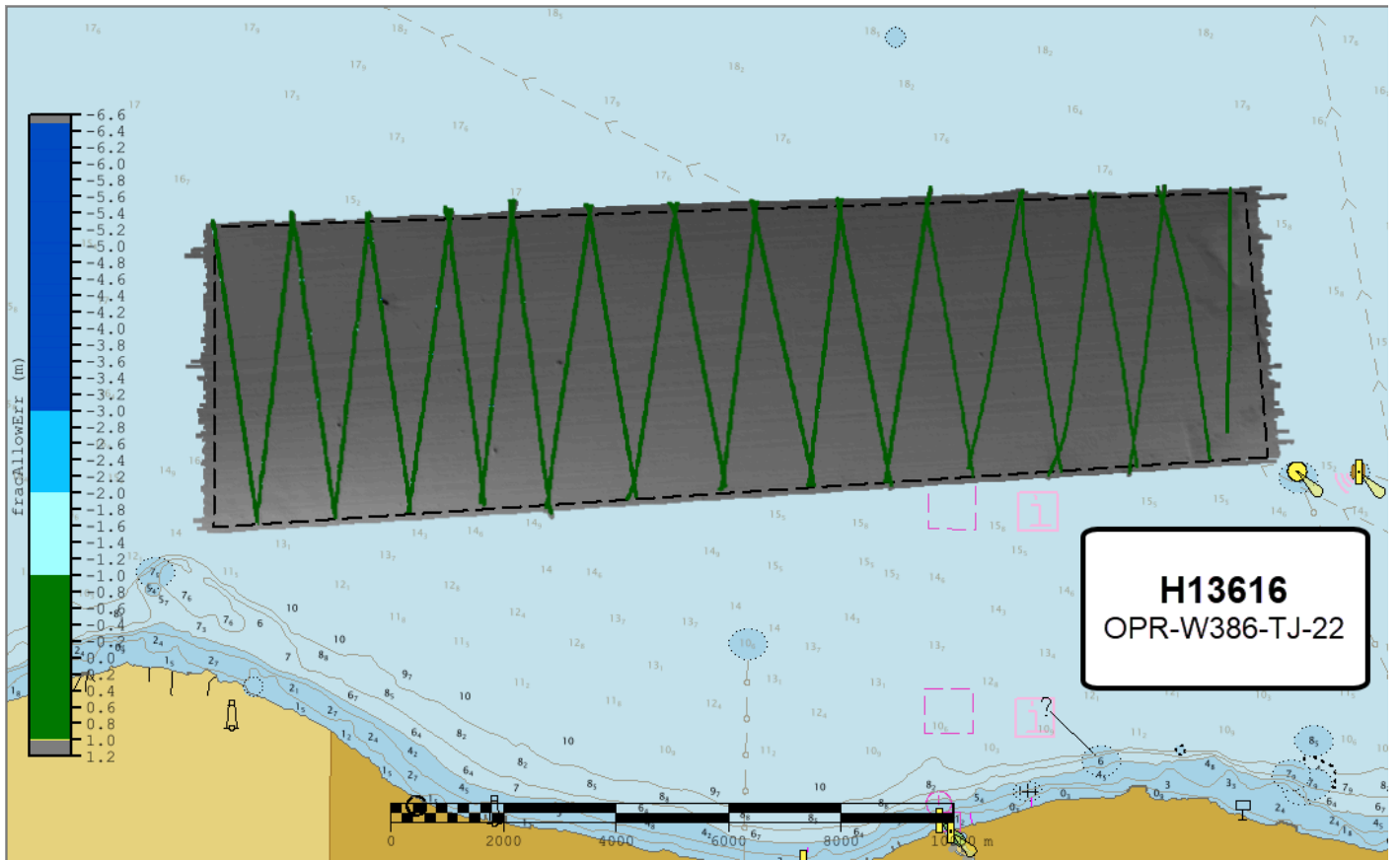


Figure 5: Overview of H13616 crossline distribution shown in color overlaid on mainscheme data shown in greyscale.

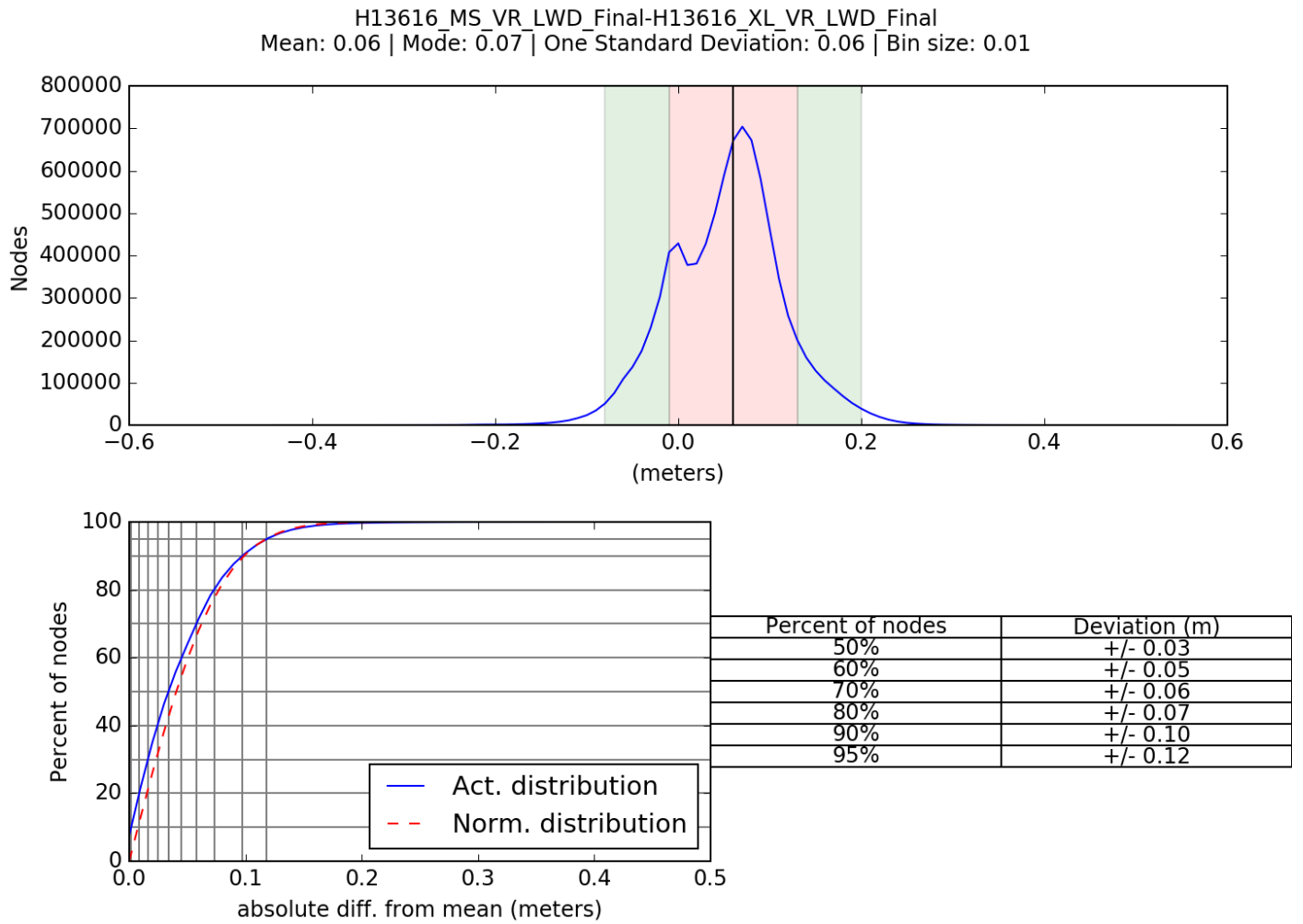


Figure 6: H13616 crossline/mainscheme comparison statistics.

Comparison Distribution

Per Grid: H13616_MS_VR_LWD_Final-H13616_XL_VR_LWD_Final_fracAllowErr.csar

99.5+% nodes pass (8921966), min=0.0, mode=0.1 mean=0.1 max=6.5

Percentiles: 2.5%=0.0, Q1=0.0, median=0.1, Q3=0.1, 97.5%=0.2

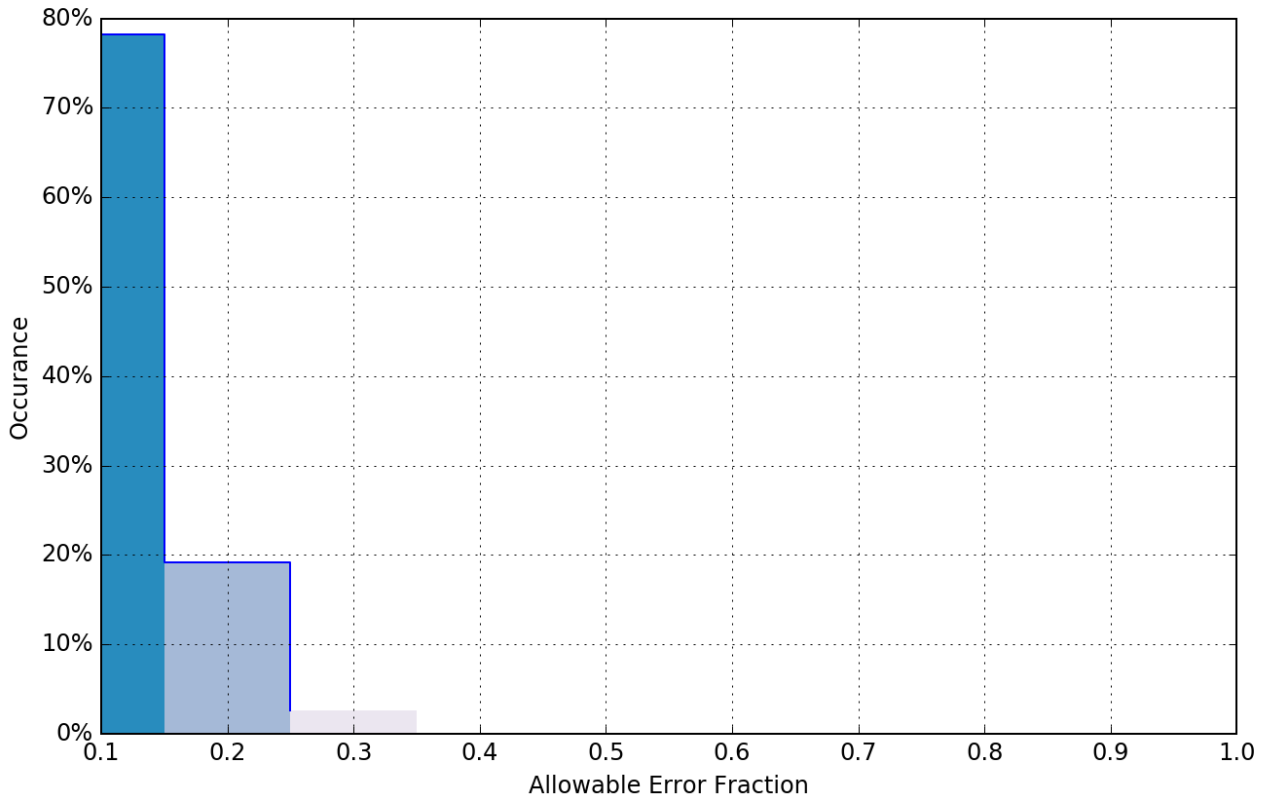


Figure 7: H13616 fraction of allowable error results.

B.2.2 Uncertainty

The following survey specific parameters were used for this survey:

Method	Measured	Zoning
ERS via VDATUM	0.0 meters	0.045 meters

Table 7: Survey Specific Tide TPU Values.

Hull ID	Measured - CTD	Measured - MVP	Measured - XBT	Surface
S222	N/A meters/second	4 meters/second	N/A meters/second	0.2 meters/second
2903	4 meters/second	N/A meters/second	N/A meters/second	0.2 meters/second
2904	4 meters/second	N/A meters/second	N/A meters/second	0.2 meters/second

Table 8: Survey Specific Sound Speed TPU Values.

The bathymetric surface's uncertainty layer is compliant with 2022 HSSD uncertainty standards. Over 99.5% of all nodes pass uncertainty standards (Figure 8).

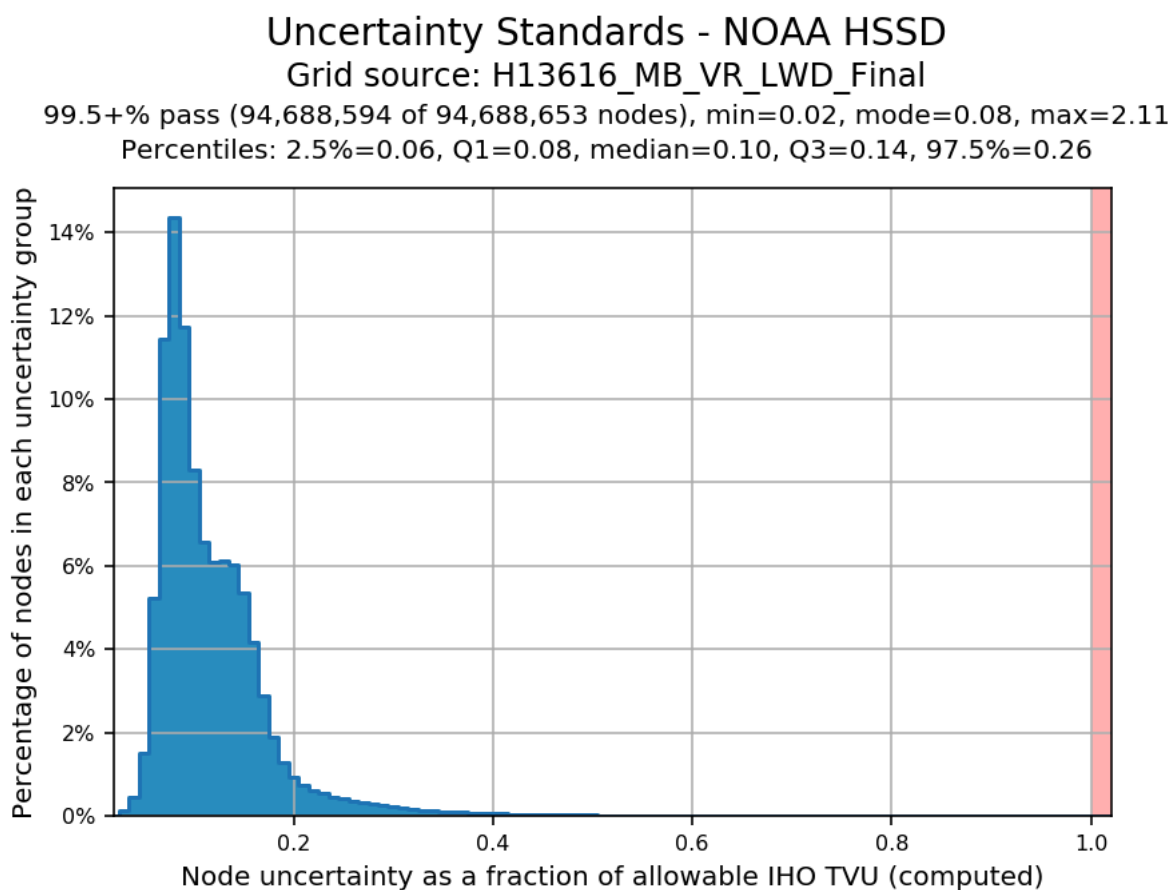


Figure 8: H13616 uncertainty standards.

B.2.3 Junctions

Survey H13616 junctions with four contemporary surveys conducted by NOAA Ship Thomas Jefferson within the project OPR-W386-TJ-22.

The following junctions were made with this survey:

Registry Number	Scale	Year	Field Unit	Relative Location
H13609	1:5000	2022	TJ	S
H13607	1:5000	2022	TJ	SE
H13615	1:5000	2022	TJ	E
H13617	1:5000	2022	TJ	W

Table 9: Junctioning Surveys

H13609

Please refer to survey H13609 Descriptive Report for junction analysis.

H13607

Please refer to survey H13607 Descriptive Report for junction analysis.

H13615

Please refer to survey H13615 Descriptive Report for junction analysis.

H13617

Please refer to survey H13617 Descriptive Report for junction analysis.

B.2.4 Sonar QC Checks

Sonar system quality control checks were conducted as detailed in the quality control section of the DAPR.

B.2.5 Equipment Effectiveness

There were no conditions or deficiencies that affected equipment operational effectiveness.

B.2.6 Factors Affecting Soundings

There were no other factors that affected corrections to soundings.

B.2.7 Sound Speed Methods

Sound Speed Cast Frequency: Static conductivity, temperature, and depth (CTD) casts were conducted from Launch 2903 and Launch 2904 at the start of acquisition each day and at a minimum of one every four hours afterwards using a Seabird CTD. Casts were taken from the ship using an MVP 200 with an MVP-X sensor. Variations in surface sound speed were monitored during acquisition to assess appropriate cast frequency. All sound speed methods were used as detailed in the DAPR.

A total of 175 sound speed profiles were collected on H13616 and display good spatial diversity (Figure 9). Ten of these casts were located outside of the sheet limits, not more than 350 meters away, and display profiles representative of the area. All sound speed profile data were concatenated into a master file for the sheet. MBES data were corrected by applying profiles nearest in distance in time (4 hours) using this master file.

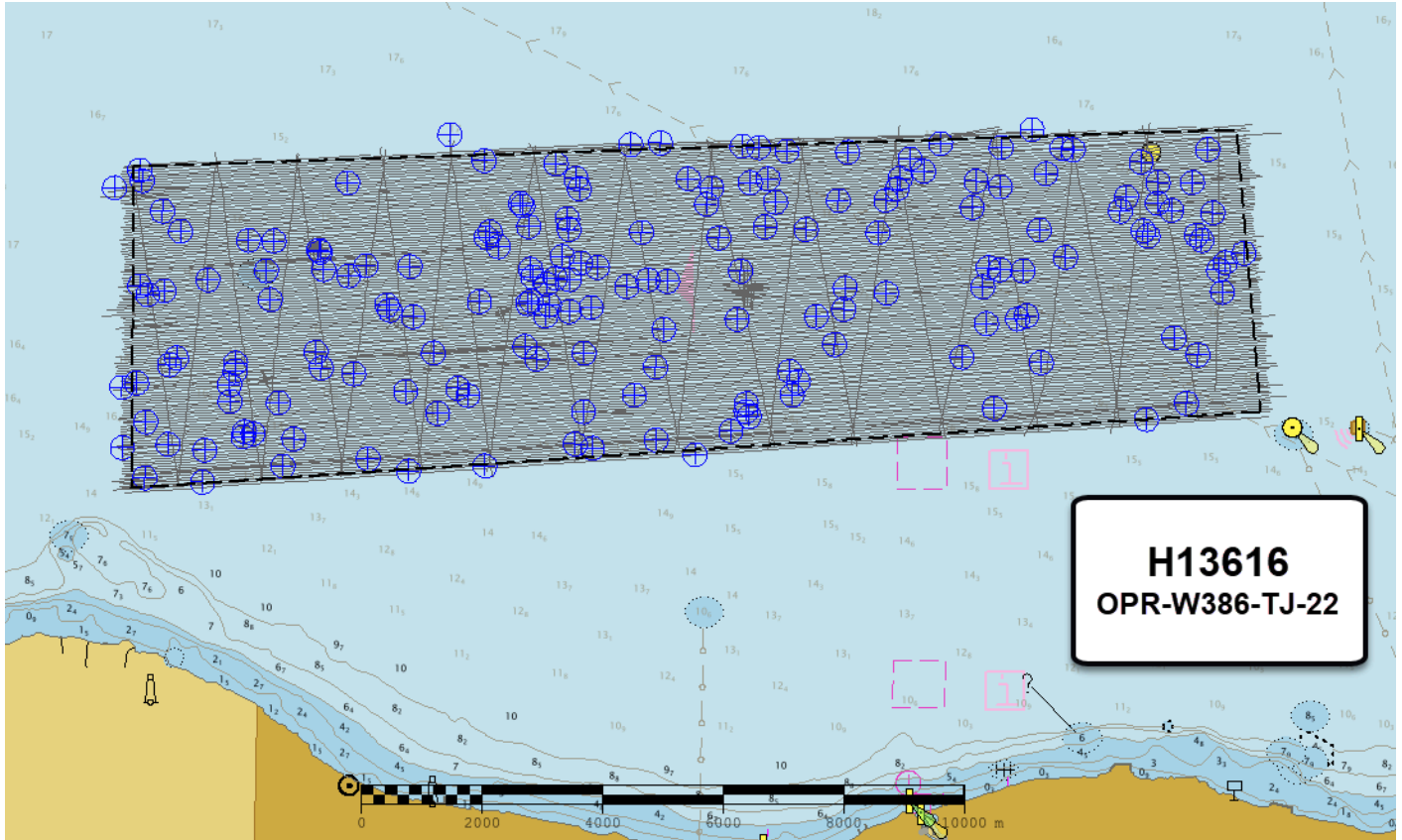


Figure 9: Overview of all CTD casts collected on H13616. Cast locations shown as blue targets overlaid on greyscale MBES.

B.2.8 Coverage Equipment and Methods

All equipment and survey methods were used as detailed in the DAPR.

B.3 Echo Sounding Corrections

B.3.1 Corrections to Echo Soundings

All data reduction procedures conform to those detailed in the DAPR.

B.3.2 Calibrations

All sounding systems were calibrated as detailed in the DAPR.

B.4 Backscatter

All equipment and survey methods were used as detailed in the DAPR. Backscatter was processed in QPS Fledermaus Geo Coder Toolbox (FMGT) software (Figure 10).

A prominent line is visible in the greyscale data that aligns with a recommended traffic route shown on the corresponding chart US4OH01M (Figure 11). This anomaly occurs over multiple days and lines of data. The exact cause of the line is unknown. Main scheme lines are oriented east to west and crossed this backscatter anomaly that is oriented northwest.

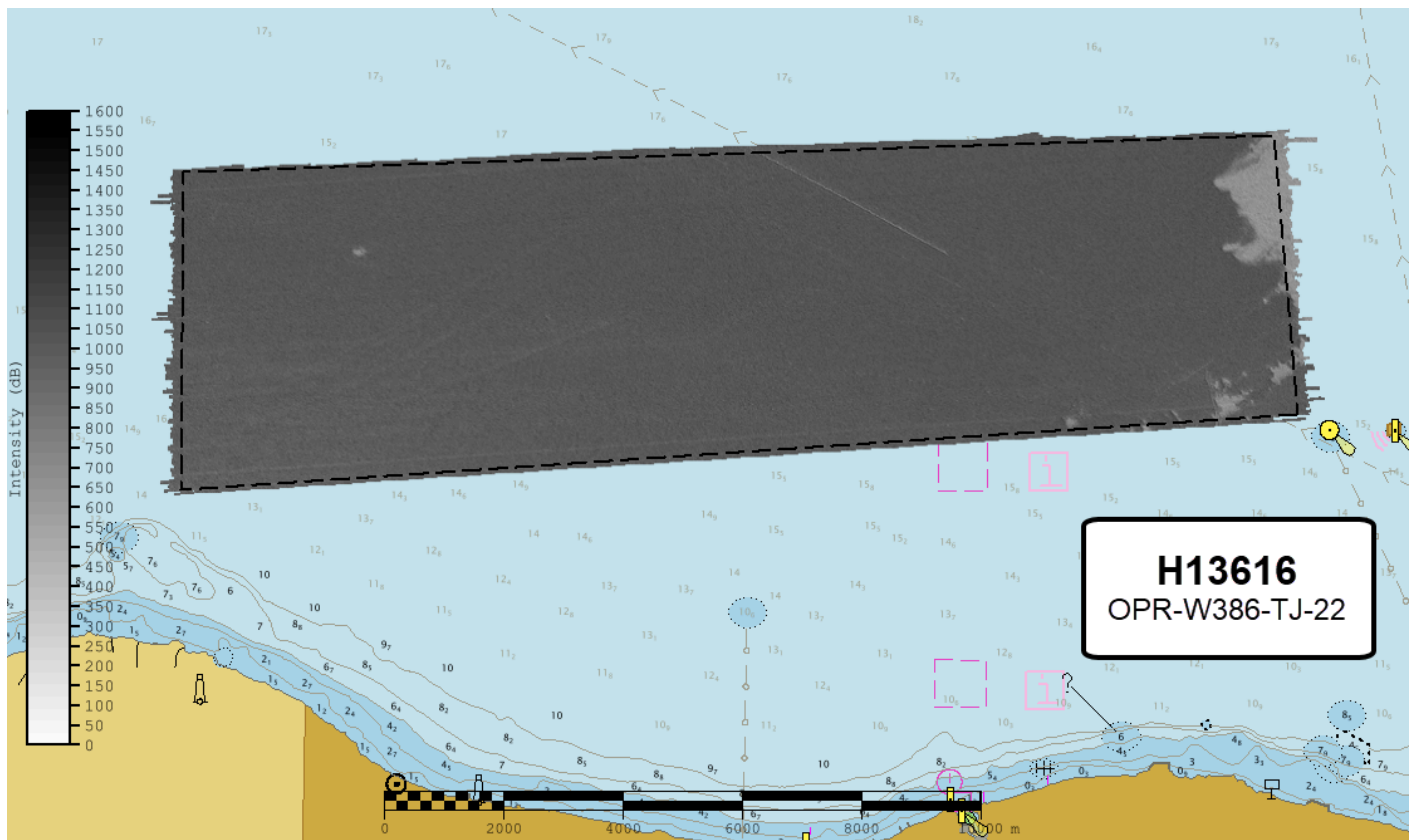


Figure 10: S222 300kHz backscatter mosaic data acquired on H13616.

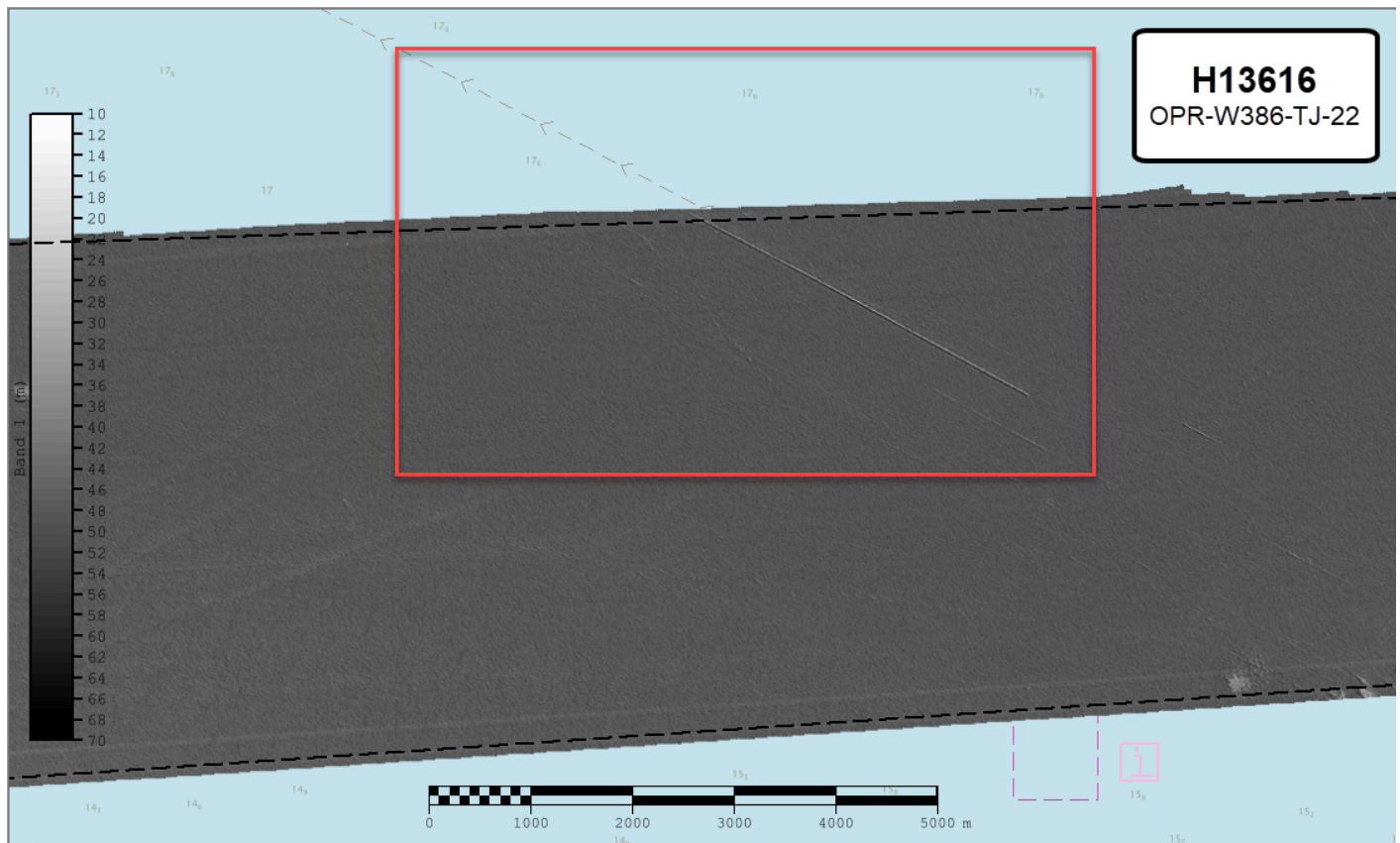


Figure 11: Prominent line shown in backscatter mosaic data of H13616.

B.5 Data Processing

B.5.1 Primary Data Processing Software

The following Feature Object Catalog was used: .

Feature Object Catalog NOAA Profile Version 2022 was used for all S-57 attribution in the Final Feature File (FFF). All other software were used as detailed in the DAPR.

B.5.2 Surfaces

The following surfaces and/or BAGs were submitted to the Processing Branch:

Surface Name	Surface Type	Resolution	Depth Range	Surface Parameter	Purpose
H13616_MB_VR_LWD	CARIS Raster Surface (CUBE)	Variable Resolution	12.0 meters - 20.3 meters	NOAA_VR	Complete MBES
H13616_MB_VR_LWD_Final	CARIS Raster Surface (CUBE)	Variable Resolution	12.0 meters - 21.4 meters	NOAA_VR	Complete MBES
H13616_MBAB_300kHz_2m_1of1	MB Backscatter Mosaic	2 meters	-	N/A	Complete MBES

Table 10: Submitted Surfaces

H13616_MB_VR_LWD_Final uncertainty layer is resolved from the maximum of H13616_MB_VR_LWD nodal TVU and standard deviation values. Complete Coverage requirements were met by 100% Multibeam Echo Sounder (MBES) coverage as specified under section 5.2.2.2 of the 2022 HSSD. There are no holidays present in the coverage achieved. All bathymetric grids for H13616 meet density requirements per the 2022 HSSD (Figure 12).

Several uncharted features were developed using SSS. These data were collected for additional high resolution features investigation, and were not collected as the primary means of meeting coverage requirements. Mosaics were neither created nor submitted as part of these deliverables.

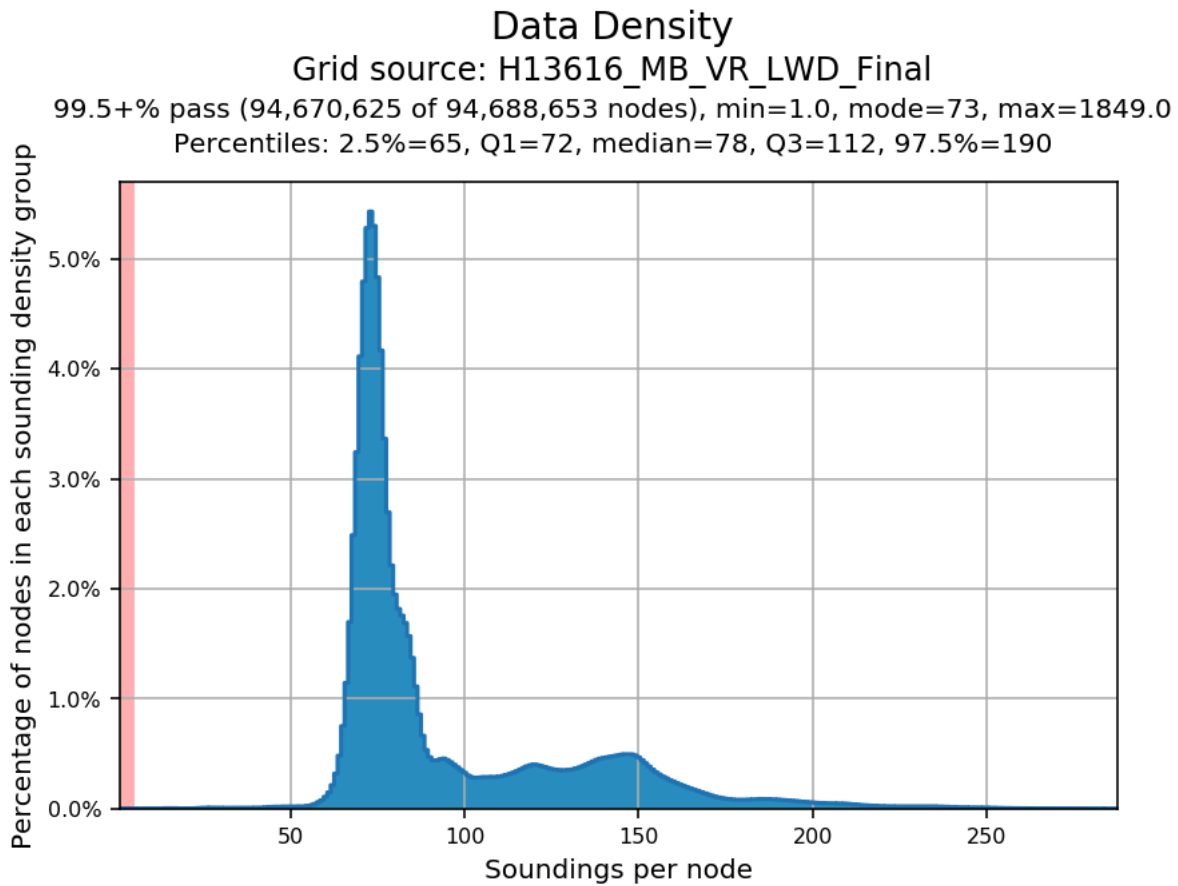


Figure 12: H13616 data density.

C. Vertical and Horizontal Control

No Horizontal and Vertical Control Report (HVCR) is required for this survey.

C.1 Vertical Control

The vertical datum for this project is Low Water Datum IGLD-1985.

ERS Datum Transformation

The following ellipsoid-to-chart vertical datum transformation was used:

Method	Ellipsoid to Chart Datum Separation File
ERS via VDATUM	OPR-W386-TJ-22_NAD83_2011_VDatum_LWD_IGLD85

Table 11: ERS method and SEP file

All soundings submitted for H13616 are reduced to LWD IGLD-85 using VDatum techniques as outlined in the DAPR.

C.2 Horizontal Control

The horizontal datum for this project is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).

The projection used for this project is Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 17.

RTK

Trimble PP-RTX service was used with an Applanix POS MV v5 system and POSpac MMS software for ERS control in accordance with the HSSD for H13616 MBES data from S222 and Launches 2903 and 2904.

WAAS

The Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) was used for navigation (horizontal control) during data acquisition on S222 and Launches 2903 and 2904.

D. Results and Recommendations

D.1 Chart Comparison

D.1.1 Electronic Navigational Charts

The following are the largest scale ENC's, which cover the survey area:

ENC	Scale	Edition	Update Application Date	Issue Date
US4OH01M	1:80000	16	04/27/2018	05/15/2020

Table 12: Largest Scale ENC's

D.1.2 Shoal and Hazardous Features

Surveyed soundings and contours were compared against previously charted data on ENC US4OH01M. While depth values were found to be in general agreement, some depths near discrete features have shifted. The hydrographer believes these shifts do not pose a hazard to navigation. Eight newly discovered features are included in the FFF and none were considered to be navigational hazards. No danger to navigation reports were submitted for this survey and all data acquired on H13616 are recommended to supersede prior data.

D.1.3 Charted Features

In the field, all assigned features that were safe to approach, were addressed as required with S-57 attribution and recorded in the H13616 FFF to best represent the features on charted products compiled from the survey. This file also includes new features found in the field as well as recommendations to update, retain or delete assigned features.

D.1.4 Uncharted Features

Eight uncharted features were identified and investigated. None of the features were considered dangerous to navigation. Reference the FFF included with the submission of this project for further information.

D.1.5 Channels

No channels exist for this survey. There are no designated anchorages, precautionary areas, safety fairways, traffic separation schemes, pilot boarding areas, or channel and range lines within the survey limits. There are recommended tracklines that run throughout Lake Erie that we encountered in H13616.

D.2 Additional Results

D.2.1 Aids to Navigation

One Aid to Navigation (ATON) was located within the assigned limits of survey H13616, but was not seen by the survey field party.

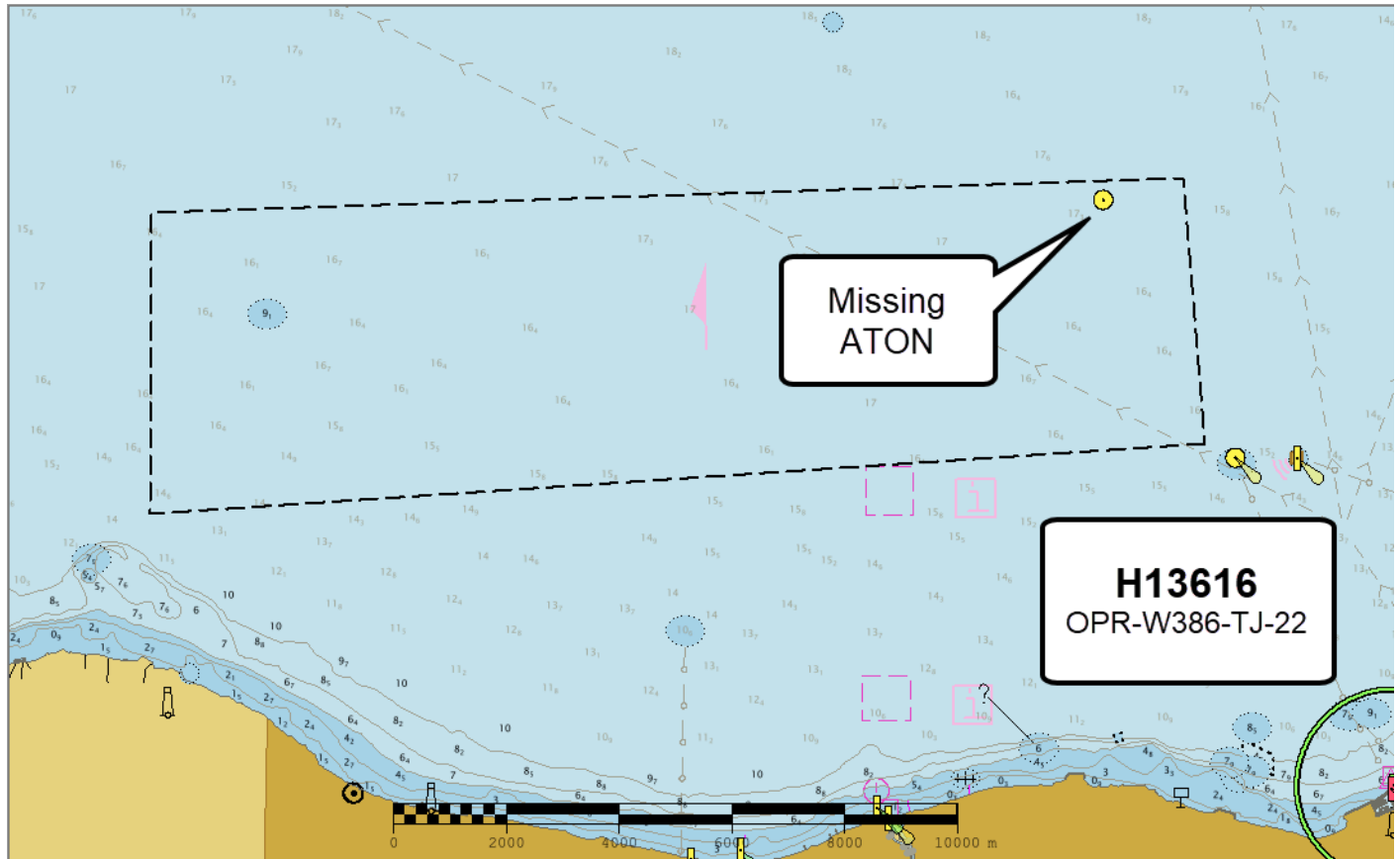


Figure 13: At the time of the survey, marked ATON was not seen by the survey field party.

D.2.2 Maritime Boundary Points

No Maritime Boundary Points were assigned for this survey.

D.2.3 Bottom Samples

Five bottom samples were assigned, investigated, and are included in the FFF.



Figure 14: Example of typical H13616 bottom sample.

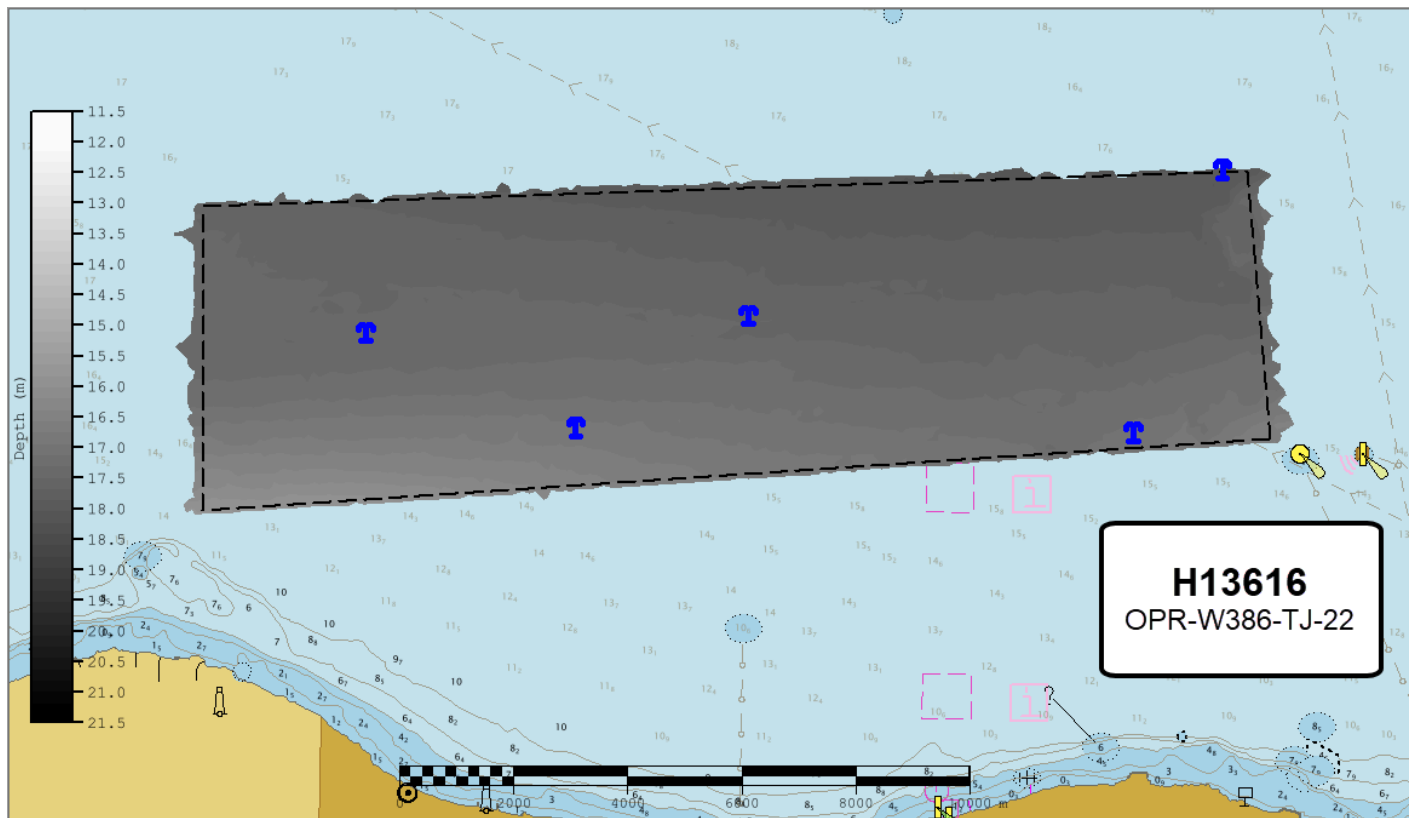


Figure 15: H13616 bottom sample locations overlaid on the backscatter mosaic.

D.2.4 Overhead Features

No overhead features exist for this survey.

D.2.5 Submarine Features

No submarine features exist for this survey.

D.2.6 Platforms

No platforms exist for this survey.

D.2.7 Ferry Routes and Terminals

No ferry routes or terminals exist for this survey.

D.2.8 Abnormal Seafloor or Environmental Conditions

No abnormal seafloor or environmental conditions exist for this survey.

D.2.9 Construction and Dredging

No present or planned construction or dredging exist within the survey limits.

D.2.10 New Survey Recommendations

No new surveys or further investigations are recommended for this area.

D.2.11 ENC Scale Recommendations


No new ENC scales are recommended for this area.

E. Approval Sheet

As Chief of Party, field operations for this hydrographic survey were conducted under my direct supervision, with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. I have reviewed the attached survey data and reports.

All field sheets, this Descriptive Report, and all accompanying records and data are approved. All records are forwarded for final review and processing to the Processing Branch.

The survey data meets or exceeds requirements as set forth in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, Field Procedures Manual, Letter Instructions, and all HSD Technical Directives. These data are adequate to supersede charted data in their common areas. This survey is complete and no additional work is required with the exception of deficiencies noted in the Descriptive Report.

Approver Name	Approver Title	Approval Date	Signature
Matthew J Jaskoski, CDR/NOAA	Chief of Party	08/07/2022	 JASKOSKI.MATTHEW.J ACOB.1275636262 2022.08.30 12:30:09 -04'00'
Sydney M. Catoire, LT/NOAA	Field Operations Officer	08/07/2022	CATOIRE.SYDNEY. MARIE.1120060623  Digitally signed by CATOIRE.SYDNEY.MARIE.11200606 23 Date: 2022.08.30 13:12:05 -04'00'
Erin K. Cziraki	Chief Survey Technician	08/07/2022	JERAULD.AUDRE Y.ELIZABETH.117 0496260  Digitally signed by JERAULD.AUDREY.ELIZABETH. 1170496260 Date: 2022.08.30 15:56:35 -04'00'
Cara L. Geiger, ENS/NOAA	Sheet Manager	08/07/2022	GEIGER.CARA.LY NN.1548230051  Digitally signed by GEIGER.CARA.LYNN.1548230051 Date: 2022.08.30 08:53:04 -04'00'

F. Table of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AHB	Atlantic Hydrographic Branch
AST	Assistant Survey Technician
ATON	Aid to Navigation
AWOIS	Automated Wreck and Obstruction Information System
BAG	Bathymetric Attributed Grid
BASE	Bathymetry Associated with Statistical Error
CO	Commanding Officer
CO-OPS	Center for Operational Products and Services
CORS	Continuously Operating Reference Station
CTD	Conductivity Temperature Depth
CEF	Chart Evaluation File
CSF	Composite Source File
CST	Chief Survey Technician
CUBE	Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator
DAPR	Data Acquisition and Processing Report
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System
DP	Detached Position
DR	Descriptive Report
DTON	Danger to Navigation
ENC	Electronic Navigational Chart
ERS	Ellipsoidal Referenced Survey
ERTDM	Ellipsoidally Referenced Tidal Datum Model
ERZT	Ellipsoidally Referenced Zoned Tides
FFF	Final Feature File
FOO	Field Operations Officer
FPM	Field Procedures Manual
GAMS	GPS Azimuth Measurement Subsystem
GC	Geographic Cell
GPS	Global Positioning System
HIPS	Hydrographic Information Processing System
HSD	Hydrographic Surveys Division

Acronym	Definition
HSSD	Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables
HSTB	Hydrographic Systems Technology Branch
HSX	Hypack Hysweep File Format
HTD	Hydrographic Surveys Technical Directive
HVCR	Horizontal and Vertical Control Report
HVF	HIPS Vessel File
IHO	International Hydrographic Organization
IMU	Inertial Motion Unit
ITRF	International Terrestrial Reference Frame
LNM	Linear Nautical Miles
MBAB	Multibeam Echosounder Acoustic Backscatter
MCD	Marine Chart Division
MHW	Mean High Water
MLLW	Mean Lower Low Water
NAD 83	North American Datum of 1983
NALL	Navigable Area Limit Line
NTM	Notice to Mariners
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NOS	National Ocean Service
NRT	Navigation Response Team
NSD	Navigation Services Division
OCS	Office of Coast Survey
OMAO	Office of Marine and Aviation Operations (NOAA)
OPS	Operations Branch
MBES	Multibeam Echosounder
NWLON	National Water Level Observation Network
PDBS	Phase Differencing Bathymetric Sonar
PHB	Pacific Hydrographic Branch
POS/MV	Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels
PPK	Post Processed Kinematic
PPP	Precise Point Positioning
PPS	Pulse per second

Acronym	Definition
PRF	Project Reference File
PS	Physical Scientist
RNC	Raster Navigational Chart
RTK	Real Time Kinematic
RTX	Real Time Extended
SBES	Singlebeam Echosounder
SBET	Smooth Best Estimate and Trajectory
SNM	Square Nautical Miles
SSS	Side Scan Sonar
SSSAB	Side Scan Sonar Acoustic Backscatter
ST	Survey Technician
SVP	Sound Velocity Profiler
TCARI	Tidal Constituent And Residual Interpolation
TPU	Total Propagated Uncertainty
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USCG	United States Coast Guard
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
XO	Executive Officer
ZDF	Zone Definition File