U.S. Department of Commerce National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Ocean Service				
	DESCRIPTIVE REPORT			
Type of Survey:	Navigable Area			
Registry Number:	H13824			
	LOCALITY			
State(s):	Alaska			
General Locality:	Offshore of Kodiak Island			
Sub-locality:	Kodiak Trough			
	2023			
	CHIEF OF PARTY CDR Meghan McGovern			
	LIBRARY & ARCHIVES			
Date:				

NATIO	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	REGISTRY NUMBER:		
HYDROGR	APHIC TITLE SHEET	H13824		
INSTRUCTIONS: The	Hydrographic Sheet should be accompanied by this form, filled in as completely as possib	ble, when the sheet is forwarded to the Office.		
State(s):	Alaska			
General Locality:	Offshore of Kodiak Island			
Sub-Locality:	Kodiak Trough			
Scale:	40000			
Dates of Survey:	06/20/2023 to 08/24/2023	06/20/2023 to 08/24/2023		
Instructions Dated:	07/26/2023			
Project Number:	OPR-P337-FA-23			
Field Unit:	NOAA Ship Fairweather			
Chief of Party:	CDR Meghan McGovern			
Soundings by:	Multibeam Echo Sounder			
Imagery by:	Multibeam Echo Sounder Backscatter	r		
Verification by:	Pacific Hydrographic Branch			
Soundings Acquired in:	meters at Mean Lower Low Water			

#### Remarks:

Any revisions to the Descriptive Report (DR) applied during office processing are shown in red italic text. The DR is maintained as a field unit product, therefore all information and recommendations within this report are considered preliminary unless otherwise noted. The final disposition of survey data is represented in the NOAA nautical chart products. All pertinent records for this survey are archived at the National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) and can be retrieved via https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/. Products created during office processing were generated in NAD83 UTM 05N, MLLW. All references to other horizontal or vertical datums in this report are applicable to the processed hydrographic data provided by the field unit.

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## **Descriptive Report to Accompany Survey H13824**

Project: OPR-P337-FA-23 Locality: Offshore of Kodiak Island Sublocality: Kodiak Trough Scale: 1:40000 June 2023 - August 2023 **NOAA Ship** *Fairweather* Chief of Party: CDR Meghan McGovern

## A. Area Surveyed

The survey area is located offshore of Kodiak Island, Alaska.

## **A.1 Survey Limits**

Data were acquired within the following survey limits:

Northwest Limit	Southeast Limit
57° 43' 21.52" N	57° 7' 26.27" N
152° 7' 15.46" W	151° 2' 32.63" W

Table 1: Survey Limits

Data were not acquired to the survey limits in accordance with the requirements in the Project Instructions and the 2022 NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables (HSSD) due to time and weather constraints. Coverage acquired in H13824 is shown in the figure below.

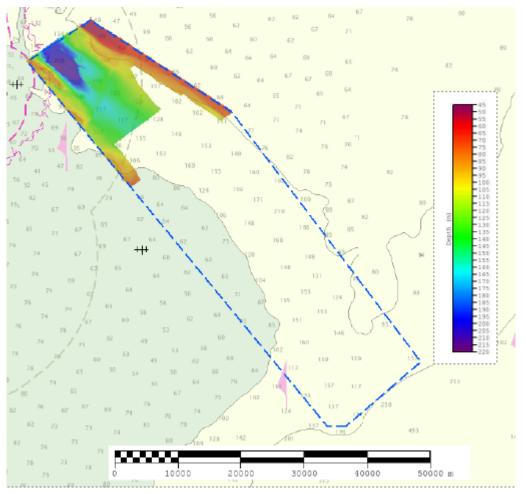


Figure 1: H13824 survey coverage overlaid with sheet limits onto US2AK20M and ENC US3AK5KM.

## A.2 Survey Purpose

Kodiak Island, AK is located in the western Gulf of Alaska and its surrounding marine waters are among the most productive in the North Pacific. There are over one hundred species of marine fish in the area and commercial fishing and processing are 55% of the private sector work force. Despite being an economically and ecologically significant area, the previous surveys in this area are from the 1970s or 1930s or not mapped to modern standards. This project is part of a larger regional mapping campaign Seascape Alaska that is a partnership with USGS with the larger goal of mapping ocean waters off Alaska. Other goals of the Seascape Alaska project include understanding the habitat, seafloor, archaeological, biological, chemical, and other oceanic attributes in addition to collecting bathymetric data.

## A.3 Survey Quality

The entire survey is adequate to supersede previous data.

Data acquired in H13824 meet multibeam echo sounder (MBES) coverage requirements for complete coverage, as required by the HSSD. This includes crosslines (see Section B.2.1), NOAA allowable uncertainty (see Section B.2.10), and density requirements (see Section B.2.11).

## A.4 Survey Coverage

The following table lists the coverage requirements for this survey as assigned in the project instructions:

Water Depth	Coverage Required	
All waters in survey area.	Complete Coverage (Refer to HSSD Section 5.2.2.3)	

## Table 2: Survey Coverage

Survey coverage was in accordance with the requirements listed above and in the HSSD.

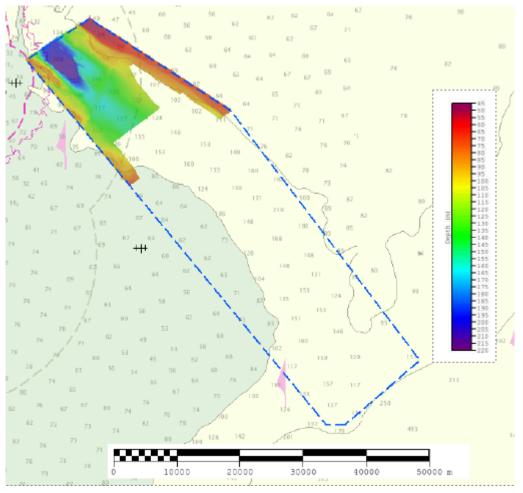


Figure 2: H13824 surface overlaid onto Charts US2AK20M and US3AK5KM.

## A.6 Survey Statistics

The following table lists the mainscheme and crossline acquisition mileage for this survey:

	HULL ID	S220	2805	2806	2807	2808	Total
	SBES Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	MBES Mainscheme	0.97	157.57	50.03	134.27	210.1	581.24
	Lidar Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LNM	SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	SBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	MBES/SSS Mainscheme	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	SBES/MBES Crosslines	13.64	5.63	0.0	0.0	9.02	28.3
	Lidar Crosslines	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Numb Bottor	er of n Samples						0
	er Maritime ary Points igated						0
Numb	er of DPs			·			0
	er of Items igated by Dps						0
Total S	SNM						85.06

Table 3: Hydrographic Survey Statistics

The following table lists the specific dates of data acquisition for this survey:

Survey Dates	Day of the Year
06/20/2023	171
06/21/2023	172
06/22/2023	173
06/23/2023	174
06/24/2023	175
08/24/2023	236

Table 4: Dates of Hydrography

## **B.** Data Acquisition and Processing

## **B.1 Equipment and Vessels**

Refer to the Data Acquisition and Processing Report (DAPR) for a complete description of data acquisition and processing systems, survey vessels, quality control procedures and data processing methods. Additional information to supplement sounding and survey data, and any deviations from the DAPR are discussed in the following sections.

## **B.1.1 Vessels**

The following vessels were used for data acquisition during this survey:

Hull ID	S220	2805	2806	2807	2808
LOA	70.4 meters	8.6 meters	8.6 meters	8.6 meters	8.6 meters
Draft	4.8 meters	1.1 meters	1.1 meters	1.1 meters	1.1 meters

Table 5: Vessels Used



Figure 3: S220

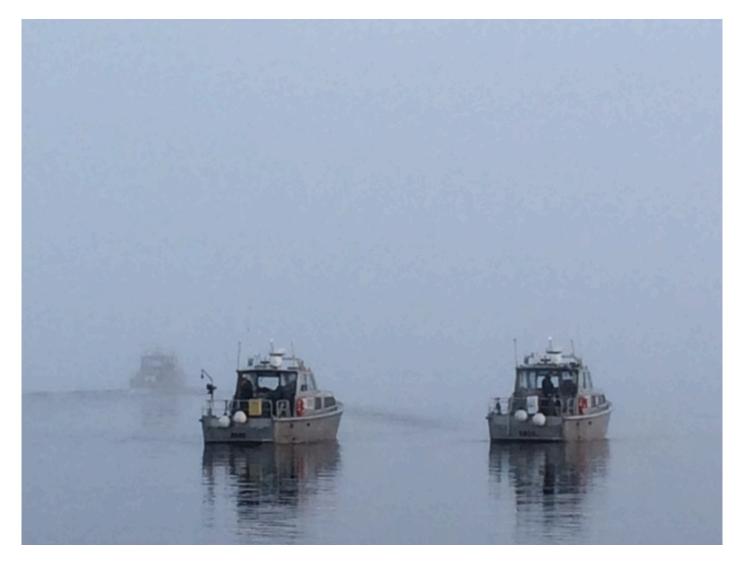


Figure 4: FA Hydrographic Survey Launches

## **B.1.2 Equipment**

Manufacturer	Model	Туре
Kongsberg Maritime	EM 712	MBES
Applanix	POS MV 320 v5	Positioning and Attitude System
AML Oceanographic	MVP200	Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth Sensor
Kongsberg Maritime	EM 2040	MBES
Sea-Bird Scientific	SBE 19plus V2	Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth Sensor
Teledyne RESON	SVP 70	Sound Speed System
Teledyne RESON	SVP 71	Sound Speed System

The following major systems were used for data acquisition during this survey:

## Table 6: Major Systems Used

The equipment was installed on the survey platform as follows: S220 utilizes the Kongsberg EM 712MBES, a POS M/V v5 system for position and attitude, SVP 70 surface sound speed sensors, and AML Oceanographic MVP 200 for conductivity, temperature, and depth (CTD) casts. All launches utilize the Kongsberg EM 2040 MBES, a POS M/V v5 system for position and attitude, SVP 71 surface sound speed sensors, and Sea-Bird SBE 19plus v2 CTDs for conductivity, temperature, and depth casts.

## **B.2 Quality Control**

## **B.2.1** Crosslines

Crosslines were collected, processed and compared in accordance with Section 5.2.4.2 of the HSSD. For adequate comparison, 4.87% of crossline to MBES data was acquired. To evaluate crosslines, a surface generated via data strictly from mainscheme lines and a surface generated via data strictly from crosslines were created. From these two surfaces, a difference surface (mainscheme - crosslines = difference surface) was generated. Statistics show the mean difference between the depths derived from mainscheme data and crossline data was 0.02 meters and 95% of nodes falling within 0.61 meters. For the respective depths, the difference surface was compared to the allowable NOAA uncertainty standards. In total, 99.5+% of the depth differences between H13824 mainscheme and crossline data were within allowable NOAA uncertainties.

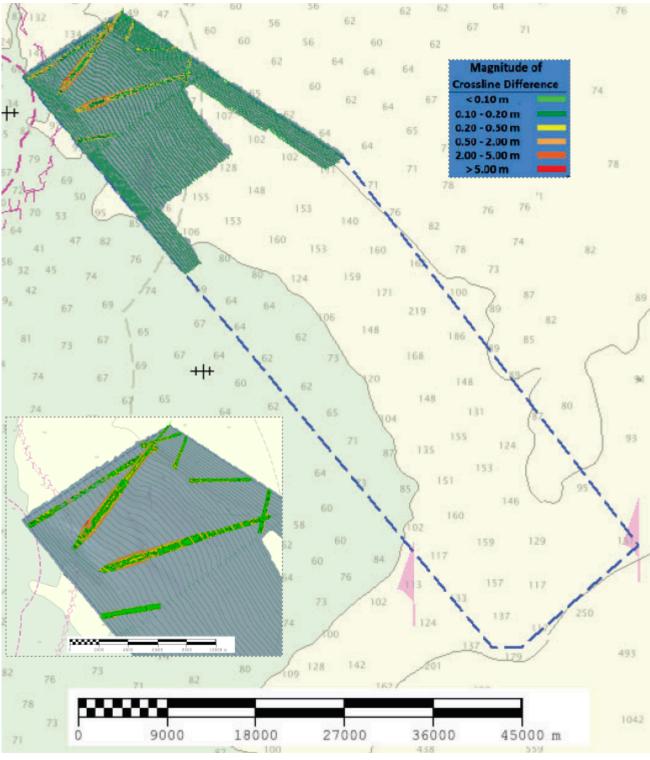


Figure 5: Overview of H13824 crosslines.

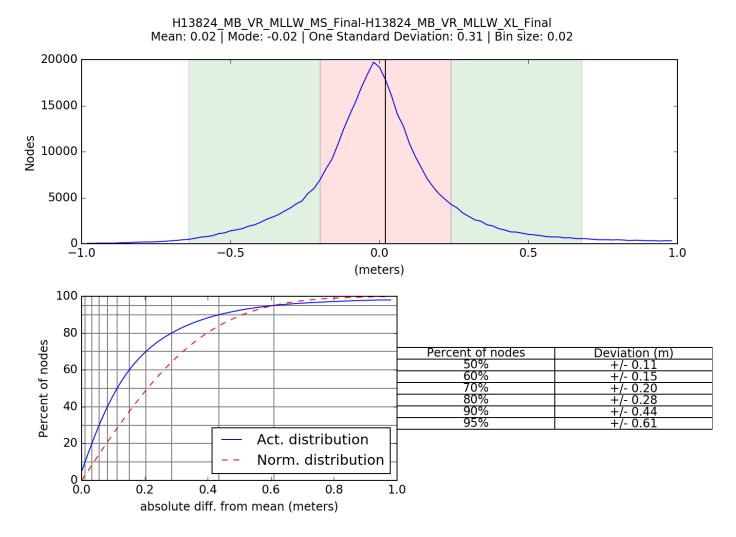


Figure 6: H13824 crossline and mainscheme difference statistics.

## **B.2.2 Uncertainty**

The following survey specific parameters were used for this survey:

Method	Method Measured Zoning	
ERS via VDATUM	ERS via VDATUM0.0 meters0.16 meters	

Table 7: Survey Specific Tide TPU Values.

Hull ID	Measured - CTD	Measured - MVP	Measured - XBT	Surface
S220	N/A	1 meters/second	N/A	0.5 meters/second
280x	2 meters/second	N/A	N/A	0.5 meters/second

Table 8: Survey Specific Sound Speed TPU Values.

In addition to the usual a priori estimates of uncertainty via device models for vessel motion and ERTDM/ VDATUM/TCARI, real-time and post-processed uncertainty sources were also incorporated into the depth estimates of survey H13824. Real-time uncertainties were provided via EM 2040 and EM 712 MBES data and Applanix Delayed Heave RMS. Following post-processing of the real-time vessel motion, recomputed uncertainties of vessel roll, pitch, gyro and navigation were applied in CARIS HIPS and SIPS via a Smoothed Best Estimate of Trajectory (SBET) RMS file generated in Applanix POSPac.

### **B.2.3 Junctions**

No junctions exist for this survey.

There are no contemporary surveys that junction with this survey.

## **B.2.4 Sonar QC Checks**

Sonar system quality control checks were conducted as detailed in the quality control section of the DAPR.

#### **B.2.5 Equipment Effectiveness**

There were no conditions or deficiencies that affected equipment operational effectiveness.

#### **B.2.6 Factors Affecting Soundings**

There were no other factors that affected corrections to soundings.

## **B.2.7 Sound Speed Methods**

Sound Speed Cast Frequency: Sound Speed Cast Frequency: CTD casts were conducted at a minimum of one every four hours during launch acquisition. MVP casts on S220 and were conducted at a minimum of one every four hours, guided by observation of the surface sound speed and targeted toward equal distribution of data collection.

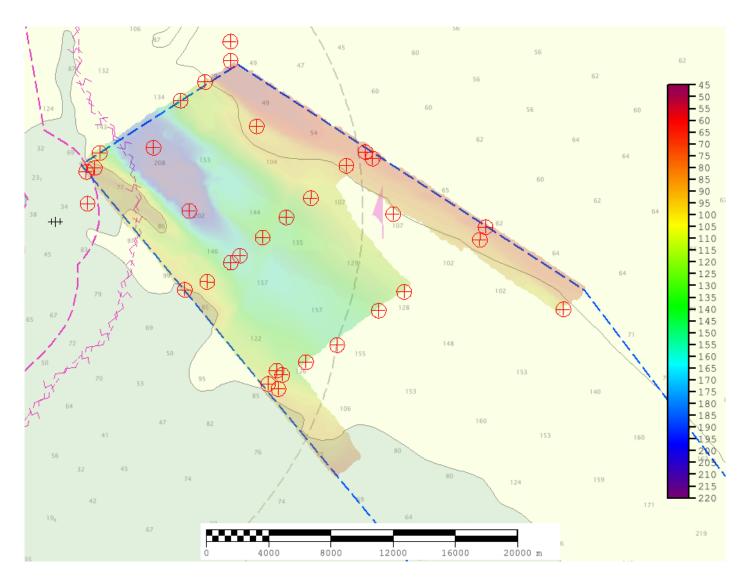


Figure 7: Cast locations displayed with red crosshairs for H13824.

## **B.2.8** Coverage Equipment and Methods

All equipment and survey methods were used as detailed in the DAPR.

## **B.2.9 Holidays**

H13824 data were reviewed in CARIS HIPS and SIPS for holidays in accordance with Section 5.2.2.3 of the HSSD. One holiday which meets the definition described in the HSSD for complete coverage were identified via HydrOffice QC Tools Holiday Finder tool. This tool automatically scans the surface for holidays as defined in the HSSD and was run in conjunction with a visual inspection of the surface by the hydrographer. Holiday was caused due to gaps in coverage which were unable to be filled due to time constraints.

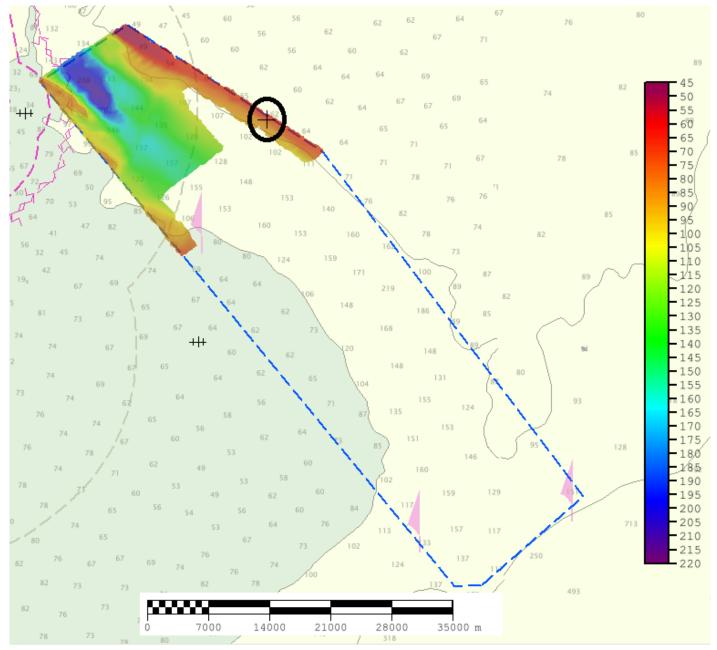


Figure 8: Holiday in H13824.

## **B.2.10 NOAA Allowable Uncertainty**

The surface was analyzed using the HydrOffice QC Tools Grid QA feature to determine compliance with specifications. Overall, 99.5+% of nodes within the surface meet NOAA Allowable Uncertainty specifications for H13824.

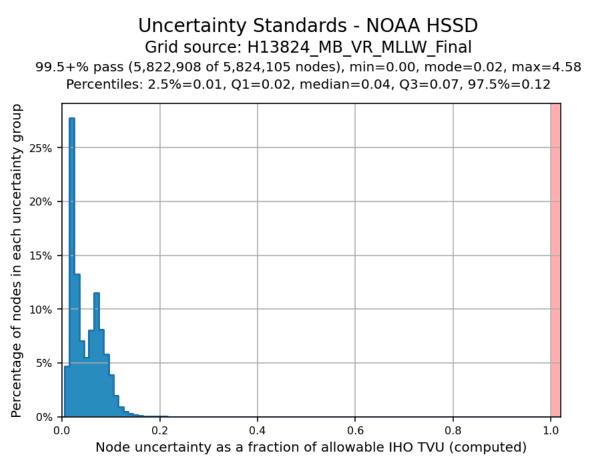


Figure 9: H13824 allowable uncertainty statistics

## **B.2.11 Density**

The surface was analyzed using the HydrOffice QC Tools Grid QA feature to determine compliance with specifications. Density requirements for H13824 were achieved with at least 99.5+% of surface nodes containing five or more soundings as required by HSSD Section 5.2.2.3.

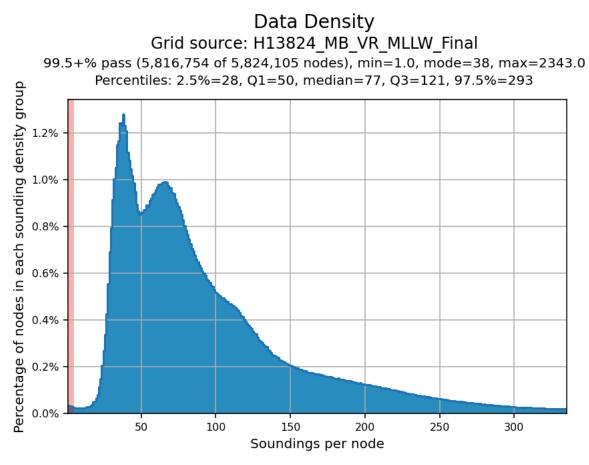


Figure 10: H13824 data density statistics

## **B.3 Echo Sounding Corrections**

## **B.3.1** Corrections to Echo Soundings

All data reduction procedures conform to those detailed in the DAPR.

## **B.3.2** Calibrations

All sounding systems were calibrated as detailed in the DAPR.

## **B.4 Backscatter**

Raw backscatter data were stored in the .kmall and .all files for Kongsberg systems. All backscatter were processed to GSF files and a floating point mosaic was created by the field unit via Fledermaus FMGT 7.10.2. See Figure below for a greyscale representation of the complete mosaic. We have four backscatter mosaics created at 2m resolution based on the specifications for a 300kHz system and one backscatter mosaic created at 6m resolution based on the specifications for a 100kHz system. All equipment and survey methods were used as detailed in the DAPR. A relative backscatter calibration was performed by the field unit via a backscatter calibration site in order to bring the survey systems on each of the launches into alignment. See figure below for a table of the calibration values entered into the Processing Settings within FMGT. Approximate inter-calibration corrections for offsets between sonar systems were applied to the mosaic.

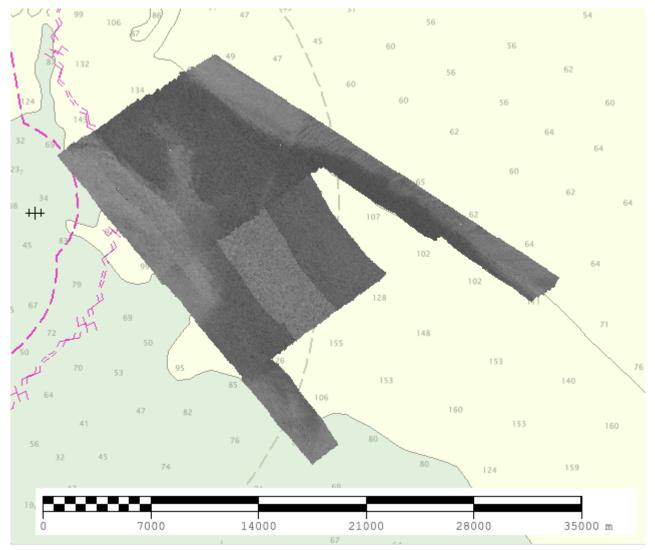


Figure 11: Backscatter mosaic for all launches and S220 overlaid for H13824.

## **B.5 Data Processing**

## **B.5.1 Primary Data Processing Software**

The following software program was the primary program used for bathymetric data processing:

Manufacturer	Name	Version	
CARIS	HIPS and SIPS	11.4	

Table 9: Primary bathymetric data processing software

The following software program was the primary program used for imagery data processing:

Manufacturer	Manufacturer Name	
QPS	Fledermaus	7.10.2

Table 10: Primary imagery data processing software

The following Feature Object Catalog was used: NOAA Profile Version 2023.

## **B.5.2 Surfaces**

The following surfaces and/or BAGs were submitted to the Processing Branch:

Surface Name	Surface Type	Resolution	Depth Range	Surface Parameter	Purpose
H13824_MB_VR_MLLW	CARIS VR Surface (CUBE)		47.7 meters - 220.0 meters	NOAA_VR	Complete MBES
H13824_MB_VR_MLLW_Final	CARIS VR Surface (CUBE)		47.7 meters - 220.0 meters	NOAA_VR	Complete MBES

## Table 11: Submitted Surfaces

The NOAA CUBE parameters defined in the HSSD were used for the creation of all CUBE surfaces for H13824. The surfaces have been reviewed where noisy data, or "fliers" are incorporated into the gridded solutions causing the surface to be shoaler or deeper than the true sea floor. Where these spurious soundings

cause the gridded surface to vary from the reliably measured seabed by greater than the maximum allowable Total Vertical Uncertainty at that depth, the noisy data have been rejected by the hydrographer and the surface recomputed. Flier Finder, part of the QC Tools package within HydrOffice, was used to assist the search for spurious soundings following gross cleaning. Flier Finder was run iteratively until there were 75 remaining fliers that have been deemed valid aspects of the surface.

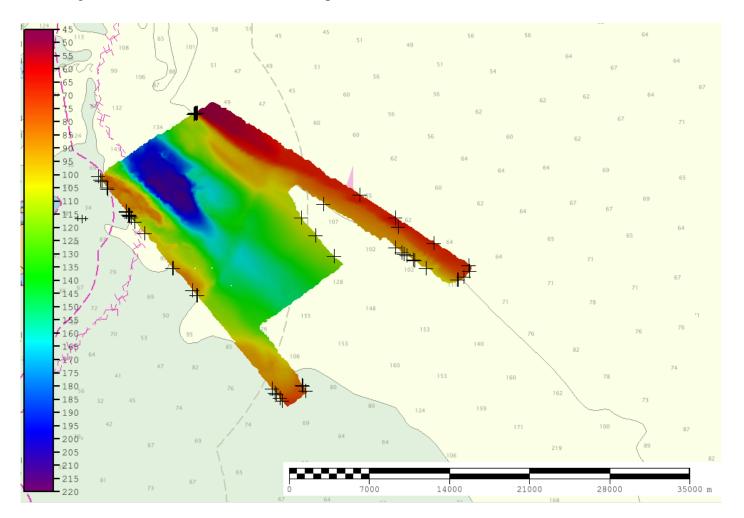


Figure 12: Remaining 75 flagged targets deemed as valid aspects of the surface

## **C. Vertical and Horizontal Control**

Additional information discussing the vertical or horizontal control for this survey can be found in the accompanying HVCR.

## **C.1 Vertical Control**

The vertical datum for this project is Mean Lower Low Water.

#### ERS Datum Transformation

The following ellipsoid-to-chart vertical datum transformation was used:

Method	Ellipsoid to Chart Datum Separation File	
ERS via VDATUM	OPR-P377-	
	KR-18_AK_AOI_updated_NAD83_2011-MLLW.csar	

Table 12: ERS method and SEP file

ERS methods were used as the final means of reducing H13824 to MLLW for submission.

## **C.2 Horizontal Control**

The horizontal datum for this project is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83).

The projection used for this project is Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 5.

The following PPK methods were used for horizontal control:

• RTX

Vessel kinematic data were post-processed using Applanix POSPac processing software and RTX positioning methods described in the DAPR. Smoothed Best Estimate of Trajectory (SBET) and associated error (RMS) data were applied to all MBES data in CARIS HIPS and SIPS.

## WAAS

During real-time acquisition, all platforms received correctors from the Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS) for increased accuracies similar to USCG DGPS stations. WAAS and SBETs were the sole methods of positioning for H13824, as no DGPS stations were available for real-time horizontal control.

## **D.** Results and Recommendations

## **D.1 Chart Comparison**

Chart comparison between ENC and soundings from collected data. The soundings from H13824 are generally in agreement with ENC US3AK5KM.

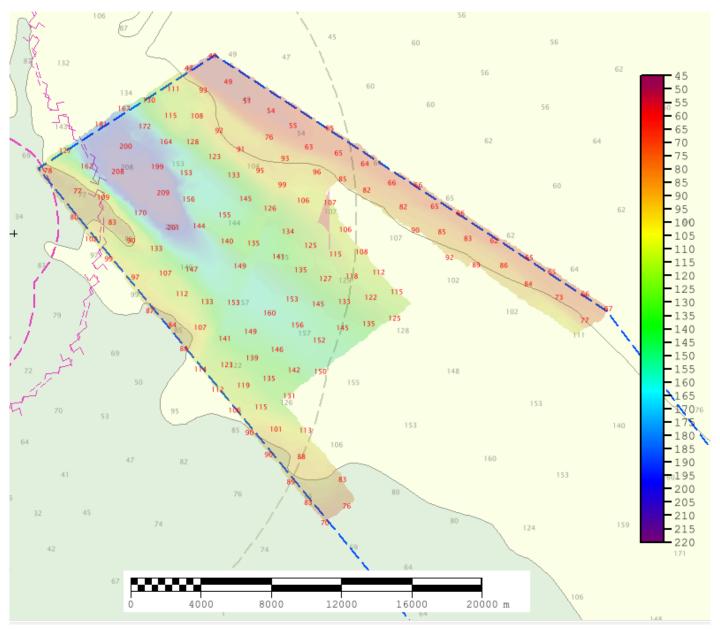


Figure 13: Survey outline with soundings (in red) overlaid with coverage onto ENC US3AK5KM.

### **D.1.1 Electronic Navigational Charts**

The following are the largest scale ENCs, which cover the survey area:

ENC	Scale	EditionUpdate Application DateIss		Issue Date
US3AK5KM	1:350000	33	01/11/2023	06/07/2023
US2AK20M	1:969761	14	02/07/2023	06/07/2023

Table 13: Largest Scale ENCs

### **D.1.2 Shoal and Hazardous Features**

No shoals or potentially hazardous features exist for this survey.

#### **D.1.3 Charted Features**

No charted features exist for this survey.

### **D.1.4 Uncharted Features**

No uncharted features exist for this survey.

#### **D.1.5 Channels**

No channels exist within the survey limits.

## **D.2 Additional Results**

#### **D.2.1** Aids to Navigation

No Aids to navigation (ATONs) exist for this survey.

#### **D.2.2 Maritime Boundary Points**

No Maritime Boundary Points were assigned for this survey.

### **D.2.3 Bottom Samples**

No bottom samples were required for this survey.

### **D.2.4 Overhead Features**

No overhead features exist for this survey.

## **D.2.5 Submarine Features**

No submarine features exist for this survey.

### **D.2.6 Platforms**

No platforms exist for this survey.

## **D.2.7 Ferry Routes and Terminals**

No ferry routes or terminals exist for this survey.

## **D.2.8** Abnormal Seafloor or Environmental Conditions

No abnormal seafloor or environmental conditions exist for this survey.

#### **D.2.9** Construction and Dredging

No present or planned construction or dredging exist within the survey limits.

#### **D.2.10 New Survey Recommendations**

No new surveys or further investigations are recommended for this area.

#### **D.2.11 ENC Scale Recommendations**

No new ENC scales are recommended for this area.

H13824

## E. Approval Sheet

As Chief of Party, field operations for this hydrographic survey were conducted under my direct supervision, with frequent personal checks of progress and adequacy. I have reviewed the attached survey data and reports.

All field sheets, this Descriptive Report, and all accompanying records and data are approved. All records are forwarded for final review and processing to the Processing Branch.

The survey data meets or exceeds requirements as set forth in the NOS Hydrographic Surveys Specifications and Deliverables, Field Procedures Manual, Letter Instructions, and all HSD Technical Directives. These data are adequate to supersede charted data in their common areas. This survey is complete and no additional work is required with the exception of deficiencies noted in the Descriptive Report.

Approver Name Approver Title		Approval Date	Signature
CDR Meghan McGovern	Chief of Party	11/03/2023	MCGOVERN.MEGHA Digitally signed by N.ELIZABETH.128402 MCGOVERN.MECHAN.ELIZABETH. 1284020495 0495 Date: 2023.11.03 06:53:46-08'00'
LT Michael Card	Field Operations Officer	11/03/2023	CARD.MICHAEL. Digitally signed by CARD.MICHAEL.DOUGLAS.1 DOUGLAS.10117 011746507 46507 Date: 2023.11.05 02:55:59 -09'00'
HST Benjamin Bryan	Sheet Manager	11/03/2023	BRYAN.BENJAMIN, Digitally signed by BRYAN.BENJAMIN.MASON.1619   MASON.16199084 908402   Date: 2023.11.03 06:55:56   -08'00' -08'00'
ENS Robert Sobelsohn	Sheet Manager	11/03/2023	SOBELSOHN.ROBE RT.W.1607479476 Digitally signed by soBELSOH(NROBERT.W.1607479 476 Date: 2023.11.03 04:43:36 -08'00'

# F. Table of Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
AHB	Atlantic Hydrographic Branch
AST	Assistant Survey Technician
ATON	Aid to Navigation
AWOIS	Automated Wreck and Obstruction Information System
BAG	Bathymetric Attributed Grid
BASE	Bathymetry Associated with Statistical Error
СО	Commanding Officer
CO-OPS	Center for Operational Products and Services
CORS	Continuously Operating Reference Station
CTD	Conductivity Temperature Depth
CEF	Chart Evaluation File
CSF	Composite Source File
CST	Chief Survey Technician
CUBE	Combined Uncertainty and Bathymetry Estimator
DAPR	Data Acquisition and Processing Report
DGPS	Differential Global Positioning System
DP	Detached Position
DR	Descriptive Report
DTON	Danger to Navigation
ENC	Electronic Navigational Chart
ERS	Ellipsoidal Referenced Survey
ERTDM	Ellipsoidally Referenced Tidal Datum Model
ERZT	Ellipsoidally Referenced Zoned Tides
FFF	Final Feature File
FOO	Field Operations Officer
FPM	Field Procedures Manual
GAMS	GPS Azimuth Measurement Subsystem
GC	Geographic Cell
GPS	Global Positioning System
HIPS	Hydrographic Information Processing System
HSD	Hydrographic Surveys Division

Acronym	Definition
HSSD	Hydrographic Survey Specifications and Deliverables
HSTB	Hydrographic Systems Technology Branch
HSX	Hypack Hysweep File Format
HTD	Hydrographic Surveys Technical Directive
HVCR	Horizontal and Vertical Control Report
HVF	HIPS Vessel File
ІНО	International Hydrographic Organization
IMU	Inertial Motion Unit
ITRF	International Terrestrial Reference Frame
LNM	Linear Nautical Miles
MBAB	Multibeam Echosounder Acoustic Backscatter
MCD	Marine Chart Division
MHW	Mean High Water
MLLW	Mean Lower Low Water
NAD 83	North American Datum of 1983
NALL	Navigable Area Limit Line
NTM	Notice to Mariners
NMEA	National Marine Electronics Association
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NOS	National Ocean Service
NRT	Navigation Response Team
NSD	Navigation Services Division
OCS	Office of Coast Survey
OMAO	Office of Marine and Aviation Operations (NOAA)
OPS	Operations Branch
MBES	Multibeam Echosounder
NWLON	National Water Level Observation Network
PDBS	Phase Differencing Bathymetric Sonar
РНВ	Pacific Hydrographic Branch
POS/MV	Position and Orientation System for Marine Vessels
РРК	Post Processed Kinematic
PPP	Precise Point Positioning
PPS	Pulse per second

Acronym	Definition
PRF	Project Reference File
PS	Physical Scientist
RNC	Raster Navigational Chart
RTK	Real Time Kinematic
RTX	Real Time Extended
SBES	Singlebeam Echosounder
SBET	Smooth Best Estimate and Trajectory
SNM	Square Nautical Miles
SSS	Side Scan Sonar
SSSAB	Side Scan Sonar Acoustic Backscatter
ST	Survey Technician
SVP	Sound Velocity Profiler
TCARI	Tidal Constituent And Residual Interpolation
TPU	Total Propagated Uncertainty
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USCG	United States Coast Guard
UTM	Universal Transverse Mercator
XO	Executive Officer
ZDF	Zone Definition File