8.2.7 **Tide corrections**. (f), (g) Tide correction errors consist of the actual observation errors at the tide gauge and any errors resulting from a tidal zoning schema or cotidal analysis. Observation errors from the NOAA tide gauges are known to be very low. The estimated error for observed tides is 0.025 meters (1 SIGMA). A similarly small margin of error for co-tidal corrections (0.35 meters) was calculated from comparison of a gauge installed on the leeward sides of Oahu and Kauai and the zone corrected reference tide station data. The standard deviation between the observed tide at these locations and the tide derived from the zoning was 0.179 meters. A similarly small margin of error for co-tidal corrections is based on the range and extent of the survey area in relation to the reference tidal stations and minimal shallow water effects due to the deep surrounding ocean water.

8.2.7.1 Incidentally, the three-day period when there was 0.35 meter difference between the observed tide and the NOOA COOPs cotidal zoned tide on the west coast of Oahu, no data was being collected in the area at this time. This error was strictly an observation and part of the tidal zone validation.

6.4 **Preliminary Tidal Zoning.**

6.4.1 Tide zones were developed by NOAA CO-OPS based on historical data from the above mentioned gauges.

6.5 **Tide Zone Accuracy**

6.5.1 Results of comparing zone HAW213 (Oahu west coast from Barbers Pt. harbor to Kepuhi Pt. and including Waianae) referenced to NOAA's Honolulu gauge and the installed Waianae gauge are as follows:

Maximum difference:	0.35 meters
Mean difference:	0.15 meters
Standard Deviation:	0.179 meters

6.6 Final Tidal Zoning.

6.6.1 Tidal No adjustment was made to the NOAA CO-OPS zone scheme. Tidal time series from the NAVOCEANO gauges and tidal time series for the appropriate NOAA tide zone agreed very well. No adjustment to the NOAA zones was necessary.

6.7 Application of Tides.

6.7.1 The NAVOCEANO processing system does not utilize "tide correctors", per se. The NOAA CO-OPS zoning scheme partitioned the survey areas into zones referenced to a reference tide gauge. For each zone there is a phase and amplitude correction, also referenced to the reference tide gauge. NAVOCEANO's processing system handles tide correction by creating a tide file for each zone by applying zonal corrections to the reference gauge tides. The processing software identifies in which zone a sounding falls and applies that zone's tide to the sounding. Tide correctors are applied during post processing, just prior to data editing and validation.